THE WEATHER
Today, rain or snow; Monday fair; moderate, variable winds.
Temperature at 10 p. m.—35 degrees.
Sun rises—6:11 a.m., sets 5:41 p.m.
High tide—3:15 a. m., 4 p. m.
Moon rises—12:10 a. m.
RAIN

Boston American

SUNDAY CIRCULATION — THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER — LARGEST IN NEW ENGLAND

CITY EDITION
1—News Section, Part 1. (Latest News)
2—Sporting and Autos.
3—Real Estate and Wants.
4—Society and Fashions.
5—Magazine Features.
6—Colored Comic Pictures.
7—Editorial Features.
8—City Life and Drama.
9—Auto Special.
10—Monthly Magazine.

VOL. 11—No. 347. Registered in U. S. Patent Office. BOSTON, SUNDAY, MARCH 7, 1915. 108 PAGES.

LA TOURAINE, ON FIRE, RESCUED BY THE ROTTERDAM

French Liner, Prey of Flames 700 Miles West of Brest, Being Towed to Port; Passengers and Crew, Numbering Nearly 300 Persons, Reported In No Danger

WARSHIPS BOMBARD FORTS OVER PENINSULA

Battleships in Gulf of Saros Hurl Shells Across Neck of Land, Damaging Defences at the Narrows of the Dardanelles

Magazine of One Blown Up by Guns of the Queen Elizabeth; Smyrna's Forts Are Shelled by the East Indian Squadron

London, March 7.—England anticipates taking possession of Constantinople about March 20. The great scarcity of ocean liners formerly in the New York service is due to the use of most of them as transports carrying the expeditionary army.

LONDON, March 8.—Official reports from both the British and French war offices today gave further details of the attack upon the Dardanelles. Steady progress is reported. Forts have been silenced and guns destroyed. A spectacular feat by three battleships, of which the Queen Elizabeth was one, is chronicled.

These ships, cruising in the Gulf of Saros, fired over the Gallipoli Peninsula at the Turkish forts along the Narrows. The heavy guns in the forts being placed to bear upon the Dardanelles, were unable to reply with effect.

The results of this fire were observed and the firing directed by orders and battleships at the mouth of the Dardanelles. The Turks cannonaded these vessels without success.

As a result of this indirect bombardment a magazine in one of the forts was blown up and two other forts were damaged.

The English announcement was in the form of a report by Vice Admiral Carden. The report reads:

CARDEN'S REPORT.

"No action was possible on March 5 until 2 p. m., when, although the weather was unfavorable, the Irresistible, Albion, Prince George and Triumph resumed the attack on Fort Dardanus and batteries concealed in the neighborhood. These were less active than before and were dealt with by the ships with more certainty. A useful seaplane reconnaissance had located several encampments and two permanent batteries.

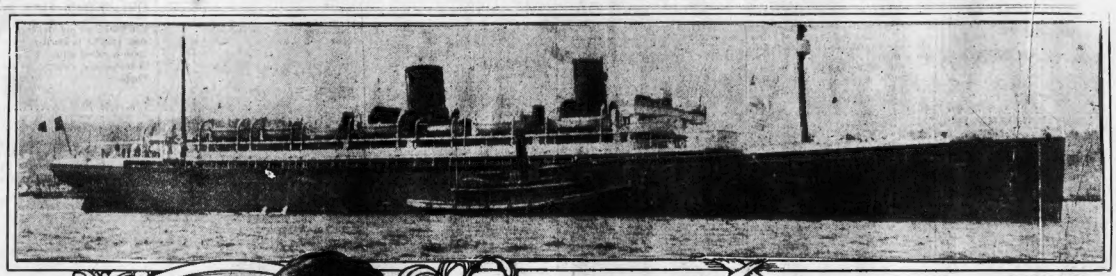
"On the fourth, the weather being fine, sweeping and bombarding operations within the straits continued steadily. Demolition parties, covered by detachments from the marine brigade, naval division, were landed at Kum Kaleh and Sedd-El-Bahr and continued the clearance of the ground at the entrance of the straits. The party at Sedd-El-Bahr has destroyed four Nordenfelds. There has been some skirmishing on both banks, where the enemy was found to be holding villages in force.

"This day, further down the coast, the Sapphire silenced a battery of field guns north of Dikili, in the Gulf of Adramyti (about 100 miles southeast of the entrance of the Dardanelles), and the defences of Besika (15 miles south of the Dardanelles) were shelled by the Prince George. The casualties sustained on the fourth were nineteen killed, three missing and twenty-five wounded.

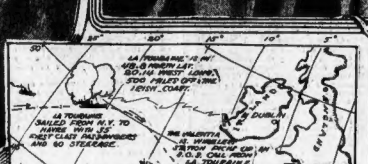
"On the 5th an attack was begun by indirect fire from the Queen Elizabeth upon the defences of the Narrows. The attack was supported, dealing with the howitzers, by the Inflexible and the Prince George. The fire was confined to the forts Hamidieh, Medjidieh, Tabia Hamidieh

Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

BURNING LINER LA TOURAINE, MAP OF DISASTER, NURSES AND BOSTONIANS AMONG THE PASSENGER



E. E. Andrews of Lynn, now in Paris, and his wife, Alice, and son, Ralph, who are among the Greater Bostonians who sailed on La Tourine.


LA TOURAINE, A NEW YORK-BOUND LINER, SOS CALLS OFF THE LIZARD COAST.
LA TOURAINE SAILED FROM N.Y. TO HAVRE WITH 12 FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS AND 50 STEERAGE.
THE VALENTIA ST. VINCENT CABLE CO. ON O.D.'S CHIL PAGE LA TOURAINE
DUBLIN
LONDON
THE ROTTERDAM, SWAMMORE, CORNISHMAN AND ARABIC ARE RUSHING TO AID LA TOURAINE.
HAVRE
PARIS

Sketch showing position of La Loraine and liner that hastened to her aid. The photograph of La Loraine, shown above, was taken the day she sailed from New York.

© INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE.

These nurses form a delegation from the French hospital in New York and sailed on La Touraine for work in field hospitals back of the firing line in France. From left to right, Cathryn O'Hanlon, Mollie McGrath, Eugenie Lyons, Nellie Parsons, Dorothy O'Connell and Nell O'Hanlon.

WIRELESS SUMMONS SHIPS TO STEAMER

Rumor Bomb, With Time Clock, May Have Caused Fire; Much Ammunition Said to Be in the Holds of the Burning Vessel

Holland-American Liner Reports She Is Escorting French Boat to Port; English Cruiser Will Convoy the Crippled Vessel

LONDON, March 7, (1:20 a. m.)—With a fire in her hold burning fiercely the French liner La Touraine was picked up soon after midnight by the Holland-American liner Rotterdam, and is being towed to the nearest port. An English warship will be at her side before daylight and will convoy the two liners to safety.

When the first call for help was flashed across the seas, the French liner was afire 700 miles west of the French port of Brest. Four steamers picked up the message and then began a race for her side which has not been equalled since the news was flashed through the air that the Titanic was sinking. The rescue fleet included the Rotterdam, Swanmore, Cornishman and Arabic.

The Arabic, 200 miles away, was nearest to the burning vessel. Her captain pushed the ship to her top speed in an effort to cover the distance in record time. It would have required fifteen hours for the slow White Star liner to have reached the distressed ship. But the Rotterdam, from New York on February 27, had also picked up the message and at almost an equal distance as the Arabic she was enabled by her greater speed to reach the burning steamer first.

CRUISER GOT SIGNAL.

With the arrival of the Rotterdam, the other liners were notified that their assistance would not be required and proceeded on their way. Meantime a distress signal also had been picked up by a British cruiser on patrol duty in the Atlantic, and she raced toward the liner. The cruiser, whose identity is yet unknown, will proceed to the scene, although the Rotterdam has given assurance that she is capable of handling the situation and is prepared to render every assistance, "including the transfer of passengers if necessary."

In view of the meagre information that is obtainable as to the character of the fire, this latter sentence is considered of especial significance.

When the Rotterdam reached La Touraine, the crew of the

Fitz Named In Gambling Raid at Palm Beach

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 6.—While it was filled with fashionable people last night, Sheriff George D. Baker headed a raid on the Beach Club owned by John R. Bradley. Theo Bauer, a detective, had sworn out warrants alleging gambling.

Subpoenas to appear before the jury have been issued for ex-Mayor John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, his brother, Henry S. Fitzgerald, Thomas D. Shevlin of Minneapolis, the former Yale football star; W. C. Bryant, a manufacturer of Bridgeport, Conn., Peter and Thomas Vradenburgh, manufacturers of Springfield, Mass., and other well known men.

Ex-Mayor John F. Fitzgerald and his family arrived at their Dorchester home late last night from almost a month's stay at Palm Beach, Fla.

The former Mayor was asked about despatches received here to the effect that he was named in a gambling raid on the Beach Casino at Palm Beach, which is one of the fashionable resorts.

Mr. Fitzgerald said: "I never have been inside of the place to do any gambling, don't know anything about gambling at Palm Beach.

"My brother, Henry, whom the dispatches state has been summoned to appear in court at Palm Beach tomorrow to tell of the gambling, is home and has been home almost a week and could tell nothing of the gambling at the Beach Casino."

WRITE

to the manager of the Real Estate Department, Boston AMERICAN, and a copy of the Boston AMERICAN'S New Monthly Renting Register will be mailed to you FREE.

AUTO KILLS BOY, HURTS ANOTHER

Machine Strikes East Boston Children Listening to Hurdy Gurdy in Street.

While listening to the music of a hurdy-gurdy with a number of companions at the corner of Chelsea and Brooks streets, East Boston, last night, twelve-year-old Joseph Santo of No. 324 Chelsea street, was killed and three-year-old Morris Sachs of No. 44 Morris street, received painful contusions to his face and body, when they were struck by an automobile owned by Dr. Richard Houghton of No. 308 Sumner st., and operated by his brother, Joseph C. Houghton.

Joseph C. Houghton was arrested on the charge of manslaughter and held in $2,500 bonds.

According to witnesses, the accident was unavoidable, as there was a number of children playing around the hurdy gurdy when the machine was driven up Chelsea street at a very slow speed.

The Sachs boy was struck a glancing blow by the hood of the machine and was thrown to the ground. Santo was knocked down and the wheels of the auto passed over his body.

Houghton placed both boys in the machine and hurried to the East Boston relief station, where the surgeons pronounced Santo dead, stating that he had received a compound fracture of the skull.

In the machine with Houghton at the time of the accident were Miss Helen Burke of No. 67 Maverick street and Miss May Magee of Sumner street.

New England Trade Boom

All Sections Optimistic

Leading Merchants and Manufacturers in Statements to the American Tell of Flood Orders That Mean Good General Prosperity.

Specific instances of an improvement in business are coming from all parts of New England. The statements are from conservative manufacturers and merchants, and are of the utmost value in forming a judgment as to what trade conditions in this part of the country are really like.

In almost every instance men who are directing large industries and whose opinions are based upon insight and experiences, express confidence that 1915 is going to be a prosperous year.

Detailed reports from New England industrial centers follow:

CHELSEA.

Superintendent Joseph O. Chalisoux of the Miller-Wolser Shoe Company, the second largest plant of its kind in Chelsea said:

"Our business is very good. We employ more than 500 people and are running full time. Business with us has increased since the beginning of the year."

Treasurer William E. Wright of the American Stave and Cooperage Company reports that the outlook is encouraging.

"Our factory," he said, "is not yet running on full time but only five men were laid off during the dull season. I expect to see business pick up in the next few months."

Superintendent W. McNally of the Magee Furnace Company Incorporated said:

"I expect a good year."

WALTHAM.

Waltham manufacturers report that there had been a gain in the volume of orders within a few weeks. The Waltham Watch Company reduced operations last Fall to four days a week, but recently orders have increased to an extent which has warranted full time in a number of departments. This company is employing between 3,000 and 4,000 hands. Sales Manager Charles Pitch said:

"Our salesmen are sending in more

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

LIQUOR RAID AT NANTASKET BEACH

Judge Kelly and Two Ministers Go Over Police Chief's Head in Clean-Up.

Judge George W. Kelly and two ministers of Rockland gave Hull and Nantasket Beach a shakeup last night, when seven hotels were raided and a large quantity of liquor seized.

Hull went license last Monday at the town election by a large majority. It has been a licensed town for years.

Although the ministers took a prominent part in the whirlwind seizures, it was Judge Kelly who engineered the undertaking.

Headed by Deputy Sheriff John Condon of Rockland, a flying squadron of deputies invaded the hotels, served summonses and made a clean-up of the liquid that cheers, while the Saturday night trade was at its height.

The raids were made over the head of Chief of Police Frank Reynolds of Hull. They came like a bolt from a clear sky. The Hull police were dumbfounded.

Judge Kelly said last night:

"It is true that warrants were issued for places in Hull. I did the whole thing. No, I didn't have to go down there and make an investigation. Conditions were such that it wasn't necessary to visit the place. We had many complaints."

The places raided were:

Smith's Tavern, George Smith proprietor; The Cleveland, John Sweeney proprietor; the Randolph, Edwin Baker proprietor; the Clarendon, Robert Kelley, proprietor, Kenmore Hotel, Gun Rock House and Oakland House.

The hotels raided are all located on Atlantic avenue in the Green Hill section of Nantasket, and within a stone's throw of the Hull police headquarters.

There are only two all-year licenses in the town and eleven Summer licenses. Automobile parties are numerous. Proprietors and patrons were indignant. The ministers participated in the raid.

Drop Mails to Great Britain Till March 18

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Mail service from the United States to Great Britain will be discontinued until March 18, owing to the dock hand strike at Liverpool, the only present mailing port in England, according to R. L. Maddox, chief of the foreign mail service of the Postoffice Department today.

The White Star liner Arabic, which was to have sailed from New York on March 10, will not sail until March 20, and the American liner Philadelphia, which was to have sailed March 13 will not sail until March 18. The American liner St. Louis will sail on March 20.

These are all mail steamers. The Postoffice Department can get no mail in Great Britain by way of the Continent, Mr. Maddox explained. No steamers have been sailing to Southampton or the other former British mail ports since August because of the war.

The Postoffice Department has been advised that the Liverpool dockhand strike has been settled and that after March 18 service will be continued on a normal basis. It was stated at the department that the interruption during next week will mark the first cessation of mail service with England for so long a period since 1835.

To Ship Meats Only for Cash in Advance

CHICAGO, March 6—Chicago packers today announced that they would ship no more meat to Europe unless payment in full was made in advance. This was the only defence left, it was stated, against possible enormous losses as the result of Great Britain holding up cargoes of perishable meats enroute for Copenhagen and other neutral ports. The packers have now $6,000,000 worth of their product tied up in British Admiralty courts and fear that the cargoes may spoil before a decision is reached.

$2,000,000 LIGHT COMPANY.

North Pacific Public Service Company of Worcester, a $2,000,000 corporation to manufacture light, heat and power, was incorporated at the State House. The incorporators are Fernand S. Stranahan, William W. Seymour and W. Emory Wardwell.

LA TOURAINE IS REPORTED SAVED

French Liner Being Towed to English Port by Holland-American Liner Rotterdam.

burning ship was fighting the fire with all the apparatus available. The bulkhead doors had been automatically closed and every effort is being made to keep the flames confined to the compartments in which it had originated. Great clouds of smoke hung over the liner as the Rotterdam came in sight, and the passengers were lined up along the rail.

COMMUNICATION ON BOARD.

The greatest excitement prevailed aboard, as it was generally known that the cargo of the French liner included large quantities of guncotton, cartridges and other ammunition, shipped from New York for the allies. It is believed here that the fire succeeded in keeping the flames from this ammunition, as so far, no serious explosions have been reported.

The first news that the liner was afire was received here at 10:20 yesterday morning by Lloyds. The message came from the wireless station at Valentia, County Kerry, on the southwest coast of Ireland. The station had picked up one of the first messages that came from the imperiled ship. Her owners, the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique issued the following statement:

"La Touraine, New York to Havre, is afire off the coast of Ireland. She was due at Havre tomorrow. Consequently she cannot be in great danger, owing to her nearness to the coast. There is plenty of assistance en route. The White Star liner Arabic and other vessels are rushing to her assistance. The only news we have received is from the Valentia wireless station."

The company's statement that the liner is near the shore, conflicts with the location of the ship as given by Lloyds, which is at latitude 45.56 north, longitude 24.14 west, or about 780 miles from the coast.

CARRIED 97 PASSENGERS.

When La Touraine sailed from New York on February 6, she had a passenger list of eighty-seven persons, thirty-nine first cabin and forty-eight steerage. Five American physicians and ten American nurses are aboard, bound for the French battlefields. Her crew numbered about 700 men, included in the passenger list who were a number of persons well known on both sides of the Atlantic. Paul Morton, general agent of the line in New York, is also aboard. In her holds were 1,500 cases of cartridges in addition to a large quantity of gunpowder; 125 automobiles and other ammunition.

No information is obtainable as to the origin of the fire, although many reports are in circulation. Among the rumors is one that a bomb, with a time clock attached, was placed aboard the ship before she left New York. This is not believed, however, for had such an attempt been made, it is altogether likely that the clock would have been timed so as to cause the explosion when the ship was in mid-ocean.

La Touraine, built at St. Nazaire in 1890, was 529 feet long, of 9,000 tonnage, and 56 feet wide. She was commanded by Captain Causin. She had been in the passenger service in spite of the war, carrying many American tourists back to this country. She sailed from New York Saturday, February 27, for Havre. In 1913 she rescued ferry-two people from the burning Volturno in mid-ocean.

THREE RESIDENTS OF GREATER BOSTON WERE ON THE LINER

There were three Greater Bostonians on La Touraine, two woman and a child.

One of the women was Mrs. Alice L. Andrews of Lynn, and the child was her four-year-old son, Ralph. The other woman was Miss Cecile Weetach of Cambridge.

Mrs. Andrews is the wife of E. E. Andrews, and her home is at No. 833 Eastern avenue, Lynn. With her child she was on her way to join her husband at Paris, where he is working as an aid to the embassy. It is said he is in the employ of the French government.

Mrs. Andrews left Lynn a week ago Friday, sailing from New York the next day on La Touraine. She is the daughter of James Lilley, a well-to-do Lynn shoe manufacturer.

OFFICERS AND FIRST CABIN PASSENGERS OF LA TOURAINE

NEW YORK, March 6.—The following were listed as first cabin passengers on La Touraine when she sailed from New York:

Miss Coral Wetzel, Cambridge, Mass.
Mrs. Alice P. Andrews and Master Ralph Andrews, Lynn, Mass.
August Belmont, Mexico.
Gabriel Bernheim, New York.
J. Bisbee, Bowling.
Dr. James L. Wheelwright, New York.
Dr. J. H. Walker and Mrs. Walker, New York.
Lieutenant Fouchet, French Navy.
Mrs. Alice Crabb and Miss Helen Crabb, Havana.
Julius Simon Fresnell, Montreal.
Mrs. Ralph Rogers, Mrs. Ralph Haven
Edmond Marsal, Montreal.
Mrs. Edmond Marsal, New York.
Joseph L. Mauzy, New York.
Emile Pacos, New York.
Francois Brunneau, New York.
Wood Bedford, New York.
John S. Irwin, New York.
Dr. W. J. Bradbrook, New York.
Mrs. F. Dimmick, New York.
Clarence Whitman, New York.
Osvaldo Ochoncil, New York.
Victoria Francofort, New York.
Calloway O'Hanlon, New York.
Miss Helen O'Hanlon, New York.
Miss Marie MacGrevin, New York.
Thomas J. Burke, Jr., New York.
Robert Ashmore, New York.
Raymond Reinhold, New York.
Nellie Roderick, New York.
Ralph Rogers, New York.
Edmond Marsal, general agent French line, Montreal, Que., New York.
Molly McGrath, New York.

Why Pay More

$50 New Shuttle Sewing Machine $14.98 — Nearly All Makes — $1 Per Week

$65 New White Rotary $29
$66 Singer . . . $35
New Davis Rotary $29
Singer Automatic $20
All makes repaired $1
— 50c Per Week

LAWSON & CO.
2206 Washington St.
Roxbury, Mass. Tel. Rox. 92

"DRESSED TO KILL"?

Photo of "dressed to kill" nurse enclosed.

On one of the pages of the Sunday American Magazine Section, Lady Duff Gordon tells you what war is influencing this fashions. The above picture came over in the latest mail from Paris. It was snapped in the Champs Elysees. Pretty Parisiennes have taken to walking costumes of military khaki.

AUSTRIAN ARMY IN FULL FLIGHT

Crushing Blow Reported Delivered by Russians in Carpathians to Archduke's Army.

LONDON, March 6.—Abandoning guns and baggage the Austrian army of Archduke Carl Francis Joseph is in full flight through the country between the Dneister and Pruth, according to a press telegram to the Star from Petrograd. The Russian army which penetrated to Stanislau is in hot pursuit of the Austrians, it is said.

Official dispatches from Petrograd say that with the cessation of blizzards in the Carpathians, the Russian armies have resumed their advance along the entire northern and southwestern front. In Bukowina their right flank has crossed the Pruth River, and has opened an attack upon Czernowitz.

In southern Galicia the Russians after capturing Stanislau and Kolomea, have crossed the Austro-German forces from Halicz to Nadworna, and are advancing against that town. In this region the Teutonic allies have lost in a single week all the ground they gained in a campaign lasting a month and a half.

Near Wysskow and at the Lupkow and Duklia passes the Czar's troops are driving home attacks upon the intrenched Austrians, while along the Dunajec River in Galicia battle has opened southwest of Tarnow. The Austrians there hold a front of great strength to protect Cracow, but the Russians have won some important positions at Zakliczyn.

8,000 TROOPS TRAPPED.

The Russian successes about Stanislau are the most important that have been gained in the southern arena in several months. Three Austro-German divisions, totalling 8,000 men, were trapped between the Zlota and Czarna rivers and forced to surrender while the attack upon Stanislau itself was made with such rapidity and vigor that the Russians captured 14,000 more men there, together with seventy-five cannon and machine guns and a vast quantity of supplies which the Austrians and Germans had taken there with the purpose of using Stanislau as a base for the campaign against Lemberg.

The total German and Austrian losses in the last six months are officially estimated at 225,000 in killed, wounded and missing.

Kiev dispatches state that train after train of prisoners is arriving there. These come from the Galicia-Bukowina front.

ADVANCING IN POLAND.

In the meantime the Russians are maintaining their slow and cautious advance in Poland. Latest reports from the Niemen front are that the Germans there are merely maintaining their positions. Their greatest activity is in the vicinity of Mlawa, where they are concentrating heavy forces while awaiting the result of their operations against the fortress of Osowiec.

The German artillery is keeping up a steady rain of shells upon Osowiec. The town is reported to be burning, but the forts there still hold out and are replying vigorously to the German gunners.

The booty captured by the Russians at Prasnysza has been taken to Warsaw. It includes twelve cannon, twenty-nine machine guns, 120 ammunition wagons, a scouting aeroplane and a number of trains.

The German prisoners who have reached Radica state that they were without bread for four days before they were captured at Prasnysz. They admit the German army there suffered heavily in many assaults losing two-thirds of their strength.

Violent night attacks by German troops northwest of Bolimow, in an attempt to halt the French advance in Champagne, have resulted in desperate fighting. This afternoon's official French communique states that all the German attacks delivered in the vicinity of Beausejour were repulsed.

The text of the communique follows:

"In Belgium there were very violent artillery engagements in the regions of Nieuport and Ypres. From the Lys to the sleeve there was an intermittent cannonade. In Champagne the progress which was made yesterday in the ravine to the northwest of Beausejour led the Germans to make a new counter attack during the night. This was repulsed.

"All our progression in the region of Perthes, reported by the communique of last night, has been maintained. Near Vieville-En-Hays, northwest of Pont-a-Mousson, the well directed fire of our artillery upon a farm caused a panic among the soldiers which occupied it. They fled toward the wood pursued by our shells. Near the forest of Parroy small German forces attempted, without success, to attack our advance guards."

BALKAN STATES UNEASY.

The successful advance of the allied fleet toward Constantinople is causing uneasiness among the Balkan States and the early entrance into the war of Bulgaria, Roumania and Greece is apparently nearer. The possible fall of the capture of the Turkish capital, with resultant changes of vital interest to the Balkan nations, has exercised a noticeable influence on these people.

Bulgaria is said to have mobilized secretly three divisions, or about 35,000 men, and one of these divisions is reported to have been sent to an unknown destination. In Roumania the Chamber of Deputies is considering the granting of a credit of $40,000,000 to the government for military purposes and the calling to the colors of the 1915 recruits.

Greece is awaiting eagerly the decision of the Crown Council concerning intervention in the war, and an Athens dispatch states that popular feeling is in favor of such a step.

The Russian ambassador to Italy, leaving Rome for home on the ground of ill health, gave a parting shot at Italian neutrality when he warned the government that Italy could not gain her aspirations by "remaining at the window."

BOMBARDING WESTENDE.

Tonight's official statement from Paris follows:

"In Belgium, among the dunes, our artillery has directed a very effective fire upon the heavy batteries at Westende. North of Arras, in the region of Notre Dame de Lorette, a French counter attack continues to make progress. The Germans, who were in great strength there, have suffered a serious check.

"In Champagne, in the ravine northwest of Beausejour, a German counter attack was repulsed. Elsewhere, with the exception of rain, which fell all day long, retarded operations.

"In Alsace the advance made by us at Hartmannsweiler-Kopf in the Vosges, covers about 800 yards of German trenches. In the evening of March 5 we repulsed a counter attack before Uffholz, and blew up an ammunition depot. At Cernay, in the night of March 5-6, we swept the advance posts of the Germans, who were trying to establish themselves on the Hilsaker-Kopf foothills east of the Honneck."

Belloc Analyzes Battles

Germans Aim at Warsaw

Sheaf of Railroads Feeding Polish Capital Goal of Latest "German Drive."

By HILAIRE BELLOC.

Foremost Military Write in Europe.

LONDON, March 6.—The interest of the war still centres in the eastern front, where two great efforts are being made by the Germans against two wings of the 700-mile Russian line.

The first of these is being made by a force of certainly more than 500,000, perhaps 750,000 Germans, acting southward and eastward from East Prussia, against a certain defensive line which protects the network of railways centering in Warsaw.

The second effort is being made on the extreme south, beyond that portion of the Carpathians which lies northwest and westward of the Roumanian northern border and in the country near Bukowina.

The first of these efforts is the principal one because the possession of Warsaw is the prime object of the Austro-Germans in the east. Whoever holds the bridges of Warsaw, as often pointed out in these articles, could prevent the Russian army from operating against the frontiers of the German Empire.

GERMANS NEED WARSAW.

Once in possession of Warsaw, the Germans would be able to feel confidently their whole front and could bring back great masses of men to break the deadlock in the west.

Now there are two ways of getting hold of Warsaw. One is attacking directly from the direction of Germany, that is from the west; the other is getting around the city from the north and coming upon the sheaf of railways which concentrate upon the Polish capital.

Once the railways are cut, Warsaw will be isolated from the bases within Russian territory upon which it relies, and would sooner or later, probably sooner, fall into the hands of the forces which cut these railways.

The attack from in front was prosecuted with the utmost vigor from the middle of November onward. It failed. The last effort was made on February 2 to 4, and, while it failed, it served to mask a new movement of capital moment which was going on in the north.

RUSSIAN ARMY CRUSHED.

A small Russian army, as the war goes, was operating independently of the Russian forces on the fringes of East Prussia, south of and in line with the town of Tilsit. It consisted of only four corps. Against these the Germans brought up with great skill and celerity at least ten corps.

They drove the invaders out with very heavy losses, one Russian army corps, that bearing the title of Twentieth, in particular, being severely handled.

The corps lost perhaps two-thirds of its men, though only a third of its guns. The third made a good retreat with no more than the losses normal to such retirement.

But the German success hadn't been decisive. The real issue of the day, at distances varying from twenty to seventy miles from the East Prussian frontier, lies in a strong defensive line of modern fortresses, specially designed to protect the sheaf of railways that concentrate on Warsaw. This defensive line uses the line of the Niemen from Kovno to Grodno, and continues along the line of the River Narew to the Vistula, or rather along the Bobr, and at last along the Bug into which the Narew falls, just about the junction of the former with the Vistula.

EIGHT FORTS ON LINE.

This line is well over 200 miles long and is defended by no less than eight fortresses. The extreme ones are Kovno and New Georgievsk. At the centre of the line is the powerful fortress of Osowiec.

The Germans made their first attack on the Niemen just north of Grodno. Here the famous German corps, the Twenty-first, which, in times of peace helps to defend the frontier against France, managed to cross the river in some numbers. Whether it maintained itself in crossing I do not know, but I have no news to the contrary.

The second effort was made against the town of Osowiec. It is still in progress and takes the form of a bombardment of the outer works of that fortress.

The third effort, made in great numbers, came due south from the East Prussian frontier in the neighborhood of Mlawa and aimed at the middle of the river Narew, having for the centre of its action the town of Prasnysz.

NEW TROOPS REPULSED.

This third effort failed, the German forces, which consisted largely of new young troops, being forced back by the Russians, leaving behind more prisoners than they themselves had captured during the advance.

So far, therefore, we can sum up the situation upon the northern end of the line by saying it is uncertain as yet near Grodno and has failed at Prasnysz. The future fortune of the whole movement, whether it will succeed or fail in breaking through the defensive line, we cannot tell till it is further developed.

The situation at the other end of the line in the Carpathian mountains, and in the plains, also shows a roughly parallel situation. The Austrians, aided by certain German corps, are here, as in the north, very superior in number to the Russians, but are also hampered by lack of ammunition.

The Austrians have come over in great bodies and forced every pass of the Carpathians except Duklia, which is still in the hands of the Russians, and are attempting to work up from Czernowitz northwards to relieve the great fortress of Przemysl, which the Russians have long invested.

SHELLS HURLED OVER PENINSULA

Continued from First Page.

II., and Namaieh. The Queen Elizabeth fired twenty-nine rounds with satisfactory results. The magazine in Fort J, which is an important fort, caught with the heat and heaviest guns, blew up and two other forts were damaged. The fire of the Inflexible and the Prince George was observed from inside the Dardanelles by the Irresistible, Canopous, Cornwallis and Albion. Although these vessels were much fired at by concealed guns, they were unhit.

SMYRNA FORT SHELLED.

"The Sapphire again fired upon troops in the neighborhood of the Gulf of Adramytt and destroyed the military station at Tusburna.

"On March 5 also the commander-in-chief of the East Indies, Vice Admiral Sir Richard Peirs, arrived with a squadron of battleships and cruisers off Smyrna.

"An additional bombardment of Fort Yenikale was carried out during the afternoon for two hours under favorable conditions of weather. Thirty-two hits were secured, inflicting considerable damage on the fort. There were two heavy explosions, apparently of magazines. The Euralus, which flew the flag of the vice admiral, shot with remarkable accuracy, her nine pointed guns. The fire was not returned.

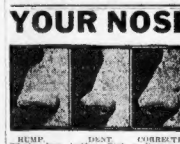
"Bombardment at closer range has now begun. Weather conditions are good. The reduction of the Smyrna defences is necessary incident of the main operations."

The following official statement regarding the operations against the Turkish coast was issued this evening by the French Ministry of Marine in Paris:

"Three battleships stationed in the Gulf of Saros today bombarded by indirect fire over the Gallipoli Peninsula, the Turkish forts at Kalid Bahr on the European bank of the Dardanelles, which defend the narrow entrance between this point and the chanak. The fire was directed by pointers stationed at the entrance of the Dardanelles. The result of this bombardment was highly satisfactory. The magazine of one of the forts was blown up. None of the attacking ships was hit.

"Furthermore, three ships of the allied fleet yesterday bombarded from a distance the fort of Yeni Kale at the entrance of the Gulf of Smyrna. The fort was seriously damaged and did not reply."

YOUR NOSE



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Whether from Accident, Birth or Disease, can be made to disappear quickly and without subsequent loss of time by the
GIBSON METHOD of COSMETIC SURGERY
A Safe, Painless and Inexpensive Method for Removing Deep Scars, Pitting, Crooked Nose, Moles, Warts, Superfluous Hair, Wrinkles, Facial Development, Developing Bust, Reducing Fat, Wrinkles, Crow's Feet, Frown Lines, Pimples, Blackheads, Red Nose, Tattoo, Grease Skin, Eczema, Freckles, Red Veins, Dandruff, Falling Hair, Ear Deformities, Superfluous Hair, Moles, Warts, Birthmarks, Red Nose and Veins, Pimples, Blackheads and Oily Skin, also Red Nose and Veins.
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Ed. Gibson, Graduate Physician, Specialist, Dandruff, Falling Hair, Ear Deformities, Superfluous Hair, Moles, Warts, Birthmarks, Red Nose and Veins, Pimples, Blackheads and Oily Skin, also Red Nose and Veins.
Walk up short flight marble stairs to rear building. Ed. Gibson, Graduate Physician, 1020 Colonial Building, Boston.
BEWARE OF IMITATORS.
There Is But One GIBSON METHOD

Join Our Co-Operative Player-Piano Club Today

A Player-Piano is a combination of a regular piano and an inner player. This last permits anyone who cannot play the piano, to do so by inserting a roll of any music on the player, it then plays itself. No knowledge of piano playing or music is necessary to do this

We are forming another club of 100 members who will buy player-pianos on our co-operative plan. By purchasing instruments in lots of 100 we are able to offer them at the rock-bottom price, and our co-operative plan gives the buyer the privilege of paying in small monthly sums.

The club arrangement includes, with the player-piano, $25.00 worth of music rolls. Free stool or bench. Free delivery anywhere in New England. No payments necessary if you become ill or are out of work, and the Norris guarantee of fair and square treatment.

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CHARLES S. NORRIS PLAYER-PIANO CLUB
181 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

Please send illustrated catalogue with full particulars of your Co-operative Player-Piano Club.

Name .....
Street .....
Town .....

Glen Shirt & Collar Co
121 TREMONT. ST.

New Spring Styles in Waists

It looks now as though we were going to have an early Spring. Whether we do or not we are all ready with our new waist creations. Waists made of tub silk, crepe de chine or pussy willow taffeta are just now in great demand. There seems to be a tendency toward fancy board cotton waists, which we think will develop rapidly as the season advances. New York designers tried to push a high military collar for this season, but it fell flat. Low collars will prevail throughout the season. Long sleeves will be popular till May first when it is quite probable a short sleeve will be adopted.

Waists Made of all kinds of silk materials $1.95, $2.95, $3.95, $4.95

We carry Silk Waists at all prices, but the large variety of Silk Waists which we offer at $1.95 and $2.95 we believe to be better than anything to be had in Boston. Just see them.

SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK

This week we shall offer Men's $1.00 Union Suits in medium or Summer weight, all sizes and styles, white or ecru, long or short sleeves, for fat or lean men; every garment made by the Lawrence Knitting Mills. Special for this week ..... 79¢

100 Doz. Men's Negligee Shirts, worth $1.00 and $1.25 ..... 69¢

20 Doz. Ladies' Shirt Waists, consisting of black and white lawns, voiles, flannels and linons; sizes 32 to 38. While they last ..... 35¢

An Advance Showing of New Spring Millinery

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday

PRELIMINARY to our formal Spring opening, we are making a special exhibit this week of some of the new modes that will be in popular demand this season. In hat shapes the trend seems to be toward hemp and milan braids, although rough braid straws are also enjoying a considerable vogue at the present moment. The ices and orange are greatly diversified with sailor, mushroom and tricorne shapes in greatest demand.

For trimmings—fruits and flowers will be principally employed and include many handsome new styles—very moderately priced. We invite you to come and see them without obligation to purchase.

Untrimmed Hemp and Milan Hemp Shapes, $1.98 up.
Trimmed Dress Hats, Original Designs, at $5 up.

Maurice

Inc.
Millinery Importers and Designers
16-18 Winter Street
An Entire Building Devoted to Millinery. Next to A. Stowell & Co.

15 WINTER ST.

ORENBERGS

A SENSATIONAL UMBRELLA SALE

An American Taffeta Umbrella for Ladies and Gentlemen at 69c. Made of fine quality American Taffeta, tight roller, paragon frame, with choice assortment of mission and trimmed handles. Guaranteed absolutely rain proof and fast color. These umbrellas will be sold in the following manner:

From 8:30 to 9:30 ..... 69¢
From 9:30 to 10:30 ..... 75¢
From 10:30 to 11:30 ..... 80¢
From 11:30 to 12:30 ..... 85¢
From 12:30 to 5:30 ..... 89¢

Choice 69c

Mail orders promptly filled. Send check or money order.

Remember, 26 and 28 sizes.

Hand Painted China Vases at Less Than One-Half Price

Worth $2.00 $2.25 $2.50

99c 99c 99c

Hand Painted China Vases, like cuts, new and attractive shapes and decorations, Nippon china, measuring from 8½ to 9½ inches high. Values up to $2.50, for this sale only 99c

Quality and Style.

Silver Service, quadruple plate, like cut, in the most popular Colonial design. Set consists of full size Tea Pot, Sugar Bowl, Cream Pitcher and Spoon Holder. Every piece stamped H. O. Rogers and guaranteed to wear 15 years. Our special price for set of 4 pieces, $3.89

Silver tray to match, and to hold 4 pieces, reduced to $1.59.

VERY DRESSY BAG!

Special Announcement to the First 200 Customers Coming to Our Store Monday Morning.

We shall offer a full size 3-inch Cut Glass Bowl or Vase, fluted with the ever popular pinwheel or chrysanthemum design, like cut, the $1.19

Very Special.

Crepe Seal Leather Bag, like cut, silk lined, hanging mirror, also purse, ribbon handles. A $2.00 leather Bag for only 99c

Stag Handled Game Set, like cut, consisting of carving set and tidbest of steel, made by Landers, Frary & Clark. Reduced to 99c

Set of 2 pieces in lined case.

Imported Chian Chocolate Set, like cut, consisting of Chocolate Pot with 6 Cups and Saucers in assorted shapes and popular patterns. Imported to sell for $5.00. Special for this sale 99c

One of Our Biggest Values

10-Kt. Solid Gold Bead Chain, mounted with Pearls, Amethyst, Sapphire, Ruby, Rubies and other birth stones; all have a gold Bead Chain. Pearls, 15-in. soldered link chain. Value $2.50. Special, for both pieces.

99c

Remember, Solid Gold.

Imported Cuckoo Clock, like cut, measures 10 inches high, has carved case, brass movement, perfect timekeeper. Cuckoo calls hour and half-hour. Regular $5.00 value. Reduced to $4.99

Silver Plated Teaspoons, like cut, in assorted patterns, as follows: The Alberta, a very neat beaded design; the Leonora, a handsome fancy design; the Carnation, a full gray floral pattern, and the Wreath, a perfectly plain pattern. These spoons are made by W. A. Rogers and are guaranteed to wear for 5 years. Our price, per set of 6 pieces 42c

Remember, guaranteed for 5 years

Non-Tarnishable Photo Frame, like cut, on oval half cast with celluloid back, measures 4¼x5 in. Regular $1.25 value. Orenberg's Special price 39c

Cut Glass Glassware, like cut, 8-in. size, with regular grape design, fine quality of glass. Our special price, per set of 6 pcs. 59c

Ginger Ale Glass, like cut, 6-in. size, the popular design, reduced to 4c

$1.00 RINGS For 39c

Gold Shell Birthstone Rings, like cut, in Tiffany settings, set with fine quality of brilliant stones to represent the different months. Guaranteed for 5 years.

ANOTHER CARLOAD JUST ARRIVED.

OUR POPULAR LEAD BLOWN INITIAL TUMBLERS.

This glass is the 9-oz. size, including your initial in the Old English design. This is the price of a plain glass tumbler. Orenberg's special ..... 59c Doz.

All initials on hand.

Festival of Spring Fashions at Gilchrist's

Mail and Phone Orders Carefully Filled

EASTER AND SPRING IS NEAR AT HAND

Every department in our store has donned its Spring attire. This is especially true in the sections devoted to Millinery, Gowns, Apparel, Fabrics and Dress Accessories, where the display of new merchandise outrivals any that we have heretofore made.

You Are Invited to See the New Styles as Shown on Living Models

MONDAY AND TUESDAY FROM 1 to 3 P. M.

Four Stunning Show Girls in the Lilac Domino

Playing at the Majestic Theatre, will promenade through our Suit Salon in the Newest Spring Suits and Millinery

Silks and Dress Goods

An Attractive Showing of Pretty Patterns

You can select, and perfectly match (without the aid of artificial lights) any material in our great fourth floor Daylight Yard Goods Section, where the most complete assortments of Dress Goods, Silks, Linings and Velvets await your approval.

Here are 12 new fabrics specially priced for this week:

$1.25 Worsted Suitings, at, per yard..... **69c**
54-in. splendid, heavy, absolutely all-wool fabrics, made by Amoskeag Mills, in granite weaves and fancy self colored shadow checks; wanted colors.

$1.50 Gray Suiting—54 inches wide, handsome plain and fancy weaves, all wool fabrics for suits..... **98c**

$1.00 Black English Prunella—41 inches wide, imported spotproof quality, high lustre..... **69c**

59c Check Suitings—Blue and Green Check Suiting, 40 inches wide, good quality, in neat check styles for suits and dresses..... **39c**

$2.00 Priestley Black Serge—50 inches wide; fine imperial weave, made in England; pure wool, guaranteed spotproof..... **$1.49**

Worsted Poplins—50 inches wide; this much wanted suiting is in all new colors and black..... **$1.49**

$1.50 Dress Satins at, per yard..... **98c**
36 inches wide, beautiful quality, in splendid line of street and evening shades.

$1.00 Silk Poplins—36 inches wide, very lustrous, in a complete line of light and dark colors and black..... **69c**

69c Silk Shirting—Half silk, 32-inch, new designs and colorings; fast washable colorings..... **39c**

$1.50 and $1.75 Crepe de Chine—40-inch, heavy, close-woven dress quality, rich finish, in all popular light and dark shades and black..... **$1.19**

$2.00 Taffetas—36-inch, very newest shades for Spring, soft chiffon finish, at..... **$1.25**

$1.00 Lining Satin at, per yard..... **50c**
Standard guaranteed quality, in all wanted colors and black.

Opening Exposition of Women's Spring Apparel

A Showing of the Season's New Models, to Which We Extend to Every Woman a Personal Invitation

Here's an Extra Special $15.00

A Genuine $25 Tailored Model at

Made of finest quality, guaranteed all-wool gabardine, with correct coat length and flare skirt. A chic plaited jacket model, with normal waistline; convertible high or low collar; richly tailored throughout. All sizes for juniors, misses and women, and in the new Spring shades of sand, putty, Belgium and navy, green, brown and black.

Every Touch of Style, Distinctively New, Will Be Shown During This Exposition

Over a thousand new Spring Suits and hundreds of charming Coats and Dresses await your approval. We hesitate to attempt descriptions, as we particularly wish you to see the new clothes for yourself and to measure our service in this new season with your own eyes and your own judgment. We feel that the display is more than creditable. Of unusual interest will be our showing on the living models on Monday and Tuesday, from 1 to 3 P. M., of our lines of Handsome Suits at

$18.50, $25.00, $30.00 and $35.00

NEW SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS

With Extra Trousers—Worth $7.50

High grade woolens in a wide variety of the new mixtures, checks and plaids. The new Norfolk models, alpaca lined, both knickers lined with striped sleeve lining; sizes up to 18 years..... **$5.45**

Boys' $4.00 Spring Suits at $2.95
Norfolk jackets in plain and wide plaits with stitched belt and patch pockets, excellent quality woolens in the newest Spring mixtures; knickers cut full, lined throughout; sizes to 17 years.

Boys' $1.50 Wash Suits..... 98c
Including Vestee, Middy, Russian, Sailor and Dutch Suits, for boys 2½ to 8 years; all new Spring styles, in whites, plain colors, and stripes, made of galateas, repps, ducks, and all warranted not to fade.

Newest Spring Wash Goods

These New Wash Materials at, per yard . 25c
A wonderful assortment of new and popular wash fabrics, comprising plain, printed, floral and woven stripe voiles, rice cloths, voyage chiffon, and arbaine organdies, 40 inches wide, per yard.

Aledo Silk—A very lustrous silk and cotton fabric, in a complete line of street and evening shades, 36 inches wide, per yard..... **25c**

Fine Mercerized Poplin—27 inches wide, full assortment of new Spring colorings, per yard..... **25c**

Batea Crepe—A popular woven crepe, very durable for children's wear, in plaids, checks and stripes, 27 inches wide, per yard..... **25c**

Grosgrain Poplin—36 inches wide, a heavy mercerized fabric, in popular colors, per yard..... **39c**

New Ginghams — For children's wear and ladies' house dresses, comprising nurse's stripes, plaids, checks and plain colorings, per yard.... **10c**

New Spring Percales—36 inches wide, neat figures and stripes on light and dark grounds, per yard... **12½c**

Millinery Fashions of Unusual Merit

A Showing Overflowing With Becoming Styles

A Wonderful Array of Beautiful Trimmed Hats

Trimmed Hats—The very last word is here in Spring Millinery. No model too exclusive or expensive for us to reproduce at popular prices. Large, medium and small hats, trimmed with beautiful French Flowers, Wings and Stunning Moire and Satin Bows; all the new and smart Spring colors and color combinations. Every hat distinctive and different. Value $10.00. Special at..... **$7.50**

Trimmed Hats, Worth $7.50, Special at $5.00
Including pokes, sailors and turbans, effectively trimmed with flowers, ribbons and quills. All the new Spring colors and black and white.

Women's Spring Gloves

All the new shades, including sand, putty, stone, battleship and Argentine grays, with Paris point embroidered backs. Every pair absolutely guaranteed..... **$1.50**

Women's Duplex Suede Gloves—Pique sewn, silk point embroidered backs, in white, sand, gray, pongee and yellow, wash perfectly, look and wear like leather..... **$1.00**

White Doeskin Gloves—Strap wrist, guaranteed washable..... **$1.15**

French Kid Gloves — Pique sewn, 8-button length, with strap wrists, in white, black and tan. At..... **$2.25**

Women's Washable Cape Gloves—Sand and tan shades, prix seam sewn, guaranteed to wash in either hot or cold water.. **$1.50**

Women's $1.25 Silk Stockings

Pure thread silk, extra spliced heel and toe and reinforced garter top, in black and colors..... **75c**

Women's 50c Silk Lisle Stockings — Full fashioned, extra high spliced heel and reinforced soles, toes, and garter top..... **35c**

Children's 25c Stockings — Fine ribbed cotton, double heel and toe, in black only..... **16c**

Unrivalled Display of Pretty Waists

An Unusually Fine Showing of Exquisite Styles

$4.00 Crepe de Chine Waists, Special at . . . $2.98
Heavy quality, with box-plaited front, with new convertible collar; others with embroidery down front and on shoulders, in white and flesh.

$1.50 New Organdie Waists—With panels of embroidered organdie down front, collar of embroidered organdie..... **$1.00**

$3.00 Voile Waists—With four panels of embroidered organdie combined with Val. lace, collar of lace trimmed organdie with revers of embroidered organdie..... **$1.98**

$3.00 Silk Lace Trot Overblouse and Jap Silk Waists—Trimmed with Venise lace down front and on shoulder..... **$2.00**

$7.50 Crepe de Chine Waists—With Nar'ssus collar that can be worn high or low, sleeves trimmed to match, also new Hussar model with cords across front of waist, collar and cuffs.. **$4.98**

$5 Collapsible Dress Forms $2.35

Best quality jersey covered, in box taking one-half the space of regular form. Sizes 34 to 44.

$1.50 Bust Forms 69c
Latest models, best jersey covered, all sizes.

$8.50 Dress Forms $6.45
Hall and Borchert's 3-part, adjustable.

New Embroideries for Spring

19c Flouncings—17 inches wide, for corset covers and skirts, many desirable patterns in eyelet embroidery for underwear. **12½c**

79c Swiss Dress Flouncings—27 in. wide, a variety of dainty patterns in eyelet and small designs, suitable for dresses..... **59c**

10c Swiss and Cambric Edges — 2 to 4 inches wide, suitable for underwear and children's dress trimmings..... **5c**

29c Swiss Skirt Flouncings—27 inches wide, on fine quality muslin, many desirable patterns for children's dresses..... **19c**

NEW APPAREL for the LITTLE FOLKS

Girls' Confirmation Dresses $1.98 to $12.50
Also white party dresses of lace and muslin, trimmed with embroideries and Val. laces, sizes 6 to 14 years.

Spring Coats—Made of serges and assorted checks, in all the new shades and combinations, lined throughout, sizes 2 to 14 years. **$2.98, $3.98, $5.00 & $7.50**

Girls' $2.98 Chambray Dresses—Blue with hand embroidered collars and white repp trimmings, sizes 6 to 14 years..... **$1.98**

Children's 50c Rompers—Blue striped galatea, sizes 2 to 4 yrs..... **29c**

Children's $5.00 Cheviot Coats—All wool, navy blue, made with half belted backs, lined throughout with patch pockets, sizes 2 to 6 years..... **99c**

Girls' 50c Flanelette Gowns—Pink and blue stripes, made with double yokes, sizes 4 to 14 years..... **33c**

Children's Dresses—Gingham and galatea, made full skirt style, sizes 2 to 6 years... **39c**

Women's Black Beauty Shoes

$3.00 and $3.50

$3.50

Showing many popular Spring styles at these moderate prices. We feature here one of the many dressy boot styles, a cloth top button, in patent or gun metal leathers (as pictured), at..... **$3.50**
Also perfect fitting kidskin button and lace Shoes, with Cuban or low military heels; also patent and black calf button styles **$3.00 to $4.00**

New Low Shoes—Black calf and patent blucher ties (as pictured) with Cuban heels, also fine kidskin ties, custom shape with flexible soles and low military heels, A to EE widths. A special value, at..... **$3.00**

$3.00

Black Beauty Cushion Shoes for Spring are now in popular demand.

Low Shoes, at	$3.50	and	$4.00
Boot Shoes, at	$4.00	and	$4.50

THE STORE OF PROGRESS

GILCHRIST CO.

WE GIVE AND REDEEM LEGAL STAMPS

GERMANY'S SIDE OUTLINED BY IMPERIAL CHANCELLOR

Notable German Official Declaration by Von Bethmann-Hollweg to the late James Creelman

The following authoritative, official statement of the German Government was made to the late James Creelman, representative of the AMERICAN in Berlin, early last month. Mr. Creelman, the foremost war correspondent in the world, died suddenly in Berlin on Lincoln's birthday. The interview, his last work, had been sent to the Imperial German Chancellor for his revision and approval on February 8 or 9.

Bearing the stamp of the German Foreign Office, dated February 10, 1915, the interview came to the AMERICAN through the American Ambassador last week. It is not only the last work done by a great newspaper man, but it is the first detailed statement by the Kaiser's spokesman on the subjects discussed.

By THE LATE JAMES CREELMAN.

BERLIN, Feb. 10.—The most tremendous and far-reaching utterance made since the beginning of the present world war was the statement of the German Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg to me today that, in what seems to him the absolutely certain and complete victory of German arms, Germany is not waging an aggressive but a defensive war.

The Chancellor had just come in from the side of the Emperor William at the Grand German headquarters in France, and was filled with the spirit of growing triumph which seems to thrill Germany from frontier to frontier, north, south, east and west.

He is a giant of a man, broad-shouldered, deep-chested, with an enormous girth. He was dressed in the full field uniform of a German general, and although gold lace sparkled on his shoulders and his cuffs, the striking note of his attire was the black and white ribbon of the Iron Cross that appeared along the buttoned edge of his gray field coat.

The Chancellor's features are big, irregular and tremendously masculine. His nose is long and fleshy; his forehead high and rather noble, his cheeks flat, the big, humorous mouth shaded by a gray mustache, and tremendous crunching jaws and a powerful projecting chin mantled by a rough, thick, short, white beard.

We sat in the more or less bare room of the Chancellor's palace in Berlin, where the great Bismarck worked out the mightiest problems of Europe, a still, sober place, with a bunch of white flowers sitting alone on a great table desk, and deers' antlers projecting from the severe walls.

Yet even in that quiet place came the faint sound of a new German regiment marching swiftly past the palace to take its place in the fighting line.

The Chancellor an Enthusiastic Giant.

The Chancellor seemed such a physical giant, and he carried with him such a swing and air of physical power and enthusiasm, as he seated himself before the mighty table, that he appeared to be filled with the indescribable enthusiasm and confidence of the great battle lines from which he had just come.

The remarkable thing about Von Bethmann-Hollweg is his utter lack of attempts at subtlety. He has a certain fineness and nobility of manner, and yet he speaks with an almost rough directness, a smashing brutal frankness that is startling in one who speaks for a great empire in the midst of a world war. It is this peculiar Teutonic scorn for mere finesse, together with his tremendous courage, that has endeared the Chancellor to the German empire, and to the nation generally, in this most supreme hour in the history of the race.

And he is the humanest man that ever filled such a place in such an hour—the pure enthusiasm and frankness of a boy shining through the rough, hard features of the gray veteran.

"The most extraordinary thing about 'his appalling world conflict," he said, "is the impression, which the enemies of Germany have systematically spread, that the German Emperor is a mere war lord, and that he desired and sought this war.

"Nothing could be falser. I have worked by his side for years; I have worked with him day and night, in Winter and in Summer. I know him to be the greatest friend of peace in the whole world. It is extraordinary that the enemies of Germany should have been able to create in the minds of so many people such an infamous caricature of the noblest leader of peaceful human progress that the modern world has known. He should be known as a peace lord, not as a war lord, for his mind has always been fixed on peace, always, always, no matter how great the temptations to war that have been offered to him by those in whom his country's amazing peaceful success aroused only feelings of jealousy and hatred."

The big Chancellor folded his arms across his mighty chest, and a curious look came into his great gray eyes.

"Think of the outrageous things that have been said of this greatest of all peace-lovers, this leader of leaders, whose supreme effort ever since he ascended the German throne has been to prevent war!

"Remember that only nine days before the outbreak of this war the German Emperor and his entire fleet were making an annual cruise in a distant part of the North Sea. It would have been possible at that time for the British sea power to have captured the Emperor and practically the whole effective Germany navy.

"Is it possible that under such circumstances the Emperor was lending his influence or consent, directly or indirectly, to a general European conflict that risked an immediate and overwhelming disaster to the armed strength of his country, to say nothing of his personal safety? Such an idea is mere insanity.

"No, at that time as in every hour up to the very beginning of the armed struggle, the Emperor worked for peace with all his soul and all his strength. He worked against the war like a man filled with some great religious emotion.

Ruler's Expression Changed by Strain.

"The inward strain of his night-and-day effort to save the peace of the world, to save not only his own people, but the other peoples of Europe from the unspeakable suffering and loss of a general war, even changed the ordinary expression of his face."

The Chancellor seemed greatly moved and his great eyes softened as he spoke of the Kaiser in the days when the peace of the world hung trembling in the balance.

"I can speak with authority upon this matter," he said, "because I was with him practically all the time. Ever since he succeeded the German throne he used his power and his intelligence to save Europe from war and to keep his own country on a constantly broadening and rising peaceful progress.

"In the past forty years practically all the other great nations had been at war, Germany alone had preserved the peace. Other nations had reached out for great colonial possessions, adding empires to their territory. Germany continued to bend her whole mind and strength upon the peaceful development of the resources of civilization, leading all nations in scientific, industrial, commercial progress; adding year by year to the productive powers of her people, and demonstrating to all nations the true path of civilized progress, making the means of life cheaper and the ways of life better and simpler and nobler.

Knots Powerful Hands on One Knee.

Again the sound of a regiment marching to the front came faintly into the quiet room.

The Chancellor leaned back in his big chair and knotted his powerful hands on one knee.

"So, when the spirit of war seemed to be pressing upon Europe again, when the lives and fortunes and homes of millions of men, women and children were threatened by those in whom Germany's unparalleled progress had stirred up a desire to wreck the existing order of things, the Emperor knew neither rest nor sleep while he could do anything to prevent such a frightful calamity to the human race and to his own beloved people.

"We sat at the table together, working, working, working for peace. I saw him change word after word in his telegraphic appeal to the Czar. I saw him show absolute mental agony as he hesitated between one word and another, seeking with an eagerness impossible to describe to select the very word that might most influence the Czar to save Europe from the horrors of war."

"Then, Mr. Chancellor," I said, "you hold Russia primarily responsible for the world war?"

"No, England stands responsible before the whole world and must so stand in all human history. It is true that the support given by Russia to Serbia in her criminal attacks and propaganda against Austria furnished the first incentive to a breach of the peace of Europe. But when the decisive time came it was in England's power to say whether there should be a general European conflict or not."

The big Chancellor smiled and shook his head. "That will not change the ultimate result," he said. "I know that the English hope to starve Germany. They think to accomplish by a naval blockade what they cannot do in battle. But Germany has provided for all that. You are here in our country now and you see that we are all getting enough to eat, that prices are moderate, and that nobody has any fear of starvation. So far as the supplies necessary for the continued support of our population are concerned, everything has been provided for and systematized in good German fashion. We shall all have something to eat till the very end."

"And when will the end come, Mr. Chancellor? When will the world have peace?"

"The English say that the war will last for twenty years. They say that Germany must be completely destroyed. That is their view. Germany has no desire to destroy any nation. From the German standpoint, this is a war of pure self-defence—a war which can end only when Germany has absolutely secured full protection for her continued growth along the peaceful lines of cultural and economic development."

The tall Chancellor rose and slowly paced the quiet room, his hands locked behind his back.

Suggested Peace Plan to Haldane.

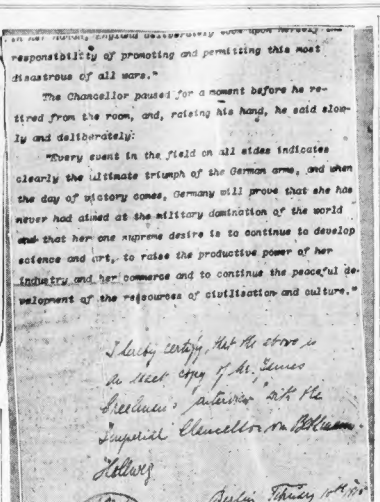
"Think of this tremendous coalition of nations against Germany! And what have they accomplished? We have already 800,000 prisoners in our hands. Under any circumstances Germany would be able to defend her own soil. But today Germany is fighting for her very life, and every living German knows it and feels it. The consciousness of right and pure love of country stand behind German strength and German training, and nothing can resist German arms under such conditions. The German nation has asked for nothing but security for its future.

"When Lord Haldane came to Germany to see whether there could not be a peaceful working arrangement between Germany and England, I told him that if England and Germany would get together on sensible and helpful lines no country in the world would dare to attempt to produce a great war. I pointed out to him that with these two great nations joined in a friendly way, and with the United States acting as a friendly neutral, the peace of the whole world would be guaranteed; a general war would be impossible. But it was not to be. With the absolute power of peace in her hands, England deliberately took upon herself the responsibility of promoting and permitting this most disastrous of all wars."

The Chancellor paused for a moment before he retired from the room, and, raising his hand, he said, slowly and deliberately:

"Every event in the field on all sides indicates clearly the ultimate triumph of the German arms, and when the day of victory comes, Germany will prove that she has never aimed at the military domination of the world, and that her one supreme desire is to continue to develop science and art, to raise the productive power of her industry and her commerce and to continue the peaceful development of the resources of civilization and culture."

I hereby certify that the above is an exact copy of Mr. James Creelman's interview with the Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg.
Berlin, February 10th, 1915.
(Seal) DR. ROLDIER.


I hereby certify that the above is an exact copy of Mr. James Creelman's interview with the Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg.
Berlin, February 10th, 1915.
Hollweg
Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann

Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and official seal on the interview by Creelman.

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long-standing or recent development, whether it comes on at occasional or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, if you are troubled with asthma, our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, fumes, "patent smokes," etc., have failed. We want to show anyone at our own expense that our method is designed to end all difficult breathing, all wheezing, all coughing at once and for all time.

The free gift is too important to neglect a single day. Write now and then begin the method at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do it Today.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 585J, Frontier Bldg., 462 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y. Send for free trial of your method to:

VORENBERG'S

An Early Spring Sale of Women's Sample Suits

135 of the Smartest Styles Ever Shown in Boston

Materials are gabardines, serges, poplin and covert in those colors that are enjoying the widest popularity now. One of the many styles illustrated here.

Ladies' and Misses' Sizes

These Suits Easily Worth $12.50, $15.00 and $18.00

To sell quickly we've priced them for Monday and Tuesday at

9.98

Ladies' 75c Roman Striped CREPE WAISTS
69c
Mail Orders Filled

$3.50 Gold Lace WAISTS
$1.98
Mail Orders Filled

Ladies' $1.00 Finest Grade Sateen Petticoats
49c
Mail Orders Filled

Sale of 51 R. & G. Rustless Corsets
69c
Mail Orders Filled

25c Ladies' "Mermaid" Brassieres
19c
Mail Orders Filled

Ladies' $3 All Wool Serge Skirts
1.89
Mail Orders Filled

Mothers—Exceptional Values for Your Boys

53 Boys' Heavy Black India Rubber COATS
$1.69
Mail Orders Filled

53 Boys' All-Wool Spring Reefers
$1.85
Mail Orders Filled

35 Boys' All Wool SUITS
$3.65
Mail Orders Filled

Open Evenings until 9, Saturday until 11 P. M.

The Big Store — An Entire Block

VORENBERG'S

Washington, Hanover and H...

Wise Precaution

will prevent the little illness of today from becoming the big sickness of tomorrow and after. For troubles of the digestive organs you can rely on

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

CASTLE SQUARE HOTEL

Tremont, Chandler and Berkeley Sts.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
CHAS. L. SLEEPER, Manager.

Rooms Without Baths.

There stands from the back bay stations of the N. Y., N. H. & H. and B. & A. R. R. Electric direct to and from all railroad stations and steamboat lines.

Every Room Has a Private Bath.

Long Distance Telephone in Each Room.

FIRST-CLASS CUISINE AND SERVICE.

50 single rooms, private bathroom, for one person, $1.50 per day.
100 double rooms, private bathrooms, for two persons, $2.00 per day.
50 parlor rooms, with alcove chambers, private bathrooms, for four persons, $2.50 and $3.00 per day.
Nothing higher. Rooms transferred from LARGE VARIETY CLUB BREAKFASTS FROM 35c to $1.00 EACH.
Please Send Postal for Booklet.

Piles Quickly Cured at Home

Pyramid Pile Remedy gives quick relief, stops itching, bleeding or protruding piles, hemorrhoids and all rectal troubles, in the privacy of your own home. Pyramid Pile Remedy is for sale at all druggists, or by mail. A single box often cures. A trial treatment will be mailed free if you mail coupon below.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON

PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY,
52 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.
Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Remedy, in plain wrapper.

Name .....
Street .....
City ..... State .....

CURED OF CATARRH

OF

Twenty-Three Years Standing

MRS. J. H. BOURLAND

OF

Frankston, Texas

A FEW EXTRACTS FROM HER LETTERS:

March 28, 1904 —"Peruna cured me of catarrh of twenty-three years' standing."

April 13, 1906 —"I shall spare no opportunity to speak a good word for the merits of Peruna."

Jan. 25, 1908 —"Peruna is all you claim it to be. Please accept my heartfelt thanks."

Aug. 23, 1909 —"I assure you that my first endorsement of Peruna was not exaggerated. I also regard Peruna as a very valuable household remedy."

April 9, 1912 —"I would state again that Peruna cured me of catarrh of twenty-three years' standing."

Aug. 16, 1914 —"I always try to keep Peruna on hand during the winter, for coughs, colds and catarrh. I advise all mothers to do so."

Every one should have a copy of "The Ills of Life," which contains scores of testimonials from men and women equally honest and creditable as the author of the above correspondence.

The Peruna Co. : : : : Columbus, Ohio

OUCH! BACKACHE! RUB LUMBAGO OR PAIN FROM BACK

Rub stiffness away with small trial of old, penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil."

Ah! Pain is gone!

Quickly!—Yes, almost instant relief from soreness, stiffness, lameness and pain in liniment's answer to aching with "St. Jacob's Oil."

Rub this soothing, penetrating oil right on your painful back, and like magic, relief comes. "St. Jacob's Oil" is a harmless backache, lumbago and sciatica liniment, never disappoints and doesn't burn the skin. Limber up! Quit complaining! Stop those torturous "stitches"! In a moment you will forget that you ever had a weak back, because it won't hurt or be stiff or lame. Don't suffer! Get a small trial bottle of old, honest "St. Jacob's Oil" from any druggist or general store and limber right up. Directions in 21 languages.

—Advertisement.

BUTTER Finest Fresh Creamery 33c Lb.

Positively Fresh Made and Received Daily. None Better at Any Price.

FRESH EGGS Price Cut to Doz. 24c

Lower Egg Market allows this big reduction. Here's strictly Fresh Laid. Large Fancy Eggs, Sold at 35c Elsewhere. Our Price, Doz. 24c.

"Pine Grove" Large Brown Hennery Eggs, Doz. 27c.

60c TEAS Lb. 35c

"Golden Rose," Oolong, English Breakfast, Mixed or Pekoe Ceylon. Lb. 35c

35c COFFEE 23c Lb

"Golden Rose"—Rich Blend, Old World Coffees. 35c Value Elsewhere.

Prune Sale New California Santa Clara Meaty Prunes. 5 Lbs. Regular 15c Value. 48c Lb. 10c

"Star" Hams Armour's Finest Sugar Cured, Wrapped Hams. Average Weight 10 Lbs. Lb. 17c

Standard Milk Can 10c

Blue Label Catsup Pt. Bot. 17c

Soap Kirkman's Laundry, 5 Bars 19c

Tomatoes Extra Standard, Red Ripe, Solid Pack Can 8c

Peas Boyal, Early June Sifted Peas, Small, Tender, Value Can 9c

Corn Extra Fancy Golden Bantam Corn, Creamy Corn Value Can 8c

Peaches "Yarlee" Gold Peaches, Yellow Cling, Rich Quality Can 17c

"Sunshine" Sale Spiced Teas, Fig Bars, Butter Thins, Graham Wafers. Regular 15c to 18c Crackers. Lb. 12c

Royal Bak. Powder Lb. Can 38c

Lard Swift's No. 3 Pail 36c

Calif. Pea Beans Qt. 12c

Shrimp Fancy Wet Packed Beechnuts Can 12c

Codfish Absolutely Boneless Pure Cod Strips Lb. 15c

Bacon Finest Quality Sugar Cured 25c Value Lb. 18c

Rice Whole Head Rice 3 Lbs. 25c

Wine, Beverage Dept.

Low Prices on Foreign Goods owing to settling market and our immense stock. Qualities the finest. Convenient stores. Superb service.

Selections—Imported Scotch, Irish, Gins, Rums

Scotch Lords of England Best Obtainable Bot. 89c

Scotch Usher's O. V. S. Bot. 98c

Irish Wm. Jameson's Cost Bot. 97c

Canadian Club Whisky Bot. 1.09

Booth's Old Tom Gin Bot. 84c

Gin Rebt. Lords Old Tom or Dry Bot. 73c

Gin Geneva Magnum Bot. 1.07

Rum Finest Old Imported Pt. 48c Qt. 95c

Selections—Imported Wines, Brandies, Miscl.

Port Fine Old Tarragona Imported. 20 Yrs Old Bot. 49c

Sherry "Panza" Cost Bot. 49c

Sherry Duff Gordon Cost Bot. 69c

Old Spanish Port Bot. 69c

Hennessy Old Brandy 1.49

M. & R. Vermouth Qt. Bot. 57c

Stout Guinness' Pint Bottles Pt. 15c Qt. 25c

American Products Also—All Price Cuts

Whisky Kessler Pt. 1.15 Value 37c Qt. 73c

Green River Whiskey Bot. 97c

Rye "Sunset" Pint Bot. Qt. 97c 1.50 Value

Hermitage Rye Bot. 95c

Rum Everell Spring Pint Bot. Pt. 37c Qt. 73c

Cocktails "Bonanza," Manhattan, Martini, Rob Roy Martini, Bot. 85c

Champagne "Great Western" Cost 1.75. Bot. 1.37

Beer, Bottled, Doz. 1.30

Alcohol Purest Quality Pt. 41c

Rock, Rye Qt. 73c

The Ginter Co

Free Delivery Most Nearby Points — 25 Groceries, 42 Liquors

2 Union St., Cor. Elm Opposite Hancock 16 Canal St. Haymarket Square

183 Summer St., South Terminal

495 Washington St. Bet. Wash. & Tremont Pls. 45 Bromfield St. No Liquors Sold in This Store

The Ginter Co's Liquors Also on Sale at The Brookline Shop, Inc. 122 Tremont Street Boylston Place

MARBLEHEAD GIRL, BLIND, NOW SEES

Sight Returns in Strange Fashion. Mother Calls It "in Effect, a Miracle."

"Oh, mother, I'm so happy—just the happiest girl in the world," Miss Maud Lincoln, twenty-one-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William F. Lincoln of Marblehead, told her mother yesterday.

And the reason for the happiness? Let the mother tell the story:

"The reason is that Maud was born partially blind and now she can see.

"Her sight came suddenly. Maud saw herself for the first time by looking in a mirror; she saw me and her father and all of us for the first time.

"For nine years Maud attended the Perkins Institute for the Blind, and received a general education.

"Once a specialist told her her affliction was of such a nature that some day her sight might come, and now it has come just as the specialist said. I am not able to explain it.

"First she could see with her right eye, and two days later with her left eye. Now she can see as well as I can.

"She is not straining her eyes, but is using them gradually and prudently. It isn't a miracle, but in effect it is the same, and we are all very, very happy."

Friends of the young woman said that a membrane of some kind formed in Miss Lincoln's eyes, and that this had broken and been absorbed by healthy tissues, first in the right eye and then in the left.

Hurt in Similar Roxbury Accidents

As a result of two similar accidents within an hour in West Roxbury yesterday afternoon, one man was dangerously and another slightly injured. Altoro Catatio, twenty-four, of No. 44 Third street, South Boston, was seriously burned and lacerated when a pick he was using in a sewer trench on Willow street struck an unexploded stick of dynamite. He is in a serious condition at the City Hospital.

Less than an hour later John Lucey, forty-five, of Spencer street, Brookline, drove a pick against a dynamite cap while digging in St. Joseph's Cemetery. He was badly burned and cut. He is at the Peter Brent Brigham Hospital.

Baby Bonnet for Sale, Gift of Mrs. Sayre

Dr. Myra Allen Rupped, president of the new Mothers and Babies' Centre at Lynn, received yesterday from Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, President Wilson's daughter, a baby's bonnet, daintily made of lace and white ribbon, to be used for the benefit of the newly-established Centre.

The bonnet, which came by parcel post from Williamstown, is to be sold to the highest bidder among Lynn's wealthy set. The proceeds will form a nucleus for a fund which the Centre organization will spend for clothing for poor mothers and babies in the Shoe City.

Dr. George A. Kirkpatrick is vice-president of the Centre. Mrs. Harry Lovejoy Olds is secretary and Louis Archer is treasurer.

Dog Dies to Save Family from Fire

HAVERHILL, March 6—"Pete," a faithful dog, owned by Harry P. Rich of Lovell avenue, was roasted to death in a fire in the home of his master after he had warned all occupants of the blaze. Rich was asleep with his two young children on an upper floor of the building, when he was awakened by the barking of the canine.

$9,500 Legacy Won by Boston Mission

RACINE, Wis., March 6—The Baptist Foreign Mission Society of Boston will receive $9,500 from the estate of J. M. Brown, deceased, a pioneer resident of Racine, as a result of a court ruling here today. Relatives of the deceased contested the will, claiming undue influence was used, but the court held that Mr. Brown, aged ninety-three, was in full possession of his mental faculties when he drew the will.

Mr. and Mrs. Crane Back from Florida

Former U. S. Senator and Mrs. Winthrop Murray Crane have returned to Dalton, from Ormond, Florida, where they went on account of the illness of William J. Boardman, father of Mrs. Crane.

COLE PLEADS FOR BIG STATE MILITIA

In Annual Report Adjutant-General Urges Co-operation of Business Men to Meet Demand.

In his annual report, Adjutant-General Charles H. Cole makes a plea for a larger militia and points out the unpreparedness of the country in case of attack.

"Make your sons enlist," is the keynote of his message to the citizens of Massachusetts. He asks the business men to co-operate by encouraging male employes to join the militia and to pay them during their tour of duty.

The most striking recommendations in Adjutant-General Cole's report follow:

The establishment of a federalized militia, raised, armed, organized, equipped and paid by the United States government and subject to call by the President at any time or place.

Compulsory military service in the federal militia.

His recommendations for immediate attainment of the Massachusetts militia follow:

Re-establishment of a reserve militia.

Increase the maximum strength of the present militia.

Establishment of recruiting offices in various sections of the State.

Compulsory military service as a condition precedent to service in a police or fire department.

Investigation by a military and civilian commission to determine means for increasing strength of militia.

Extending tours of duty to two weeks.

Establishment of water-front armories for the naval reserve.

Establishment of supply and headquarters companies.

Revival of rifle and small-arm practice.

Additional regular army inspectors to instruct the militia. Commenting upon the militia of Massachusetts, which he finds to be weak, General Cole says:

"The total enrolled militia in the State is 586,543, as shown by the national census. Of this number 6,579, or about 1 per cent., compose the organized militia, military and naval. This is not a creditable exhibition for the great Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Even in 1860, when the enrolled militia of the State was only 155,338, the number of the organized militia was 5,593, or 3 per cent., nearly four times as many as today."

Massachusetts stands twenty-second in the list of States rated according to the proportion of the organized to the enrolled militia.

Take Cook Girl's Body Home
Sister Defends Millionaire

New Haven Authorities, Convinced Young Woman Committed Suicide, to Take Body Home.

NEW YORK, March 6—The body of Lillian Cook tonight lies back in the little home from which started out to make her fortune. Probably the girl who bared the sordid story of the double life of her millionaire employer, but whose own death remains a sealed mystery, will be buried Tuesday, but the date has not yet been definitely decided.

Indeed, no plans have been made at all. Her mother and father both seem dazed.

The father of the dead girl went to meet the funeral train from New Haven alone. Alone he supervised the removal of his daughter's body to his house, where only the members of the immediate family waited.

Later this evening, Laura Cook, another daughter, gave out a statement defending her dead sister's name.

"I will not believe the cruel stories from New Haven that my sister died to avoid shame resulting from an improper friendship," she said. "Lillian was a good girl. Every one who knew her will testify to this. She cared nothing for men companions."

DEFENDS MAYO.

The sister likewise defended Mayo and Lois Waterbury Dudley, who for several years have lived as "Mr. and Mrs. James Dudley" at No. 406 Fourth street, Brooklyn, where there are three little girls, of whom Mayo is the father of all and "Mrs. Dudley" the mother of two.

"Mrs. Dudley" has been a dear, sweet friend to our family," said Miss Cook, "and Mr. Mayo was kind to Lillian. Their domestic arrangements are no concern of ours."

All window and door shades in the Fourth street house where the beautiful Lois Waterbury Dudley has lived for more than three years, were drawn tonight. Newspaper reporters were told "Mrs. Dudley has no statement to make."

"Mrs. Dudley" has been a dear, sweet friend to our family," said Miss Cook, "and Mr. Mayo was kind to Lillian. Their domestic arrangements are no concern of ours."

All window and door shades in the Fourth street house where the beautiful Lois Waterbury Dudley has lived for more than three years, were drawn tonight. Newspaper reporters were told "Mrs. Dudley has no statement to make."

A young man, who had the appearance of a law clerk, left the residence early in the afternoon, carrying a suitcase. He refused to answer inquiries concerning his identity, except to say "I am a friend of the family. I do not live in New York."

GIRL'S NOT IN SIGHT.

The three puretty little girls of the household who were permitted to play about the windows yesterday, were nowhere in sight. And nothing could be learned in the neighborhood which would establish the girl's parentage of the five-year-old Doris, now known as "the child of mystery."

"Mrs. Dudley," has been quoted as saying Mr. Mayo is the father of Doris, but that she is only foster mother. The child was brought to the home from distant city.

It developed tonight that Mayo was once in business in Brooklyn as president of the firm of The Mayo & Rohrer Company, electrical contractors. The firm went into bankruptcy, and Mayo was arrested on a charge of improperly collecting $585.67 after the concern collapsed. He was taken to the Redmond street civil jail, but the papers do not show what ultimate disposition was made of the charge.

New Haven authorities investigating the suicide of Lillian May Cook, the young Brooklyn stenographer, employed by the Mayo Radiator Company, dropped their probe today. The report of Coroner Eli Max and Medical Examiner Marvin M. Scarborough will be filed on Monday, indicating that the girl ended her life in suicide caused by melancholia.

Virginius Mayo, her employer, will not appear before the coroner on Monday, although it was admitted by his counsel, Attorney Benjamin Slade, of this city, that he had been subpoenaed yesterday to give testimony on that day.

Cady's Auto Hits Somerville Woman

In an effort to avoid striking a woman on Highland avenue, West Somerville, after she had stepped into the street to board an electric car, the Rev. George L. Cady, pastor of the Pilgrim Congregational Church, Dorchester, drove his automobile onto the sidewalk, striking Nellie B. Casey of No. 291 Highland avenue and throwing her into the street.

Accused of Thefts of Canned Meat

Albert D. Mayer, eighteen, of No. 443 Bremen street, East Boston, and Thomas Hale, twenty-three, of No. 10 Jeffrey street, East Boston, were held for the Grand Jury in $1,000 each in the East Boston Court yesterday on charges of stealing fifteen cans of crabmeat worth $9.75 from the warehouse of the Enterprise Crab Meat Company, at No. 307 Marginal street, East Boston.

HARVARD HONORS TWO BELGIANS

Refugee Professors from Louvain Guests at Annual Dinner of the Lampoon.

Two refugee Belgian professors, now instructors at Cambridge, were guests of honor last night at the annual dinner of the Harvard Lampoon. They are Professor L. Dupiez and Professor C. de La V. Poussin. Both were connected with Louvain University, which was wrecked by German shells.

Former Governor Curtis Guild, as toastmaster paid tribute to King Albert. He said:

"Our Belgian guests should consider themselves among friends. They should feel as if they were at home. Belgium has proved that there can be a king who is truly a king."

Professor Dupiez said: "Although crushed under the heel of the tyrant, Belgium has not given up. But for America there would be no Belgium today."

Professor Poussin said:

"Belgium and her people thank America for her sympathy. Prompt and generous was this country's response to the appeal of our stricken people. I rejoice that day by day America is coming to see the point of view of the allies."

John Reed, '10, who was in the trenches as war correspondent, gave personal glimpses of the great struggle. Ninety attended the dinner, including editors and past editors of Harvard publications and the Lampoon. The menus bore the inscription, "Vive la Belgique."

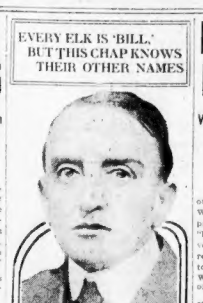
Explosion on Maine; Saved from Sinking

NEW YORK, March 6—The old battleship Maine, in the Brooklyn Navy Yard, was towed into dry dock today to prevent her sinking when an explosion on board blew out her keel plugs. The Maine in an 11,600-ton vessel, the second of that name built by the government, and has been used as a receiving ship for recruits.

James F. Kelly of Roxbury Dead

James F. Kelly is dead of pneumonia at his home, No. 209 Norfolk avenue, Roxbury, in his thirty-sixth year. He was proprietor of a bowling alley in South Boston. Several years ago he was a candidate for the Legislature in Ward 17

EVERY ELK IS 'BILL,' BUT THIS CHAP KNOWS THEIR OTHER NAMES



Secretary "Pete" McCarron or Boston Lodge, No. 10, B. P. O. E.

There will be a special meeting of the Massachusetts Legislature today.

Billy Sunday is not to speak this afternoon in Symphony Hall.

The new home of the City Club will not be dedicated until Thursday.

Hence and therefore, come to no conclusions if, subduing a Sunday haunter in Somerset street or Ashburton place, around at the kind end of the court house, you observe hundreds and hundreds of alert gentlemen, going somewhere and all dressed up.

It's the annual election of Boston Lodge No. 10, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and there are two candidates for the dignified and important post of Exalted Ruler. These rival candidates are Dr. Joseph Sassosuosso and Jeremiah J. Hurley, Deputy Immigration Commissioner.

There will be a lodge meeting at 1 o'clock. Two hours later the polls will open. All who wish must have voted at 9 p. m., when tellers and sorters will count the vote. Exalted Ruler Johan J. Cassidy, whose reign has been one of the most flowery in the history of the lodge, will act as toastmaster.

Secretary P. F. McCarron, whose friends insist upon calling him "Peter," which is not his name at all, at all, is up for re-election. "Peter" is completing his second year in the secretaryship. There are 2,350 members of Boston Lodge and "Pete" McCarron is said to be one of the three Bostn Elks who know every other member of No. 10 at sight by name.

IDEAL GIRL THEME FOR BURGSTAHLER

Wakefield Pastor to Preach on Letters Received from Young Men.

Rev. Herbert J. Burgstahler, pastor of the Greenwood Union Church of Wakefield, who on last Sunday preached to a large audience on the "Ideal Father and Husband," as revealed in a score or more letters received by him from women, will today preach on the "Ideal Young Woman," as seen by the young men of the church.

Next Sunday, the Rev. Mr. Burgstahler will have for his theme "The Young Women's Opinion of the Ideal Young Man."

The material for the Rev. Mr. Burgstahler's topics is taken from the letters he receives.

A description of the "Ideal Young Woman" was given in one of the letters, and follows:

She must not follow up all the fads and styles or appear in some of the so-called styles which make her a good imitation of a monkey.

She must not wear peekaboo waists or peekaboo stockings.

She must not wear tight high heel shoes.

She must not wear big hats.

She must not paint or powder or use grease or circus clown makeup.

She must not gossip or nag.

She must not be a dancer.

She must not be a theatregoer.

She must not know the taste of liquor.

She must be clean, a good cook, have a good disposition and be musical.

She must love my family as her own.

She must be a church girl.

She must be innocent.

If there is such a girl in Greenwood I would like to have her.

Funeral Honors to Col. Frank P. Stone

Many theatrical managers and actors will attend the funeral services this afternoon of Colonel Frank P. Stone, at his home in Wellesley. Colonel Stone was manager of Austin and Stone's Museum on Tremont Row for more than a quarter of a century. He was one of the well known theatrical men in the museum business.

He was an active military man in his early days, and members of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company and Masonic bodies with which he was connected, will conduct services at the Stone farm.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED
Shepard Norwell Company
WINTER STREET TEMPLE PLACE TREMONT STREET

Our Friends Are the Chief Ornament of the House.
The Circle Widens and Our Business Grows.
The Friendly Spirit of the House Is Partly Due to the Fine Personnel of Our Staff, Many of Whom Have Been With Us for Many Years.

WORTH SEEING IN BOSTON
—There is no other china and glass store just like the series of specialty rooms on our 4th floor.
—So it is with much of our new store.
—What stays on the outside of your head rarely helps you, and whoever knows the store only from the outside cannot possibly comprehend what is building up within.
—Visitors find this a courteous store.

IN TREMONT ST. BUILDING
THIRD FLOOR: Corsets, Undermuslins, Petticoats, Aprons
FOURTH FLOOR: Linens, Domestic Cottons, Fabric Linens

SHEPARD STORES.

CORNHILL FIREPLACE GOODS
—Notice our window display—the first showing of reproductions of Old Colonial fixtures.
—Martha Washington Brass Andirons.
—Old Colonial Brass Andirons.
—Cornhill Brass Andirons.
—Newburyport Andirons of early days.
—Quaint old New England patterns.
—Old Bradley patterns from Lancaster, Mass.
—Blank Antique Eagle pattern.
—Samuel Pierce family.
—Hawk Antique Eagle pattern, original now at Concord, Mass.
—James Lyon, in 1800.
—Old Merrimac pattern.
—Old Merrimac pattern, from New York

IN TREMONT ST. BUILDING
FIRST FLOOR: Neckwear, Ribbons, Art Needlework
SECOND FLOOR: Dress Goods, Linings, Steamer Rugs

MAIL ORDERS FILLED
Shepard Norwell Company
WINTER STREET TEMPLE PLACE TREMONT STREET

Visitors to Our Stores Are Amazed at the Changes That Have Happened—Especially on Our Second Floor.
The New Shepard Fashion Organization Is Working Marvels in the Styles and Values We Have to Offer.

INAUGURATING THE GREAT HOUSEWARES STORE, 4TH FLOOR WINTER STREET

—In this connection, a word about our Unique China and Glass Stores adjoining. Everyone who sees them comments on the good taste shown in the selection of patterns, and instantly observes that these stores have a personality different from the common or ordinary china stores of commerce.

SPECIAL SALES TOMORROW (MONDAY)

CHINA AND GLASS

—In order that you may realize what is causing all this growth and expansion of the Shepard Stores, and to acquaint you with these comparatively new sections—

Nippon China Pieces Values to 75c 50c
—This assortment consists of sugars, creamers, pitchers, bon bon dishes, spoon trays, condensed milk jars, syrup jars, sugar shakers, mustards, puff boxes and hair receivers, candlesticks, pin trays and manicure sets in a very attractive gilt decoration.

Whipped Cream Sets Value 75c 49c
—Nippon and German China Whipped Cream Sets, consisting of bowl, plate and ladle. A variety of decorations in the very latest patterns.

French China Set Value $30.00 $19.50
—French China Dinner Set of 107 pieces. Pink, rose and blue forget-me-not all-over pattern. Dull gold handles. Attractive shapes.

Cut Glass Vases Value $5.00 $3.69
Three different cuttings. Attractive all-over daisy pattern.

Cut Glass Fruit Bowls. Value $3 $2.19
—Eight-inch size. One of the very newest cuttings, floral and prism combined.

Sugar and Cream Set Value $1.00 Set 49c
—With a neatly cut star. Clear crystal glass.

Glass Water Tumblers. Val. 60c Doz. 45c
—Pressed glass water tumblers.

Cut Glass Electrolier, Value $5.00 $3.98
—New, daisy floral cutting. Price of electrolier, complete, $3.98.

Semi-Porcelain Dinner Sets, Value $20.00 $16.50
—American Semi-Porcelain Dinner Set, 112 pieces. Black Grecian border, with green conventional spray. Attractive shapes.

Semi-Porcelain Dinner Sets, Value $12 $9.85
—American Semi-Porcelain 112-Piece Dinner Set. Pink floral rose spray.

Semi-Porcelain Dinner Sets, Value $22.75 $17.49
—English Semi-Porcelain Dinner Sets, 112 pieces. Soft pastel coloring, in a Dresden border. Octagonal shapes.

Semi-Porcelain Dinner Sets, Value $26.00 $19.50
—English Semi-Porcelain Dinner Sets. Dull gold band, lined with black. Very attractive shapes.

Semi-Porcelain Dinner Sets, Value $13.85 $10.49
—American Semi-Porcelain 112-Piece Sets. Green band, with pink rose, in garland effect.

Whipped Cream Sets Value 39c 25c
—Colonial Glass Whipped Cream Sets, consisting of bowl and plate.

Colonial Glass Celery Trays. Value 35c 19c
—Quantities on this and several items somewhat limited.

Sanitary Covered Pitchers
2 Sizes at.... 19c 2 Sizes at.... 29c
—Different gilt patterns in covered pitchers.

English Teapots Value 35c Each 29c
—Prettily Decorated English Tea Pots.

NEWEST OF THE SHEPARD STORES

—Not only the newest but very extensive, occupying an immense area on the 4th floor of our Winter Street Building. To acquaint you with the facts in this case: It is a complete store, with first quality merchandise only, we shall make prices to make prudent women come from far and near. If interested in the new inventions and improvements and in low prices, come Monday morning with shopping list and determination to have the best of these—

—BRASS JARDINIERES, 9-inch size and attractive shapes. Value $1.25..... 89c
—INVERTED GAS LIGHT, etched shade, mantle and by-pass. Value $1.25.. 89c
ADJUSTABLE ELECTRIC DESK LAMP, dull brass finish. Green shade, white lined. Value $3.45, complete $2.49

GRAY ENAMEL
—A good, serviceable kitchenware, wears satisfactorily.
Regular Sale
Rice Boilers 45c 35c
Berlin Kettles..... 35c 27c
Berlin Kettles..... 39c 30c
Berlin Kettles..... 49c 37c
Covered Sauce Pans..35c 27c
Covered Sauce Pans..39c 30c
Tea and Coffee Pots, 33c 23c
Covered Cook Pots..79c 59c

WHITE ENAMEL
—ALL WHITE GRANITEWARE, inside and out—Pudding Pans, Milk Pans, Wash Basins, Bowls, Tea Pots, Coffee Pots, Sauce Pans, Preserving Kettles, Fry Pans, etc. Each, 25c

—GAS MANTLES, weight of inverted good quality. Value 20c, 2 for 25c
—WASTE PAPER BASKETS. Value 75c..... 47c
—IRONING TABLES, adjustable in height. Folds when not in use. Special, 85c
—SHIRT BOARDS, 5 feet, smooth hardwood..... 65c
—CLOTHES HORSE, for clothes drying..... 65c
—STEP LADDERS, 5 ft., strong and durable. Well braced, has pail shelf..... 79c
—GARBAGE CANS of heavy galvanized iron, with double bottom. Each 55c
—CLOTHES LINES, 100-ft. length. Lake cotton line. Value 69c..... 49c

FIREPLACE FIXTURES
—During this sale we will introduce a new line of Colonial and Antique Fireplace goods —"The Cornhill Line"—reproductions of famous old-time andirons and fire sets. Special—
—SPARK GUARDS, 21x31 in., black with brass trimmings. Value $2.98..... $1.98
—HOUSEHOLD SET of white enamel ware—Rice Boiler, Sauce Pan, Covered Kettle. Value $1.89, set, 98c

—BROOMS, bamboo handle; Value 55c..... 39c
—SANITARY TOILET PAPER, rolls or packages. Our 10c quality..... 7 for 25c
—GLASS ICE CREAM FREEZERS, "Sanitary" glass, 95c
—"TRIANGLE" OILED FLOOR MOPS. Value $1.00.... 79c
—GLASS JUICE REAMERS, glass top, in nickel frame..... 69c
—"SANITARY" BRUSH, best bands, for toilet bowl and bowls..... 39c
—COMBINATION SIFTERS, 3 different sieves to fit in frame, Set 45c
—"STAND ALONE" EGG BEATERS, 10c
—WIRE MOUSE TRAP, catch them alive. Each..... 19c
—BREAD SLICERS, for slicing bread evenly for sandwiches. Each, 65c
—ROBERTS EGG BEATERS, machine..... 15c
—WIRE DISH DRAINERS, plate rack. Value 20c..... 12c
—OYSTER OR SCALLOP BROILER, heavy wire..... 10c
—ASSORTED MOULDS for cake and jelly. Set of 3 in box.. 19c
—DUST SET, good bristle Dust Brush and Japanned steel pan. Dust Pan, 25c
—BREAD LOAF PANS, seamless aluminum..... 21c
—GAS TORCH, brass and box of drippings. Value $1.25..... 89c
—GRAPEFRUIT KNIVES, double edge. Value 40c..... 21c
—GAS TOASTERS, for use on gas stove..... 7c
—ROUND PRESS, for potatoes or vegetables..... 17c

—"ELEVATING" CLOTHES DRYERS. Value 75c, 35c
—NICKEL TEA KETTLES, all copper. Value $4.15, 75c
—NICKEL CHAFING DISH, with rosewood trimmings and white enamel food pan, regular $5.95 value..... $4.95
—AUTOMATIC MILK BOTTLE CAPS..... Each 7c
—APPLE CORERS AND QUARTERERS. Each..... 10c
—WHITE MOUNTAIN APPLE PARERS and Parers. Each..... 39c
—LIQUID VENEER, the best furniture polish. 50c size 39c, 25c size 19c
—EAGLE ASBESTOS STOVE CLAY, Complete..... 10c
—WAX PAPER, for sandwiches and lunches. 3 envelopes..... 5c
—ALUMINUM, 12-in. COOKING SPOONS..... 2 for 15c
—ALUMINUM IRONING BOARD Sad-irons and Cover. Pair..... 59c
—CASSEROLES of doorway fireproof ware, in nickel frames. Value $1.50, 95c
—ASH CANS, heavy galvanized, protected top and bottom. Value $1.00, 79c
—ASBESTOS BAKING SHEETS, Regular 10c kind, 2 for 15c
—"SHINOLA" POLISHING SETS and Polish. Each..... 25c
—STANDARD BISSELL'S SWEEPERS. Value $2.00..... $1.79
—MRS. DAUSS 100-POINT Mouth Clothes line..... 79c
—FAMILY SCALES, with scoop, weighs up to 24 lbs. by oz. 89c
—OIL HEATERS (New Perfection). Value $3.25..... $2.69
—FOOD CHOPPERS, large size. Value $1.50, 98c
—GLASS ROLLING PINS, "silvers." Each 39c

—GALVANIZED ASH CAN, with side ribs, heavy. Our regular $2.49 value..... $1.95
—REFRIGERATOR, 100-lb. size, capacity—"Baldwin." A chest that sells regularly at $17.95, at..... $13.50
—CREPE TOILET PAPER, rolls or packages. Our regular 5c kind. 7 for 24c
—CEREAL CANISTERS, white and gold, heavy lacquered. Each 25c
—CHILD'S SET, 3 pieces, decorated enamel, Set..... 45c
—BREAD BOX, roll top, white and gold, lacquered..... $1.00
—JAPANNED CAKE CHESTS, two compartments..... $1.25
—JAPANNED CAKE CLOSETS. Each..... $1.95
—PERFECTION ROTARY ASH SIFTERS, a heavy galvanized sifter with a screen that will easily sift its coal in coal..... $2.50
—CURTAIN STRETCHERS, hardwood, nickeled brass pins, will not rust. Pair..... 59c
—ASBESTOS IRON HOLDERS. Quality the kind..... 5c
—35-LB. SIZE SUGAR TIN, heavy, lacquered, black or white..... 95c
—20-lb. size..... 79c
—MRS. POTTS' SAD IRONS, 3 to set, with stand and handle. Set 79c
—PERFECT GAS IRONS, with tubing. Each..... $1.95
—COMMON SAD IRONS, nickel plated. Per lb..... 5c
—FIBRE WATER PAILS..... 49c
—WALL COFFEE MILLS, will hold pound of coffee ready to grind. Value $1.25..... 75c
—5-LB. GLASS BUTTER CRUSHER. Each..... $1.50
—MAYONNAISE MIXERS, with glass covers and oil dish..... $1.25
—CLOTHES LINE REELS, wooden, with revolving handles..... 10c
—VEGETABLE BRUSHES. For this sale, 3 for 5c
—JAPANESE BRIC-A-BRAC DUSTERS. Each 5c

GROWING BUSINESS BOOM ON IN ALL PARTS OF NEW ENGLAND

Manufacturers and Merchants Give Specific Instances of General Improvement.

Continued from First Page.

orders than we got at the corresponding time a year ago."

General Manager W. C. Cook of the 12 Howard Watch Company said:

"Our forces is working full time."

Charles Metz of the Metz Company, automobile manufacturers said: "Our early Spring business is far ahead of last year. Our main departments we are forced to work three nights a week over time."

The J. L. Thompson Company and the Boston Dredge Fertilizer Company are working night shifts.

WATERTOWN

In Watertown the Walker Prall Manufacturing Company, native blankets, and the Hood Rubber Company are running their plants full time. They are the largest industrial concerns there.

QUINCY.

Quincy, where is located one of the largest shipbuilding plants in the world, is prosperous. Almost all its factories are running full time.

President Joseph W. Powell of the Fore River Shipbuilding Company said:

"A considerable number of orders for merchant vessels have been placed along the eastern seaboard since the first of December and all these yards are considerably full. When contracts are awarded for the warships, for which Congress has made appropriations, American shipyards will be working nearly to capacity."

President Frank Morrison of the Granite Manufacturers' Association said:

"All granite manufacturers are reporting good bookings for the Spring."

WOLLASTON.

The Tubular Boiler Corporation Company of Wollaston recently received an order large enough to put its plant on full time.

LYNN.

Lynn shoe manufacturers and others report that trade prospects are better than for several months.

Shoe factories which report an improvement over last year include A. E. Little Co., Faunce and Jones, Co., Donovan Shoe Co., Hennessey Maxwell & Hennessey, E. W. Doe Co., Shoe Manufacturing Co., Hazard Shoe Co., E. G. Gregory, A. M. Creighton, J. L. Hammett Co., Packard Shoe Co., J. J. Grover, W. K. & A. P. Jones, Cotter Shoe Co., and Freedman Co. M. F. Welch & Son.

It is reported by the Industrial Bureau of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce that a textile manufacturing concern will soon invest a million dollar plant in that city for making overall, canvas and other kinds of strong cloth.

HOPEDALE.

Hopedale is a community depending upon the prosperity of one firm, the concern, one of the largest machinery manufacturers on earth, made a good deal of money and filled how instance strong this country is industrially. Its statement for the 1914 trading showed a nearly 50 per cent. gain over the record for 1913. It was the best year in the history of the last half of 1914 was one of the dullest periods for all branches of business and industry this country has ever known.

The Draper Company last year earned more than 20 per cent. net on common stock. Its earnings for the first half of 1915 on present business is good in Hopedale it is flourishing in Milford. All around that section of the State there is belief by manufacturers and business men that 1915 will be a good times period.

FITCHBURG.

With one exception all textile mills in Fitchburg are running full time. The Sherriffs Worsted Company is working overtime. It has some 600 operatives and one in furnish 200,000 yards of khaki overcoating for the British army.

Manning, Maxwell & Moore, owners of the Putnam Machine Company, have just completed a million dollar plant. Machinists and molders laid off last Fall have been put back at work. The new shops are being put into operation.

General Manager H. F. Brandeis said: "Business has improved in the railroad machine tool business."

The big paper mills, which run on a three-shift schedule, eight hours to a shift, have been operated on full time.

Marcus A. Coolidge, head of the Fitchburg Machine Works, said:

"Prosperity will be with us again in a short time. Our own business is now good."

LEOMINSTER.

In Leominster comb and shirt manufacturers look forward to a prosperous season. The Whitney Carriage Company is building its big plant for making rattan, reed and wood baby carriages on an overtime schedule.

GARDNER.

In Gardner the Heywood Brothers & Wakefield Company is running its chair and carriage shops on full time again.

NEW BEDFORD.

New Bedford mill men and merchants are of the opinion that 1915 will be a good year for trade. About 50 per cent. of the looms of the big cotton mills are running on orders are coming in fast.

William C. Hawes, one of the best known of local mill men said:

"The settlement of the war will undoubtedly make business good in all lines."

Senator N. P. Bowen said:

"It looks as if all kinds of business will start up this Spring."

Charles S. Keith said he looked for increased trade in the Spring.

Herbert E. Morse of the Morse Twist Drill Company said he is optimistic.

TAUNTON.

Taunton business men find that increased trade has caused many plants for better shipping facilities. The Taunton Locomotive Company has leased a new basement to satisfy the demand. Stove manufacturers are especially busy and report that this is not a season of the year when business is brisk in their line.

The Leonard Tool & Silverware plant of Reed & Barton will be operated upon a full time basis within a few weeks.

All Taunton cotton mills, with one exception, are running full time. The Taunton Cut Cloth Works will erect a large addition to its plant. It has a night and day force on full time now at work. Both the Taunton Rubber Company and the Taunton Copper Company will build additions to their plants.

There is considerable building going on including a twelve-story business block by William J. Dana on Main street.

NORTH ADAMS.

In North Adams every industry is running full time; there is no unemployed problem there. The city has enough tenements to meet the demand.

The Arnold Print Works and the Windsor Print Works are running to capacity. The Eclipse Textile of the plants of the Blackinnston Company, the North Adams Manufacturing Company and the Strong-Hewat Company, the largest woolen manufacteries. They have orders from European governments for uniform cloth and are working overtime in keeping their looms going night and day.

The Hoosac Cotton Mill in North Adams is running on a normal basis. One of its officials said that there was a good prospect that this company would soon erect an addition to its plant to cost $1,000,000.

NORTHAMPTON.

Northampton has five manufacturing establishments making as many different lines of goods. They employ about 2,400 men and women.

Malcolm Whitman of the McCallum Silk Hosiery Company, said: "We are getting good reports."

President Edwin Edwards of the Northampton Cutlery Company, said: "Our business is much bigger than it was at this time a year ago."

General Manager A. W. Stephenson of the Nonotuck Silk Company, said: "Business prospects are good."

General Manager E. F. Crooks of the Belden Silk Mill, said: "We notice a slight increase in our business over a month ago."

Treasurer Samuel W. Lee of the Nonotuck Silk Company, said: "Business is better than it was three months ago."

PROVIDENCE.

Providence manufacturers, business men and officials speak encouragingly of trade prospects in this city and Rhode Island.

President J. B. Clawson of the Gorham Manufacturing Company said: "I dare hazard the prediction that before the year ends there will be enjoying prosperity."

Samuel Harris, jewelry manufacturer, said: "I found conditions very satisfactory in the West. I feel confident that we have little to complain of at the end of the year."

Governor Beekman said: "In my opinion business is looking splendidly."

Henry A. Carpenter of the General Fire Extinguisher Company said: "I look for a very successful and prosperous year."

Mayor Joseph H. Gainer said: "Business men tell me they are preparing for a boom in business."

MANCHESTER.

Manchester manufacturers are expecting prosperity. This is also true of members of the Manufacturing Company said: "In some departments we are working overtime with night shifts."

An official of the W. H. McElwain Shoe Company, which employs more than 7,000 people in its shoe shops, said: "Our prospects for a good business year."

Hovey Clayton of the F. M. Hoyt Shoe Company said: "Orders are coming in fast."

An official of the Stark Mills says his plant is working at full capacity, with night shifts in some departments.

At Nashua mills are on full time.

In Derry shoe plants are operating at full capacity.

MAINE.

Maine mills are busy, as a rule, and in all lines of business in that State there is improvement at present or expected.

President Arthur R. Gould of the Quebec Extension Railroad has obtained options on 1,000,000 acres of timber from Washburn in Aroostook county to the Quebec border.

S. F. Philbrick of Skowhegan expects with the aid of Boston capitalists to begin this Spring construction of a 50,000 horse power hydro-electric plant on the east branch of the Kennebec River, and the total development may amount to 250,000,000.

The Mayo Mill of the American Woolen Company at Foxcroft has just received the order for its largest cloth orders. John F. Folsom of that town has a force of 600 men on the operating stock for Portland and Boston delivery.

The American Can Company is building an extension to its plant at Lubec.

The Great Northern Paper Company has increased the output of its Millinocket by two additional car loads a day.

W. S. Higgins of Morse & Company, lumbermen, looks for better business this year.

A big barrel factory and an apple evaporator will be built at Dover, according to present plans at Skowhegan.

"BUY IT NOW MOVEMENT" IS AIDING NEW ENGLAND INDUSTRY

Business is beginning to boom in New England. There are many indications that the tide has turned and that good times are coming. Not only are many mills working on a capacity basis or overtime orders, but there is feeling the stimulus of a renewed domestic demand. That is the most encouraging sign for all.

The United States itself is the greatest market in the world. It takes a great deal of manufacturing to supply the wants of the American people and when they have been buying far less than usual. That is the main reason why the "Buy It Now" movement means immediate prosperity if all Americans will take hold with a will.

LEADER IN TWO LINES.

New England is one of the greatest manufacturing regions not only in this country but in the world. Its cotton and shoe and textile lines it is an unquestioned leader. This section depends largely upon these two industries. It is the best possible sign for a general revival of manufacturing that will include every branch. More people will be given jobs and the army of the idle will be disbanded. That is the reason why the "Buy It Now" movement means immediate prosperity if all Americans will take hold with a will.

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EUROPE, FOR FIRST TIME, FAST BECOMING DEBTOR TO THE U. S

Foreign trade figures by the Department of Commerce show how fast the United States is paying its debt to Europe and becoming a creditor country for the first time in its history.

Exportation of foodstuffs in January, 1915, increased $40,713,208, compared with the same 1914 month.

For the seven months ended by January, this year, foodstuff exports increased $178,540,520, compared with the ihe ahe previous period.

Manufactures exported in January last amounted to $11,623,574 more than for the same month last year.

Total exports to all countries in January last exceeded the total of the same 1914 month by $63,812,710. Imports decreased $32,370,606.

In January, this year, the trade balance was $145,506,996 in favor of the United States. This is at the rate of $1,746,083,952 a year.

"Black Angel" Sends Wilson Blessings

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Blessings from Rev. L. Moore, "The Black Angel of Detroit," were heaped upon President Wilson in a letter read by the chief executive from the colored minister today.

"Let us pray," said the letter, "that God may continue to direct your feet in the paths of peace and save this nation from meddling blood."

Rev. Mr. Moore then praised the work of the Cabinet and Congress and said:

"All my race wants, Mr. President, is manhood rights and a fair chance to prove ourselves worthy of the consideration of honest, peace-loving, God-fearing Americans."

WANT FERNCROFT INN PROSECUTED

Middleton Voters Petition District-Attorney to Bring Case Before Grand Jury.

Middleton voters were signing a petition yesterday for District Attorney Michael A. Sullivan of Essex County to bring the Ferncroft Inn case before the Grand Jury.

The petition was headed by A. F. Henderson, who led the recent effort to have twenty-six names stricken from the town voting list, on the charge that these voters had been colonized at Ferncroft Inn to increase the license license majority at the annual town meeting.

As soon as Mr. Henderson and his anti-Ferncroft associates get all the signatures they think possible in this community of 967 voters, they will present the petition to the county prosecutor. The petition reads:

PETITION TO PROSECUTOR.

"Hon. Michael A. Sullivan,

District Attorney of Essex County, Salem, Massachusetts.

"Dear Sir:

"We, the undersigned inhabitants and voters of thetown of Middleton, respectfully call your attention to the extraordinary situation which exists in the said town and the conduct of its affairs.

"An considerable expense there was presented to the Board of Selectmen, sitting as registrars, evidence that was to be presented to them at the management of the Ferncroft Inn had paid a large number of persons to come to the town on the thirty-first day of March, 1914, and again upon the 6th day of Fall for the sole purpose of registering these men as voters in Middleton, in order to increase the license vote in the said town, and by so doing preserve for the Ferncroft Inn its liquor license. The evidence at that hearing showed clearly that these men, many of them, had families in other cities and had made no pretense of residing in Middleton, as is required by law.

"In the face of this overwhelming testimony the Board of Registrars refused to take these names from the list, with a few exceptions, against our protest these men, strangers to Middleton, brought there for an illegal purpose, were permitted to vote.

"In addition, in the public press serious charges are being made daily, calling in question the conduct of our town officials to the management of the Ferncroft Inn.

"We, therefore, most earnestly request that you, with the assistance of the Grand Jury, make a searching investigation of all of the matters, and of the charges that there has been gambling and violations of law at Ferncroft, in order that every such violation may be fully and fearlessly punished.

"WET" VOTE INCREASED.

Middleton Voters meeting came last Monday and last year's vote was 967. Of this 600 were increased to thirty-nine.

District Attorney Sullivan was at the registration hearing and there was immediate talk that he figured on entering the case officially. He was asked about that. He said that if any prosecution proved to be necessary he would "proceed to the limit."

The agitation over Ferncroft in connection with Middleton came hard upon a sensational divorce trial in which Miss Elizabeth M. Ryan sued Harry H. Mansfield, proprietor of Ferncroft, for $50,000 for alleged breach of promise to marry her. The jury disagreed and a new trial is awaited.

Find Dead Wife at Husband's Funeral

NEW YORK, March 6.—A five-day mystery shrouding the disappearance of Mrs. Henry Grill of Greenport, L. I., was solved today when fashion led a party at the funeral of her husband, who, two days after her disappearance committed suicide. A friend of the dead man went to a closet in the bedroom occupied by Grill and found the body of Mrs. Grill behind a trunk, with a bullet in her brain. Grill, insanely jealous, is said often to have told his wife, "I have only two bullets in my revolver, one for you, and the other for me."

TONS OF SCENERY AT JEWETT'S CALL

'Midsummer Night's Dream' Has Settings of Thirty-Six Operas to Draw from.

By JOHN WHITMAN.

What would Shakespeare think if he happened into the Grand Opera House and saw his fantastical masterpiece, "A Midsummer Night's Dream," which he wrote completely oblivious to the fact that it would ever be given with scenery of any kind?

It does not require a Shakespeare to grow amazed at the wealth of settings available to the Jewett players at the Opera House.

And even Henry Jewet himself cannot conceal his satisfaction at being able to give to Puck, Oberon and Titania the most wonderful wood and fairy dells they ever danced and played pranks in.

"Think of it," said Jewett the other evening, with a wave of his hand toward the great stage with its huge piles of rags, wings, borders and gauze films, "I have the properties and scenery from thirty-six grand operas to draw from. Was ever a producer more fortunate? There are nearly a thousand drop scenes fifty feet square ready for my use. If I only had enough to carpet Boston Common, and perhaps the Public Gardens, too."

SCENERY FROM OPERAS.

"In Midsummer Night's Dream' I draw upon scenery and equipment from the Faust' opera, at least. Here are wood wings, forests and interiors from Verdi's 'Aida,' Wagner's 'Flying Dutchman,' 'Forest Bloo,' 'Martha,' 'Trovatore' and others with properties taken from an equally wide range."

Jewett lead the way to the scenery gallery, where was to be found real international confusion; turrets and minarets of Constantinople lay snuggled up to Rhine castles and German walls, English cottages faced Egyptian temples and French chateaus rubbed paint with turgoman tents' houses. An enormous room is filled with scenes that represent almost every quarter of the globe.

We managers are accustomed to look long and search diligently in the storehouse to find one piece of scenery that will fit a particular act, but here I have perfected scenery for all the acts would do. And as for properties, follow me."

Jewett took the elevator and ascended to the property room at the top of the building.

"SHELVES OF PROPERTIES."

Surely it will outdo Dickens' Old Curiosity Shop by a large margin." The attendant opened a door and there shelf covered with articles of effective imitations of originals—guns, swords, daggers, etc., that every sub violation may be fully and fearlessly punished.

"Not only are properties and scenery from thirty-six operas at the disposal of Henry Jewett and his players, but a wardrobe equal to "Bumble Day" in extent is at the service of the players.

"This opportunity is marvelous," declared Jewett, "and I am glad of being able to produce Shakespeare under such conditions. I have never enjoyed my work. The public hardly realizes what we are giving for popular prices."

THE NEW HOME

BEST IN THE WORLD

IN OUR CUT PRICE SALE OF SEWING MACHINES

THIS WEEK WE OFFER All the Leading Makes on CREDIT

$1.00 a Week $2.00 Down

We are not members of any combine or trust to keep up prices on sewing machines. We are independent headquarters for the best machines in the world at lowest prices. Come where you can see and test all demonstrated under one roof.

Below list contains a few leaders in our biggest sewing machine stock. Space alone will not permit us to quote prices on all.

Full value allowed on your new or old machine when taken in exchange for the wonderful "NEW HOME," the most improved sewing machine in the world. It runs lighter, sews faster, does everything that other machines do—does many things better and does many things that other machines can't do. Fully demonstrated.

Singer - - -	$5	Domestic - -	$10
Hartford - - -	$5	Davis - - -	$10
Standard - - -	$6	Housemate - -	$12
Wheeler & Wilson	$7	White - - -	$14
New Companion -	$8	Household - -	$15
Wheeler & Wilson	$10	Ruby - - -	$22
NationalAutomatic	$15	Singer Drophead	$18
New Ideal -	$27.50		

Sewing Machines Rented—All Makes Repaired—Parts, Needles and Oil for All Machines. Free Home Instruction. Phone 1358 Oxford.

C. C. BOWLES & CO., 37 BEDFORD ST. Bet. Washington St.

47 Miners Are Found Alive, in Mine 96 Hours

HINTON, W. Va., March 6.—After being imprisoned for ninety-six hours in the wrecked shaft of Layland coal mine, forty-seven of the miners who were entombed when an explosion occurred in the mine last Tuesday, were rescued alive today. At the same time members of the rescue squads, who were at work in the mine, declared that others of the entombed miners still lived and they would be brought to the surface later.

Repairs upon the fan which supplies the mine with fresh air enabled the relief squads to penetrate chambers from which they had hitherto been cut off. After clearing some of the passageways they came upon a little group of men, huddled together in a chamber. A little later others were found.

The first five survivors to reach the outside world were wildly received by members of miners' families that had gathered about the mouth of the mine. The weak, emaciated men said they had been caught about 3,000 feet from the mouth of the mine. They walked about a mile through the gangway of the mine before reaching the mouth of the mine.

Greek Ministry Resigns in Body

LONDON, March 6.—A dispatch from Athens received at 11 o'clock tonight states that the Greek ministry has resigned.

This action follows the meeting of the Crown Council at which the attitude of the nation in regard to the war was discussed.

Earlier dispatches from Athens stated that the decision of the Crown Council was being awaited with extreme anxiety. It was believed the council would decide in favor of intervention, in which event mobilization of the army would immediately begin.

According to the Greek newspaper, Hestia, if the council decided against intervention the Premier Venizelos and his Cabinet would resign. The fact that the Cabinet has resigned has, therefore, been interpreted here as indicating that, for the moment, at least, Greece has decided to remain neutral.

Council Award Is Vetoed by Mayor

Mayor Curley yesterday vetoed the order adopted by the City Council granting $1,500 to Antonio Bellofatto for the loss of four fishing boats, the damages received when run over by the steamer Bunker Hill. The Mayor stated in his veto, however, that he was willing to allow $1,500 in settlement of this claim.

Boy Is Held for East Boston Break

John J. O'Rourke, sixteen, of No. 157 Maire street, East Boston, was held in East Boston Court yesterday, charged with breaking into the Michael Hudson's garage at No. 356 Meridian street, East Boston, and stealing three tires. He was held for the Juvenile Court in $1,000.

SHAW MAY HOLD PENAL POSITION

Believe Temporary Appointment Will Be Made Permanent During the Week.

Daniel H. Shaw's appointment as acting Penal Institution Commissioner is to be made permanent, it was said at City Hall last night. The job carries a $5,000 salary. Mayor Curley may make the formal appointment this week.

That Commissioner Shaw's first act after confirmation by the Civil Service Commissioners will be the removal of James H. Cronin, head master at the House of Correction at Deer Island, is regarded as assured. Cronin goes, it is said, and Edward H. man is slated for the position.

Dennis D. Driscoll, assistant commissioner, is another of those said to be in line for decapitation, but he is secure. If removed, it is thought the Mayor will have a younger representative of organized labor given the place, which pays $2,500 a year.

No change in the Board of Health is looked for for several weeks yet, because the ordinance creating a single-headed commissioner at $7,500 a year cannot become effective until May 1, although the appointment can be made before that time if the Mayor so wishes.

Hints of a possible shake-up in at least one other department were rife in City Hall yesterday.

"Murder! Everybody Tries to Step on Mr Corn!" Use "GETS-IT" and You'll Soon Be Able to Be Stepped On.

"GETS-IT." It's the corn cure of the century, the new way to end corns, the easy way, the sure way. It makes a fellow really feel foolish after he's used toothache gum, pain-killing ointments, toe-bunding bandages, blood-bringing razors and knives, plasters, powders and what-nots, when he sees how easily "GETS-IT" and only "GETS-IT" and his corn vanish. The difference is obvious. "GETS-IT" is applied to the corn when you put on your shoes in the morning. Then forget it. The tiny bottle of "GETS-IT" can be had by druggists everywhere, 25c a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago. Sold in Boston and is recommended as the world's only real corn cure by Hiker Jaynes Store.

How Hair Can Be Forced to Grow Luxuriantly And Other Beauty Secrets

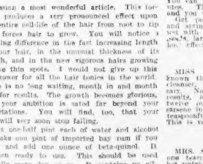
The Most Captivating Actress on the American Stage and Most Famous Self-Made Beauty, Reveals More of Her Own Beauty Secrets.

By MISS VALESKA SURATT

THERE are a great many different kinds of hair tonic and a hair grower, and there are many hair tonics sold as hair growers, simply because it has been generally assumed that to tone up the hair roots tones them to renewed growth. But this result is a very meager, and as a rule disappointing.

I want to give you here the formula for a real hair grower, and you will know by actual, visible results that you have at last in your possession a most wonderful article. This formula produces a very pronounced effect upon the entire scalp within a few days' time, and it forces hair to grow. You will notice a startling difference in the fast increasing length of your hair, its added thickness and its rapid growth, and in the new vigorous hairs growing in the thin spots. I would not give up this hairgrower if it were to cost me $50.00 a bottle. There is no long waiting, month in and month out, for results. The growth becomes glorious, and your ambition is mated far beyond your expectations. You will find, too, that your hair will very soon cease coming out.

Mix one-half pint each of water and alcohol (or take one pint of imported bay rum if you wish) and add one ounce of tarquinol. It is then ready to use. This should be used liberally every day or two. It contains no oil, and is a delight to use.



"The Difference In Your Hair in a Short Time Will Be Simply Astonishing."

MISS SUPER—To remove hair between the eyebrows, on the upper lip, in fact, on any part of the face, arms, shoulders or other parts of the body, the best thing is to apply some simple solid solution, or of the druggist hasn't the solution, get the solid powder which you simply mix with a little water just before you apply it. This has the effect of dissolving the hair right underneath, instead of burning it off and leaving a red spot or scar, as with the unpurchased hair remover, razor, tweezers, etc. This can be used even on the tenderest skin without the least irritation or danger, and it never fails.

MISS T. F. G.—Whatever we want in this world we must work for, and it will cost a few dollars for a beautiful complexion. The most wonderful beautifier I have ever known I would require many months to produce even a partial result, but I am glad to be able to tell you of a treatment that is far superior to any of the kind I have ever used. Get from your druggist 1 ounce of powdered saxolite, 1 ounce of powdered orchis, 1 ounce of powdered elderflowers, 1 ounce of powdered sulphur, and every blemish, freckle, sallowness, pimple and roughness will disappear.

Mix two tablespoonfuls of glycerine and one pint of witch hazel. Shake well and apply with a soft cloth. This is a wonderful skin tonic and will form a cream. When used it is ready for use.

MRS. OLDISH—A very remarkable return to youthful appearance is produced by a cream made as follows: Get 1 ounce of pure powdered saxolite, add two ounces of rose water, and two ounces of pure glycerine. Shake well. When used, apply regularly, every day, gently rubbing it into the skin with the tips of the fingers. Wash off with soap and warm water. Dry with a soft towel. Then apply a little powder and you will know by actual, visible results that you have at last in your possession a most wonderful article. This formula produces a very pronounced effect upon the entire scalp within a few days' time, and it forces hair to grow. You will notice a startling difference in the fast increasing length of your hair, its added thickness and its rapid growth, and in the new vigorous hairs growing in the thin spots. I would not give up this hairgrower if it were to cost me $50.00 a bottle. There is no long waiting, month in and month out, for results. The growth becomes glorious, and your ambition is mated far beyond your expectations. You will find, too, that your hair will very soon cease coming out.

MRS. T. A. M.—No one can positively assure you that the bust can be developed, but I am sure that it will be greatly helped. Try it and if anything can do it on your case, this will. Get from your druggist anything mechanical is liable to cause injury. This formula is harmless. Mix half a pint of witch hazel with 1 ounce of pure powdered saxolite, 1 ounce of fluid of fruitone and a half pint of hot water. Shake well. Apply to blemishes after meals and at bedtime.

MISS MISSED—Am sorry you were not able to obtain the fruitone at the drug store. You should have insisted. Tell them to "Please Mail Me a Bottle of Fruitone, Price $1.00, Chicago," enclosing fifty cents, and you will be supplied in return mail.

ALL OVER—You have waited a year's time. You can get rid of blackheads in a few minutes. Get from your druggist 1 ounce of saxolite and you will find it true.

MISS IMPATIENT—There is no reason known to man why you should not have a beautiful complexion, and surely a blood tonic is necessary. Get from your druggist the following ingredients, and it is perfectly safe. Dissolve 1 ounce of powdered sulphur in a pint of witch hazel. Add 1 ounce of powdered orchis. Every one or two teaspoonfuls of this should be taken after meals. This is very economical and never fails.

MRS. S. B. H.—For the pimpleus disorder one teaspoonful of cupid in half a cup of water, before meals, will work wonders. Get at any drug store, enough cupid to last you for at least a week, and you will find this remedy has wonderful cleansing properties, and far excels anything you have ever used before for the purpose I ever used. It leaves the bath, too, easy to do up and never fails.

MISS LEAP—Use a fine powder made up according to my own formula. It is free from the crude chalkiness common to nearly all face powders, it exquisitely smooth and delicately scented. To my mind it is a jewel. It is now obtainable at drug stores, and is called "Valeska Suratt Face Powder."

Until even the best is easy, any other article for the purpose I ever used. It leaves the bath, too, easy to do up and never fails.

MISS LEAP—Use a fine powder made up according to my own formula. It is free from the crude chalkiness common to nearly all face powders, it exquisitely smooth and delicately scented. To my mind it is a jewel. It is now obtainable at drug stores, and is called "Valeska Suratt Face Powder."

Until even the best is easy, any other article

IF BACK HURTS BEGIN ON SALTS

Flush your Kidneys occasionally if you eat meat regularly.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which clogs the kidney pores so they sluggishly filter or strain only part of the waste and poisons from the blood, then you get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, constipation, dizziness, sleeplessness, bladder disorders come from sluggish kidneys.

The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts, or if the urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sediment, irregular in passage or attended by a sensation of scalding, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any reliable pharmacy and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to activity, also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which all regular meat eaters should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.—Advertisement.

BEWARE of BOILS

Warm beds and carbuncles appear if there is a condition of the blood, which requires prompt action. Our boils and pimples, Scrofula sores, Salt Rheum and other impurities, get Brown's Blood Ointment Pills every particle of poison from and then changing from the nasty impure, sickly blood to the rich, red blood of health. Then, can order and all other impurities. Get Brown's Blood Ointment today. $1 a bottle; lasts a month. DR. BROWN CO., 355 Arch St., Phila.

Get it at Riker-Jaynes.

FRUIT LAXATIVE IF CONSTIPATED, TAKE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS"

Best liver and bowel regulator for mamma, daddy and children.

If you're headachy, constipated, bilious or stomach is disordered and you want to enjoy the nicest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced, take a tablespoonful of "California Syrup of Figs" tonight, and in the morning all the constipation poison, bile and clogged-up waste will gently move out of the system, without griping and you will feel splendid.

Every member of the family should use this fruit laxative as occasion demands. It is just as effective for grandpa as it is for baby. It simply cannot injure. Even cross, sick, feverish children just love its pleasant taste, and mothers can rest easy after giving it, because it never fails to effect a good "inside cleansing." Ask your druggist for genuine "California Syrup of Figs" has been recommended by physicians for over fifty years, and liver and bowel cleanser. Millions of families who use it regularly, have learned that it is useless to accept anything else, but recently there has come a flood of spurious fig syrups, so we warn the public to plainly at drug stores for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," and see that it is prepared by "California Fig Syrup Company." We make no cheaper size. Hand back any "counterfeit" with contempt. For sale by Riker-Jaynes and all good druggists.—Advertisement.

SUFFRAGISTS TO AID BOSTON IDLE

Thousands to Take Part in Movement to Help the Unemployed

The suffrage campaign organized to sweep the State next Fall will mark time Saturday while thousands of women take part in a plan to raise funds for the unemployed in the Commonwealth.

Saturday has been designated as "Unemployed" day.

Groups of young volunteer women will leave the Boston headquarters early in the morning with baskets, badges, and a stock of American flag pins made especially for the cause and which are to be sold on the street corners, in the stores everywhere for the cause of those now out of work.

A more comprehensive plan for raising money to aid the poor has never been mapped out. The arrangements are under the direction of Mrs. Agnes H. Moyers, chairman of the Flag Day Committee. Those assisting her will each have charge of a sub-group of volunteers, and these in their turn will arrange with many others to sell the flag pins.

It is the aim of the Suffrage party to sell hundreds of thousands of the flags. For the day the flag seller will take the place of the suffrage speaker and worker. Every centre of population in the State will have its group of volunteer salesewomen and girls, and everybody is asked to purchase as many of the little flags as they can possibly afford.

Meanwhile, work at the State Headquarters, No. 353 Boylston street, is actively progressing. The list of speakers for the week is greater than ever before. Next week's list will surpass this week's.

Man Arrested for Haverhill Death

HAVERHILL, March 6.—Chrysostome Charron, thirty-eight, was arrested last night on a charge of manslaughter, after George Marcia, fifty-eight, died in an Essex street saloon.

GIRLS! LOTS OF BEAUTIFUL HAIR

25 cent Bottle of "Danderine" makes hair thick, glossy and wavy.

Removes all dandruff, stops itching scalp and falling hair

To be possessed of a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff, is merely a matter of using a little Danderine.

It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance, freshness, fluffiness and, an incomparable glossy and lustre, and try as you will you cannot find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp. Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower, destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp, and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little danderine and carefully draw it through your hair — taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits every one who tries this. For sale by Rikon-Jaynes and all good druggists.

PILES DON'T BE CUT
If you suffer with Piles in any form write for Free Trial Treatment of the Instrument and booklet and 100 old Coin the day you write. Pyramid Drug Co., Dept. 126, Marshall, Mich.

Louis Cabot's Letters Figure in $2,000,000 Will Contest

Son-in-Law Was to Be Paid $100 a Day for Mexico Trip

Missives Show Interest of Rich Clubman in Dr. Briggs and Wife "Polly."

Letters written by Louis Cabot, millionaire and clubman, whose $2,000,000 will is being contested in Superior Court figure prominently in the trial, which will be resumed tomorrow and may last through April.

These letters were written by Cabot to his daughter, Mrs. Polly Briggs, who is contesting the will on the grounds of undue influence, unsoundness of mind and illegality, and to her husband, Dr. L. Vernon Briggs, secretary of the State Insanity Commission.

Attorney Charles F. Choate, Jr., counsel for the defence, had Dr. Briggs, who is a witness for his wife, identify the letters and then read them to the jury.

Mr. Cabot referred to Dr. Briggs as "Dear Vernon" and to Mrs. Briggs as "Dear Polly."

In one of the letters to his son-in-law, Dr. Briggs, Mr. Cabot says: "If his father is allowed to kiss only the back of his baby's neck, what is the duty of his grandfather under such circumstances?" Mr. Cabot was referring to his grandson, Lloyd Briggs.

LETTER ON MEXICAN TRIP.

In a letter to Dr. Briggs from Dublin, N. H., Mr. Cabot says: "I consider your interest in Mrs. Cabot's welfare as only second to my own, and I am sure in an emergency you would do what you could to help us out, but I think you will agree with me that to ask you to bind yourself to leave on one side an opportunity, if it be important—part of your work, simply for the chance of our going to Mexico, would be unjust to you and unwise to us."

On April 15 Mr. Cabot wrote the doctor: "I am thankful you find yourself able to give up the "Garland" trust—there is nothing repugnant to me as having to be brought into contact with morally irresponsible people with a duty to perform which they don't recognize."

Writing from Aiken in 1910 to Dr. Briggs, Mr. Cabot said: "I do not write much for my eyes are chlarmful and were not helped by running some pine needles into them while riding the other day."

Mr. Cabot, in a letter from Dublin, N. H., in 1908, refers to a Mexican trip in which he says: "With regards to the Mexico trip, Mrs. Cabot tells me that your proposition was that we should pay you at the rate of $100 a day for five months."

The letters in full read:

WAS TO GET $100 A DAY.

Dublin, Oct. 20, 1906

My Dear Mr. Briggs:

It is as well perhaps that you did not go to Long Point. There was almost no shooting, and I think, with the exception of Mr. Cochrane, you would not have enjoyed the company. It quite set me up again, however, as to sleep.

With regard to the Mexico trip, Mrs. Cabot tells me that your proposition was that we should pay you for five (5) months at the rate of $100 per day. Perhaps she may have misunderstood you, but you may not have understood that we propose to be gone one month only. We shall be glad to know just how this is, and you will doubtless be glad to make your plans for the Winter. Now that the Winter approaches you will, I am sure, give this thorough consideration.

Mrs. Cabot seems well and in excellent spirits and has enjoyed Pot's visit greatly. She leaves us today to be at home to receive her husband, who is expected tomorrow and who telegraphs that he has had a most successful trip.

Yours truly,
LOUIS CABOT.

CALLS AUTOS BEASTLY.

AIKEN, March 27, 1910.

Dear Vernon—I return photo of that young sport—medical—who in no way suggests the old variety of whom I had hoped to send you two photos, one posed about to drive and the other casting his mid-day apple, but they are not ready.

It is Summer weather here, but too hot for me, only the dust is distressing, and now the beastly auto is with us to stir it up. We are hoping for rain to lay the one and April to rid us of the other.

We enjoyed George Cabot's visit much, but have not heard of his safe arrival in the bosom of his family, though we doubtless should have heard if all had not gone well with him.

Miss Sims is here and Mrs. Cabot enjoys her visit. After she goes we shall be alone for April, and then preparations for packing. I think Mrs. Cabot is as eager to get the two babies that she will be anxious to start home. She gave a golf tea the other day, and it was quite a success and amused, but did not tire her, as I feared it might with no Doctor McGahan to make things go easily for her.

Love to Polly. You will letter I shall answer soon.

I do not see much for my eyes are chlarmful and were not helped by running some pine needles into them while riding the other day. Yours,

L. CABOT.

"MORALLY IRRESPONSIBLE."

April 15-15, 1909.

Dear Doctor—I was glad to get your letter the other day and to know that Polly is getting on well and is not worried. The women are nervous at such times.

The distribution of Mrs. Hemenway's property is about what I supposed it would be, but the trustees seem to have done exceedingly well with it, and have a satisfactory amount to divide and at the same time carry out her wishes, for which purpose she gave them in her will large discretion.

I am thankful you find yourself able to get out in the "Garland" trust—there is nothing so repugnant to me as having to be brought into contact with morally irresponsible people with a duty to perform which they don't recognize.

We are having cool Spring weather here—38 degrees this morning—but bright and clear sunlight and warming up in the middle of the day. It quite suits Mrs. Cabot much better than the warmer weather.

Tell Polly I got a nice note from her aunt Lily, to whom she has sent fruit. We had better follow her example and let us know how she is.

Lottie is, I hear, inspecting the making of sugar at Dublin, with headquarters at the Ape, Jaffrey.

Yours,
L. CABOT.

Aiken, Saturday, March 12, 1904.

Dear Doctor Briggs:

I have been thinking over your letter since I saw you and am willing to concede somewhat, but a compromise is the most I can agree to.

Of course you and I both must realize that I am under no common obligation to act, and I am therefore willing to accept favors from you that I could not from most others, but business is business, and while you can look after Polly and me when you are helping my wife, your time at Brookline after the operation was a distinct loss, which you must let me make up as money can do it.

LOUIS CABOT.

In any case I shall still be in your debt for help you have given in time and thought to outside of medical care. I trust you will see the rightfulness of my claim, as I want to feel free as heretofore to call on you for advice, comfort and assistance.

Yours truly,
LOUIS CABOT.

Dublin, Oct. 26, 1906.

Dear Dr. Briggs—Your letter would have been answered sooner, but I have been in Stoddard, where only man and his sawmill is vile, till yesterday eve.

I think your proposition perfectly reasonable as to the Mexico trip. It puts me and Mrs. Cabot, however, in the position of possibly interfering with your chosen work, which we should not be willing to do.

If after your last Summer's experience—which seems to me to leave you in a rather ragged condition—you feel that you wish to go on—or must go on—with your Hanover house—as a regular and principal part of your profession —it seems to us that we ought not to interfere.

If, on the other hand, you do not consider it the most important part of your work, then I don't see why your going with us should not be contingent on your being able to leave that part of your work temporarily, as well as the rest.

As you see, I am supposing that you do not consider it necessary or important that Mrs. Cabot should go to Mexico this Winter, and we go simply on a pleasure excursion, which would be probably more successful and certainly pleasanter if you and Polly were with us.

On the whole, therefore, considering that the chances of our going are only a little greater than of our not going, it seems to me safer not to venture to ask you to bind yourself to an agreement which might be definite injury to your career.

I consider your interest in Mrs. Cabot's welfare as only second to my own, and I am sure in an emergency you would do what you could to help us out, but I think you will agree with me that to ask you to bind yourself to leave on one side an opportunity, if it be important—part of your work, simply for the chance of our going to Mexico, would be unjust to you and unwise to us.

Yours truly,
LOUIS CABOT.

"FESTERED" BY COLD.

Envelope postmarked Aiken, S. C., December 14, 1909. Addressed to Mrs. L. Vernon Briggs, No. 64 Beacon street, Boston, Mass.

Aiken, 14.

Dear Polly—Got a cold in my nose—size to match—and had to clear out of Elmwood on Sunday as the house there is considerably more draughty than outside, and I could not shake it off. All right here and if my strength holds out to "blow" shall probably be the better of it, as I haven't been "sick" with it, only "festered."

Ma seems nicely, good spirits and eats and sleeps well, and so far her new people are satisfactory. Tell your husband that we are obliged for the McAlpine hint, as she seems a nice useful woman and turns out to be a friend of the cook, so harmony exists there.

I should, if I'd been you, trust one chandelier to Tarbell, and if satisfactory let him do both, but if taking it away from S. C. and L. is going to be a bother you can tell them to go ahead. I have before this told you that your baby needed expansive things and suggested the use of rubber, but some people have no inventiveness. Nice weather here.

L. C.

Envelope addressed to Mrs. L. Vernon Briggs, No. 64 Beacon street, Boston, Mass. Postmarked Aiken, S. C., February 2, 1911.

Aiken, Jan. 30, 1911.

Dear Vernon—Your enlarged photos of Palm Beach and an old ignatic playing golf at Beaufort came on time and have had a conspicuous position in the parlor—the Polar Beach one in front. I have tried in all ways to get photographs of the old places on Beaufort Island and thought I might succeed through the former minister here, who is now settled there, but with no success. Probably the houses are gone and the live oaks are dead and the old pine groves heaps of sawdust. I am glad we got what photos we did.

We are having very clear weather, dusty, of course, with the assistance of autos, which I am sorry to say, are plenty—and I have been golfing and riding and last week went out to Phelps Island, which with some adjoining land I leased two years ago and built a small "shack" where I can have my dinner and sleep if I want to—and it also makes a good place where we can drive and have p. m. tea. It was too hot and dry for birds, but I managed to bring down a few.

I hear of Polly at the opera, so I suppose she is better of the cold she spoke of in her last letter.

What was the matter with Mr. Duck that he had to be operated on? Nothing important, I hope.

If Polly is driving round Brookline tell her to call at the house and let us know how the new chandelier in the parlor looks. I suppose there is nothing new about her Aunt Lillie? We have taken a sort of detached cottage in Washington for April. Yours,

L. CABOT.

Mrs. Cabot was much pleased with the photos.

L. C.

Envelope addressed to Dr. L. Vernon Briggs, No. 64 Beacon street, Boston, Mass. Postmarked Brookline, May 16, 1910.

BROOKLINE, 14

Dear Vernon—We have enjoyed reading Polly's letter. She seems to have found a pleasant place, and to have got there easily. If his father is allowed only the ba k of his baby's neck, what is the duty of his grandfather under such circumstances? I suppose I may assure him, when he stays here of my distinguished consideration—and shake hands with gloves on. Yours—much.

LOUIS CABOT.

CHAMP CLARK TO SPEAK.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 6—Speaker Champ Clark will speak at the Franklin Street Congregational Church tomorrow night, his subject being "Picturesque Public Men."

RUPTURE Sufferers!

I claim to have the most simple, yet the most wonderful, most comfortable, most beneficial rupture device ever invented. It has produced results heretofore unheard of. I want to tell you how and why. I want to allow me here to Look your rupture as it can be seen, felt and be obtain genuine comfort, greater benefit than you have ever known since ruptured. I want to send you a Rupture Book Free explaining why and how and how the wonderful Schulling Rupture Appliance is made to fit, what it is made of, what it has done and is doing for others, what it will do for you.

Test It Yourself For 30 Days

I send this Look on trial, I let you put it on and wear it, test it—run, jump, pull, tug, lift, strain, sustain, cough, sneeze and see for yourself. I want to send you my book, certificates of real value, letters from users of people who say the Schulling Rupture Look has actually cured their rupture, and full information, free. Send me your name and address, plainly written, send it now, today—you'll thank me later, sure as you're born. Address Upstairs

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1214 E. Georgia St. Indianapolis, Ind.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
10 CENT BOXES—ANY DRUG STORE
ALSO 25 & 50 CENT BOXES.
WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

CONSTIPATION, COLDS, HEADACHES, REGULATE YOUR BOWELS! 10 CENTS

Furred tongue, Bad Colds, Indigestion, Sallow Skin and miserable Headaches come from a torpid liver and constipated bowels, which cause your stomach to become filled with undigested food, which sours and ferments like garbage in a swill barrel. That's the first step to untold misery—indigestion, foul gases, bad breath, yellow skin, severe colds, everything that is horrible and nauseating. A Cascaret tonight will surely straighten you out by morning—a 10-cent box will keep your head clear, stomach sweet, liver and bowels regular and make you feel cheerful and bully for months.

Don't forget your children—their little insides need a good, gentle, cleansing, too, occasionally."

SHOT MINISTER IN SELF-DEFENCE

Watchman Who Killed Marison as He Was Robbing Mill Office Is Exonerated.

ROCHESTER, N. H., March 6.—Adelbert Lyte, acting night watchman at the Gonic Manufacturing Company mill at Gonic, who shot and killed Walter Marison, a theological student who was robbing the mill office Tuesday night, was today discharged, following his arraignment on a manslaughter charge.

Judge William T. Gunnison found that Lyte shot in self-defence. The evidence revealed the fact that Marison had armed himself with a revolver taken from a desk Lyte declared the student made a menacing move for his pocket before he shot four times.

"I wanted to stay on earth as long as I could," testified Lyte. "After he grabbed me and reached for his hip pocket I felt it was him or me, so I fired."

It was also made public that Marison had been caught two or three times robbing the mill office, but because of the prominence of his family and the fact that he was soon to become a minister the matter was kept secret. On one occasion Agent J. Levi Meader caught Marison on the premises after he had stolen a revolver and money, and let him off with a reprimand.

Agent Meader's testimony regarding Marison's confession was the most dramatic feature of today's hearing.

"I rushed to the mill office with Ully Lafond," Mr. Cook," testified Agent Meader. 'I said to the man on the floor, 'Who are you.' He answered, 'Walter Marison.' I said, 'What did you come here for?' He answered, 'Don't talk to me, I'm dying.'

"I said, 'Walter, won't you tell us what you did it for?' He said, 'I don't want to say anything that will disgrace my family. I'm dying.' I said, 'Where did you get the revolver?' He said, 'Out of the desk drawer.' I said, 'Where did you get this in the drawer?' He said, 'That's my key which I had for the occasion.'

"I turned to walk away when he said, 'Level, come back here. I am sorry I did this. I am sorry I didn't take your advice. If I had I wouldn't be here. Don't put the blame but myself. I needed the money. I'm sorry. I'm dying.'"

2 Horses and Cow Die in Reading Fire

Two horses and a cow were burned to death early today in a fire of unknown cause, in the barn adjoining the home of James N. Lummen at the corner of Temple street and Summer avenue, Readings. The flames spread to the dwelling and a second alarm was sounded. Several small roof fires, which started from sparks, were soon extinguished.

Man Is Arrested as Purse Snatcher

On the charge of snatching a silver mesh bag, containing a pocketbook with five dollars in it, from Mrs. Agnes F. Meehan of No. 4 Bunker Hill street, Charlestown, Alfred O'Connell, 24, of No. 371 West Fourth street, South Boston, was locked up by the police of the South Boston Station early last evening.

Duffy's Helps Him Bear His Age

CHRISTIAN THORSETH

This kindly old gentleman, who does not look his 85 years, wrote us over a year ago as follows:

"Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey has done wonders for me. I became so well that no one would believe it was I. I am better after using Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, so I will continue same."

Only recently he wrote us thus:

"I was born Oct. 30th, 1829, and now, while we are having the world's last war, I want to thank Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, which has enabled me to bear my age so well."—Christian Thorseth, Norway Lake, Minn.

If you wish to keep young, strong and vigorous and have in your cheeks the glow of perfect health, take

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

according to directions. It tones and strengthens the system and promotes good digestion, which is the key to health. It is a recognized family medicine everywhere. Invaluable for overworked men and delicate women. Duffy's is a promotor of health and longevity.

"Get Duffy's and Keep Well"

At most druggists, grocers and dealers, $1. If they can't supply you, write us. Medical booklet free.

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N.Y.

Roxbury Boy Wins Desire. Through Fire

Fifteen-year-old Johnny McGovern wanted to play with the other boys yesterday morning.

So he "hooked away" from Saturday chores at his home, 45 Rogers avenue in the Highlands district.

So, when he came home to dinner, Mother told him to stay in all the afternoon. She suspected he might start out.

So she took his shoes and hid 'em. Johnny did figure on getting away.

So he hunted for his shoes. He couldn't find 'em in the house.

So he went down cellar, with matches, to hunt there. He kept striking matches.

So some loose papers got afire.

So the fireman came. There was $500 damage and a lot of smoke.

So that Mother and Johnny were driven out of the house.

So Johnny got outdoors after all.

Maine to Release Capt. Horn Today

The transfer of Captain Warner Horn, German reservist, from Machias, Me., to Boston, is to be fought by his counsel, Attorney Daniel T. O'Connell. On February 2 Horn tried to blow up the International bridge at Vanceboro, Me.

The federal authorities are to seize him as soon as he is released from the Machias jail at 7 o'clock this evening, when the thirty days' sentence imposed for damaging private property in Vanceboro expires. Horn is to be tried in Boston on three indictments returned by the Federal Grand Jury here. The charges allege illegal transportation of explosives on railroad trains are to take precedence over the extradition proceedings entered by the Canadian authorities. But Attorney O'Connell declares that he is going to do his utmost to prevent Horn's removal to Boston.

May Wheat Higher in Chicago Market

CHICAGO, March 6.—May wheat opened at 1.41¾ to 1.40 today, which was an advance of 2¾ to 2 cents over yesterday. July at 1.16¾ to 1.14, was 3¼ to 1¾ cents higher. Corn was ¾ and oats ¾ higher. Provisions also showed gains. At the close May wheat had gained 3¾ and July 2¾ cents for the day, closing at 1.41¾ and 1.15. Corn for both months closed ¾ cents higher, while the gain for oats was ¾ to ¾ cent. Provisions closed 10 to 25 cents higher.

SEES PEACE IN WORLD LEAGUE

Frances Bird thinks the way to have a world peace is to have a world federation, and when he addressed the Boston Women's City Club at Pilgrim Hall yesterday he said women could do much toward this end. And at an organization like a woman's peace party might be the initiator of a world peace movement.

"The Roman Empire," he said, "kept the peace of the world for two hundred years by controlling a world police force."

Mrs. Malonier Forbes, who presided, announced that a great peace mass meeting would be held on the evening of March 25 at Tremont Temple. Among the speakers will be Mme. Rosika Schwimmer of Budapest, and Hamilton Holt. At a meeting on Monday Miss Jane Addams of Chicago will be served at luncheon at the Hotel Somerset and will speak on "Peace."

WHEAT DROPS IN ENGLAND.

LANCASTER, England, March 6.—The price of wheat declined two shillings today on the strength of a possible defeat of the Turks on the Dardanelles.

CUT THIS OUT

OLD ENGLISH RECIPE FOR CATARRHAL DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES.

If you have catarrhal deafness or head noises and not this formula and hand it to them and see will do for them. For many years it has been used for catarrhal deafness from fatal deafness. Experiments conducted in England some time ago seem to show conclusively that catarrhal deafness, head noises, etc., were directly caused by constitutional troubles. It was further brought out that catarrhal powders, inhalers, etc., merely temporize with the constitution, and seldom, if ever, effect a permanent cure. This being so, much time and money were spent in perfecting a cure, which not effective tonic that would quickly expel all traces of the catarrhal poison from the system. The prescription which was eventually formulated and which has aroused the belief that catarrhal deafness and head noises are not incurable is given below in understandable form so that anyone can treat them themselves in their own home at little expense.

Secure from your druggist 1 oz. Parmint (Double Strength), about 75c worth. Take this home and dissolve it in a pint of hot water and add 4 oz. of granulated sugar; stir until dissolved. Take one tablespoonful four times daily.

Parmint is used in this way not only to break up colds, relieve throat irritation, but to stimulate the Eustachian Tubes, and thus aid in equalizing the pressure on the drums, and correct any excess of secretions in the middle ear.

Those who have catarrhal deafness or head noises should give this recipe a fair and free trial—success from this delightful mixture almost certain.

Advertisement.

The Name Behind the Goods.

THIS WEEK
See the Car Famed for Hidden Values

The CASE, the car of hidden values.

Its superiority in this respect is due to its *organic* construction. For the vitals of the CASE are rounded on more than 70 years of experience in building motive power machinery. And no other car has such a sound foundation.

You should by all means learn about these things before you buy a car. But you cannot comfortably do so in cramped quarters. And so we have arranged a special CASE exhibit at our new display rooms at Commonwealth and Brighton Avenues.

Here space is ample and facilities excellent for showing you *where* and *why* the CASE excels.

Remember too, please, that besides its hidden values, the CASE offers more in necessary equipment than any other car we know. For it comes *completely* equipped with extra Tire, extra Inner Tube on Rim with Cover, Weed Non-Skid Tire Chains and Eight-Day Clock. These requirements, with 5% discount if cash, amount to precisely $110.25. This brings the cost of the CASE down to $1239.75 if we equipped and priced as others—who do not give you these features.

Will you not come and see this car this week?

A call involves no obligation whatever. Yet you can learn a score of vital motor facts that we alone disclose. Then you will understand why this car is winning so many experienced motorists.

"25" Complete $1350 5% Discount If Cash

If We Priced and Equipped as Others Do, $1239.75

CASE

The Car With the Famous Engine

Weight Only 2,735 Pounds

J. I. CASE T. M. COMPANY, Inc., Racine, Wis.

Display Rooms

Commonwealth and Brighton Avenues

PHOTO © BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SER.

Dr. L. Vernon Briggs and his wife, who is contesting the $2,000,000 will of Louis Cabot.

GUNBOAT PETREL SAILS FOR MEXICO

To Protect American Interests at Tampico; Wilson Takes Charge of Situation.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The United States gunboat Petrel sailed today from Mobile, Ala., for Tampico, Mex., where she has orders to remain for an indefinite period and look after American interests. The gunboat Sacramento, that was to be relieved by the Petrel, has, according to reports here, been ordered to remain at the Mexican port.

Officials, however, were not optimistic of success because Carranza heretofore has shown a disposition to disregard representations from this government.

Reports to the State Department from foreign diplomatic sources state that the people of Mexico City are living in terror and fuel is starvation because of Obregon's announced refusal to accept outside aid and prevent looting. Secretary Bryan has admitted that he expects Obregon to leave the city and Zapata to retake it.

Driven out of Mexico, they said by order of General Venustiano Carranza, thirteen priests arrived in New York today from Vera Cruz on the steamship Montevideo. They are on their way to Spain. The Rev. Charles W. Currier, episcopal Bishop of Matamoras, was also a passenger. He has resigned because of ill-health and will go to Washington.

The forces of General Carranza were defeated on Wednesday at Valles and retreated to Los Palmas, where they were fighting on Thursday, according to advices from Tampico to the State Department today.

General Gonzales, who is reported in the Tampico district to be momentarily expecting to attack Monterey, is declared by Tampico newspapers to have a force of 12,000 men.

GEN. VILLA MAY HURL 40,000 MEN AGAINST THE MEXICAN CAPITAL

GUADALAJARA, Mex., March 6.—In view of the startling stories of hunger and loot and murder emanating from Mexico City, General Villa announced today that he might change his military plans and instead of marching on Carranza would hurl 40,000 men against Mexico City and wreak vengeance on the Carranza general, Alvaro Obregon, who has been the direct cause of the intolerable conditions now existing in the capital.

Villa believes that immediate action on his part is necessary to reassure foreign powers as to his good intentions, and when word reached his headquarters that the diplomatic corps was leaving Mexico City in a body, he promptly sent a message through a special agent, Dyrel Weed, inviting the diplomats to make their headquarters in Villa's military camp.

That conditions in Mexico City are much worse than news permitted to be sent out by the censor of that city is given out by Washington indicate, is evident from a story told by two Frenchmen, who reached this city tonight, from Obregon's headquarters.

According to Jean Mignardot, one of the Frenchmen, who is a merchant in Mexico City, the chief of the engineers in the territory dominated by Obregon's troops are in imminent danger.

Save $5,600 from the Pay Roll

Payroll cuts in the Boston park and the public works departments totaled $5,600 last week, compared with the corresponding week last year, although the number of men employed is larger. There are 4,014 men employed in or on public works department betterments and maintenance operations, or 1,000 more than 52 men. It is said that the saving effected results from smaller overhead charges and fewer horses.

Warner's Safe Remedy

for the

Kidneys and Liver

has been a standard medicine since 1877. It has brought relief to many who have suffered with severe kidney and liver complaints and were ready to give up in despair.

Two sizes, 50c and $1.00, at your druggist, or direct, postpaid on receipt of price.

Write for Booklet.

Warner's Safe Remedies Co.
Dept. 331 Rochester, N.Y.

Your Grandmother's Remedy for Purifying the Blood

And Renovating the System in the Springtime

Ask for Sulpherb Tablets.

What was grandmother's cherished remedy? Haven't you heard of it? Yes, you have! It was sulphur, cream of tartar and molasses. The main trouble with it was its nauseous taste.

Just try Sulpherb Tablets (not sulphur tablets), but Sulpherb—remember the name—and get the tablets in sealed tubes at 50c per box.

Quarter-size pimple and boil spots, children who don't feel well, who are constipated or sluggish, or who have pimples, boils, carbuncles, ulcers and the like, can soon rid the system of these impurities by taking this good old-fashioned remedy in modern form. Their action satisfies or money is refunded by the Prescription Products Company, Dayton, Ohio. A free trial sent to any address. Buy of any well-stocked druggist.—Advertisement.

Hold Business Man as Head of Auto Bandits

NEW YORK, March 5.—Philip White, clubman, "model young business man" and manager of the John W. Masury Paint Company of Brooklyn, from which he draws a salary of $8,000 a year, was arrested today at the head of a gang of automobile bandits, who recently attempted to hold up and take $9,500 from two employees of a big Brooklyn concern.

The attempt at robbery was frustrated and the bandits escaped, but in doing so the chauffeur lost his hat, bearing the initials "P. H. D." A detective bureau became public chauffeur and after several weeks met and arrested Thomas H. Daly.

Daly, taken before the Grand Jury, swore White was the head and brains of the band. White, whose home is one of the handsomest in Elizabeth, N. J., is married and has two children.

Believe Missing Man Has Enlisted

MARBLEHEAD, March 6.—It is thought here that Edwin Corey Langille has gone to Europe to enlist in the army of either England or France. He has been missing since February 26, when he drew a sum of money from a Salem bank and disappeared. His friends think that he was greatly interested in the war, a fervid partisan of the allies and a Nova Scotian by birth. He left behind a wife and small child. Mrs. Langille believes some harm has befallen him.

Arrest 45 Men in Pool Room Raids

Two pool room raids, conducted by the Quincy police, resulted in the arrests of about forty-five men last night. Some of those were charged with gaming and others with being present where gaming implements were found. The first raid was conducted by Acting Chief McKay and a squad of officers on the pool room of Victor Buiska, at No. 31 Copeland street. The second raid was in charge of Inspector Goodhue, who, with a squad of officers, surprised a number of men in the pool room of Carl Lehto at No. 410 Water street.

Hold Two Men for Robbery in Salem

Calixi Caron and Eugene Lapoint, the two Lynn men who held up and robbed former Councilman B. Frank Dolan of Salem last December, at the point of a gun, were held in $500 each today when arraigned before Judge Pierce in the Salem District Court. Dolan identified the men in court. They pleaded not guilty.

Lighted Candle Causes Parlor Fire

Observance of "Yahrzeit" caused a fire in the flat of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Kaplan, on the top floor of No. 5 Asylum street, last evening. Mrs. Kaplan had lighted a candle in accordance with the Hebrew custom of praying for deceased parents, when a child diverted her attention. The candle fell and set fire to a couch and the Kaplan parlor was burned out.

Arlington Address by W. J. Sullivan

Hon. William J. Sullivan will deliver an address at A. O. H. Hall, Arlington, next Thursday evening, the subject will be "The Employer's Liability Insurance Law of Massachusetts." The meeting will be under the auspices of St. Malachi Court, M. C. O. F. Among the guests are Rev. Mathew Flaherty, C. C., and Patrick H. Shaughnessy, D. H. C. R.

Big Yacht Race for the Panama Fair

SAN FRANCISCO, March 6.—A yacht race from San Francisco to Honolulu and return has been decided upon by the Panama-Pacific Exposition authorities. They have appropriated $2,000 for the project. The races will start June 12.

Suffragists Ask Aid of Harvard Men

The Cambridge Political Equality Association has sent a hurry call to the Equal Suffrage League of Harvard for student workers at the polls next Tuesday from 6 to 8 a. m. Harvard students like their slumber and very few volunteers are expected to answer the call.

BRIMMER SCHOOL "BOYS" TO GATHER

Old Days to Be Discussed at Dinner Wednesday Night at New Boston City Club.

No grammar school in Boston was more favorably known for the class of boys it turned out as graduates than the Brimmer School on Common street in the South End. The school was opened in 1844 and was continually in use as a grammar school until a few years ago when the Abraham Lincoln School was erected on Fordham street. The Brimmer School has since been used as a mechanical training school for boys.

There was no trouble in the old Brimmer School rotation that, as the school building on Common street is not now used as a grammar school, graduates are not being sent out every year as in other schools, so that they must do something to keep alive the "Old Brimmer Memories." With this idea in view a meeting will be held at the New Boston City Club on Wednesday evening, March 10, at 6:30 p. m. The meeting is to be preceded by a dinner and every "boy," whether he graduated or not, and whether he is a member of the Brimmer School Association or not, is invited to this dinner. All who are to attend the dinner should communicate in advance with Major Patrick F. O'Keefe, president of the association, at No. 45 Tremont street, Boston, or with the secretary of the A. H. Gilson, No. 7 Temple place, Boston.

Among those who will speak are Michael H. Corcoran, chairman of the Boston School Committee; Franklin D. Dyer, superintendent of public schools of Boston; Edward L. Underwood, first secretary of the Brimmer School Association; James A. Treadwell, formerly master of the Brimmer School and now master of the Phillips Brooks School; George W. Jansom, formerly master of the Brimmer School and now the master of the Abraham Lincoln School; Mayor Curley, John A. Kellher and John J. Attridge, city councilor.

The annual dinner committee is made up of John J. Attridge, Solomon Bacharach, D. E. Newman, David E. Rosen, Dr. A. H. Gilson, Wm. A. McDevitt and John J. Dwyer, Jr.

The officers of the Brimmer School Association are Major Patrick F. O'Keefe, president; Solomon Bacharach, vice-president; Arnold Hartman, treasurer; Dr. A. H. Gilson, secretary, and John J. Keenan, historian.

Need Newspapers in Their Education

Read the newspapers and get a liberal education, is the advice given Rudolph Spreckels, the banker, their weekly paper, which says: "Unless we go to colleges with our eyes shut, we cannot help but get a glimpse of the part of the world not apart from it. We do not need to open a book to know what is going on and we say with a shrug of the shoulders, 'No, I never read the papers.' Let us change the motto to the moral to 'Read the papers,' or at least talk to those who do every day with someone who knows what the world is doing. Let Rudolphe Spreckels' system of general intelligence, not merely women-with a college education."

Deny 'Fixing' Beer Vote at Harvard

Insinuations from the anti-beer wing at Harvard College that the recent 2-1 vote on having beer at student "smokers" was virtually unanimously denied by J. T. L. Jeffries, chairman of the meeting. He says that not only was the count square, but that the chairman might, had he been unprejudiced, broken the tie by his own vote. Harold M. Thurston, leader of the anti-beer party in the week on her maiden voyage, will take a shipment of 1,500 tons. The Cunard and Liner Canadian took more than 1,500 tons when she sailed for Liverpool Wednesday. These are the largest shipments that have ever left this port.

VIOLIN FREE

Fine, handsome clear toned, good sized Violin of highly polished, beautiful wood, sloop-shouldered, ebony fingerboard and tail piece, with silver string. 6 gut strings. Each one of these violins has been a pet of rain and fine salt-water exposure.

Write for 25 cakes Olive Oil Castile Soap to sell at 10c a cake. We send any premium you choose when sold. Return money we collect from sales. As soon as sold send the $2.50 and we will forward violin and premium at once.

EXAMINATION PRICE. ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

We do everything that can be done in dentistry. Hours 8 to 6. Sundays 10 to 6.

Telephone 4405-W Oxford.

FRIEND SOAP CO.
Dept. 684
Connecticut Junction, Hartford.

Mrs. Angle to Tell Own Story Complains that Trial Drags

PHOTO BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE.

Mrs. Helen M. Angle and her father on way to court.

State to Introduce Photographs of the Ballou Tragedy at Trial of Accused Woman.

BRIDGEPORT, March 6.—When the trial of Mrs. Helen M. Angle, of Stamford, on a charge of murder, first in connection with the death of Waldo R. Ballou, is resumed Tuesday, an even greater demand for seats is expected, on account of increasing interests in th case as the trial progresses. The State is expected to conclude its evidence the early part of this week and then will come the task of putting in the evidence for the defence.

Mrs. Angle is expected to take the stand in her own behalf. The appearance of the defendant on the stand will give the final personal touch to this struggle between a woman and the law.

Another opening session of this trial week was sufficiently thrilling to keep the attention of spectators. Coroner John J. Phelan told how a dummy figure was hurled down the stairway of the Rippowam building, where Mrs. Angle lived, and other experiments were tried. Phelan connects with the investigation into Ballou's death.

TELLS OF EXPERIMENTS.

The coroner said he made the experiments to find out if sounds in the hall and on a stairway leading to the third floor, on which Mrs. Angle's apartments were, could be heard by persons standing in a room on the second floor, divided from the hall by a partition of brick eight inches thick.

The coroner explained that he ordered a dummy figure made representing a man about Ballou's weight. Policemen carried the dummy up to the landing on the third floor. They then hurled it down the stairs. The coroner was in the room of Patrick Rabbit, on the second floor, with two others. The wall dividing it from the landing was of brick eight inches thick. The coroner said the sound of the fall could be heard distinctly.

Under questioning by counsel for the defense, the coroner explained that on the first trial the officers were not able to throw the dummy all the way down and had to fall on the stairway near the bottom.

"The men then went down three or four steps and threw the body from there," he said. "It struck on the landing approximately where Rabbit said he thought Ballou's body had fallen."

Other experiments were made to find out if a person speaking in the hall in an ordinary tone could be heard in Rabbit's room. The witness said the sound of the voice could be heard, but the words not distinguished.

AS CLUTECK IS CALLED.

Nelson S. Emmons, an architect of Stamford, who designed the Rippowam building, was called to the stand to describe plans of the structure, with particular reference to the Angle and Rabbit rooms.

J. E. Hayes, a photographer, identified photographs he made of stains on the floor at the entrance to the Rippowam building, and which he said appeared to him to be blood.

Herbert Parsons, who testified yesterday with regard to diagrams he had made of the Angle departments and approaches, was recalled to the stand today for questioning by the defense.

In the course of his examination counsel for Mrs. Angle brought out that in measurements taken of identical parts of two prints of a bare left foot, one in the lower hall and one in the upper, there were discrepancies, in one case the difference being about three-quarters of an inch. The prints of the feet were outlined, he said, in blood.

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SAVE Your TEETH

Before It's Too Late

The White Dental Parlors

521 Washington St. (Opp. R. H. White's)

FULL SET OF TEETH **$5**
Gold Crown Bridge Work

DON'T let them ache or hurt any longer. Try us. We advise PAINLESS and accurate methods. Our Dentists are experts. They are patient, careful, gentle and take no chances. Every patient is our friend. They never fail to send others. Nervous folks especially welcome. Don't put off. Do something today. We will be so much pleased to give you satisfaction. Act now. Don't delay.

EXAMINATION FREE.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Open from 9 A. M., Sun., 10 A. M. Mon., and all states West thereof must call for $5.00 for one court—express paid.

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51-53 High St. BOSTON, MASS

SPECIAL OFFER

To new customers only.

Express Charges Paid

IF you have never tried Hayner Whiskey, I will send you a full quart bottle of *Hayner Private Stock Bottled-in-Bond* Whiskey in plain box, express charges prepaid, for this *Bottled-in-Bond* whiskey of the finest, highest quality distilled U. S. Government Rye. Stamp over the cork—fully sealed. Full 1894 proof. Full measure. I care to please you in every way. You take no chance. You are not responsible. I've been in business 45 years—capital $600,000.00. Fully paid. Over 4,000 here—order more than one quart if you like—prices will go higher. Send by first express.

Orders from N. Mex., Colo., Wyo., Mont., and all states West thereof must call for $5.00 for one court—express paid.

THE HAYNER DISTILLING CO. Dept. 94
51-53 High St. BOSTON, MASS

JEWISH RELIEF FUNDS POURING IN

Committees Continue Ceaseless Work to Help Sufferers in the European War Zone.

The various committees of the New England branch of the American Jewish Relief Committee for sufferers from the war, of which Louis D. Brandeis is chairman, are working ceaselessly to raise a large amount as the contribution of the New England Jewish community for the relief of the Jewish victims in the war zone.

The Consolidated Trades committee of which Max Mitchell, president of the Cosmopolitan Trust Company, is chairman, which is conducting a campaign to raise $25,000, raised $6,000 last week. It expects to reach its goal this week.

The committee assisting Mr. Mitchell in supervising the campaign includes: Ex-Senator Edward J. Bromberg, Julius Meyer, J. J. Silverman and Henry Fenn.

The house-to-house campaign committee, of which Isaac Heller is chairman, has issued a special war calendar. The drawing of the calendar depicts the actual suffering of the Jewish women and children in the war zone.

Solicitors are canvassing every section of Boston and vicinity selling these calendars at $1 each.

Abraham Rosinant of No. 501 Summer street, treasurer of the New England branch, reported the following list of contributions yesterday:

Previously acknowledged	$59,420.26
Twenty-five members of Myrtle Park Hebrew Association	25.00
Milford Relief Association	25.00
Arabian Lodge	5.00
Temple Israel (Feb. 13 to 20)	21.70
Temple Israel (Feb. 27)	10.00
Mrs. E. Van Noorden	100.00
Mrs. S. S. Sadler	5.00
Mrs. A. Goldman	5.00
Mrs. M. Bryant	5.00
Mrs. B. H. Leavitt	5.00
Mrs. Abraham Leavitt	5.00
Mrs. I. Leventhal	2.00
Mrs. Morris Goldfine	2.00
Miss Ida Goldfine	1.00
Mrs. Jacob Cohen	5.00
Mrs. D. S. Rubenstein	10.00
Louis Leavitt	5.00
L. Rabinowick	5.00
J. J. Pincus	5.00
Louis Theallin	.50
S. Schlossman	5.00
H. M. McCullagh	5.00
M. Segal	5.00
H. O. Thornton & Co.	1.00
Anonymous	5.00
Friend	1.00
Frank W. Mansel	25.00
Miss Emily Lombard	5.00
Miss Lillian Nathanson	1.00
Knights of Pythias No. 1, O. K. S.	15.00
Friendship Lodge, No. 9, I. O. K. S.	15.00
Lodge Shalom, No. 18, I. O. K. S.	15.00
Jewish Social Service Bureau	22.11
Max M. Kaliman	5.00
Albert B. Rockwell	10.00
Progressive Realty Investment Co.	10.00
Fred Sherman	10.00
Maiden Mass Meeting (Through A. Aaronson)	50.00
Hyman Freeman	5.00
Hesekiel Aronson	5.00
William Hurwitz	10.00
Rev. Dr. Charles I. Hutchins, Concord, Mass.	25.00
The following Through the Consolidated Trades Committee:	
R. L. Dillman	20.00
David Kennard	5.00
William H. Hall	5.00
M. Hemmings	100.00
Matilda Kendall, Piora Well, Alexander	2.00
John Kendall	2.00
Bert Lewis	10.00
S. Rabinowitz	5.00
Harry Grant	5.00
Harry Gordon	5.00
Beacon Trust Company	50.00
Edward Rowe	10.00
A. M. Davenport	5.00
William H. Hall	5.00
P. J. Donahue	5.00
L. Lefferman	5.00
Charles Hoang	5.00
Mrs. Ida Greenberg	5.00
Mrs. Ida Greenberg	25.00
N. M. Silverman	10.00
Thomas J. McDonald	5.00
Welch Bros	5.00
Friend	5.00
Henry Solomon	25.00
Mrs. Ida Green	5.00
H. E. Noyes	5.00
Friend	5.00
S. Kabakoff	5.00
S. Kabarnow	1.00
E. Fiore	1.00
A. Friend	2.00
A. Friend	2.00
Colonel Orr	5.00
Mr. Moberg	5.00
A. Friend	2.00
A. Friend	2.00
Friend	5.00
Employes H. M. Robeson & Co.	6.50
Friend	5.00
H. Hacker	1.00
Mrs. H. Cohen	5.00
Amelia Greenbaum	25.00
Friend	5.00
Employes M. & C. Sales Co.	50.00
Isaac Heller	100.00
Friend	10.00
Friend	5.00
Edward Lamb	5.00
J. Bailey	2.00
Friend	5.00
Mr. Harvey	5.00
Mr. Cohen	5.00
A. Mannos	1.00
Mr. Lamb	5.00
Louis Gordon	2.00
Friend	5.00
Mrs. Fenton	5.00
F. P. Whitcomb	2.00
Mr. Cohen	5.00
Friend	5.00
L. L. Levy	5.00
Jewish Women's Committee	5.00
Max Weinstein	10.00
Mrs. Ida Greenberg	5.00
Rich. Paul Hall	5.00
S. S. Gleason, Corning, Cal.	5.00
Total	$415,990.11

SAGE TEA DANDY TO DARKEN HAIR

Look years younger! Use the old-time Sage Tea and Sulphur and nobody will know.

You can turn gray, faded hair beautifully dark and lustrous almost over night if you'll get a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" at any drug store. Millions of bottles of this old famous Sage Tea Recipe are sold annually, says a well-known druggist here, because it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that no one can tell it has been applied.

Those whose hair is turning gray, becoming faded, dry, scraggly and thin have a surprise awaiting them, because after one or two applications the gray hair vanishes and your locks become luxuriantly dark, and beautiful—all dandruff goes, scalp itching and falling hair stops.

This is the age of youth. Gray-haired, unattractive folks aren't wanted around, so get busy with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur tonight and you'll be delighted with your youthful appearance within a few days.

Elect Jewish Governor to Hebrew Board

Governor Moses Alexander of Idaho, who holds the distinction of being the first Jewish Governor in the United States, has been elected a member of the Board of the Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society of Massachusetts. Governor Alexander's letter to Isaac Heller, president of the Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society of Massachusetts is as follows:

It is indeed a pleasure upon my part to accept the election as a member of the Board of the Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society of Massachusetts. It will thereby enable me to contribute what little I can, morally and financially, to the cause of charity and the uplifting of the human family.

My services are at the command of not alone all of our people, but all of the people of this country, and I am ready to serve wherever duty calls and in whatever capacity that it will help to bring about the great central idea of the coming of the brotherhood of mankind.

400 More Beds for the Unemployed

Two hundred hammocks for the unemployed to sleep in at the Hudson Street Schoolhouse, and 200 additional mattresses for use at the Blossom Street Municipal Lodging House, were installed by the city authorities yesterday. "The purchase of these new hammocks and mattresses simply means that we are trying to cope with the situation, as we find it," said Mayor Curley.

"Some of those cared for by the city at the Blossom street have been given beds, but I found nine men in six beds there Friday night, and a large number asleep on the concrete floor."

Adverse Reports on Labor Bills

Adverse reports on labor bills to provide for the appointment of a state fuel administrator, gasoline profiteering and for regulation of heat, power and common systems were filed with the Legislature yesterday by the Committee on Mercantile Affairs. Both reports of fifteen members dissenting. Senators Bagley, McGonagle and Tuttle and Representatives Sheehan, Wall and Phelan of Boston, and Representative Harrington of Fall River submitted the report on the former bill and all except Senator Bagley dissent on the latter.

Radcliffe Girls Looking for 'Scrap'

Not only woman's rights, but her lefts are interesting Radcliffians found at the Barker Alley and Hopps asks in the News "Why do we take such joy in a scrap? It works a kind of mental tonic to speed for us; makes our dislikes into enemies; and sends us to bed with fifteen members dissenting. Senators Bagley, McGonagle and Tuttle and Representatives Sheehan, Wall and Phelan of Boston, and Representative Harrington of Fall River submitted the report on the former bill and all except Senator Bagley dissent on the latter.

Lastly facility admits she would like to see a Radcliffe meeting under parliamentary law where some of the girls would deliver their opinions boldly if not eloquently.

Randall Talks on Women in Prison

The League of Catholic Women of which Mrs. James Dwight is president, heard yesterday afternoon in Cathedral School Hall a lecture by Mrs. Frank L. Randall, chairman of the Massachusetts Prison Commission on "The State's Dealings With Women Prisoners." Most women prisoners, he said, reformed.

Cambrian Sails with War Supplies

The Wilsons & Furness-Leyland liner Cambrian sailed yesterday for Avonmouth and London with a full cargo of foodstuffs, war supplies and horses. The Cambrian will stop at Avonmouth to disembark 604 cavalry horses and proceed to London.

Bladder Trouble Causes Terrible Pains

After taking a trial bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root which you forwarded to me, I purchased some from a local drug store and after using three dollar bottles, I can truthfully say that I was cured of all the terrible pains I had in my back, side and bladder caused by bladder trouble. I had the worst kind of kidney trouble and suffered so that I could not even stay in bed with the pain. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root made me feel just like a new person and I am glad to recommend it to anyone suffering as I did.

Very truly yours,
MISS MARY ARDNER,
807 Washington St., Defiance, Ohio.

Sworn to before me and in my presence subscribed by the said Miss Mary Ardner, this 10th day of July, 1909.

F. L. RAY, Notary Public.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.,
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Boston Sunday American. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Advertisement.

WOMAN WINS AT PLYMOUTH POLLS

Helen Pierce Elected to the School Board; Milton Also Has Election.

The annual town meetings of Milton and Plymouth yesterday brought out many women voters, who were anxious to elect their candidates on the School Boards. In Plymouth, Helen Pierce, the first woman elected in ten years, was elected to the board, defeating her opponent, a man, by a majority of almost 2 to 1.

Plymouth once again went no-license by one of the largest majorities in years. The vote was: Yes, 664; no, 1081.

The Selectmen elected in Plymouth were William Eldredge, John L. Morton, Ephraim Bartlett, Herbert Maxwell and Richmond Talbot.

In Milton one of the largest votes in the history of the town was polled. Out of 842 women who were registered, 523 voted.

The Selectmen elected were Maurice Duffy, James Russell and George Anthony. Maurice Pierce was elected chief of police for his twenty-sixth year. The entire vote of the town was over 2,000 votes.

Mrs. Belmont Aids Would-Be Suicide

NEW YORK, March 7.—Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont came to the rescue of little Laura Walther, the pretty sixteen-year-old waitress, who was taken from a fashionable hotel here on a charge of attempting suicide, today, and as a result the case was dismissed. Little Miss Walther, who has appeared on the metropolitan Opera House, and who had a prominent part in the production of "The Blue Bird," is said to have won Mrs. Belmont's friendship by helping her in her suffrage work.

Bans Auto Parade on Election Eve

Commissioner of Public Safety Henry F. Cunningham of Cambridge has refused the Citizens' party permission to hold an automobile parade on Monday night, the night before election, on the ground that it would interfere with street corner rallies which are planned.

ALFRED W. TILTON DEAD.

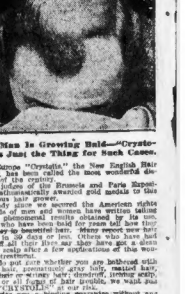
Alfred W. Tilton of New Boston, N. H., for many years a druggist in Boston, died yesterday at his New Hampshire home. Mr. Tilton had been ill five months and over thirty years he conducted the drug store at the corner of Prince and Salem streets, Boston.

REAL HAIR GROWER

Found at Last!

The Great English Discovery Crystolia "Grows Hair in 30 Days."

$1000.00 Reward If We Fail On Our Positive Guarantee. Try It At Our Risk—Mail Coupon Today.



This Man Is Growing Bald—"Crystolia" Is Just the Thing for Such Cases.

The Crystolia Hair Grower has been called the most wonderful discovery of the age.

The judges of the Brussels and Paris Expositions awarded the highest honors to the new hair grower.

Crystolia alone has secured the American rights hundreds of men and women have written telling of the phenomenal results obtained by its use.

People who have been bald for years tell how they grew a beautiful head of hair after using Crystolia a few months. Others write how their hair, which had turned all white, was restored to its natural color.

Crystolia has been introduced in our local bank as a special Trial Offer. Any reader of this paper can comply with this contract. Cut out the coupon below and mail it today to Crystolia Laboratories, 321 S. street, Binghamton, N. Y.

FREE COUPON

The Crystolia Laboratories,
321 S. street, Binghamton, N. Y.

I am a reader of Boston Sunday American. Prove to me at once that Crystolia will stop my falling hair, grows new hair, banishes dandruff and restores my hair to its natural color. Send me your liberal offer. I enclose ten cents to cover mailing and packing.

Name .....
Address .....
Town .....
State .....

FILL THIS COUPON IN YOUR LETTER

Omega Oil FOR Neuralgia

Rub Omega Oil gently over the aching nerves; then cover with flannel soaked in the Oil. Put a piece of dry flannel over this and bind tightly against the face. This simple treatment has brought thousands quick relief.

BIG INDUSTRIAL BOOM PREDICTED

Report of State Free Employment Offices Is Optimistic Despite Drop in Business.

An optimistic prediction of industrial activity and prosperity is the keynote of the annual report of the State free employment office.

The prediction is contained in this paragraph, which comes from O. Harry Dunderdale, who is in charge of the Boston office:

"There seems to be at present a feeling that business in the metal trades will soon show a return to normal conditions. As this line of work may be looked upon as a barometer for activities in other branches, conditions as viewed from the free employment office seem to be on the threshold of a period of industrial activity and prosperity."

The report, made public yesterday, is a statistical record of the employment offices in Boston, Springfield, Worcester and Fall River maintained in the State.

It shows that for the year ending November 30 the offices, for the first time in their eight years of existence, experienced a decrease of business. But 24,516 positions were found, compared with 29,117 in 1913 and 26,587 in 1912. But the record is higher than in any of the five preceding years.

Natural business depression was augmented by the European war, according to the report, which says: "The conflict of arms in Europe augmented the depression considerably, owing to the closing of stock exchanges and the corresponding reductions in the office force of hundreds of firms who were connected in business with the stock markets and financial institutions."

Bar Harbor Would License Motorists

AUGUSTA, Me., March 6.—Bar Harbor wants to license operators of motor vehicles and motorcycles in the town. A bill to that effect is pending in the Legislature.

It will be remembered that up to within two years the automobile was not allowed in the resort and it required a legislative enactment to open up the place to the autos after a stubborn fight waged by the cottagers.

The act stipulates that "whoever sets up, drives or operates any automobile or motor vehicle without first procuring a license shall on first conviction be punished by a fine of $10 and costs of prosecution, and on the second and every subsequent conviction shall be punished by a fine of $15 and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment for not exceeding sixty days or by both fine and imprisonment."

Laugh at Dyspepsia

By Using a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet After Any and Every Meal You Eat for a Short Time.

Free Sample Package by Mail.

Go to your next meal happy and then eat there make up your mind to eat just what you think you would like to eat.

After the meal take a Stuart Dyspepsia Tablet and you will digest that meal, for these little tablets contain just the ingredients necessary to complete digestion.

"Don't Tell Me I Can't Eat. I Use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets When My Stomach Needs Help."

No matter whether every organ and member of your body is in a sound state of health and strength, fill your stomach in an every day ordered, you are not going to be "yourself." You are going to be a worried, out-of-sorts, nervous or sullen individual whose actions will reflect your condition inside, and people will naturally avoid you.

Get a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at any drug store. If in doubt as to the merits of these tablets, why not send for a small sample package first? Mailed free. Send coupon below.

Free Trial Coupon

F. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich., send me at once by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Name .....

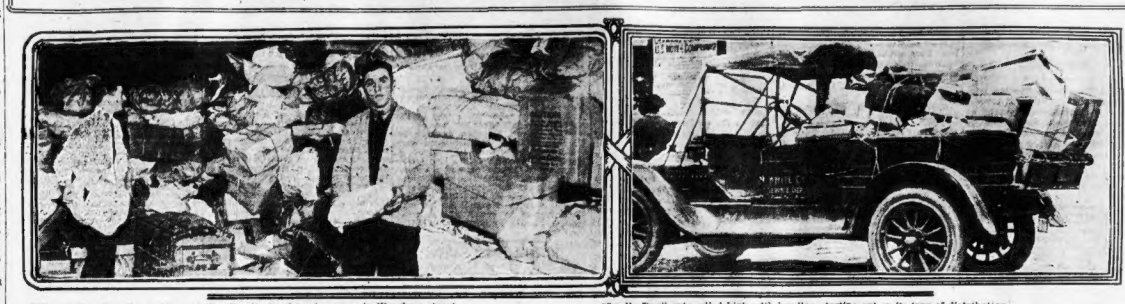
Street .....

City ..... State .....

Why Cadum Is Good for Skin Diseases

The important thing in treating many skin diseases is to keep water away from the inflamed parts and make the covering as air tight as possible. This, according to a very distinguished New York physician, seems to kill the germ and set up the healing process quickly. Cadum, the well-known skin remedy, supplies that kind of a covering and keeps out the air. This covering consists of petrolatum and white wax, which Cadum contains. Two other ingredients of Cadum are zinc oxide, which dries up the water that comes from the sores, and oil of cade, which is one of the oldest and best-known remedies for Eczema. Physicians everywhere employ oil of cade more often, perhaps, than any other one thing in treating Eczema. Cadum costs 50c for a trial box, while the 25c box contains nearly four times as much as the 50c size.

THERE WAS ONE "BUNDLE DAY," FOR COLLECTION, AND THERE WERE FIVE "SUNSHINE DAYS," FOR DISTRIBUTION; AND THE NEEDY HAVE BEEN CLOTHED



Piling and sorting the packages at the "Bundle Day" headquarters in Wareham street.

"Bundle Day" auto, piled high with bundles, starting out on its tour of distribution.

Having on Last Sunday Told About Your Wonderful Response to the Appeal for Clothing, There Is Told Today the Story of How Your Seven Thousand Bundles Were Distributed.

By BARRINGTON WELLS.

If half the world knew how the other half lives, the other half would not be allowed to live that way; and that is about all there is to that.

Bundle Day proved it.

There was a girl stenographer, living in the South End—on the edge of your Back Bay, to be exact—and she was out of work.

This unhappy condition of affairs had existed for some time, ever since the War frightened the stock exchanges, indeed, and closed the brokerage offices, and it finally came to pass that the poor child, for she is little more, was so shabby that she couldn't have taken a place if there was one to be had.

Came Bundle Day, YOUR Bundle Day, and the girl's pastor sent her with a card to the Bundle Day depot in Wareham street.

As it happened, there was nothing in stock of the right size to meet the young lady's requirements, and, what do you suppose?

Just as good Mrs. Roblin was about to ask the girl to call again there arrived a belated bundle from bountiful Brookline. The box was opened at once. It contained two excellent dresses, each as good as new, and they both fitted the Stenographer Out of Work. She cried a bit, did the young lady, as the dresses were wrapped up for her, and she thanked the good Lord for Bundle Day, and the men and women who conceived it, and one woman kissed her, and told her to be of good cheer, and then some of the other ladies cried; and everybody was just as happy as could be!

They closed the Bundle Day depot last night, the last worthwhile garment having been disposed of and when Chief of Workers Leo P. MacLellan turned the key in the lock, for the last time, the total number of bundles received was 6,929 and the (estimated) number of articles in these bundles 60,000.

Bundle Day did almost everything that had been expected of it, except furnish shoes. There were overcoats and suits and hats and stockings and undergarments galore, but only a few shoes. The big call was for children's shoes, too, and whenever any of the workers had to turn away a little child in need of boots everybody felt bad for an hour afterward.

Among Friday's visitors, by the way, was that nine-year-old Mr. Peter Jesswyn of East Boston, whose shoe story was printed in these columns one week ago.

Peter—we explained last Sunday that "Peter" isn't his name at all, you remember—brought "company" with him.

"These are me two sisters," Master Jesswyn explained to Mrs. Roblin, who for one week was mother to hundreds of little folk, "and this is me kid brother. They saw the pitcher of me old shoe in the Sunday AMERICAN, and nuthin' would do except I had to bring them over and give 'em a look."

The Jesswyns were treated to sandwiches and coffee; and while Mrs. Roblin took the girls in charge one of the young gentlemen workers inspected the "kid brother."

He wore a coat built for a giant member of the Fat Men's Club, and when it was opened it revealed the fact that he also wore a man's size vest, "buttoned" with a safety pin. He was all of seven.

All four of the Jesswyns went away better dressed than they had been in many, many months. That is another thing your Bundle Day accomplished.

The distribution, by card only, began Monday morning at 10 o'clock. It continued until 4 o'clock Monday afternoon, and until the great piles had disappeared the office hours remained the same, daily from 10 a. m. until 4 p. m.

When the sorters had done their work, and the great stacks of wearing apparel had been listed, it developed that the Bundle Day call had been answered by Greater Boston communities in the following order of abundance:

BACK BAY.
BROOKLINE.
BRIGHTON-ALLSTON.
NEWTON.
DORCHESTER.
JAMAICA PLAIN.
MALDEN.
CAMBRIDGE.
SOMERVILLE.
MELROSE.
WINTHROP.

Down to the end the distinction of sending bundles from the longest distance remained with the pretty village of Meredith, New Hampshire. Central Massachusetts was also heard from generously, and on the final day of distribution the parcels post brought five big packages from Manchester, N. H.

The big day was Tuesday. In six hours on Tuesday 713 people were served. Some of them, in accordance with the story told by their cards, carried away supplies for as many as three or four children. A large percentage of the clothing—this was particularly true of the men's goods—was in excellent condition.

Reporters who tried yesterday to get a story or two out of the "incidents" of the week received practically the same report from every worker they approached: "There were so many of them, my dear, that I cannot recall individual cases."

There were, however, SOME cases that everybody heard about.

One was the Story of the Woman Who Fainted.

It was a very simple little story. Not much to it. A very few words. You have to fill in a lot of detail:

The woman simply fainted.

It was about noon. She had stood in line of card bearers for some time. She was taken into the Bundle Depot and revived.

She had been there since early in the morning. She was there at 10 o'clock, when the doors were opened. Her face was white. Just before 11 o'clock she was seen to crumple up. Her knees appeared to give way. She fell. She did not cry. A big policeman picked her up, and, quite as if she were an infant, carried her into the sorting room. When she was revived, she talked a little.

"I had no breakfast this morning," she explained, "because the man has been out of work and we didn't have a cent."

"And yesterday, dear?" asked Mrs. Roblin, gently, "how did you fare yesterday?"

"I think I had one meal yesterday," said the Woman Who Fainted, "but I can't remember whether it was breakfast or dinner."

A Lady from the Back Bay was among that day's workers, and the Woman Who Fainted rode home from Wareham street in a limousine. It was her first automobile ride. The limousine created a sensation in a certain neighborhood. The Woman has had three meals a day ever since. Work has been found for her husband, who turned out to be a good laborer, and may deare. Bundle Day was worth all the thought, and all the good will, and all the love you expended on it!

You would not care to hear MANY of the stories, but just one more about the Women Who Had Nothing to Wear—and Wore It.

This was on the very coldest day of the week. They saw her standing in line with an apron thrown over her shoulders, and no coat. So they asked HER inside, and they coaxed her to remove the shawl, and under the shawl there was an undervest of Summer weight and—nothing else. They sent her away with plenty. She departed invoking the blessings of heaven upon you who made Bundle Day.

There were other women, several of them—you must never tell this—who were discovered to be without underclothing. But to make a long and unpleasant story short, every case of this kind in Boston town that would make itself known has now been taken care of; and we are all, those who gave and those who received, ever so much better off than any of us had dreamed of being.

Of the members of the Bundle Day Executive Committee, Mrs. Stephen H. Roblin was present every day and ALL day. Mrs. Roblin's husband is the pastor of the Second Society of Universalists. Mrs. Roblin herself is a remarkable woman. To her, at least so much as to any individual, is due the complete success of Bundle Day. Mrs. Roblin was mother to all the children and Big Sister to all the women who came to Wareham street. On the Cold Day, to which reference has been made, Mrs. Roblin arrived at the depot with gloves, and went home without them. Mrs. Roblin would not like to have the Sunday AMERICAN tell the story of these gloves, and the AMERICAN must respect Mrs. Roblin's wishes, but somewhere in this big city a woman who knows the story is telling it to everybody and, if you have not lost your faith, you may some day hear it read from a Book.

Mrs. William S. Johnson, who makes her home at the Hotel Brunswick, was also present each day; and Mrs. Joshua B. Holden, and many others. Mrs. Frank W. Lucas of the Women's City Club was indefatigable. Martin T. Joyce of the State Branch of the American Federation of Labor was present wherever he could take the time from his duties as secretary; and, when he had to be away, was represented by two substitutes.

Last Sunday the AMERICAN printed the names of all the members of Bundle Day Committees. It remains today to name the generous ladies and gentlemen who made up the Volunteer Workers at the Distribution Depot:

Mrs. Fred Hammet	Mrs. L. A. Knight
Mrs. William G. Henry	Miss Hattie Kolle
Mrs. Augusta Simmons	Miss Katherine McNulty
Mrs. Caroline Cole	Miss Katherine Watson
Mrs. B. L. Halsted	Miss James M. Moran
Mrs. Frank E. Eastman	Mrs. A. E. Reed
Miss Anna J. Dodge	Mrs. M. F. Richmond
Mrs. Ruth Norris	Mrs. G. E. Rowe
Mrs. Agnes Brennan	Robert S. Barrett
Mrs. Fred Chase	Joseph E. Denton
Mrs. Frederick D. Clark	Paul H. Wedge
Mrs. G. Crockett	Capt. W. P. Langton
Mrs. Hagel Rogers	W. W. Tuller
Mrs. Thomas Kelley	Harry L. Bates
Mrs. A. R. Kennedy	W. F. Walker

There were also a Miss Wingate and a Miss Morrill, who came in from Brookline each day and who moved helpfully about among the unfortunate like veritable sisters of mercy, blessing as much by what they said, and the way they said it, as by what they did and what they gave.

Remembering ALL who worked for Bundle Day, however, is an impossible task. One recalls Captain Driscoll of Police Station 5 in East Dedham street, but nobody was thoughtful enough to ask the names of the good police officers who came, three each day, to keep the people in line with good nature and kind words.

Frank L. Whitcomb of Allston, a builder with places of business in Wareham and Devonshire streets, furnished for more than a week the steam with which the warehouse was heated. William B. Johnson of Wellesley, the Malden street plumber, declared that if Mr. Whitcomb was going to be as generous as this he (Mr. Johnson) would without cost put in the necessary piping to carry the steam from the Whitcomb property next door to the Distributing Depot!

And that is how it was ALL done, from the very beginning. Everybody responded to the call. If you asked anybody "how much?" he was offended. So you had to be mighty careful. The Rev. Herbert S. Johnson looked in, and asked what HE could do, and somebody mentioned the need of volunteer workers. Mr. Johnson said he would send some. He did, some of the best of them.

Members of the Bundle Day Committee said last night that perhaps the Sunday AMERICAN ought to carry an expression of thanks to the good-hearted people of Boston for all that was done for Bundle Day. When you come right down to it, however, that would be Boston thanking Boston for all Boston has been doing for Boston! One night, of course, tell Meredith, and Manchester, and Buzzards Bay that they are mighty neighborly neighbors. Outside of that, the thing simmers down to this: Some of our brothers and sisters had been having tough sledding, what with the war and everything, and when the rest of us found out about it we just lent a hand. Next time, it may be our turn to need a lift and theirs to give it.

It was great work, and YOU did it, and here's your health, and your family's, and may you all live long and prosper!

HEAR MERITS OF 'PAY-AS-YOU-GO'

Mayor Curley's so-called "Pay-as-You-Go" bill, recently filed with the Legislature, was discussed yesterday by Corporation Counsel John A. Sullivan, before the Twentieth Century Club. The measure calls for increased taxation for eight years for the purpose of raising $3,000,000 annually, to be devoted to public improvements instead of paying out that sum yearly on borrowed money. Said Mr. Sullivan:

"The city of Boston is spending more than $3,000,000 annually in interest on borrowed money. This bill was drafted to overcome this. It is claimed by some critics that if the city is rid of debt in this way office holders to come may again plunge the city in debt. But nobody can honestly believe the city of Boston is going to become affiliated with any such financial folly. This bill will make the city live within its means."

Councilman A. J. Attridge indorsed the bill.

Alfred L. Chandler of Brookline told of the difference between serial bonds and sinking fund bonds and condemned the latter as a financial drawback to any community.

"The debt per capita in New York is $9, while in this State it is $23 per capita," said this speaker. "It is six times beyond the average here in this State and is serious. People are now aware of the unnecessary burden they are carrying."

NOSE CLOGGED FROM A COLD OR CATARRH

Apply Cream in Nostrils To Open Up Air Passages.

Ah! What relief! Your clogged nostrils open right up, the air passages of your head are clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, mucous discharge, headache, dryness — no struggling for breath at night, your cold or catarrh is gone.

Don't stay stuffed up! Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every air passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Ely's Cream Balm is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer has been looking. It's just splendid.

—Advertisement.

SEES PEACE IN WORLD LEAGUE

Francis Bird thinks the way to have a world peace is to have a world federation, and when he addressed the Boston Women's City Club at Pilgrim Hall yesterday he said women could do much toward this end, and that an organization like a woman's peace party might be the initiator of a world peace movement.

"The Roman Empire," he said, "kept the peace of the world for two hundred years by controlling a world police force."

Mrs. Malcolm Forbes, who presided, announced that a great peace mass meeting would be held on the evening of March 22 at Tremont Temple. Among the speakers will be Mme. Rosika Schwimmer of Budapest, and Hamilton Holt. At noon on Monday Miss Jane Addams of Chicago will be given a luncheon at the Hotel Somerset and will speak on "Peace."

Amusements. Amusements.

SYMPHONY HALL TODAY Sunday Afternoon At 3:30

BOSTON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA CONCERT IN AID Pension Fund

DR. KARL MUCK, Conductor Seats 2.00, 1.50, 1.00 Tschaikowsky and Wagner Programs

JORDAN HALL, Monday Evening, March 8, at 8:15

The Boston Quartet

SYLVAIN NOACK, 1st Violin HEINRICH GEBHARD, Piano EMIL FERIR, Viola ALWIN SCHROEDER, Cello

FIRST PUBLIC APPEARANCE

Quartets by Beethoven and Haydn and Piano Quintet by Cesar Franck. Pianist Assisting Artist

Tickets, Symphony Hall, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00.

SYMPHONY HALL—Seats 50c, 75c, $1.00 Now—25c on Day

NEWMAN TRAVEL TALKS Exquisite Color Views and Motion Pictures

NEXT Fri. Eve. 8:15 Sat. Mat. 2:30 WAR CAPITALS WITH ACTUAL WAR PICTURES

JORDAN HALL, Thursday Evening, March 11, at 8:15

FLONZALEY QUARTET Third and Last Concert

Program—Quartet, C minor, op. 51, No. 1, Brahms; Trois Préludes en forme de suite pour violin seul, op. 105, Ernest Moor Quartet, C-sharp minor, op. 131, Beethoven.

Seats, 1.50, 1.00, 75c, at Symphony Hall.

SYMPHONY HALL, Sunday Afternoon, March 14, at 3:30

ELENA GERHARDT BEATRICE HARRISON

DISTINGUISHED GERMAN SOPRANO ENGLISH 'CELLO VIRTUOSA

Tickets 2.00, 1.50, 1.00 and 50c.

FREE! FREE!!

As a Means of Attracting Attention to Our House and the Line of Pianos We Handle We Will Give Away the Following

BEAUTIFUL PRIZES

Absolutely Free.

Diamond Ring 14k Setting	Boy's Bicycle	Gentleman's Gold Watch, 20 yr. case	Mandolin
Lady's Gold Watch 20-Year Case	Sewing Machine	Cuff Links	Heart Pin
Chest of Rogers Silver, 26 Pieces	Guitar	Violin	Girl's Roller Skates
	Camera	Banjo	Boy's Roller Skates
	Brass Bed	Safety Razor	
	Silver Tea Set		

CAN YOU FIND EIGHT DOGS' HEADS IN THIS PICTURE?

DIRECTIONS:

There are ten dogs' heads in the above picture.

Outline each head with pen or pencil in the above picture on this or a separate sheet of paper, or any other material, and number them 1, 2, 3, etc. You must find at least 8 of them. To the 16 nearest correct artistic answers will be given absolutely free the 16 prizes in the order named. Remember, that neatness as well as correctness is taken into consideration by the judges in making the awards. Only one answer from a household will be allowed. Winners will be notified by mail. All answers must be in our hands not later than March 12. Mail or bring answers to our warerooms.

LORD'S PIANO WAREROOMS

757 BOYLSTON ST. BOSTON, MASS.

DYSPEPSIA GONE! NO INDIGESTION, GAS, SOURNESS--PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN

Time it! In five minutes your sick, upset stomach feels fine.

When your meals don't fit comfortably, or what you eat lies like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of Indigestion.

Get from your pharmacist a fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin and take a dose just as soon as you can. There will be no sour risings, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, nausea, debilitating headaches, dizziness or intestinal griping. This will all go, and in a few hours there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapepsin is a certain cure for out-of-order stomachs, because it takes hold of your food and digests it, just as nature intended, but doesn't there.

Relief in five minutes from all stomach misery is waiting for you at any drug store.

These large fifty-cent cases contain enough "Pape's Diapepsin" to keep the entire family free from stomach disorders and indigestion for many months. It belongs in your home. For sale by Riker-Jaynes and all good druggists.—Advertisement.

N. A. A. C. P. Citizens' Mass Meeting

To protest against legislation in Congress discriminating against colored citizens.

Tremont Temple, Today, March 7th At 3:30 P. M. Organ Recital at 3:00

Speakers HON. MARTIN B. MADDEN Member of Congress from Illinois

Mrs. Mary B. Wilson, Dr. J. R. Shippen of N. Y. Songs by Mrs. Mattie A. Meador

Admission Free. Mr. Moorfield Storey, Chairman

TREMONT TEMPLE MARCH 9 At 2:15 and 8:15

IRVIN COBB WAR LECTURE

WITH MOTION PICTURES

NOTICE TO Furniture Dealers

The Massachusetts Board of Education desires bids for furnishing 126 bedrooms, a general room, two parlors and a dining room to seat 250 people, in its new Dormitory and Refectory now in process of construction at the State Normal School, Framingham, Mass. It is the intention of the Board to prepare space in Kingsley Hall, 15 Ashburton Place, Boston, for an exhibition of the samples submitted by bidders. The bids will be opened and the exhibition held at the above place on Saturday, March 13th. More complete information regarding the needs of the Board may be obtained at the office of the Massachusetts Board of Education, 15 Ashburton Place, Boston. DAVID SNEDDEN, Commissioner.

COTE ACCUSED OF SHOOTING AT WIFE

Former Maine Pugilist, Urged to Leave Cafe, Pulls Gun; Placed Under Arrest.

BIDDEFORD, Me., March 6.—Arthur Cote, former welterweight pugilist, who fought Mike "Twin" Sullivan, Jimmy Briggs and other top-notchers in his day, was arrested tonight on the charge of attempting to murder his wife Mary.

Mrs. Cote stepped into Greenwood's Cafe at 8 o'clock to induce her husband to go home. He had been drinking with friends around town. At the sound of her voice, Cote is alleged to have drawn a 38-calibre revolver and fired twice.

A Kennebunk man who refused to give his name, struck at the revolver and probably saved Mrs. Cote's life. He diverted the aim and the bullets went wild. Cote was disarmed. He is forty and his wife is thirty-eight. He has been at the Soldiers' Home at Togus as a veteran of the Spanish War and had come home to vote.

FIRE EATS 15,000 GALLONS CREAM

Tate Brothers' Big Plant at Worcester Destroyed—One Fireman Hurt.

WORCESTER, March 6.—One man was injured and the lives of several firemen were endangered tonight at a fire in the ice cream manufacturing plant of Tait Brothers, in the four-story building on Arctic street.

The blaze originated on the second floor where a number of paper packing boxes were stored. The flames quickly spread through the structure.

Fifteen thousand gallons of ice cream, which was in a refrigerating plant on the first floor was lost. The total loss may reach $20,000 according to the fire department officials.

Youth Slays His Father.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 7.—John J. Hoth was shot and killed by his son, Lee, sixteen. According to the boy, his father was chasing his mother with a butcher knife.

Vermont Granite Strikers Sign a New Wage Scale

BARRE, Vt., March 6.—The granite cutters of Barre and Montpelier, who have been striking since February 24, balloted today on a wage scale submitted by the quarrying companies and accepted it by a vote of three to one.

Seven hundred Italian cutters absented themselves from the voting and held a meeting of protest when the result was announced. The new wage scale, which immediately goes into effect, fixes the wage of granite cutters at forty-two cents an hour until May 15, forty-five cents an hour from that date until March 1, 1916, and fifty cents an hour from that date until March 1, 1920.

There are 5,000 men affected by the settlement in Barre and Montpelier.

Other unions throughout Vermont are expected to fall in line.

EXPLOSION KILLS FOUR.

POTTSTOWN, JUNCTION, N. J., March 6.—Four men were killed outright, and two others were seriously injured, in an explosion in the plant of the Dupont Powder Company, near here today.

BROOKLINE FIGHT ON SCHOOL HOUSE

The request of the members of the Brookline School Committee for an appropriation of $210,000 for an addition to the town high school is expected to meet with violent opposition at the adjourned town meeting which will be held next Tuesday.

The members of the Committee of Thirty, before whom this bill was first presented, have referred it back to the school committee for further plans and a report. Some believe that the sum is too much to pay for an addition, and claim that an entirely new and up to date building could be erected for the sum.

Some citizens have requested that the building laws of the town be amended to prohibit the future erection of wooden "three decker" dwelling houses in the town. Several of the leading citizens of the town are opposed to the adoption of such an amendment, and will voice their opinions at Tuesday's meeting. The Brookline Planning Board stands four to one in favor of it.

INDORSE GARDNER MILITARY PLANS

Resolutions indorsing military preparedness as "the best means to avert war and continue in peace" were filed with the Legislature yesterday in the report of the Committee on Federal Relations.

The resolutions indorse Congressman Gardner's effort to establish a National Security Commission to make a comprehensive survey of the nation's preparedness for war.

When given a public hearing by the committee, the resolutions were supported by former President J. Randolph Coolidge, Jr., of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, and chairman of its special Committee on Military Preparedness, by former Lieutenant-Governor John A. Frothingham, Professor Barrett Wendell of Harvard College, and by many of Congressman Gardner's constituents in Essex County.

INSTALLED AS PASTOR.

The Rev. Eugene M. Cosgrove of Chicago will be installed as pastor of the Second Unitarian Church, Somerville, this morning. Mr. Cosgrove succeeds the Rev. William C. Pierce.

Society Women See Children in Gymkhana

Boston society debutantes and matrons and a host of children from Brookline and the Back Bay witnessed or took part in the Gymkhana games held at the New Riding Club on Hemenway street yesterday afternoon.

It was particularly a "Children's Day," only those under eighteen years of age taking part in events, consisting of egg and spoon race, a mixed event; egg and spoon relay race; teams of three "Going to Jerusalem"; exhibition push ball match; tandem obstacle race and relay race, teams of three. Most of the events included both boys and girls.

Notable among the season's exhibitors are many recent debutantes and Vincent Club members, including: The Misses Edith and Eleanor Fabyan, Miss Frances Bradley, Miss Constance Morse, Miss Lydia Storer, Miss Amy Peabody, Miss Mary Sigourney, Miss Alice Thorndike, Miss Dorothy Lee, Miss Sylvia Warren, Miss Emma H. Mandell, Miss Rosamond Johnson, Miss Elizabeth Eldher, Miss Helen Draper and Miss Clemence Crafts.

PASSENGERS SEE LINER BLOWN UP

NEW YORK, March 6.—Eye-witness stories of the blowing up of a freight steamship by a mine or a torpedo, thirty miles off Dover, were brought to this port today by passengers arriving by the steamship Ryndam from Holland. The freighter was struck on February 24. According to the passengers the freight vessel was steaming slowly over a calm sea, showing no flags. She was about a mile and a half from the Ryndam when there was a sudden explosion. Steam and smoke arose and the freighter began to settle.

The Ryndam could not go to the rescue because of danger from mines, but she slowed down until keeping only steerage way. The crew of the freighter lowered the boats, but instead of rowing toward the Ryndam, they stood by their own vessel.

Then a destroyer appeared and signalled the Ryndam to keep off. The liner continued on her course.

DON'T FORGET

to get your FREE copy of the Boston AMERICAN'S New Monthly Renting Summer street or 284 Washington Register today. It may be had at 10 street.

SAY STATE SHOULD BUILD DRYDOCK

That the State is morally bound to build the Boston drydock, was the contention of Jerome Jones and other prominent business men who today requested the Legislature to direct the Port of Boston Directors to complete the dock.

The building of the dock was advocated before the legislative Committee on Metropolitan Affairs by Chairman Edward F. McSweeney and Lombard Williams of the Port Directors; Mr. Jones and William T. Brewer of the Boston Chamber of Commerce; Samuel J. Elder, representing the Master Builders' Association of Boston; Captain Arthur Crowley of the Coastwise Steamship Company; R. R. Freeman of the Boston Maritime Association, and Charles Sicotteburg of the New England Coal & Coke Company.

GIFTS FOR RADCLIFFE BRIDES

The senior class at Radcliffe is considering a proposition to give each girl in the class who marries within the next fifteen years some suitable uniform gift.

ON SALE MONDAY
Gold Medal or Ceresota 1/8 Bbl. FLOUR 95c

HOUGHTON & DUTTON CO.
IT PAYS TO PAY CASH
LEGAL STAMPS New England's Greatest Cash Store LEGAL STAMPS

ON SALE MONDAY
Gold Medal or Ceresota FLOUR Per Bbl. 8.25

See the Wonderful Bargains—Each buyer was instructed to prepare the STRONGEST item on the BEST, the most SEASONABLE and most NEEDED goods—goods which in his opinion, would create the most SENSATIONAL sale in his department. Told to make HIS OWN PRICE. We could dwell at length upon the tremendous price cuts our buyers have made—UNNECESSARY—they speak for themselves.

PanamaRepps 65c
The $1.50 Shirts Men Talk About

Don't believe you have had a chance to buy anywhere near as good shirts as these at such a low price in this or any other city. All new stock, strictly first quality, rich and attractive stripes, hundreds of them. There is bound to be a rush for them tomorrow morning. Better buy several for the coming spring and summer at 65c each.
STREET FLOOR

BIG PURCHASE Sensational Offers Values Up to 35c a Yard WASH SUITINGS
From the Fuller Osborn Mfg. Co.
For Skirts, Suits, Waists, Undergarments, Etc.
27,000 Yards
All Perfect Goods
10¢

36-Inch White Twilled Linen Finished Suiting.
34-Inch Natural Color Linen Finish Suiting.
34-Inch Dark Blue Linen Finish Suiting.
36-Inch White Plaue, medium and wide weft.
34-Inch Butcher Linen Finish Suiting.
36-Inch White Repp.
34-Inch White Cambric Linen Finish Suiting.
36-Inch Linnette Suiting.
36-Inch Lawn, high count, heavy weight.
31-Inch Tobacco Brown Yarn Dyed Linen Finish Suiting.
You Must See and Handle the Goods to Appreciate Their Goodness and the Amazing Values
STREET FLOOR

BRASS BED OUTFIT . 17.50
Some stores would charge as high as $30.00.

Bed is warranted to give lasting service, both in finish and construction. Has two-inch posts, two-inch top rails, and two-inch fillers, with large ball-corner mounts. All iron National spring and pure white cotton mattress throughout. Regular thickness and weight, all sizes. Pieces will be sold separately if desired.
Fifth Floor

500 Pairs Women's SHOES 1.85
A Wonderful Collection of $3.00 Qualities

Gaiter top boots and cloth top "Peggy" pumps, dull and patent leathers. Button and lace styles. The very shoes you want right now, and the very latest shapes. If you do not need these shoes now, they are just what you will want for Easter wear. See special counter displays.
STREET FLOOR

Toilet Water and Talcum Powder 49c
75c Is the Usual Price

Why pay more than our special price for these two articles? Think what we offer—a 5oc bottle of Brown's Simplicity, Garden of Allah, or new Lily of the Valley Toilet Water, also a 25c bottle of Jess Simplicity or Dixie Blossom Talcum Powder. With the coming of Spring these two toilet preparations are almost indispensable. At this low price they should be on the dressing table of every woman. Remember we offer the two articles for 50c.
SECOND FLOOR

See These Desk Sets 1.00
A Big $2.50 Value

Just 100 of these sets which we shall sell at this sensational price. It is one of the biggest, genuine values we have ever been able to offer in this line. The size is 14x21, and consists of 6 pieces, all in the satin finish, mail and telephone orders filled as far as possible.
SECOND FLOOR

Granite ART SQUARES . 1.74
Sold Week In and Week Out at $3.00

This is what we mean by money saved to our customers tomorrow. Rugs are of hard-twisted and closely woven Egyptian yarn, many good colorings, in large and small patterns, to suit the varying tastes of all homekeepers. Size 2x3 yards.
FOURTH FLOOR

45 Inch Flouncings 20c
Usually Retail at 39c Per Yard

We have been through our entire stock of Embroideries and selected this as the most desirable selection we can make for our customers. Embroidered on voile and Swiss, solid and eyelet effect, hemmed and scalloped edges. Large variety of patterns, suitable for confirmation, street and evening wear. Note the reduction in price from 39c to 20c per yard.
STREET FLOOR

Women's Silk Hosiery 58c
One of the best $1 Val.

Black thread silk, pure dip dye, high spliced heels, double lisle soles and toes, lisle flare. While these stockings are of a slightly irregular grade, they are not classed as seconds, as the qualities are not affected. 58c per pair.
STREET FLOOR

1000 DOZEN NEEDLES 1 C. EACH
FOR SEWING MACHINES OF ALL MAKES 1 C. EACH

Spring Dressmaking Bargains

2.00 DOWN 1.00 a Week

Columbus...	9.98	Pemberton..	18.98
White.....	15.98	Beacon.....	25.00
Singer.....	19.98	Henderson..	29.75

Every one a drop-head and in perfect sewing condition. The wonder book, "Sewing Efficiency," free with each machine this week.
FOURTH FLOOR

Kitchen RUGS 27c
Look elsewhere and you will find the price should be 50c

Size 27x52 inches, and adaptable to large or small kitchens. Closely woven. Splendid variety of colorings. These Rugs will do double duty, as they can be used on both sides. They are one of the best selections we can make from our Rug Department, to be offered at a next-to-nothing price. Homekeepers should not fail to see these rugs.
FOURTH FLOOR

Hairbow Taffeta Ribbons 12c
Regular Price 20c Per Yd.

The popular moire taffeta ribbons in the five inch width. We have selected an extra quality for this sale, in all silk, with heavy stiff finish for the broad hairbows, so popular with the young misses. We offer a choice of blue, pink, old rose, brown, maize, hunter's green and many others. Just note our low price of 12c per yard.
STREET FLOOR

52-Inch Cotton Sheeting 6 1/2c
Regular Retail Value 12½c

9000 Yards of unbleached sheeting, free from starch and sizing. Will bleach white after a few washings. Medium weight and 52 inches wide.

Homekeepers are now making up quantities of sheets and pillow cases for the coming summer. At this low price they can be made at much less than you can buy them at most stores. Our special price for this sale only 6½c per yard.
STREET FLOOR

Women's Union Suits 58c
Well Worth $1.00

Bleached, medium weight cotton, high neck, elbow sleeves, ankle length. Light weight. Dutch and high neck, short sleeves, knee length. Sizes 4, 5 and 6.
First Quality Goods, Neatly Trimmed. Offered as the Best Underwear Value We Can Select for this Great Sale. 58c Per Garment
STREET FLOOR

Portable GAS LAMPS . . 2.98
Just See What You Save—Should Sell at $5.00

Two styles, either plain or embossed. Fitted with cast ring shade holder, burner, mantle, chimney, six feet of tubing and goose neck. Each lamp fitted with 11 and 12 inch art glass shades, with beaded fringe. Amber or green. Too bad it is not Xmas time, but these lamps will be a welcome gift to the home at any time.
BASEMENT

$1.00 UMBRELLAS At HALF PRICE 50c
For Men and Women

One of the best collections of Umbrellas we have ever offered at this price. Covered with fast color Columbian taffeta, paragon frames. A wonderful assortment of plain and fancy handles. Each umbrella in case. Men's 28-inch size and Women's 26-inch size. You can buy one or one hundred at this low price.
STREET FLOOR

Bargain in Dinner Sets . 9.98
Sold in Many Stores at $20.00

Handsomely decorated semi-porcelain with solid bright gold handles. There are 112 pieces—4 dozen plates, 2 covered vegetable dishes, 1 uncovered vegetable dish, 1 dozen tea cups and saucers, 1 dozen sauce plates, 12 individual butters, 2 platters, 1 gravy boat, 1 pickle dish, 1 covered butter dish, 1 sugar bowl, 1 cream pitcher and 1 bowl.
BASEMENT

Six Thin Table Tumblers 29c
Sold in the Reg. Way at 98c Per Dozen

Beautifully engraved. With all best etching in three patterns. These tumblers are exceptionally good value and we call particular attention of hotel and Summer boarding house keepers to this opportunity to buy at a very low price. During this sale we offer these tumblers, 6 for 29.
BASEMENT

Copper TEA KETTLES . . 1.49
Why pay $2.50—we offer them at $1.49

The Rome Nickel Plated Kettles, with curved spout and seamless. Swelled body and ebonized wood handle, with solid steel rod running through and riveted on both sides, attractive dome cover, made throughout with the best 20-ounce copper. We think homekeepers will appreciate this splendid offer.
BASEMENT

If More Convenient Buy in Roxbury—Practically All These Goods Also On Sale In Our Roxbury Store

Boston American
SUNDAY CIRCULATION LARGEST IN NEW ENGLAND

JULIAN HAWTHORNE TELLS WHY BRAVES WIN

'Miracle Man' Stallings of the Boston Braves Describes to World-Famous Author His Wonderful Methods of Selecting and Moulding Diamond Stars Into Champions of the World

PHOTOS © BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

Johnny Evers is an inspiring spectacle on first base. He never looked so hearty in his life. The warlike menace of his chin and jawbones proclaim the born fighter who rejoices in his birthright.

Captain Evers' famous throwing hand—the hand that takes and returns the shots fired at him during a game like the rock of Gibraltar.

Here is Hank Gowdy, tall, lean and rakish. His countenance, with its rose-leaf complexion, twinkling eyes and abundant smiles, bear down upon us with cheerful greetings, bright with the halo of pennant-winning swats.

45,000 AT THE OPENING OF BOSTON'S BEST AUTO SHOW

$2,000,000 Worth of Cars of Every Price and Description on View at Mechanic's Building—Decorations a Feature of This, the Largest "Selling" Show in the Land—Armored Motor Exhibited.

Auto Show!

That's the best way to spell what opened in Mechanics Building yesterday afternoon for its thirteenth annual.

Begin the word "show" with the dollar sign and you have the local count, as "thirty people would say.

As to the attendance or the opening day and evening at 45,000 or thereabouts and you have the number of men, women and children who jammed into the wonderful, colorful exhibition. Last year's opening brought a round 40,000, but they didn't throw back the doors until 8 o'clock in the evening.

This year Manager Major Chester I. Campbell has had a double-barrelled title now, since Quincy voted the right away. Allows that opening at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, as they did yesterday, brought the rush up to the larger figure.

$2,000,000 WORTH OF AUTOS.

About spelling it "Show," instead of plain "show" is, in the first place, it isn't a plain show. There's nothing plain about it, so far as color and sights go. It is a stunner for looks in color decorations and arrangements.

But, more than mere sheen of winning grace of the streamline body, more than the call of the luxurious limousine is the tremendous lesson of $2,000,000 worth of automobiles and accessories all under one roof.

This is the auto show de luxe, of all Boston has known, so far as value of exhibits, evidences of prosperity, live interest by patrons and business "pep" are concerned.

For the Boston auto show is known in the trade as the largest "selling show" in the land, beating even the New York and Chicago affairs in respect to doing business direct with the "ultimate consumer," which means anyone who buys a car.

That is why the Boston Automobile Dealers' Association and the Commercial Motor Vehicle Association, which are jointly giving this show, can spend $75,000 to stage it. Fully $40,000 of this has gone into decorations and you can't doubt it after a tour of the halls.

That is why, also, that the automobile makers sent $2,000,000 worth of machines to this Boston show.

The 45,000 or so ordinary human beings and "Buick" McDevitt from Wilkesburre, who were there yesterday, saw enough to make them for-

Continued on Page 3, Column 6.

Jitney Bus in Duel to Death With Railways

Fearing the blight of its young and promising career, the jitney bus has set up a howl of protest against the restrictions its self-appointed foster father, the Massachusetts Street Railways Association, is seeking to have imposed against it.

The jitney declares, through the voice of its counsel, that the association, comprising practically every trolley company in Massachusetts, is not seeking to "regulate," but to drive it out of business.

The jitney is at one and the same time an elongated automobile and an abbreviation of the rubberneck coach. It plys between this square and that square and charges a nickel for the accommodation. Bentley W. Warren's legislative petition would compel the jitney to

Get a license from the town or city in which it operated, have the license approved by the Public Service Commission, Board of Highway Commissioners, Tax Commissioner and Secretary of State.

Among the restrictions the street railways would impose are: If incorporated to [illegible] amounting to $10,000 for every passenger that could be carried in its largest car. If unincorporated, to file a bond of $5,000 for every passenger. Secure permits to [illegible] from the Mayor and Aldermen of a city or Selectmen of a town for use of the streets and to pay a tax for such use. Pay a tax to the State of $10 for every ton pounds weight of each [illegible] over 4,500 pounds.

YOU ARE INVITED

to find your new home with the aid of the Boston AMERICAN'S New Monthly Renting Register.

RESTA WINS THE VANDERBILT CUP

Pullen Second, Wilcox Third, De Palma Fourth; Bob Burman Injured.

HOW DRIVERS FINISHED.

First—Peugeot, Resta, Time—4 27 37; average 67⅛ miles an hour.

Second—Stutz, Wilcox. Time—4 34 36.

Third—Mercer, Pullen. Time—4 35 37.

Fourth—Mercedes, DePalma. Time—4 49 07.

Fifth—Maxwell, Carlson. Time—4.44 36.

Sixth—Delalage, Newhouse. Time—4 45 38.

Seventh—Maxwell, Oldfield. Time—4 52 47.

Eighth—Simplex, Disbrow. Time—4 53 37.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 6.—The Vanderbilt cup, held in America since the Long Island days of the classic, today followed the Grand Prix trophy to Europe.

The stories of these two speed classics are remarkably similar. Dario Resta and his Peugeot, that combination from England and France of the successful heat of 1914, is one, the pick of America's drivers and America's cars.

Leading practically all the way Resta finished the 294½ miles of seventy-seven times around the 3 mile expostion course in 4h. 27m. 37s. His average was 67⅛ miles an hour.

Howard Wilcox, in the same Stutz that he drove to second place in the Grand Prix, finished second. He had been driving hard and consistently, was within striking distance of good position throughout the latter half of the contest. He moved into second place when Eddie Pullen had to stop at the pit on the second to the last lap and then made a whirlwind finish.

ARREST RIMBACH WITH A WOMAN

Police Charge Former Crawford House Proprietor Eloped with Stenographer.

Charles M. Rimbach, former proprietor of the Crawford House who had been sought by the Boston police for months, was arrested yesterday afternoon in Nashua, N. H., with Mrs. Estelle Coogan, who worked as his stenographer at the hotel.

The arrest was made by Detective Frank Haggerty on an indictment warrant. It is charged that Rimbach, who has a wife at No. 555 High street, West Medford, and Mrs. Coogan, lived together from May 27 until November 7 in Boston and that they occupied apartments at No. 3 Walnut street as "Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Raymond.

The police claim that after Rimbach and Mrs. Coogan left Boston in October they went west and later into the Northwest, where Rimbach was thrown from a horse. His ankle was sprained.

Mrs. Coogan, whose home is at No. 101 Chapin street, Medford Hillside, was fashionably dressed. She was still suffering from a sprained ankle sustained in leaving a train she had to be assisted from the automobile at headquarters. Mrs. Coogan is thirty-three and pretty.

George Rimbach, father of the prisoner, and his predecessor as proprietor of the Crawford House, came to police headquarters with friends soon after the couple arrived from Nashua. The father offered to bail Charles but would have nothing to do with the stenographer.

The junior Rimbach refused his father's services.

Burglar Binds and Gags Girl Then Robs House

PITTSFIELD, Me., March 6.—Lovera Berry, an eighteen-year-old telephone girl, had a desperate adventure with a burglar in her boarding house on South street, the police were today notified, and they are searching for the man she describes.

She went home from work at dusk and as she entered the house she saw a man come up the stairs from the cellar. She screamed, he jumped and grabbed her, swore at her, and said "shut up or I'll kill you," and when she still continued to screech tied her arms behind her and gagged her with some rags.

He then proceeded to ransack the house. The girl got to a window and Foster White, who was passing, saw her. He thought she was joking with some one inside. The girl ran for the front door. The burglar saw her, dragged her away from the door, then took to flight.

The girl managed to loosen the gag, and went to the home of H. F. Libbey next door. She gave the police a description of the man and said she would recognize him if she saw him again.

The burglar got a little money from the house—the home of Mr. and Mrs. Mark Gatcomb, with whom the girl boards.

Hunt Plaster Paris in Brookline Bread

Willard E. Ward, Brookline's milk inspector, acting under orders of the Board of Health, has taken samples of bread and crackers sold in Brookline stores, which will be analyzed by Professor R. Carlton Emmy of Harvard, to discover if plaster of paris is among the ingredients.

'WONDERS OF OLD DAYS NOT IN CLASS OF STARS OF TODAY'

Distinguished Writer with Braves Finds Great National Game Now Little Other Than a Contest of Wits, Brain, Magical Insight and Intuition—Clean and Clear Foresight Big Factor in Game.

By JULIAN HAWTHORNE.

MACON, Ga., March 6.—Helpless rain fell upon the State of Georgia, upon the 28th of February, upon the pretty white Dempsey House, and upon the sidewalk in front of it, upon which we disembarked, dripping, from our car after the thirty-mile spin from George Spillings' big farm in Jones County.

The rain fell straight down, not from any innate motive of rectitude, but inertly following the vertical impulse communicated by the law of gravitation. Nothing above or below promised a let-up; it would keep on helplessly all through the training season, and I thought with a damp shudder of the diamond in the ball park, its wide pools filliped by raindrops, the soaked, deserted bleachers, the leaden, immitigable sky, the huddling, hopeless figures of the World's Champions, wading and staring gloomily in this heart of the Sunny South.

But as we passed the swinging doors alert bellboys denuded us of our raincoats, lightened us of our grips-sacks, and hurried us conveyed us toward the desk, behind which bright eyed the hospitable visages of our hosts, dipping pens and turning the register about for our signatures.

The Team, including its Historian, had a whole floor to itself. Everything looked dry, neat, white and comfortable, and there was Hank Gowdy, tall, lean and rakish, with his

HAWTHORNE TELLS STALLINGS' METHODS

cap now on the stern of his head, now on the bows, his capable hands in and out of his ample trousers pockets. His countenance, with its rose-leaf complexion and twinkling eyes and abundant smile bearing down upon us with cheerful greetings, bright with the halo of mighty, pennant-winning watts, fence-reverberating, under-bolt-like, unstoppable, and radiant with anticipation of swats as epoch-making to come.

He bore also the fame of the latest Hub of baseballdom: confidence abroad that since the close of the last season his restless footfalls had been heard in every State of the Union, if not in Mexico and Canada likewise, but he repudiated the impeachment with hilarious modesty; he had just been up home and back.

GOWDY APPEARS LIKE A HUMAN DYNAMO.

Howbeit, he appeared noways fatigued by his wanderings, but sputtering like an overcharged dynamo with irrepressible animation, and no more quiescent than a fox-besieged henroop. He came and went like the vehicles of change that speed hither and thither miraculously along wires in a department store, but Gowdy was wireless.

Compare him rather with the flickerings of sunlight reflected from a hand mirror in the hands of a mischievous urchin.

"His idea is to be awake all night and sleep all day," remarked Stallings, soberly shaking his Olympian head, already beginning to feel upon his herculean shoulders the weight of the baseball solar system.

But he had previously observed that in the contemporary baseball team, collective and one by one, the indispensable first requisite was "speed," and it was manifest that Gowdy was speedy. By the time he has shattered a few more fences (I am told that the barriers of the baseball park here have been reinforced already) he may have slowed down enough to admit of his exploits being properly chronicled.

"How does he do it?" I inquired; "he has more the build of a Hindu Yogi than of a Sandow."

"Muscle-bound men can't hit," replied Stallings, patient with my ignorance; "there must be strength in the back, of course, but the thing is done with a 'snap'!"

And so far as I have seen, there are no Sandows among the Champions of the World.

GOWDY JOYOUSNESS PROVES CONTAGIOUS.

Gowdy had flickered out of sight, but he reappeared presently, careering in company with two or three other heroes of renown, who had stood with him in the imminent deadly breach when all seemed lost and was on the glorious eve of being won last Autumn. More rose-leaf complexions, tall flexible figures, wide shoulders and nimble limbs; all catching contagion, too, from the Gowdy joyousness.

The whole group was just so many college boys on a holiday—was, in fact, just about that; the ranks of baseball are mostly filled from university nurseries nowadays.

The world has changed since twenty years ago, when the baseball player was a formidable and cave-man sort of personage, the hoodlum in excelsis, affiliated with the ancient order of hose companies that were wont to mix together in furious affrays by the light of the conflagrations which had called them together.

They were as the war-horses of mediaeval knights, percherons of battle, compared with the swift and slender, mettled and blooded Arabs of the Saracen. Those, too, were Homeric days, stupendous combats, enormous valor, but the giants would have reviled in vain upon the flying trails of the sons of lightning of our time; would have stood stupid and bewildered, ineptly swinging, pounding and lumbering, while our contemporary champions flashed and skimmed to victory.

The tendency of all civilization is to disembarrass itself of the gravitational drag, to put off weight, to tackle the world in a belt and sprinting shoes. The better sort of strength we find to be in swiftness, and at last we shall be all impetus and aim, with no avoirdupois. The smallsword replaces the bludgeon, and the little rifle-ball, sent to the right spot and flying fast, kills the big grizzly that the slow club of Antaeus could not subdue.

Baseball, as I have remarked, is the world-struggle packed into ninety minutes: you see that the thing is somehow done, but only the long-instructed eye, and hardly that, can see the doing.

The flight of the ball from pitcher's hand to catcher's is a bare second at most, but how long is it from the moment when a curved ball begins its "break" to when the bat meets it!

Yet in that immeasurable fraction of no time Gowdy or Baker must apply his swat; the game, the series, the championship, hinges on his hit or miss. His eye is quick, but he will hardly affirm that he himself could see what he did; he gave it up to instinct at last. No time encounters no-time; anything less would mean defeat.

CONTEST OF WITS AND INTUITION.

Our great national game finally resolves itself into little other than a contest of wits and intuitions. A lithe, slender boy in his early twenties, with a brain even cleaner and clearer than his limbs, and with a magical insight and foresight altogether metaphysical, will accomplish, while you draw a breath, feats beyond the imagination of titans.

David stripped himself to his sling and slew the champion of the Philistines, who could have crumpled him up between his thumb and finger if he could have laid hold upon him! We live and conquer on our nerves—or perish of them, if keener ones outdo us.

Accordingly, Gowdy and his companions, in their well-tailored coats and trousers, their slim boots, their unconscious grace of posture, their easy movement, their lightness and exactness—one stares to realize that these comely, educated civilized low-voiced and archly-smiling young gentlemen, fit to figure as heroes of a girl's romance, are the picked heroes of a hundred-million population, winners of the greatest athletic prize in the world.

Strip them to their skins, and your wonder is hardly diminished. Beneath that satiny surface slide smooth, tough muscles, rounded deltoids, rippling biceps, fine steel wrists, shapely shoulders, lean torsos, springy loin, alert limbs but you have seen hundreds of youths who looked as good, yet could never make a minor league club.

There are youths plenty as clever as they, too, as nervously sensitive, as finely-wired, yet with no glimmer of champion ship possibility in them.

What is the secret? Nobody, perhaps, can exactly tell. But these men have been tried and were not found wanting; they was in them some wonderful and rare harmony and co-operation of mental with physical, some instant, invisible matching of thought with act, some special felicity of organization, enabling them to do what none could rival.

NO LUCK, BUT SCIENCE, IN REAL BASEBALL.

Their fame is no happy accident, you may question the "lucky blow" of the pugilist, but the baseball men have been through a six months' test and there can be no discount on their merit. They deserve their laurels, and they earn their salaries; they have done a real thing, just as much worthwhile as cornering wheat or hypnotizing a Senate.

If they were never to do anything else but play incomparable ball they would have done better than the most of us.

Ball is as good as business, and is a business into the bargain. That it includes body as well as mind only makes it more commendable.

Johnny Evers on second base is an inspiring spectacle. To see him take the shots that are tired at him during a game you might think of Gibraltar, or the steel turret of a battleship, though, except from the standpoint of the indomitable spirit and the steadiness, he does not bear resemblance to either.

Like several of his companions in arms, his outward aspect in his daily garb is deceptive; you might, if unaware of him, fail to discover in the routine of common acquaintance that he is the greatest of second basemen. He was never massive, and the reports of his illness led us to anticipate that he would turn up in a condition poetically fragile. But as in regard to the first death of Mark Twain we had exaggerated.

Johnny (I call him that publicly or officially only—in private intercourse I would not venture on such a liberty) never looked so hearty in his life, and I have no doubts that, should chance afford him the opportunity, he could whip his weight in wildcats with one hand. He expects to be credited with an achievement at least as arduous by the time the season is over; he will hold that base against all that organized baseball can attempt to the contrary.

EVERS A SERIOUS BUT AGILE VETERAN.

He is one of the veterans; it must be a dozen years since he put on the glove, and no grass has sprouted between his toes since then; he is a veteran of family; he no longer wears what novelists term a wealth of hair; though, to be sure, the hair he has, though not red, has the red spirit thinly disguised in it, and the corresponding temperament permeates him from top to toe.

Veteran though he is, too, I question whether he could tip the beam of thirty years; he must have started betimes.

He weighs 160 pounds, which argues great structural solidity in a man hardly five foot nine, and rather slim than stout. The way he moves, even the ways he ate, testify to abundant vitality, and the faint marking of his eyebrows, if I may touch upon such details, no less than the warlike menace of his chin and jaw bones, proclaim the born fighter who rejoices in his birth right.

His complexion of you need further argument, is sanguine, an equable ruddiness, and the hand that gives you that grip in greeting, though not large, could double up into a fist which would feel like a fifteen-inch shell where it landed. How he escaped being born in Donnybrook I am not informed. He does not waste himself in speech, but what he says goes, and his smile is ironic.

Speaking of hands, the specimens exhibited by such of the Braves as I have yet seen fall considerably short of the dimensions I had, on the basis of what they do with them, expected. Gowdy, it is true, is not of the lily-fingered baronet type when he becomes gesticulative one sees that he could get an extensive grasp upon things when need arose. But the rest of the young gentlemen could work their way into a No. 7 or 8 glove without half trying.

HANDS HAVE CLUTCH OF CARPENTER'S VISE.

When I appealed to my mentor he murmured "gloves," meaning not the Fownes sort, but the gauntlet of battle, and a comparison of his hands (he was a catcher in the era preceding the glove decoy) with those of contemporary ball-stoppers proves by every finger the value of the invention not only as a bone-saver, but also as a means of moderating undue prolongation of the member.

The hands with which my own made friendly contact during the evening had the clutch of a carpenter's vise, but had no other sensational quality. One or two of Evers' fingers might have engendered surmises in a suspicious mind, but, upon the whole, it is hard by possible any longer to Sherlock Holmes a baseball player from hand evidence.

After a happy evening we went to bed; at least, I am not called upon to be punctilious as to our unanimity in that respect. Stallings and I turned in, at all events. During wakeful intervals the steady drip of the rain still further dissolved the starch of optimism; yet, when morning dawned, the pavements were nearly dry, and a reviving air flowed down from the northwest.

It was to be a fine day; the fortunate denizens of these latitudes called it cold and spoke of March coming in like a lion, but the lion of Macon is hardly distinguishable from the lamb of Boston. Nevertheless, the Manager decided that there should be no ball yet; there were no more than half a dozen present, to begin with, and the temperature seemed too keen for a favorable start. Instead, an earnest and diligent photographer appeared and accumulated data for posterity. He told me, with an ominous look, "I have also a moving picture apparatus."

But baseball champions have become callous to such usage. After he had ceased to operate they returned to real life unscared and undepressed and continued to tell each other funny stories as amiably as ever.

HOW ONE MANAGER ROUSED PLAYER'S PRIDE.

One was of a certain famous manager who plotted to arouse the ambition and self-confidence of one of his neophytes, who, otherwise full of promise, was oversby and self-effacing for champion purposes.

"The only right way to make that guy is thus and so," asserted the manager dogmatically, at the evening powwow after the game, eyeing his victim aggressively.

The latter turned it over, didn't see how it was possible, and at length screwed up courage to reply, in tones some what shaky and falsetto:

"Don't you think it might go better this way?"

"Oh, if that is your idea, we can try it out tomorrow and see which of us is right!" retorted the manager, with a fine snirk of sarcasm.

So they did; when, lo and behold! the play worked like a charm; the despised and down-trodden neophyte turned out to have been right! and at the following meeting the manager played the role of candid magnanimity:

"I'm bound to hand it to you, my boy; I've been in the game twenty years longer than you have, and yet you were right and I was wrong!"

The comb of the little cock rose forthwith, and his chest mightily expanded; he graciously accepted the apology, and the long-missing poise and assurance were never after deficient in him; he grew to be primus inter pares in his position and was wont to remark to his fellow-warriors who had all been secretly in the plot, but never till this day betrayed it):

"The old man thinks he knows something of baseball, and so he does, but I guess I taught him one trick that he'll remember!"

EARNEST MANAGERS FIT FOR ANY TRUST.

Now, this anecdote is a revelation and a homily. I recall no other example of a teacher actually devising a means for immolating unsuspected his personal pride and self-importance for the pure sake of putting puth and pugnacity into the overmodest and retiring soul of a pupil.

To let your creature, the relay in your moulding hands, flap his wings and crow over you metaphors are made for occasions, not occasions for metaphors), and to suffer no misgiving of the truth then or afterward to reach him, we must go back to Socrates for a parallel! Yet that is the very spirit of professional baseball.

Managers who are so much in earnest as that are fit for any trust, and we have advanced a peg or two since Hamlet railed at the insolence of office. Unluckily, however, all officials are not baseball managers, and it is even conceivable that not all baseball managers can measure up to the altruism of this one.

As the day wore on the sky became cloudless, and new accessions kept dropping in from north and west. The boys laughed and chatted, but black care sat on the neck of the Manager; he lost himself in stern reveries, emerging with an effort to contribute a preoccupied smile to the general gaiety.

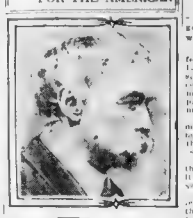
He haunted the telephone booth and covered slips of yellow paper with telegrams. A trusted recruit had fallen before the wiles of the Enemy, and how the mischief was one to fill his place at an hour's notice?

The train on which another was to arrive was wrecked just outside of Atlanta, and there was no such thing as getting through a query as to whether he were still in this life. The plans for tomorrow had to be perfected, and bricks must be made without straw.

In this world it is perilous to set your heart on anything, and yet, unless you get it, what is to become of your ideal?

But George Stallings, as has been already pointed out, is averse from failure, and, like Love, he will find a way.

JULIAN HAWTHORNE, WHO STUDIES BRAVES FOR THE AMERICAN



THRONG SEES AUTO SHOW OPEN

Continued from First Page

get the war [illegible] which will be mentioned [illegible] time.

If you have a state for [illegible] square feet of room. There are [illegible] rooms [illegible] Boston [illegible] devoted [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

BRAVES AND RED SOX READY FOR STRENUOUS CAMPAIGN IN SOUTH

Stallings' World's Champions Hold Two Practice Sessions at Macon—Carrigan's Band at Hot Springs Eager for Hostilities to Start Tomorrow

JOHNNY EVERS TAKING THINGS EASY IN SOUTH

Braves' Scrappy Field Leader to Be Careful in Early Training Work.

MACON, Ga., March 6.—A warm sun and a gentle breeze reminiscent of early Northern June, greeted these peppery Braves, who went through the two fastest practice spells of the present trip today. It was real baseball weather and the champions played real baseball.

For more than an hour, both in morning and afternoon, that star infield went through all the stunts that star infields are supposed to go through, and some of the performances made the hair on the heads of the "fans," who crowded the bleachers, stand up straight, even though most of it was kinky.

[illegible] this was [illegible] ever, but who was not permitted to do any throwing, there has not been a [illegible] since the start.

Johnny Evers Taking Light Workouts.

Manager Evers is a bit under the weather with a boil or, the neck, and was [illegible] excused from any work. He was the only absentee and he might have worked had there been any real necessity. But no chances were taken with the brave [illegible]

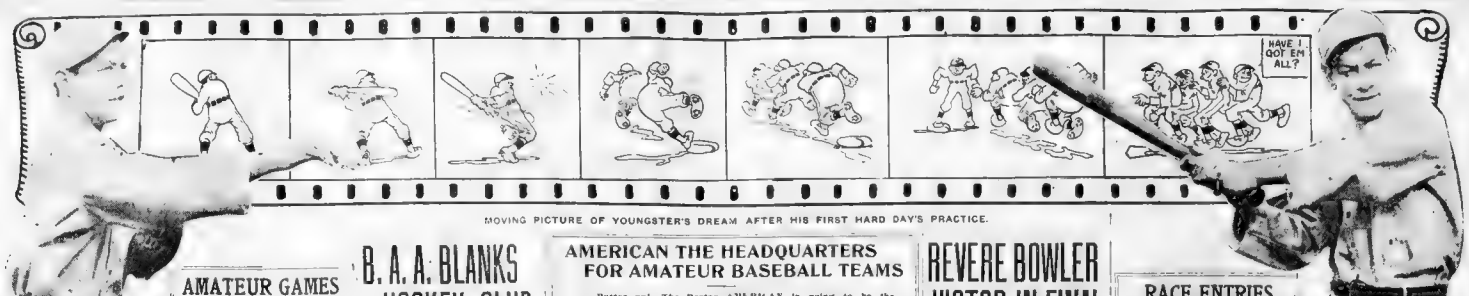
[illegible] preparing his team for the fifty days through that old Athletic League [illegible] and he is as watchful as a German sentry to see that nobody gets bamboozled up.

It was noticeable today that the acting of the infielders have worked into form in remarkable fashion. Keeping layers, the members of the middle cordon cut the spitters around with a lot of nip and perfect accuracy. Captain Johnny is taking things easy.

The shyness that naturally prevailed the first few days has been [illegible] and now the players go after all kinds of smashes with never a quiver. "Red" Smith limped the first few days but is now as lively as a cricket and fast on ever.

The hitlessness, too, continues to [illegible] with [illegible] though the pitchers have started to curve them a little and what timing [illegible] is also [illegible] to the [illegible] outfield presents [illegible] with the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] believe the Wednesday [illegible] southpaws [illegible] things are lined up [illegible] and Gilbert will [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Here He Is—The First of the Season—Any Old Back Lot—Every Day



MOVING PICTURE OF YOUNGSTER'S DREAM AFTER HIS FIRST HARD DAY'S PRACTICE.

AMATEUR GAMES

THERE are breakers ahead for the ... year-old ... Boston as the Lincoln ... in the field with a ... the Andrews Baseball ... cole Club, Union Ice ...

THE Holy Name Cadets of St Mary's Church, Brook ... formed a baseball club and ... for 16-17-year-old ... Rev. Sheehan Brookline

The Westminsters of Arlington ... would like to ... Epsilon ... schedule ... Monday ... Middlesex ... Brook ... their phone Brookline ... evenings

THE Centrals of Malden have reorganized for the coming season ... would like to arrange games ... first ... 110 pounds teams ... Address ... Broad ... Malden

THE Sacred Heart Star boys of ... would like to arrange games ... Address Jos. J. McCarthy, Jr. ... 24 Madison ... Medford

THE Albany A. C. of Cambridge is ... of ... games ... with the ... 16 years of ... Address ... Albany ... Cambridge

THE Athletics of Roxbury have or ... Those ... would like to hear ... Address Dan ... Lexington, Lexington, Mass.

The Horner A. C. of ... would like to arrange ... Address A. C. Horner ... Apr. 15, and April ... Dudley ... Dudley

THE Athletics of Roxbury have organized a baseball club and would like to hear from ... Address Jos. J. McCarthy, Jr. ... 24 Madison ... Medford

B. A. A. BLANKS HOCKEY CLUB BY 3-0 SCORE

By Its Victory Unicorn Team Again Ties St. Nicholas for Amateur League Lead.

AMERICAN THE HEADQUARTERS FOR AMATEUR BASEBALL TEAMS

Batter up! The Boston AMERICAN is going to be the headquarters of the semi-professional and amateur baseball teams this year, as usual.

The warm weather has caused the youngsters to get out their baseball togs and start organizing for 1915, and they will be soon doing their training stunts on the various playgrounds and lots throughout Greater Boston.

The AMERICAN will publish all semi-professional and amateur baseball challenges. The hustling, wide-awake managers will arrange their schedules at once. Get busy now and write out your challenges. Address Amateur Baseball Editor, Boston American, 8S Summer street, Boston.

Bowling Standing

SUBURBAN & OPP LEAGUE

GRAY & DAVIS SHOP LEAGUE

PHENIX MEN'S LEAGUE

BLAKE & KNOWLES LEAGUE

NEWTON LEAGUE

J & M LEAGUE

B. A. A. STARTED PAST.

ROYAL ARCANUM LEAGUE

C.T.I. LEAGUE

AUTOMOBILE LEAGUE

ODD FELLOWS LEAGUE

M. C. A. LEAGUE FINAL

MT. PENDL T.C.U. LEAGUE

BANK AND TRUST CO. LEAGUE

FURNITURE LEAGUE

LOWELL SQUARE LEAGUE

PRINTING TRADE LEAGUE

CORPORATION LEAGUE

BOSTON CLUB LEAGUE

BOSTON CITY CLUB LEAGUE

TELEPHONE LEAGUE.

TEAMS	W.	L.	P.C.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

PENN GETS BIG COLLEGE GAMES

Harvard Loses Intercollegiate Meet by 10-7 Vote; Maine Elected Member.

Tech Freshies Lose In track Games

Clinton Winner in Soccer Tussle, 2-1

Lowell Athletes Beat English High

Yale Beats Brown in Gym Games

Newburyport Loses to Lawrence Y.M.C.A.

NEWBURYPORT, March 6—Tues-

Harvard Wrestlers Lose to Andover

DEVORE MAY JOIN FEDERALS

ARMY LOSES AT POLO.

Fordham Player Is Signed by the Cubs

CHICAGO, March 6—Roger Bres-

REVERE BOWLER VICTOR IN FINAL PRIZE ROLL-OFF

W. H. Smith Leads Field with String of 110; Harkins Is Second and Mitchell Third.

Winners in Great Bowling Roll-Off

W. H. Smith, No. 111 Beach street, Revere	110
Hugh Harkins, No. 13 Cart street, Woburn	105
W. S. Mitchell, No. 6 Bay State place, South Boston	103
Patrick Sullivan, No. 96 Hunneman street, Roxbury	100
Roy Williams, No. 40 Gilman street, Somerville	99
Thos. T. Murphy, No. 286 Market street, City	98
Daniel Melrath, No. 46 South Huntington avenue	95
George Donovan, No. 121 Court street, Boston	94
Dr. H. Henry, No. 1140 Columbus avenue, City	93
Frank Ollerico, No. 459 Dudley street, Roxbury	80
Gerard V. Jones, No. 253 Broadway, Somerville	88
Louis Bernasini, No. 18 Tileston street, city	87
Richard Crocker, No. 22 Scotia street, city	87
James F. Roper, No. 186 Warren street, Needham	86
Jack H. Frost, No. 26 Gibson street, Dorchester	85
Norman L. Snow, No. 30 Hancock street, city	79
Neal Nigro, No. 373 Revere street, Revere	77
Frank Miller, No. 168 Sixth street, South Boston	72
Stephen Welch, No. 48 Crescent avenue, Dorchester	60

Prize winners. First prize $20, second $10, third $5.

The Boston AMERICAN closed its bowling tournament last night. W. H. Smith of Revere was the winner of the roll-off in the Winter street contest.

The roll-off was held at the American rooms, where the Revere pin-dropper led the twenty qualifiers with a total pinfall of 110.

In several weeks the AMERICAN is encouraging the indoor game of bowling, has offered prizes that have brought out the leading pinmen of Greater Boston.

Bowling is one of the most helpful of sports enjoyed during the Winter months. AMERICAN bowlers are urged to encourage the organization of weekly roll-off of the winners of the bowling alleys of Greater Boston.

For a time the leading pin stoppers and tip tossers have been engaged in a match to bring the contest to a close. The last night, when the Revere bowler was presented with first prize.

Hugh Harkins of Woburn was the second prize winner, with a string of 105. W. S. Mitchell of South Boston won the third prize with a total pinfall of 103.

As a result of the interest created by the AMERICAN'S season in bowling, it is now understood that several leagues will be arranged for next season. AMERICAN bowlers are urged to get in the best form of exercise, bringing every muscle into play. He started if he did not, and found it worked great.

Leap-Frogging to Be Tried by White Sox

PASO ROBLES, Cal., March 6—Leap frog will be introduced into major league training by Manager Rowland this year, when the field is unfit for play he will take men on a long line, and when about 500 yards has been hoed he will start them leap frogging. The fellows will not be allowed to squat when down, but will have to rise on knees and make a forward stunt to the jumper to leap over. Rowland considers this one of the best forms of exercise, bringing every muscle into play. He started it the first day and found it worked great.

WILLARD CONQUEROR ON JOB

DENVER, March 6—Jack Hoskin will challenge the winner of the Willard-Johnson fight at Juarez. Hoskin, who retired from the fighting game a year ago, has been training since the close of the Cox claims to have knocked out Al Palzer in the rounds at Spring-field, Mo., 1 hour Day, 1911

RACE ENTRIES

Juarez Entries.

JUAREZ, March 6—Entries for to-morrow:

FIRST RACE—Selling, two-year-olds, ... Moths 107, Thomas 106, ... Hugh 103, Abbs 104, Cyn 107, Emily B 107, ... mone 104, Alice Morrow 103, Valse A 96, Chino Boy 106, Bonilla 106, Ra ... 111.

SECOND RACE—Selling, three-year-olds and upwards, 5½ furs. Del 97, Attorney 97, Sunday Mag 98, Rena H 98, Santa Fe 107, Ben 107, Allana 105, Judy Jones 105, Fannie Ar ... 104, Rapid Water 112, Empress 107, ... Jones 112, Tedana Lass 115, ... ve B 115.

THIRD RACE—Selling, four-year-olds and upwards, one and one-half miles, ... Dot 97, Anyone Else 112, ... Briton 110, Native Son 110, Swede Sam 110.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse $1,500, three-year-olds and upwards, ... Mag 104, Ethel H 107, Ben Hall 97, Lancaster 109, Lebag 105, ... 105, Brooklet 111, ... Hoodie 108, Rich 112, Gomez 109, ... 111, Pandarita 110.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upwards, selling, one mile, 70 yards. Ed. Rick 105, Arch Mel 105, Hester 104, Shadow of Time 107, Ben Ali 107, Lady Mary 102, Cheslaw 107, Ben Ali 107.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, four-year-olds and upwards, short course. Lady Mac 107, Mag Jones 102, Gay Boy, Jones 105, Hoodie 105, Allegro 109, Sonora 110, Pandarita 110.

SEVENTH RACE—Selling, two-year-olds, ... Mc Mc ... and Rich 96, Bee Bee 105, First Mortgage 108, Mary Ann 105, Allegro 109, Sonora 110.

Havana Entries.

HAVANA, March 6—Entries for to-morrow are as follows:

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs; purse $300, ... Bob 107, Pedro 108, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; purse $300, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs; purse $300, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110.

FOURTH RACE—Five furlongs; purse $300, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse $300, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110.

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse $300, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110.

SEVENTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse $300, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110, ... Bob 107, Pedro 110, Sonora 110.

JUAREZ RESULTS.

JUAREZ, Mex., March 6—Track ... FIRST RACE—... SECOND RACE—... THIRD RACE—... FOURTH RACE—... FIFTH RACE—... SIXTH RACE—... SEVENTH RACE—...

HAVANA RESULTS.

HAVANA, Cuba, March 6—Track ... FIRST RACE—... SECOND RACE—... THIRD RACE—... FOURTH RACE—... FIFTH RACE—... SIXTH RACE—... SEVENTH RACE—...

Amusements.

TREMONT TEMPLE NOW

LARGEST COLLECTION OF REAL WAR PICTURES IN AMERICA.

7 REELS 4 THRILLS

Great Organ 2 & 3:30 7:30 & 9

Popular Prices

4th Week

Phillies Secure Cuban Sensation to Plug Infield

PHILADELPHIA, March 6—Ramiro Seigle, the latest hope for the Phillies' infield roster, is pronounced by experts now in Cuba to be the most promising new man in prospect. The young Cuban, who played shortstop for Almendares Club last season, finished with a batting average of .364. Manager Moran has never seen the Cubist, but he was so highly recommended that Patrick was willing to take a chance.

Seigle is said to be exceptionally fast a good pelter on the hops and a hitter of extraordinary talent. That there is something in the youngster worth looking for is shown by the fact that Marsans and Acosta, both with major league experience behind them, were outbatted and outfielded by Seigle's "discovered" player.

Seigle is a brother of Oscar Seigle, secretary of the Cuban legation at Washington.

Chicago Examiner

Over ½ Million Circulation Every Sunday

Up to 12 or 13 years ago, when the Chicago Sunday Examiner was inaugurated, 250,000 was a big circulation for a Chicago Sunday newspaper.

The Chicago Sunday papers were the old fashioned, all type, few illustrations, heavy, boggy sort of newspaper.

When the Examiner started it the paper published a radically new characteristic—its editorial energy. Other Chicago papers endeavored to follow suit, adopting and copying features of this newspaper.

Publishers never equaled Examiner's.

The Chicago Sunday Examiner to-day has a circulation of considerably over ONE-HALF MILLION and is steadily heading for the 650,000 circulation mark. It has always been Chicago's greatest Sunday newspaper.

Chicago Examiner

Member Audit Bureau of Circulations.

MOTOR PACE BIG BOOM TO BIKE RACING

From fifteen miles an hour to sixty-three miles in the same time on a bicycle propelled by just one pair of legs is a difference which is highly conservative. To ride more than a mile at a rate of speed faster than most of our railroad trains travel seems to us doing the impossible, but that is what fast pacing exhibitions of motor and bicycle have made them, keen observers say, in the matter of locomotion through open space is the wonderful speed and the unlimited possibilities. Rather queer that has lured interest in cycle racing year after year would seem to be a passion less jaded from view.

The fact was demonstrated in a most emphatic manner by the great throng that put up by Paul Guignard, the French pacer, and Jerry Lake, the Australian champion, at the Boston Arena last night. Over three miles in a hour at the Munich Olympic track September 1, 1907.

Since the [illegible] Nettle-boy [illegible] almost [illegible] record [illegible] of [illegible] by the [illegible] pacing [illegible]

INTRODUCING DE PAEP.

When pacing [illegible] covered or [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

HISTORY OF THE TIRE INTERESTS MOTOR OWNERS

Building of Tubes from Crude Seldom Witnessed by ers of Motor Vehicles.

HANDSOME DECORATIONS AT MOTOR SHOW

PHOTOS BY RUTTENBERG, BOSTON

about ready to be stored to await packing

Hunting Rabbits With Roadster

Factory Officials Will Attend Show

Interesting Display of Lewis Cars

MOTOR CARS AT AUCTION

J. M. Barry Originated a Most Popular Idea.

The weekly auction sale of motor cars conducted by the Boston Auto Sales Company at its quarters on Commonwealth avenue, have become a recognized feature of the local motor world, a feature that appeals particularly to those who desire to secure a serviceable car at a slight cost.

The idea of establishing these sales originated with J. M. Barry a man well known for many years has been successfully connected with the motor industry of this section, and one who knows values right to the ground. Mr Barry has served his apprenticeship at the trade, and consequently knows what a car should be and what it is worth. Realizing that there was a field for such a concern in this J. M Barry undertook to establish one that would stand the test of time and give to the purchaser the best there is, and he will not offer for sale a car that is not in his order or other than represented in the early days of the business Mr Barry operated and the success of the affair happily bore out his judgment. Which in fact is one of the leading features of the industry in Boston, and up his present line of work, and with a great deal of promise.

He was also the originator of the school for motor mechanics and chauffeurs, an institution operated by which he now has a private driving games his knowledge of the control of motor car from the inside. The business of his company is not confined to the auction sales.

The selling and buying of cars here is entirely different from elsewhere. Any one desiring to sell his car brings it in and leaves a statement of the price, also you really buy from the owner direct through the auction company. It is the privilege of every car owner to put on the floor for sale, one owner's statement is put on the floor for sale, where it remains seldom over one week; if it is not sold by 11 o'clock Tuesday it is put up for auction and sold under the hammer.

The advantage of buying a car in this manner are that you get a good car at a low price, also you really buy from the owner direct through the auction company. You get all the money back inside of 48 hours, if you find the car is not in the condition it to be. The auction company also sells the car also benefits, he is not obliged to auction off his car at a ridiculously low price in order to get cash. He pays only 8% of its sale price to the Auction Company, who are working for a fair value to order.

And many others which for lack of space we are unable to list herewith. Private sale at all times. Public Auction Every Tuesday, 11 A. M. Come as early as you can Tuesday morning—look the cars over before the sale. Try them out if you wish.

The selling and buying of cars here is entirely different than elsewhere. Any one desiring to sell his car brings it in and leaves a statement of the price, also you really buy from the owner direct through the auction company. It is the privilege of every car owner to put on the floor for sale, one owner's statement is put on the floor for sale, where it remains seldom over one week; if it is not sold by 11 o'clock Tuesday it is put up for auction and sold under the hammer.

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That their 8% will be as large as possible. Everything considered, there is no such opportunity offered anywhere in the used car business, which benefits owner and buyer, more than our auction sales, as such as this we offer on this. We are prepared to furnish an auctioneer for sales of automobiles or merchandise in any part of Massachusetts.

Remember, Public Auction Every Tuesday, 11 A. M.

PRIVATE SALE AT ALL TIMES

BOSTON AUTO AUCTION & SALES COMPANY

JOHN M. BARRY, Auctioneer

Open Day and Night; also Sundays. Incorporated Under Laws of Massachusetts. Phone Brighton 2000

1105 Commonwealth Av., Cor. Brighton Av.

Any Commonwealth Ave. or Brighton Ave. Car from Subway Passes Our Door.

Directly Opposite Packard Motor Car Co. Cut This Adv. for Reference. Dead Storage in Our Fireproof Building

Our References: Any Bank, Boston Newspaper or Automobile Agency.

EXETER OUTDOOR TRACK TEAM FAST

EXETER N. H. March 6—With the indoor season out of the way interest in track athletics here now centers in the development of an outdoor team.

Although Exeter had a rather unsuccessful indoor season, losing a defeat in the B. A. A. [illegible] meet for the first time in five years, the strength of the latest team can best be fairly judged on the showing.

In this meet the Twenty-year mark deprived Coach Clemons of the services of a mainstay of his best performers. In the outdoor meets however he can send his best material on to [illegible].

Exeter should [illegible] balanced team this season. Dan Burke, captain of last year's team, has long since established himself as a star track man.

Now Burke [illegible] one of Exeter's best sprinters, is ranked first, and as a member of the championship 440 relay team, the holder of the sprints will [illegible] 100 yd. 100 Swett in 1:[illegible] Sanders, a fast trio, at the 440 and 220 in the [illegible].

The quarter mile will find Captain Rupert Raffetl in a [illegible] and Ralph Knoll all [illegible] shown well in trials. [illegible] is a man who developed fast in the [illegible] of [illegible] Knoll will [illegible] the quarter. He is [illegible] mate [illegible] is expecting Mike Dan [illegible] will [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] last year.

The [illegible] will be [illegible] [illegible] by [illegible] with the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] as if he [illegible] [illegible] John Parker [illegible].

Like [illegible] Hampton [illegible] Coach [illegible] [illegible] cars and [illegible] form of a [illegible] Dartmouth is another [illegible] time man who should [illegible] spring at the [illegible].

In the hurdles [illegible] [illegible] developed [illegible] the material [illegible] to be Stan Porter [illegible] who was a good [illegible] when he was on the Milton High school track team. Cyril Laid, whose work [illegible] success for him [illegible] Bill Lawrence, a former Volkmann School star [illegible] there was practically [illegible]

Excellent Line of Ford Bodies

One of the [illegible] exhibits at the show in con[illegible] with Ford cars is that of L. [illegible] tion, Inc., in the basement. It's exhibit includes a limited selection of bodies including [illegible] sedan, as well and a [illegible] commercial body and an elaborate Ford Sedan. The last-mentioned is equipped with wire wheels, nickel plating, pointed radiator, steering wheel, bumper, electric lights and a Willoughby Sedan body, with three entrance doors and a full undivided front seat.

Mr. Cotton claims that his company is the largest in existence dealing in bodies for Ford cars and says that owing to its resources it has been able to command excellent conditions at times when the factories from which it buys have found it necessary to close contracts for [illegible] in order to avoid shut-downs. Our [illegible] Partner, [illegible] says, the practice of buying in carload lots makes it possible for the company to quote the very lowest prices on all bodies.

Mr. Cotton has recently started a factory of his own in Dover, N. H., where he will manufacture a special line of Ford bodies to supplement his present, excellent line.

MOTORCYCLE IMPROVEMENTS

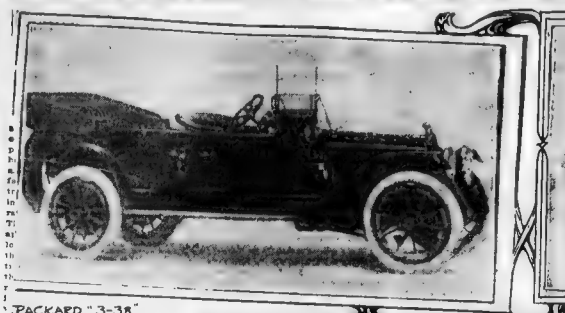
Walter Davidson, president of the Harley-Davidson Motor Company, recently said: "During the thirteen years that we have been engaged in the manufacture of motorcycles we have never introduced a more important improvement than the three-speed.

"The new Harley-Davidson has a [illegible] mechanical oil pump, which feeds oil to all parts at all speeds, with out the use of hand or check valves. Another feature of this year's model is the step starter, which enables the rider to start the engine with both wheels on the ground and without one pedal. The old style motor has been [illegible] and a [illegible] Harley-Davidson [illegible] is possible to make [illegible]

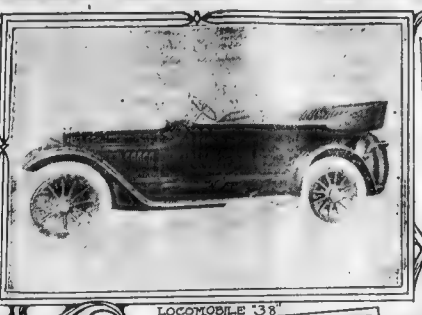
Western Snows Reach New York

NEW YORK March [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

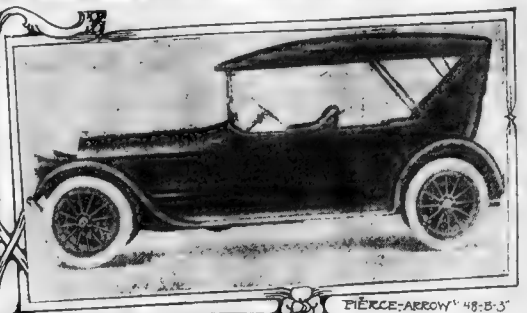
SIX OF THE MOST EXPENSIVE CARS DISPLAYED AT THE SHOW IN MECHANICS BUILDING.



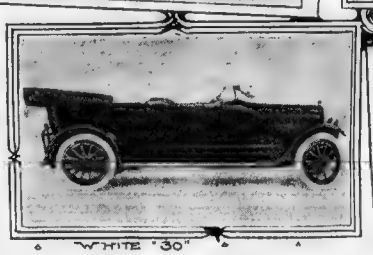
PACKARD "3-38"



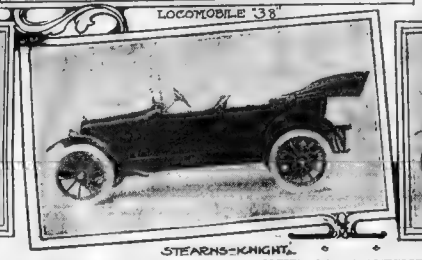
LOCOMOBILE "38"



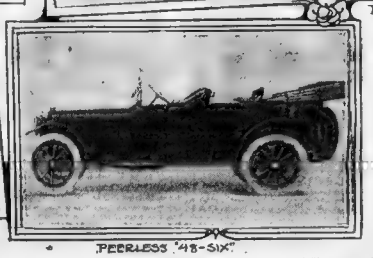
PIERCE-ARROW "48-B-5"



WHITE "30"



STEARNS-KNIGHT



PEERLESS "48-SIX"

TRUCK MEN TO CONVENE

At the ... day the ... Automobile ... selected ... and Detroit as the place for a ... vention ... ents, to be preceded by the regular monthly meeting of the directors. To this gathering will be invited all the leading commercial vehicle manufacturers, including those not members of the N. A. ... so that there may be thoroughly representative of the whole trade. The Commercial Vehicle Committee, of which Winsor T. White is chairman, will arrange to have ... addresses presented by men who are authorities on the various subjects and problems in the business, to be followed by open discussions.

Reports by W. E. Metzger, chairman of the traffic committee, show that February shipments of automobiles were 14,066 carloads—a substantial increase over the figures for February, 1914, which were 10,5[illegible] carloads.

An Exceptional Opportunity

1915 Six-54 Hudson with special coupe landaulet body, removable hood over driver, extra large windows, body upholstered in gray whipcord, equipped with all latest devices, run 4,000 miles. Original cost $3,900. Submit offers

LOCOMOBILE COMPANY,
700 COMMONWEALTH AVENUE
Phone B. B. 5350.

Enters Selling End of Motor Industry

J. H. McDearmon, who has been with John Deere Plow Company of Kansas City for eleven years, has resigned to become assistant sales manager with the Oakland Motor Company. This is the tenth man who, having been successful in reaching a high position in the selling organization of the big manufacturers of farm implements, has been persuaded by F. W. Warner, general sales manager of the Oakland Motor Company, that the automobile business is a field in which they can win greater business success.

Mr. McDearmon was assistant manager and sales manager of John Deere Plow Company. His business career has been a success for two very good reasons: because McDearmon is a born salesman.

NEW LOW-PRICED CAR EXHIBITED

Dort Touring Car and Roadster Models Are Displayed.

The Dort car, manufactured by the Dort Motor, Car Company of Flint, Michigan, a $500,000 corporation, the stockholders and officers of which are the same as the Durant-Dort Carriage Company is being exhibited at the Boston Show.

This is the car that created such a favorable impression at the New York show, and it is continuing to add to its fame at the present show.

While practically on one chassis as far as general design and materials used are concerned, the touring and roadster models which make up the line, are carried on different wheel bases, and have different sized motors, springs and tires.

The touring car model has a 105-inch wheel base, 30x3½-inch tires, 1-inch width springs and 3½x3½-inch bore and stroke motor. The roadster has a 92-inch, wheel base, 30x3½-inch tires, 1¾-inch width springs and 3x3-inch bore and stroke motor.

Both chassis have the same characteristics in other particulars. The motor itself is the product of the Dort Company. It is designed for light, high speed work with 4 two-bearing crank shaft. The crankshaft has a diameter of 1¾ inches and is carried on especially long bearings. Other distinctive features of the motor is the twin ejector type of exhaust. With this manifold cylinders one and four exhaust in one passage and cylinders three and two in another; thus avoiding any chance of dead gases entering into one cylinder, and at the same time helping to create a vacuum into which it is easy for the motor to exhaust at a low pressure.

Ignition is by the Connecticut battery system and the carburetor is a marvel, model H. The lighting and starting systems supplied are the Apelco.

Both models are regularly equipped with generator electric lighting system, but the electric starter is an extra.

The clutch is a leather-faced one and the gear box provides three speeds with selective arrangement. A feature of the car is that the entire drive from the clutch to the rear wheels is taken through nickel steel, as the gears and shafts in the gear box, the one-inch propeller shaft, the gears in the differential and the 1¾-inch differential shafts, are all of this material. The spring suspension is semi-elliptic in front and floating cantilever in rear, with the drive taken through a special forked torque tubes.

The touring car body has a five-passenger seating capacity, and the standard colors are black with green wheels. On the roadster, which seats two passengers, the colors are green body with black hood and fenders and red wheels.

Plant Working to Capacity

Word has been received by the Charles Motor Company, distributors of the Inter-State, that reports are coming in from all over the country commending the builders of the Inter-State for the exceptional value they are offering in a medium priced car.

These reports are also having a telling effect in a sales way, as the production of this car has grown by leaps and bounds during the past few months, until the big plant at Muncie is working near capacity.

In speaking of this increase in business during the winter months, W. A. Carter, president of the Charles Motor Company, said:

"It is truly remarkable the steady increase sales have taken this Winter, but it is no more than can be expected when one really knows the kind of car the Inter-State is.

"We feel sure that this year will be a record-breaker in our own territory. The large number of interested parties that have been coming into our store every day speaks well for a prosperous selling season.

"The Inter-State is a powerful four-cylinder car, containing the essentials of a quality vehicle at a price which is within reach of the man who wants quality without extravagance."

UNIQUE PLAN OF SELLING

Motor Sales Company Inaugurates a Brand-New Selling Policy.

It would seem, apparently, each year as though the last word had been said in the construction and selling of the automobile. Certainly it does not appear that there is very much could be done in the way of improvements to the show that is now being offered at Mechanics Hall and along automobile row.

Every year, and this year is no exception, has seen one or two features that stand out pre-eminently as offering a wonderful advancement in both the construction and the selling end of the motor car business.

What is doubtless one of the most interesting and far-reaching enterprises in the automobile industry is the Motor Sales Inc., whose home offices are located at Stamford, Ct.

This organization is the result of long experience in the motor car field, and it is due to the knowledge of trade conditions that the selling system and sane plan of real co-operation has been perfected. This co-operation will prove a boon to the dealers, many of whom, in former years, have received far too little consideration from the hands of the manufacturer. Here is where the Motor Sales policy comes in. This policy includes a selling system which abounds in unique features. A corps of capable salesmen visit the dealer constantly through the year, see their prospects and in every way render valuable assistance in the closing of a sale. The dealer for the first time is in real touch with the man that sells him the goods. What Recognizes the Motor Sales salesmen do not make sales of the various models and types, as well as a complete line of parts. These parts are purchased only when the dealer needs them. In other words, the dealer buys a car only when he has sold it or he buys a part only when his customer needs it. This does away with the many objectionable features pertaining to the little dealer's business.

The parts account no longer accumulates and for the first time in the history of the automobile industry the dealer can devote his time to the selling end of his business without the worry that has usually been attendant. He has the satisfaction in every way. The Motor Sales Co. offers assistance to the dealer, for instance, the mechanic has been obtained to give him every assistance possible, in order to keep the owners of the cars constantly turned up and to assure them the most satisfactory results.

The Motor Sales Co., inc., of Stamford have one of the handsomest show windows in New England; in fact, for that matter, in the country. There is ample space in which twelve cars are properly displayed, and in addition to this, the company has a warehouse where forty cars are constantly in stock, and a service and a parts department that are complete in every detail. They have gone so into detail, it is really remarkable in its completeness.

The advertising department is in charge of an experienced man, who with his assistants are constantly in touch with the dealers, arranging for proper publicity to push the products.

The Motor Sales has been said to have a unique plan of selling; they have divided the New England territory in half, the Stamford office taking care of the Western field and the Boston headquarters, which has been opened at No. 887 Boylston street, will handle the eastern section. The company is not exhibiting at the show, but feel that they can give better service in the quiet and convenience of their own rooms at No. 887 Boylston street, where many dealers will call during the coming week to interest themselves in the very interesting subject of the selling end of automobiles.

LARGE USED CAR BUSINESS.

How a great enterprise can spring from a small beginning is demonstrated by the George Grow Automobile company of Nos 321-323 Columbus avenue. Fifteen years ago this firm was housed in a building scarcely larger than a cottage. They now occupy five floors on Columbus avenue.

This house is the largest establishment of its kind in the world. They have $750,000 worth of "used cars" in stock at the present time, to which they continue to add. Last year 2,000 machines were sold by this firm, and they expect to sell 3,000 in 1915.

TALK ON MOTORCYCLES.

A feature of the Pope motorcycle exhibit at this year's auto show will be the talks by Mrs. Edith P. Haines, who has ridden a motorcycle for some seasons past. She will relate her experience with the Pope and demonstrate the features of that machine. Mr. H. Howard, the local agent, has made this year's exhibit one of great merit. He was assisted by Mr. F. W. Starr, the publicity man of the firm.

Accessory Exhibit Attracts Attention

The exhibit of the ... A. I. Atwood Compa... dist... the Needham ... a feature ... ior ... ble attention ... The Needham ... is a ... town of that ... a ... new produc... apply to ... sake ... ... try and especially ... New York. The Atwood ... is one ... largest accessory ... in the ... they having ... ... larger quarters ... No. 191 ... street, finding ... former heading ... ters inadequate for their needs.

Thinking of Green Fields?
And dreaming of swift-running brooks? It's "back to the farm," typo. See the "Farms for Sale" columns in today's "Want Ad" Section.

LOCOMOBILE
Will sacrifice if sold this week my beautiful 1913 38-h. p. limousine, fully equipped in every detail, fresh from the paint shop and guaranteed. Deferred payments accepted. No dealers. K 544, Boston American.

Stop Using Soap and Water on Your Auto!

It Cracks and Kills the Varnish—You Know It

U-sav-your Automobile Dressing

Will polish your car—not deaden it. It will never gum or catch dust. We guarantee this or we'll refund your money.

Try it on your paint, enamel, brass, nickel, leather, linoleum, etc.

And it costs only 50 cents a bottle. Save your painting and enamelling bills!

U-SAV-YOUR TIRE REMOVER

Makes the Q. D. Rim Perfect. Simple, Efficient, Powerful

WRITE FOR INFORMATION

U-SAV-YOUR MFG. CO., Warren, Mass.

GRANT SIX

$795

Completely Equipped, Including Electric Starting and Lighting

Motor, overhead valve, 3½x4¼, developing about 55-horsepower. **Transmission**, selective, three speeds forward, mounted on ball bearings. **Rear Axle**, full floating. **Ignition**, Atwater-Kent, automatic advance. **Lighting**, true Cantilever rear, front semi-elliptical. **Tires**, 32x3½, Non Skid rear.

Body, beautiful streamline, long sweep, curled hair, full upholstered. **Windshields**, two-piece, clear vision rain vision. **Top**, one-man, good serviceable outfit. **Starting and Lighting**, one unit mounted on motor, cuts lamp bulbs. **Equipment**, electric horn, extra rim, speedometer, tools, jack, robe rail, etc.

We Have Some Territory Open for Live Dealers

H. S. WAITE CO., 601 BOYLSTON ST., BOSTON, MASS.
TELEPHONE BACK BAY 5200

General Vehicle

EXHIBIT SPACES 218 AND 219

Electric Trucks :: :: Gasolene Trucks

1000 pound chassis, worm driven
2000 pound Freight Truck
2 ton chassis, chain driven
5 ton Mercedes Truck, internal gear drive

Different from any other exhibit at the Show
Don't fail to see it!

General Vehicle Company
INCORPORATED

TELEPHONE, CAMBRIDGE 4708
BAY BAKER, DISTRICT MANAGER, ELECTRIC DIVISION
GEO. H. MUDGE, DISTRICT MANAGER, GASOLINE DIVISION

Inter-State

"The Thousand Dollar Car"

Avoid Unnecessary Features When You Buy a Car

The Inter-State demonstrates conclusively that one thousand dollars is the logical and sensible price to pay for a good substantial automobile possessing all the luxuries that are economically practical.

Look for These Essential Qualities

The fundamental and cardinal qualities, which you should demand in the car you buy, are Power, Comfort, Beauty and Efficiency.

The judicious price for a car, which offers you all of these features is one thousand dollars.

If you pay more than this your purchase is extravagant because you buy unnecessary features, which are added simply to justify the price.

Do not sacrifice one or the other of these quality essentials in order to buy a car for less than one thousand dollars.

Investigation has shown us that it is impossible to build a car for less than one thousand dollars without sacrificing Power, Comfort, Beauty or Efficiency.

Investigation will prove to you that the Inter-State has set a sensational standard of value at a fixed price of one thousand dollars.

This Car Proves the Price is Right

We can prove to your satisfaction that the Inter-State will develop more power than you will ever need. The overhead valve motor guarantees it.

The Inter-State is the easiest riding light car on the market. The proper distribution of weights and underslung English manganese steel springs guarantee an ease of riding that is truly extraordinary.

If you will ride in the Inter-State you will understand the comfort we have to offer. Either compartment of the body is roomy, richly upholstered in genuine hand-buffed leather. The cushions are soft and made of real curled hair and good springs.

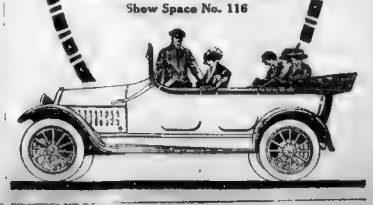
To see the Inter-State is to appreciate the remarkable beauty of this car. Harmony, true streamline grace and good proportion make the Inter-State a vehicle of beauty.

Before You Buy a Car This Spring See the Inter-State at the Show

ASK FOR DEMONSTRATION

INTER-STATE MOTOR CO., Makers
Muncie, Indiana

Charles Motor Co.
940 Commonwealth Ave., Boston
Show Space No. 116



NearRiot in Cambridge Political Street Rally

Eggs and a Brick for Critics of Mayor Good

ght to Swing City to License After Twenty-Eight Dry Years Stirs Voters.

Cambridge ... excited ... it has been before ... years ... shown last night ... Republicans ... on the stump for ... Municipal Party candidates ... assessment, were pelted ... and eggs in the Demo... they had invaded ... took place in Cam... Central Square. The speak... came in an automobile, were ... the Democratic adminis... Hall and advocating ... of Mayor Good ... brick smashed the glass of ... windshield. Then eggs were ... Nobody was hurt.

A riot call for the police brought ... Station ... who aur... the motor and stood guard ... Republican invaders con... their attack on Good and the ...

... Lenan of the Democratic ... Committee declared at midnight ... the attack on the "Citizens ... Help Party" speakers was part ... a plan to discredit the Democratic ... candidate ... Cambridge ... season.

Not only that, Cambridge is wor...

... the city ... the Charles, already ... for the municipal elec... which ... on Tuesday, awoke ... yesterday ... to find that, for ... first time in ... twenty years or ... every billboard in town was ... covered with ads ... eight feet high.

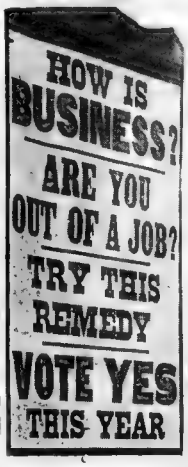
... District ... has been No ... for ... twenty-eight years, with ... Greater Boston reservation ... stores and many express ... at the good people of the ... have been taking it for ... Cambridge could never ... close.

... yesterday, when people had ... a little from the shock of ... the weekly newspapers ... and while each had some... to say editorially about the ... of cold water, and Moxie, ... most of them also ran ... profitable half-page of ad... calling upon the reader to ...

... was an hour everybody in ... had apparently forgotten ... the election of Mayor Timo... Good ... in contested ... in Brackett, Citizens' ... and the No License ... Both were soon in close ... on the matter which con... Pastors, Protestant and ... were getting in touch with ... The priests issued a No ... and ... In every pulpit in ... the shepherds of ... flock will speak from ... Next Sunday ... has been no ... to approach in ... and-hard ... decided the day ...

... has been have... other, ... fighting ... against the ... Rum and his ... which ... have been put ... Mayor Good. There ... The police ... and exonerat...

Mayor Good's Re-election on Tuesday Is Expected; Hard Campaign Near End.



A facsimile of the "Vote Yes" posters which roused clergy to action late yesterday

... ed, but it is still as easy to buy ... legged liquor in Cambridge as to get ... the real stuff over here.

There are nearly a hundred drug stores in town. In half of them it is ... to be as easy as falling off a log to get something with a kick in it. Twenty or more druggists will appear before the Superior Criminal Court within the next two weeks, charged with illegal sales of ... peals from District Court decisions.

More than 100 expressmen are licensed to bring liquor from wholesale houses in Boston to Cambridge residences. The rules ... these ... drastic ... grown ... other cities ... quor business ... other cities are ... Court ... This point was raised yesterday on the billboards and in the newspapers.

DEMOCRATS DISAFFECTED

The Democrats, as a ... in the Lowell Bill. As ... the Republicans, and ... the Progressive ... ticket ... nominations as ... undoubtedly support the ... Mayor Good ... have the support of ... the ... of the ... the prize-fight ... to be ... Democrats are ... put candidates ... the primaries ... fected because ... interesting ... relatives ... stores and the express ...

In every part ... appeared to be ... Mayor Good ... day to succeed ... critics of City Hall, ... declaring that the Mayor ... for conditions ... having a City Council ... of thirty-three ... persons in the Boards ... twenty-two ... Conservative ... against this situation ... people, with a ... Council ... been handling the ... affairs of Boston.

... sight ... claimed that even Mayor Good may ...

FEAR WEST END GIRL IS KIDNAPED

Brother Says Man Took 14-Year-Old Sister Away With Him.

... last night ... for Superin... Mrs. W. Pierce Chilcutt of ... The girl's ... Chilcutt ... the South ... Mrs. ... Chilcutt ... Mrs. ... Chilcutt ... Susan away with him.

Attempt to Fire Winchester Plant

ACTORS THRIFTY, ASSERTS BENNETT

Different from Happy-Go-Lucky Class of Old Days, Says Star in "Newly Married."

... matter what ... things ... I know that Mrs. Bennett and our little girls will be provided for ... I have been a great ... economizing family responsibilities ... was the observation of Richard ... star of the Lyric ... Newly Married" at the Cort ...

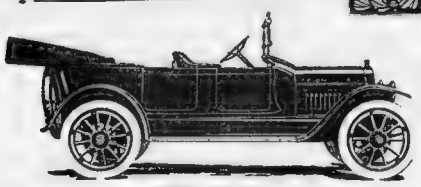
... of the ... the ... ...

MOTOR SHOW NUMBER — Boston American — SUNDAY, MARCH 7, 1915

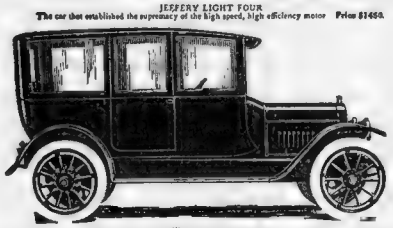
Thirteenth Annual Automobile Show

MECHANICS BUILDING MARCH 6-13

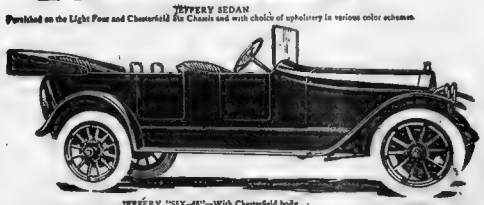
AUSPICES BOSTON AUTOMOBILE DEALERS' ASSOCIATION, INC.



JEFFERY LIGHT FOUR
The car that established the supremacy of the high speed, high efficiency motor. Price $1450.



JEFFERY SEDAN
Furnished on the Light Four and Chesterfield Six Chassis and with choice of upholstery in various color schemes.



JEFFERY "SIX-48"—With Chesterfield body
The Big Six of distinctive appearance and quality dominating in its class. Price $2400

Jeffery

The dominant notes of advanced motor car design.
Small bore, long stroke, high speed—high efficiency motor—Jeffery type.
Worm drive, introduced into gasoline pleasure car construction by Jeffery Chesterfield Six.
Cantilever spring suspension, Lanchester type, developed to its highest point in the Chesterfield Six.
Four forward speed transmission—exclusive among cars of the same size in Chesterfield Six and Jeffery Light Four.
Jeffery Scientific Upholstery—fits the back of the occupants eliminates fatigue.
These features are possible because of the tremendous strength of the Jeffery factory.

$5,000,000 Plant. $3,000,000 Surplus
104 acres of factory grounds. 26 acres of improved factory buildings.

The Thomas B. Jeffery Company

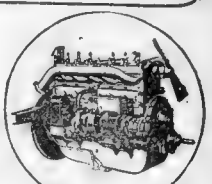
Main Office and Works, Kenosha, Wisconsin

NEW ENGLAND DISTRIBUTORS

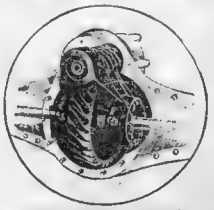
C. P. Rockwell, Inc., 640 Commonwealth Ave.

BOSTON, MASS.

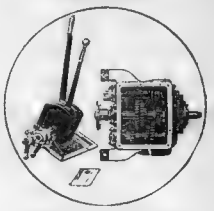
The Jeffery Exhibit at Mechanics Hall is Located in Spaces 105-106-107-237



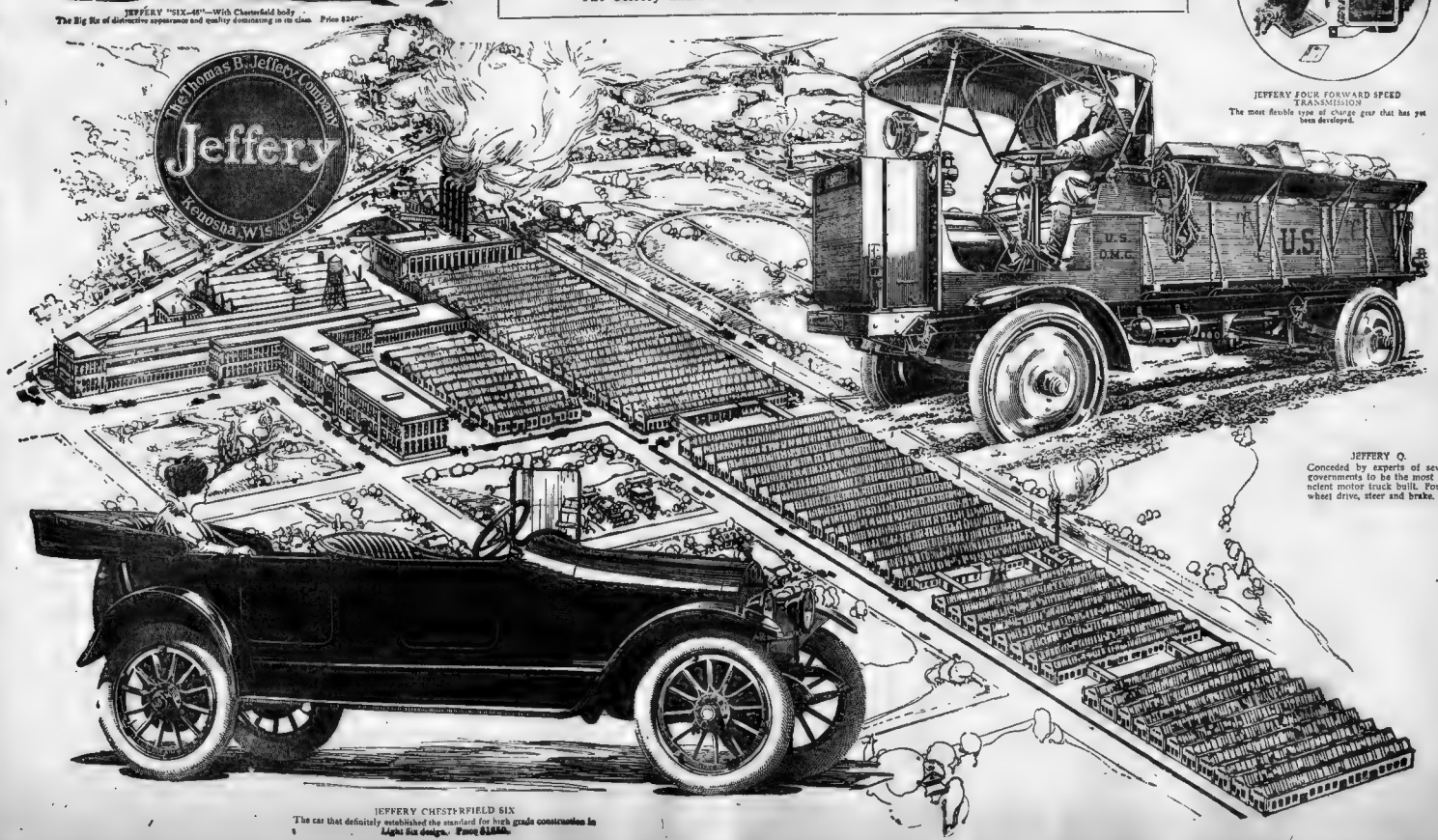
CHESTERFIELD SIX MOTOR
Small bore, long stroke, high efficiency motor. Bijur starting and lighting and Bosch ignition.



CHESTERFIELD SIX WORM DRIVE
Increased efficiency, absolute silence of operation and freedom from adjustment.



JEFFERY FOUR FORWARD SPEED TRANSMISSION
The most flexible type of change gear that has yet been developed.



JEFFERY CHESTERFIELD SIX
The car that definitely established the standard for high grade construction in Light Six design. Price $1650.

JEFFERY Q.
Conceded by experts of seven governments to be the most efficient motor truck built. Four-wheel drive, steer and brake.

GREATEST VARIETY OF AUTOS EVER ASSEMBLED IN BOSTON

INDUSTRIAL SHOW IS COMPLETE IN EVERY PARTICULAR

Boston's 13th Annual Motor Show Outranks All Its Predecessors in Point of Numbers and Excellency of Design, Construction and Finish.

By J. C. KERRISON.

[illegible] features are decidedly [illegible] Boston Automobile Dealers Association inaugurated the [illegible] building [illegible] string

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [

DESIGNING AN AUTOMOBILE NO SIMPLE MATTER

Highest Priced Experts Are the Ones Usually Called Upon to Plan Lowest Priced Car.

Play Important Part in European War

Humorist Joins Motoring Ranks

RESILIENCY OF TIRES.

Anything that serves to stiffen the walls of a tire casing will decrease the resiliency. Loss of resiliency puts extra strain on the action of the tread, and is under the most favorable conditions detrimental to the outer protection. In common use the loss of resiliency caused by heating inter-liners in the casings or leather treads on the outside, may be largely offset by using less air pressure. The fact that most persons most of the time run with less than proper air pressure, makes the use of these devices very advantageous.

WHAT IS THE BEST CAR?

By GEORGE M. DICKSON, General Manager National Co.

Conspicuous Display of Velie Model

New Kissel-Kar Models Displayed

New Saxon Six Draws a Big Crowd

The Saxon booth, which is proving a magnet at the automobile show, is displaying both the new Saxon Six, five-passenger touring car and two of the four-cylinder roadsters, each with regular equipment and one with extra equipment including electric lights and starter, auxiliary seat, seat covers and other features.

Both cars are the complete lines of both Saxon types being shown, but there is also on exhibit a stripped chassis of each of the models.

The Saxon Six is being referred to as the newest car at the show, since it is making its initial appearance to the public and is the first six-cylinder car of five-passenger carrying capacity in the field at so low a price.

IMPROVEMENT IN AUTO SHOWN BY ECONOMY TEST

Reliability Tour Proves Ability of Car to Withstand All Kinds of Road Conditions.

By FRED H. LUCAS
Pope-Hartford Company of Boston

ONLY BIG CARS ENTERED

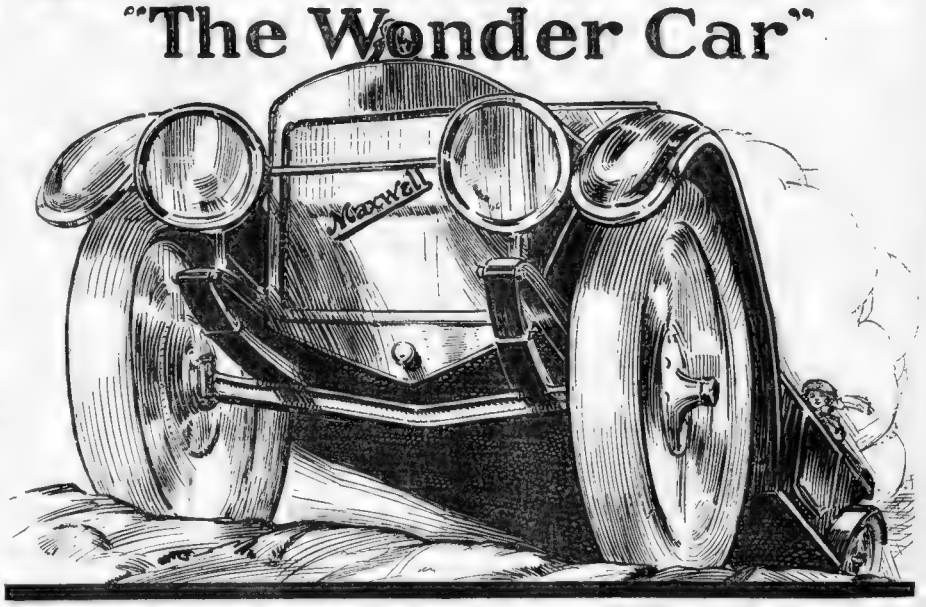
TACKLING HARD ROADS.

ARRIVES ON SCHEDULE TIME.

Unusually Attractive Is the National Line

Maxwell

"The Wonder Car"



You can own an exact duplicate of "Wild Bill" Turner's or Billy Carlson's record-breaking Maxwells

Think of owning one of these same Maxwells—think of driving it wherever you want to—over any kind of roads—up any kind of hills, wherever four wheels can go, the same car for $695.

Remember, every 1915 Maxwell is an exact duplicate of the regular stock Maxwell Touring Cars in which "Wild Bill" Turner broke the world's record up Mt. Hamilton, 21 7/10 miles in 48½ minutes, beating the world's record by 16½ minutes, and "Billy" Carlson broke the world's record up Mt. Wilson, California, making nine miles (up an elevation of 6,000 feet) in 29 minutes and 1 second, beating the previous world's record by 13 minutes.

That's the kind of hill-climber you get when you get a Maxwell.

Now about speed and endurance—here are some recent Maxwell Racing Car records:—

Barney Oldfield in a Maxwell Racing Car broke the world's non-stop record at Corona, California, for 300 miles, averaging 86.3 miles per hour. Think of it—not a stop made!

Then, right on top of this marvelous motor record, along came "Billy" Carlson in his Maxwell Racer and made still another 300 miles non-stop record in the San Diego race. Again a Maxwell Racer ran 300 miles without a stop!

These Maxwell Racing Cars are built by the same Designers, the same Chief Engineer, that build the regular Maxwell Cars; and the same Maxwell Laboratory Tested Steel is used in them that is used in the regular stock Maxwell Touring Cars.

But, aside from hill-climbing and speed power and endurance records, here are some of the facts about Maxwell comfort,—Maxwell special features,—Maxwell beauty and Maxwell service.

Read This List of Expensive Features. The 1915 Maxwell Has These Features and Many Others.

Attractive Streamline Body

A High-Tension Magneto

Left Side Drive—Central Control

Three-Speed Sliding Gear Transmission

Double-Shell Radiator with Shock Absorbing Device

The Roomy Full 5-Passenger Body Adjustable Front Seat

Low "Up-keep" Carburetor

Irreversible Steering Gear

Heavy Car Comfort

One Size of Tire—Anti-Skids on Rear

A Dependable Electric Starter

The Maxwell Company's Guarantee of Service to Maxwell Owners

No other automobile is backed by a more reliable service than that guaranteed every Maxwell owner. More than 2,000 Maxwell dealers — in every part of this country—are always ready to give expert advice, to make adjustments, and to supply new parts at reasonable prices.

This splendid Maxwell dealer service organization is perfected and completed by the chain of Maxwell owned and Maxwell operated Service Branches. Sixteen great Maxwell Service Stations are so located throughout the country that a Maxwell dealer can supply any part for an owner within a few hours if not in his stock. Maxwell Service is one of the great advantages enjoyed by Maxwell owners.

Order a Maxwell from us now, and when you want it delivered we will give you your car—not an excuse on delivery day

"EVERY ROAD IS A MAXWELL ROAD"

$695 F. O. B. DETROIT ELECTRIC STARTER $55 EXTRA

The J. W. Bowman Co.

91 Massachusetts Avenue
Tel. Back Bay 4070

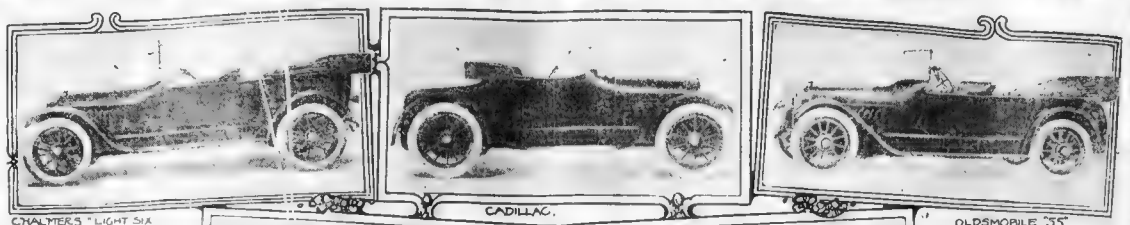
$695 F. O. B. DETROIT ELECTRIC STARTER $55 EXTRA

EXCELLENT CONSTRUCTION MARKED FEATURE OF THE MODELS

INDUSTRY SHOWS GREAT PROGRESS

The Automobile Has Progressed Faster Than Any Other Recent Invention

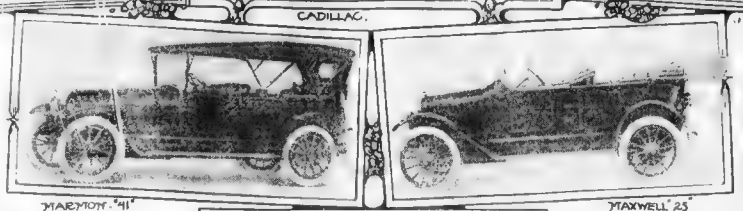
By H. W. FORD
President Ford Motor Co.



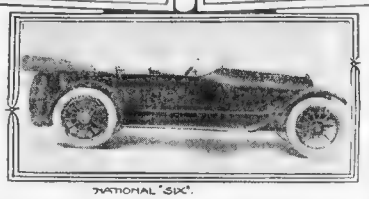
DESCRIBES TRUE STREAMLINE BODY

Walter C. White Declares Term as Applied to Automobiles Has Been Much Abused.

By WALTER C. WHITE
Vice-President the White Company.



Chalmers Block Six Is Shown



Cars Show Results of Gruelling Tests

New Stearns Model Attracts Attention

NEW IDEA IN BODY FINISH.

SEAT-BACK REMOVED.

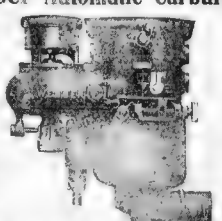
NEW MODELS BY PREMIER COMPANY

Staggering Statistics of the Motor Car Industry

Cars registered in U. S.	1,500,000
Cars built in 1914	515,000
Value cars built, 1914	$385,000,000
Motor car makers	150
Automobile dealers	7,000
Number of garages	14,000
Number supply houses	600

Webber Automatic Carburetor

Made for Those Who Want and Insist Upon Having the Best

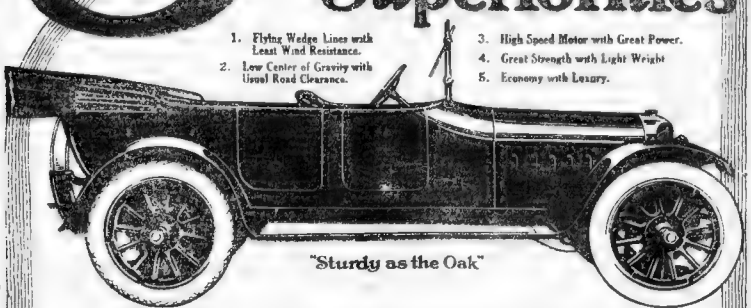


A Jet for Every Speed of the Motor

WEBBER MFG. CO.
Space 531 Dept. F, Auto Show 66-68 Stanhope St., Boston

5 Leading Oakland Superiorities

1. Flying Wedge Lines with Least Wind Resistance.
2. Low Center of Gravity with Usual Road Clearance.
3. High Speed Motor with Great Power.
4. Great Strength with Light Weight
5. Economy with Luxury.



"Sturdy as the Oak"

Spurting up hills the Oakland demonstrates best the masterful power of its motor. There's a real "punch" behind 2500 revolutions a minute

The Oakland at the Show

is attracting wide attention, because it combines in one car the points wise buyers want. It is the only car that has them all—grace, power, strength, luxury, economy.

Dealers: Go to the Oakland Booth. You will see in the car and in the comments of buyers why the Oakland contract is so attractive.

Oakland Motor Co., 100 Massachusetts Ave., Boston.

TELEPHONE: Cambridge 5740. FACTORY: Pontiac, Michigan
Fours and Sixes—Speedsters, Roadsters and Touring Cars—$1100 to $1685 f. o. b. Factory

Oakland

National $2375

THE *National* Aisle-Way permits passengers to easily change seats. It provides individual "arm chairs" and perfect ventilation for both front and rear seats.

National cars have excelled mechanically for fifteen years, by every known test and demonstration

The distinctive beauty and convenience of the new *National* design added to this unimpeachable record of mechanical reliability makes this new *National* the favorite motor carriage of those who show discrimination.

In 1914 National Car sales increased more than 45 per cent.

A. T. HART CO.
1020 Boylston Street - - - Boston, Mass.
Exhibit spaces 26, 27, 28, Main Hall, Mechanics' Bldg.

MECHANICS BUILDING
NATION'S GREATEST
AUTO SHOW

Pleasure Cars—Motor Trucks

ALL THIS WEEK

10 A. M. to 10:30 P. M.
ADMISSION 50c
"SOCIETY DAY," WEDNESDAY, $1.00
"GOVERNOR'S DAY," FRIDAY

3—ORCHESTRAS—3

AUSPICES
BOSTON AUTOMOBILE DEALERS' ASSOCIATION, Inc.
BOSTON COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLE ASSOCIATION, Inc.

PERSONAL DIRECTION—CHESTER I. CAMPBELL

CONSISTENT TRUCK SERVICE

Garford Has Proven Its Ability to Perform Well at All Times.

No matter of the motor truck users, or specifications, will not fail, when likened or applied to Garford trucks. Because of the fact that they have been the exact specifications on which they are built, and the performance of the Garford trucks has been the best testimonial of the quality that could be obtained on the market.

[illegible] proven to be [illegible] and for [illegible] trucks and their five and [illegible] and dump-trucks have been [illegible] Winter, there [illegible] Boston [illegible] set up a record for [illegible] performance and dur[illegible] It is [illegible] Garford Company has had a steady growth rather [illegible] has forced it to progress [illegible] the demand of the [illegible] and fast hauling. But the Garford has also still to its [illegible] old values and as the business has grown there have gradually added [illegible] records. Sixty-five per cent of Garford sales have been repeat orders.

When a motor truck [illegible] makers of general [illegible] a good thing there must be [illegible] reasons. With the Garford those reasons are quality, service, performance and reputation.

The material [illegible] lots of Garford trucks [illegible] from good steel [illegible] and high grade materials. The design of this [illegible] superior. It is well balanced, time-tested and improved. The tools are nickel, vanadium and Krupp of the very highest quality, possible to obtain. With the exception of four unimportant parts that take no strain all the steel parts of the Garford are drop forged. The frame is pressed steel. Every wearing part is of massive, beautiful hardwood and properly lubricated.

The most important thing to good quality is good setting, and here the Garford, because of its long years of experience and its liberal policy of fair treatment, stands almost alone. In all the large cities it maintains service stations with full stocks of parts and skilled tools. The policy of the Garford has been to render such service as would best preserve the reputation, to make repairements and renewals quick and of fair price and to give its customers always a square deal and to shade the best of it on any question of responsibility.

Makes Exhibit in Its Salesrooms

Owing to its inability to secure space in the motor show the J. I. Case Threshing Machine Company is making a special exhibit in its salesrooms on Commonwealth avenue. Here [illegible] the various Skyles product [illegible] by this company and they make a truly impressive display. The company has [illegible] line from three to one model, with streamline body and all the excellent features of the past.

The Case power plant is built to the Case factory [illegible] have to stand the tests of the experimental department and laboratory, as well as the [illegible] and after the expert of the steel company has passed on material, the Case engineer [illegible] and this great caution in the end protects the buyer for the work is [illegible] probably not show up until long after the finished automobile had been delivered to the customer.

The external appearance of the Case machines being displayed has created a lot of interest. Where in the early days of auto shows the visitor looked only at the general lines of the car [illegible] a close inspection is made of every detail. The distinctive streamline body of the Case models is backed up by such features not found in low-priced cars. The upholstering is of genuine leather, mounted on inch-grade curled hair. The cushion springs are strong and [illegible] and of a grade found only in higher priced machines. Both front and back seats are protected with a metal covering. The doors are full size, and the body has an actual seating capacity for five passengers.

Other [illegible] of the external car are the [illegible] motor [illegible] with quick adjustment, [illegible] folding [illegible] windshield of the very latest design, and a fifteen-gallon [illegible] gasoline tank with gauge.

Leader in Motor Truck Industry

H. E. Taylor, President of the H. E. Taylor Corporation.

MOST EFFICIENT SELF-STARTER

[illegible] Dept. of [illegible] favorable [illegible] Boston and its [illegible] suburbs, have been appointed representatives in this territory of the Genemotor for starting and lighting Ford cars.

"I have found after thoroughly investigating the field that the Genemotor is by all odds the most efficient self-starter for Ford cars," said Mr. W. S. Hoice, president of the company. "It is extremely simple and has successfully responded to the test of the most unskilled hand. Any woman or child can operate it. Simply push a button and the motor starts. Turn a switch and you have the electric lights.

"It is easy to install. Some Ford owners put the Genemotor on without assistance. Any garage mechanic can do the work in [illegible] time. The Genemotor is the only self-starter that will engage the engine over [illegible] compression. That is one of the [illegible] features.

"It exerts a pressure of [illegible] pounds at 10 degrees below zero. That shows power. It begins to charge the battery at a low speed. That means economy.

"In my experience I have witnessed so many different automobile [illegible] during the last few years in this city. A great many women have come to watch them start. To me a great boon for the women daughter, as it is so easy to start it by means of a [illegible] with the Genemotor.

"I am particularly pleased with the Genemotor as it is built in the shops of the Dayton Engineering Laboratories Company, which has been responsible for [illegible] part. That is one best guarantee that the Genemotor will be a [illegible] product on which we will be able to give Genemotors as fast as we can make them.

Pilot Light Six Makes Its Debut

One of the new concerns that is showing for the first time at the Boston exhibit is the Hayes-Johnson Company, distributors of the Pilot car in this section. Although this firm is one of the latest to establish headquarters in this city, the members thereof are by no means unknown. Mr. Hayes, the head of the concern, has long been identified with the motor industry in this section in its inception.

He was one of the pioneers and there is no one in the local motor industry who is more conversant with the conditions that prevail in this city than is Mr. Hayes.

"In introducing this new model we particularly call attention to the remarkable record which Pilot cars have earned for themselves the past five years for the highest class of service in the hardest sections of the country as a result we feel sure that any buyer that with confidence they can look forward to many seasons of pleasure, as every element of strength and permanency is embodied in this car," says Mr. Hayes.

NO LIMIT TO MOTOR INDUSTRY

Motor Car Has Revolutionized the Business Methods and Conditions.

By HARRISON TURNER (Motor-Knight)

[illegible] fifty years [illegible] the [illegible] greatest [illegible] the automobile in the [illegible] has been so marvelous [illegible] motor authorities claim that within the next few decades 25,000,000 motor cars will be in use in the United States.

These figures stagger the imagination. But still [illegible] a fact [illegible] 1,500,000 motor cars were [illegible] during the past year and that during the coming year at least 1,000,000 more cars will be manufactured and sold. At this rate of increase 2,000,000 does not appear impossible.

With the industry in its present state of development and expansion, there is a high money invested in automobiles in the United States to build four Panama Canals and if the expectations of the manufacturers is to be [illegible] at the end of next season this investment will be increased enough to build two more canals.

If the horsepower capacity of all the motor cars in use in the United States was concentrated in one huge engine, it could drive the machinery of every industrial plant in the country with enough surplus power to operate all the electrical plants and propel all the battleships of the United States navy, and there would still be an unused surplus of approximately five million horsepower of energy.

By the end of next season the combined horsepower capacity of the [illegible] will be equivalent, in the [illegible] of [illegible] to one-half of the total horsepower of all the [illegible] locomotives in the [illegible] countries and the railroads [illegible] century old while the [illegible] history is but a little [illegible] a decade.

In the development of the industry in the utilization of the gasoline engine, the United States has far outstripped every other nation of the world. For every one thousand people in the United States, there are seven automobiles in use, while in Canada [illegible] in France three and [illegible] Great Britain four. In the Middle West States there are fourteen cars [illegible] use to every one thousand population and more machines [illegible] this comparatively small area [illegible] the country than in England, [illegible] and France combined.

Worm-Drive Trucks Show Good Features

The new Locomobile Worm-Drive trucks which are now presented [illegible] have had two years' experience [illegible] road work, show a very high standard of ability in operation and [illegible] construction. They have been tested out over the worst roads that could be imposed upon [illegible] under full load and have demonstrated their ability to negotiate the heaviest grades and the worst road conditions which could be encountered in actual service.

During the [illegible] period each truck worked out on the road under full [illegible] its net load. One of the loads [illegible] shown in the accompanying photograph, up which the four-ton truck is going under a four-ton load of steel bars. The hill is one [illegible] in length and about 15 per cent. grade. During the test the truck [illegible] run half way up the hill and [illegible] it then started again and proceeding to the top of the hill, it is turned around and started down the hill. When half way down, or at the steepest portion the truck was shifted the gear shift lever put in reverse and the truck is backed up the hill to the top. This test subjects the truck to more severe strain than it would receive in actual road work of all characters, and the fact that each Locomobile truck successfully passes this test easily and with evidences of reserve power demonstrates the practicability of it for severe, heavy duty work.

Result of Years of Experience

In the present campaign for the S-V truck tire, the Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company's tire experts believe they have solved a problem that will help mightily in the development of the whole motor truck industry.

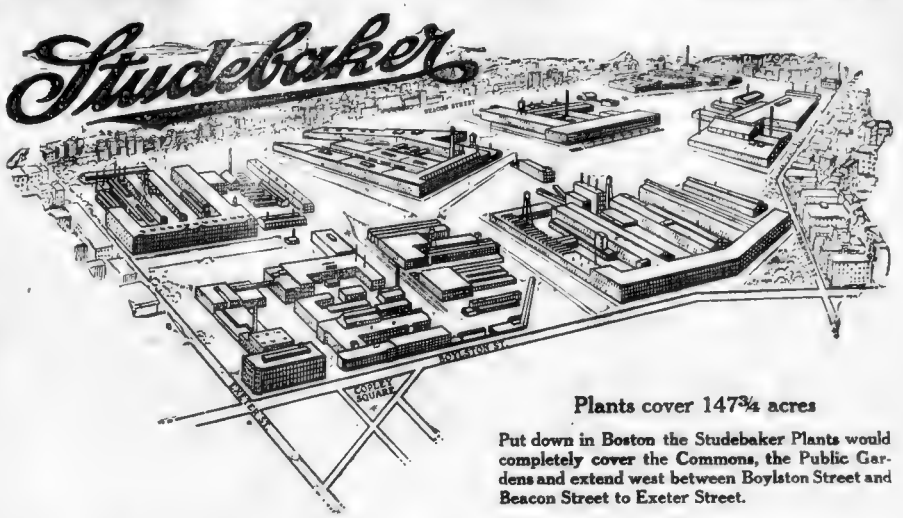
"The offering [illegible] the result of eight years of research experiment, and the hardest tests to which we could subject tires," says W. Martin, Jr., manager of the motor truck tire department of the Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company. "The story, to us in the heart of it is fascinating. To solve certain problems, Goodyear experimental experts have built twenty-nine different types of truck tires. In one type alone seventy-four different structures were built up and tried before we were satisfied as to the point we were interested in.

"All of our experience have led to the present offering—the S-V Truck Tire for heavy service. We have been trying them under every conceivable condition for a year and a half. Twenty-one hundred of these tires have been working, developing mileage and giving satisfaction, in every part of the country. Now we are satisfied, and we offer it to the public."

Easy Method of Renewing Varnish

One of the easiest methods of renewing varnish or protecting the varnish or dressing of a motor car is, according to B. D. Perkins of the U-Savyour Manufacturing Company of Warren, Mass., to keep it in good condition at all seasons of the year, which can readily be done by the application of dressing instead of constantly washing the car with soap and water.

YOU WILL EXPERIENCE No difficulty in finding an auto to suit your tastes and pocketbook if you consult the "Used Car" columns of the Boston American.



Plants cover 147¾ acres

Put down in Boston the Studebaker Plants would completely cover the Commons, the Public Gardens and extend west between Boylston Street and Beacon Street to Exeter Street.

One of the largest manufacturing organizations in the world devoted to the making of automobiles

It is not merely to impress you with the great size of these factories—just because they are big—that we are publishing this advertisement.

But we do wish to impress you with the immensity of this great manufacturing organization, simply because of what it means to you as the possible owner of a motor car.

We will assume that you are not interested in the smaller, cheaper motor car, but that you demand, first, QUALITY.

If we are correct in this assumption, then we believe you will be interested in knowing just what the size of this great manufacturing organization means to you.

The Car Itself Is the Sum of the Factories

These factories are merely the tools with which Studebaker makes the car to satisfy your demand for Quality.

When Studebaker makes a car, to fill a certain demand, Studebaker must consider many things which a smaller organization need not consider.

In the first place, the name of Studebaker, known as it is all over the world for genuine quality, is a priceless business asset. The name alone could be capitalized at millions of dollars and it would be worth every dollar put into it, too.

A name with value like this must be protected. Studebaker must make sure.

Then the first object of this great factory is to be sure that its product is good enough to be stamped with the name Studebaker. A failure in this respect would be fatal to the reputation of this great name.

Then let us see what these great factory resources mean to you and to Studebaker in guaranteeing that its product shall be the best.

Engineering Resources

Think of the engineering resources of an organization like this, always bearing in mind that a car can be no better than the engineering which designed it.

A great company like Studebaker, with its wonderful opportunities, attracts the highest-grade talent.

Studebaker can well afford to pay for the highest-grade talent. It would be foolish for it not to do so.

Studebaker, considering the number of cars it makes, can afford to engage a large force of the most talented engineers.

Studebaker can afford to have them concentrate their time on the design and the perfecting of the various parts of the car.

Studebaker can afford to give them the time, means and facilities for exhaustive research work.

Studebaker can afford to equip its engineering laboratories with all of the latest and best engineering appliances so that material, steels and accessories may be tested, and tested again and again.

The Quality of Raw Material

Having designed its product with the highest grade engineering talent available, Studebaker has the purchasing power to go out in the markets of the world and command the best raw material—and at the lowest price—because Studebaker buys in immense quantities. It takes the entire output of some factories in raw material. It pays cash for its raw material.

Studebaker is probably one of the most desirable customers of raw material in the world.

Studebaker, with its engineering resources, can specify the quality of its raw material and then can test it in its laboratories to see that it gets it.

It is a matter of fact that Studebaker uses as much high-grade steel in the manufacture of its product as do the manufacturers of the higher-priced cars.

An official of a great steel concern bought a Studebaker SIX because he knows Studebaker steel specifications—and Studebaker was not buying material from him, either.

The value of the raw material in the Studebaker car in proportion to the selling price of the car is higher by far than that of the highest-priced cars.

Manufacturing Resources

Having designed its car with masterful talent and having provided the best material for its manufacture, the manufacturing [illegible] of these great factories insure the highest quality of workmanship.

Studebaker can buy the highest-priced and the latest manufacturing machinery on the market. Considering the quantity of its manufacture, it is economy for Studebaker to do so.

Studebaker, on account of the great quantity of its manufacture, keeps its men steadily at work; therefore they become expert and exact in their tasks.

Studebaker manufactures more of its own parts than other manufacturers. This not only keeps all these great factories uniformly busy, but it insures uniform excellence of manufacture throughout the entire car.

A famous Providence manufacturer of fine tools bought a Studebaker SIX because he knows Studebaker workmanship.

Studebaker's sixty-three years of experience in manufacture has developed wonderful short cuts and efficiency methods which, with the economy of volume of manufacture, make it possible for Studebaker to produce so good a car at such a very low price.

Enduring and Nation-Wide Service

Then, finally, the Studebaker organization means much to you after you buy your car.

Studebaker has fifteen branches in various large centers of the United States.

The name and standing of Studebaker have attracted four thousand dealers located in all parts of the United States, who are equipped to give you service wherever you may happen to be. For instance, there are 408 Studebaker Service Stations on the route of the Lincoln Highway.

Studebaker operates a complete mechanics' school in Detroit, where expert service men are trained for Studebaker Branches and Studebaker Dealers. Therefore you are always assured of competent, honest, reliable Studebaker Service.

The stability of the name Studebaker is your assurance that this great company will always be able to furnish you parts for your car, if you should need them.

Your Studebaker car will always have the highest possible second-hand value, because the company will always be in business and its reputation for quality and service is literally [illegible]-fold.

The Car Itself

In an advertisement we cannot do justice to the car by telling you about it.

You must see the car—you must ride in it—you must ask other people who own them to give you an idea of how good the Studebaker car really is.

The finish of the car is something you can see and judge for yourself. Compare it with that of the very highest-priced cars. Feel the leather used in the upholstery, try the deep soft cushions, notice the little details carefully, observe the long, low sweep of the streamline bodies. The elegance, good taste and refinement of the car unmistakably indicate its true quality.

If you will call up the Donovan Motor Car Company, a Studebaker car will be brought to your door for a demonstration.

At the Automobile Show you will see the car and the mechanical parts all exhibited, and you will find a courteous attendant always willing to fully explain everything about a Studebaker car.

Studebaker Corporation

THE DONOVAN MOTOR CAR COMPANY
626-630 Commonwealth Ave.

Long Practice

Apperson practice is based on Apperson experience.

We follow certain plans of construction because we know them to be absolutely correct.

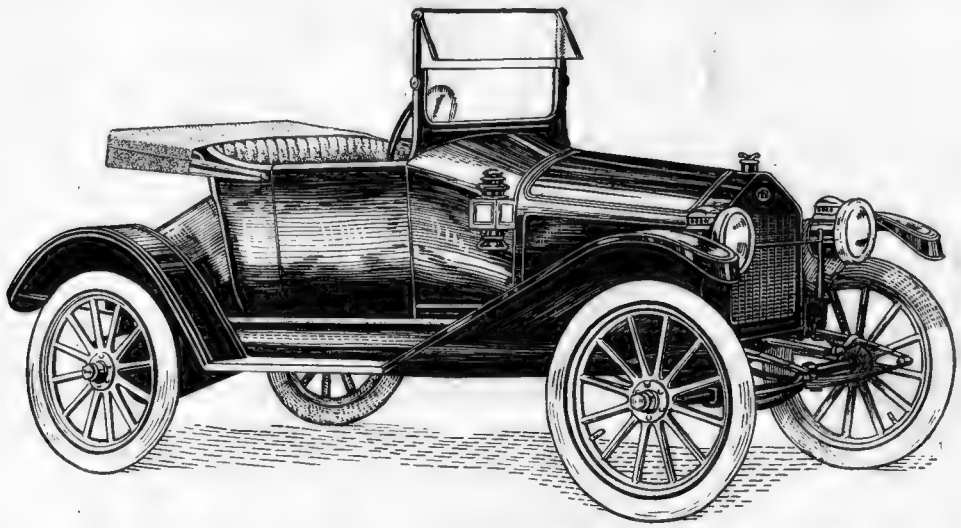
We have been building cars for twenty-two years.

The line for 1915 consists of three sizes and 4 types:

Apperson Four $1350
Five Passenger Six $1485
Seven Passenger Six $1585
De Luxe Six $2200

BROWN-APPERSON MOTOR CO.,
8 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass.

Automobile Advertising in the BOSTON AMERICAN Is Read by Owners and Buyers



$495-METZ "22" ROADSTER

Glidden Tour Winner

THE CAR THAT BROUGHT HONOR AND FAME TO NEW ENGLAND

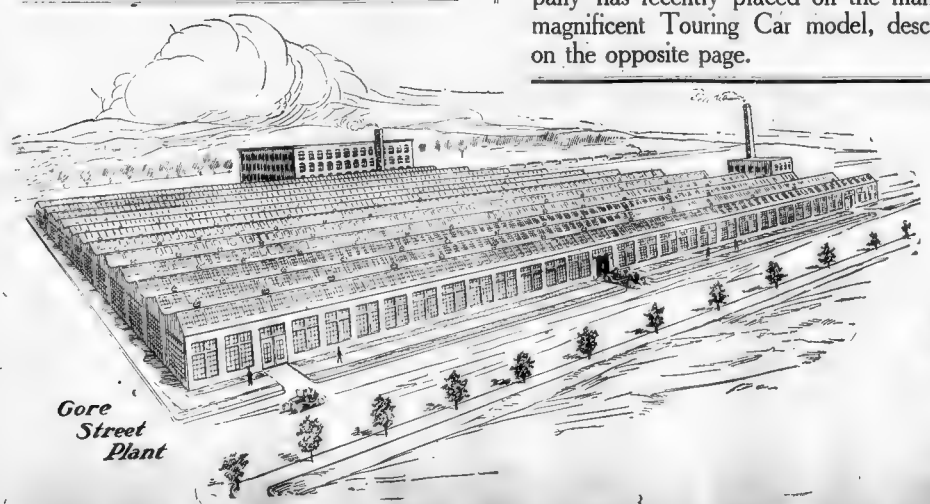
METZ Cars represent the best that can be put into an automobile—the best in design, materials and painstaking construction. They have "made good" in a way that has silenced all argument. They have clearly demonstrated their superiority over cars selling at much higher prices. They are shipped all over the world; they are as numerous in California as on the Atlantic Coast; they give **universal satisfaction.**

The METZ plant at Waltham, Mass., is the largest and finest of its kind in the East. It is located on the Governor Gore Estate, a tract of one hundred and twenty acres, and is regarded as an educational exposition of the highest type of economical organization and mechanical efficiency. Additional factory units are being added as rapidly as specially designed automatic machinery can be supplied with which to equip them; and as a result of these increased manufacturing facilities, the Company has recently placed on the market a magnificent Touring Car model, described on the opposite page.

The METZ team of three Roadster cars won the last Glidden Tour, from Minneapolis, Minn., to Glacier National Park, Mont., being the **only** cars in the tour that held **perfect scores** for the entire eight days of the contest.

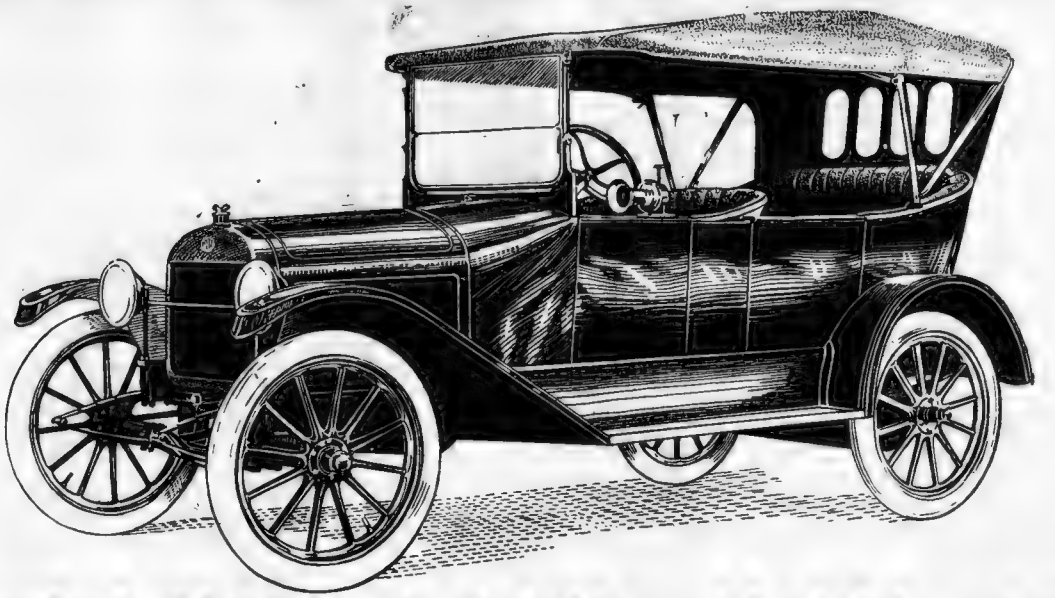
The METZ Roadster is believed to be the best hill climber on the road. Last summer, in the official hill-climbing contest at Uniontown, Pa., it won against a field of thirteen special racing cars. And a few days later, at Richfield Springs, N. Y., the first four winners of the Class A event and the first three winners of the Free-for-All event were **all Metz Cars.**

The Metz Roadster, new fore-door model, is equipped with 22 1-2 h. p. water-cooled motor, Bosch high tension magneto, plate glass rain-vision built-in windshield, extension top with curtains and cover slip, full elliptic springs, five lamps, Prest-o-Lite tank, 30-inch artillery wheels, 3-inch Goodrich clincher tires, horn, jack, tools, etc. Left-hand drive, center control, elegant tufted upholstery, deep cushions, fibre grip gearless transmission. $495, equipped complete f. o. b. Waltham.



Gore Street Plant

METZ COMPANY
FACTORY
WALTHAM, MASS.



METZ "25" TOURING MODEL - $600

The Quality Car

EQUIPPED COMPLETE, INCLUDING ELECTRIC STARTER AND ELECTRIC LIGHTS

THIS latest product of the Metz factories, the new Touring Model, is a masterpiece in design and efficiency. It appeals to you for many more reasons than its attractive price. Not only does it fully meet the most exacting demands for **style** and **comfort,** but it offers you everything obtainable in the way of luxurious motoring **at a cost that you can easily afford.**

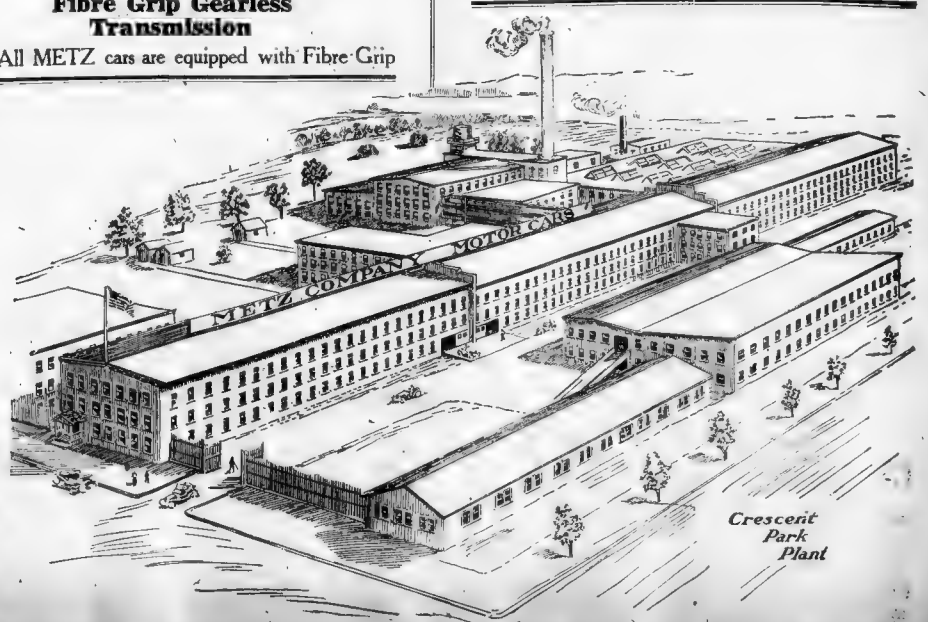
Both in construction and equipment this new Touring Model embodies all the leading features found in other high grade cars, and, in addition, certain exclusive advantages which they do not possess. It is a delightfully easy riding car, handsome in appearance, very speedy and elegantly finished.

Regular equipment includes Gray & Davis electric starter and electric lights, plate glass rain-vision built-in windshield, instant one-man top, with curtains and cover slip, 32-inch wheels, 3 1-2 inch Goodrich clincher tires, full elliptic springs all around, 25 h. p. water-cooled motor, Bosch high tension magneto, Hyatt roller bearings, robe and foot rails, speedometer, built-in gasoline gauge, signal horn, tools, etc.

Body is of the pure stream-line type, with flush doors, seats finished with heavy tufted upholstery and deep cushions. Standard tread, 108-inch wheel base, left-hand drive, center control. In every respect it is a car that any owner may justly feel proud of.

Fibre Grip Gearless Transmission

All METZ cars are equipped with Fibre Grip Gearless Transmission, which entirely eliminates gear and clutch trouble. In addition to this, METZ transmission has many other advantages over ordinary gear types. It is lighter and stronger, quicker to operate, contains fewer parts, is noiseless, more economical, develops greater efficiency, is flexible, easy on tires and engine, does not start the car with a jerk and provides seven different speeds. It makes the running of the car so simple that it is not necessary to have a knowledge of mechanics in order to operate it. A woman can drive a METZ car with perfect safety.



NEW ENGLAND DIRECT FACTORY BRANCHES:

BOSTON, MASS. . . . 907 Boylston Street
(Service Station, 196 Massachusetts Ave., Cambridge, Mass.)

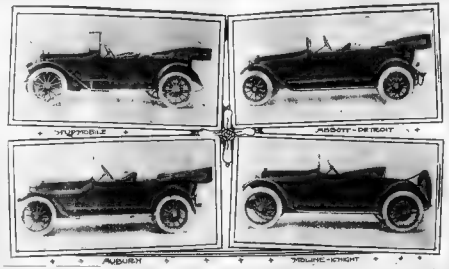
WORCESTER, MASS. . . 711 Main Street
(Service Station, 128 Foster Street.)

PROVIDENCE, R. I. . 209-211 Broad Street
(Service Station, 164 Bradford Street.)

WALTHAM, MASS. . . . 685 Main Street

BIG AUTO SHOW WILL CLOSE ON NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT

JEFFERY SHOWS LINE OF FOURS AND SIXES



CADILLAC EIGHT A MASTERPIECE

Buyers Given Chance to Inspect Machines

CAR UPHOLSTERY FASHIONS

MAXWELL PROVES MOST ATTRACTIVE

CHARLES MOTOR SHOW TWO MODELS

Builds Quality Motor Cars at Moderate Price

The Supreme Example of Mechanical Excellence

MASTERPIECES That Parallel Each Other

PIERCE-ARROW

Pierce-Arrow owners rest secure in the knowledge that their cars overshadow all motordom in "efficiency of service," comfort and attractiveness.

J. W. MAGUIRE Co.

745 BOYLSTON ST., BOSTON

1915 Mitchell LIGHT SIX

$1585 (F. O. B. Factory)

This Is the New Six—Spirited and Light

¶ It is smarter in appearance—$100 extra in coach work.

¶ Mitchell engineers plan ... They could have made it 3000 pounds ... but they wanted ... There is no skimping.

¶ They intended first to put ... months ago, but they waited ... everything out that other Sixes have, for they knew they had a better car to offer.

¶ This car now completes the ... $1600 that buyers care to choose at.

¶ It lays claim to their interest ... for these reasons:

¶ It is larger in size—128-inch wheelbase.

¶ It is quicker in action—livelier engine.

¶ Most Sixes at this price have good enough chassis ... but fall down when it comes to the body and coach work. Those who appreciate ... see so many unstylish-looking bodies.

¶ Mitchell found it had a $100 margin and instead of putting the money in the bank, put it in the body of the car.

¶ You'll see it in ... car can see the high finish ... chair work, the genuine hand buffed leather in the seats, the ... details, fitted doors, tailored carpeting in the tonneau floor—these and a hundred other little things that create charm in a car.

¶ Its spirit you will like—one mile's ride will captivate you.

THE MITCHELL LINE FOR 1915

Mitchell Special Six ... $1085	Mitchell Light Six ... $1585
Mitchell Special Six ... $1085	Mitchell Light Four ... $1285
Mitchell Six De Luxe ... $2350	Mitchell Light Four ... $1300

F. O. B. RACINE

Complete line on exhibition at Auto Show, Spaces 110-111

Pope Hartford Co., of Boston

DISTRIBUTORS

Copley Square, 591 Boylston St. Phone B. B. 6000 6051

Mitchell-Lewis Motor Co.

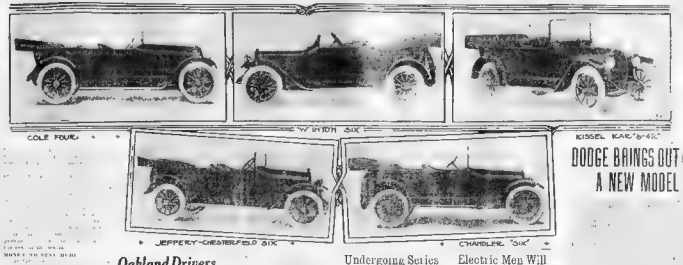
Racine, Wis., U. S. A.

EVERY FACTORY REPRESENTED AT THE BIG AUTOMOBILE SHOW

WILLYS FORESEES A NEW ERA OF PROSPERITY

Head of Willys-Overland Company Predicts Great Volume of Business for 1915

By JOHN N. WILLYS, President of the Willys-Overland Co.



Oakland Drivers Best Boosters for New Type

Undergoing Series of Most Severe Tests

Electric Men Will Hold Convention

CAREFUL BUYING FOUNDATION OF MANY A FORTUNE

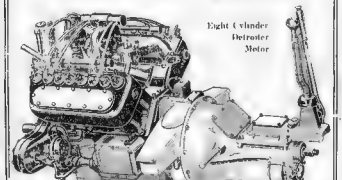
DODGE BRINGS OUT A NEW MODEL

FUEL FED BY VACUUM

Detroiter 8

The Lowest Priced Eight-Cylinder Car in the World

Completely Equipped $1295



At the very opening of the show it proved a sensation. Thousands crowded around the booth and overflowed into the aisles

Do Not Fail to Visit Show Spaces 417-418

We can make MARCH deliveries on orders placed now

THE REED-CROCKETT CO., N. E. Distributors

109 Huntington Avenue, Boston Tel. 4050 B. B.

Model 80 $1075

Overland

Model 81 $850

Every Modern Advantage

High Tension Magneto

The Overland has high tension magneto ignition—the most dependable and most uniform system made. Many cars have only the cheaper and less efficient battery system. The battery system is furnished because it is cheaper. But the Overland uses the highest priced system of ignition—the high tension magneto—the same system found on high priced cars. Don't buy a car that has battery ignition.

Simplest Driving Method

The Overland (80) has the control buttons located on the steering column. They are within natural reach. Many cars still have them on the dash or at some other unhandy place. But on the Overland, without lowering or bending forward, you can read by press the buttons that start, stop and light the car. That is why the Overland is so popular with the womenfolks. It is so easy to drive—so comfortable and so very convenient.

Underslung Rear Springs

The Overland has long underslung rear springs. Many cars are still made with those short overslung rear springs. Such a car rides hard. They take all the fun out of touring. The underslung Overland springs are long. They allow wide openings and swivel seats. This makes them very flexible and smooth riding under all conditions. Don't buy a car with overslung rear springs.

Smooth Working Clutch

The Overland clutch is so designed that it always "releases" freely. It does not grab hold or jerk you from your seat. It works smoothly and evenly, without a particle of stress or strain. On many cars the clutch grabs hold with such force that the driver bounces from his seat, the car is seriously strained and the occupants in the tonneau are glad when the ride is over. Don't buy a car with a stiff working clutch.

Buy an Overland and get all the modern advantages.

CONNELL & McKONE CO., Distributors. 167 Massachusetts Ave. Phone B. B. 4314

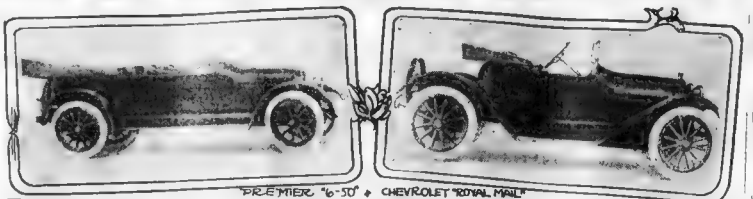
Made at S.

The Willys-Overland Company, Toledo, Ohio.

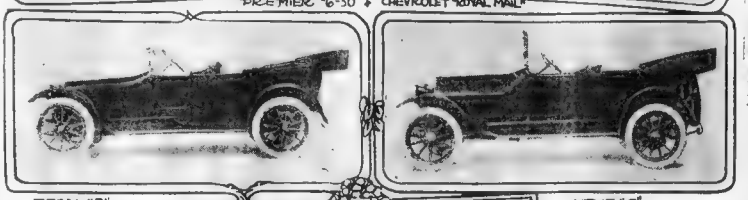
PERFECTION OF AUTOMOBILE CONSTRUCTION SEEN AT THE SHOW

PIERCE-ARROW SHOWS BEAUTIFUL BODY DESIGNS

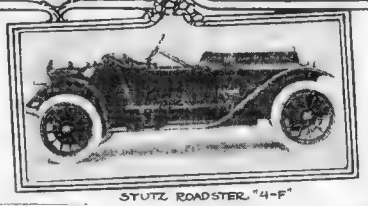
Models Displayed Represent the Very Latest Efforts Coach Builders' Art



PREMIER "6-50" & CHEVROLET "ROYAL MAIL"



REGAL "D"



STUTZ ROADSTER "4-F"

VELIE "15"

Development of Air-Cooled Engine

Regards Confidence as a Valuable Asset

Tractors of Unusual Carrying Capacity

EIGHT-CYLINDER MODEL SHOWN

New Abbott-Detroit Product Exhibited for First Time in Boston.

Moline-Knight Motor Arouses Interest

SHOWN FOR FIRST TIME IN BOSTON

ELECTED TO HIGH OFFICE.

Embodies a Full Electrical Equipment

WATERPROOF TOOL BOXES.

BATAVIA TIRES

"Batavia-ize" your car with Security Tread Tires
NEW ENGLAND DISTRIBUTORS
Boston Batavia Rubber Co.
Tel. B. B. 4314. 171 Massachusetts Avenue, Boston, Mass

Assurance of Long Years of Service

Thousands of Jacksons Six, Seven and Eight Years Old Are Still Giving Faithful Service Every Day

That fact—more than anything else we could say—tells of the sound engineering principles and the fine workmanship with which Jackson cars are built. These principles and that workmanship are built into the Jackson of today—and will be built into the Jackson of tomorrow. The record of performance Jackson cars have established is unsurpassed by even the highest priced cars; they have that durability that comes with sound engineering principles and honest workmanship; they have stylish streamline bodies—not an angle from front to rear—with a beautiful, lasting finish.

But Jackson cars do not claim attention simply because they have a good pedigree. The three models for 1915 offer exceptional values. At their prices they offer by far the greatest values in the market today.

If that is the sort of a car you want—priced as low as sound engineering principles, honest materials and expert workmanship will permit—don't fail to see the Jackson.

Jackson — NO HILL TOO STEEP, NO SAND TOO DEEP

Show Space 35

Three Great Models for 1915

Jackson "48"—Six—$1,650

POWER PLANT—Long stroke, four cylinder, 4-inch bore, 5-inch stroke, T-head motor, rated at 48 h. p. Motor suspended in unit with transmission and clutch. Other front door may be used CONTROL—Left side drive, control levers in center. Other front door may be used SUSPENSION—Full elliptic springs front and rear. Frames dropped to bring car close to ground, but still allow full steering action CLEARANCE—Underslung type. WHEELBASE—130 inches. EQUIPMENT—Complete. Top, windshield, speedometer, electric lights and starter, demountable rims, one extra rim and tire carrier. Color—Dark blue with gold striping.

Jackson Olympic "46"—$1,375

POWER PLANT—Long stroke, four cylinder, 4-inch bore, 5-inch stroke, T-head motor, rated at 46 h. p. Motor suspended in unit with transmission and clutch. FUEL SUPPLY—Gasoline tank at the rear. Vacuum feed. CONTROL—Left side drive, control levers in center. Other front door may be used SUSPENSION—Full elliptic springs front and rear. Frames dropped to bring car close to ground, but still allow full steering action CLEARANCE—Underslung type. WHEELBASE—130 inches. EQUIPMENT—Complete. Top, windshield, speedometer, electric lights and starter, demountable rims, one extra rim and tire carrier. Color—Dark blue with gold striping.

Jackson "44"—$1,250

Body by Fisher. Three-quarter front door. Motor rated at 40 h. p. Motor suspended in unit with transmission and clutch. FUEL SUPPLY—Gasoline tank at the rear. Vacuum feed. CONTROL—Left side drive, control levers in center. SUSPENSION—Full elliptic springs front and rear. AXLE—Full floating rear axle. WHEELBASE—124 inches. EQUIPMENT—Complete.

Demonstrations on Request

JACKSON MOTOR COMPANY

1109 Commonwealth Avenue

JACKSON AUTOMOBILE CO., JACKSON, MICH. Tel. Brighton 2211 2210

MR. DEALER!

HAVE YOU MADE THE MONEY DURING THE YEAR THAT THE AMOUNT INVESTED WARRANTS?

Does This Mean Anything To You?

THE ELIMINATION, FOR GOOD AND ALL, OF THAT DEALERS' NIGHTMARE—THE SIGHT DRAFT?

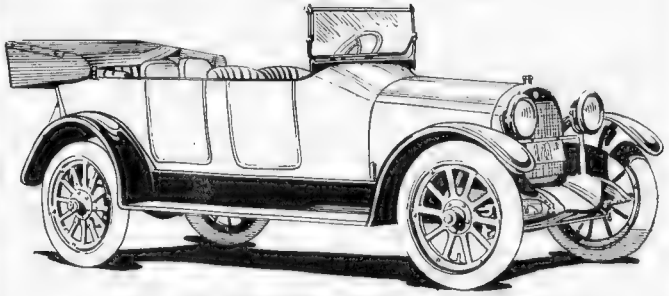
OR THIS

A HEARTY, PERSONAL CO-OPERATION, FROM THE DISTRIBUTOR'S FORCE, THROUGH THE SALESMAN, ADVERTISING MANAGER, THE MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT OR BY CARRYING ALL PARTS FOR YOU AND BY MAKING ADJUSTMENTS OF DEFECTIVE PARTS.

THE MOTOR SALES POLICY

STANDS FOR ALL THIS, AND MORE; FURTHER, IT ENABLES YOU TO KEEP YOUR CAPITAL IN YOUR BUSINESS, PERMITTING YOU TO

"BUY WHAT YOU WANT, WHEN YOU'VE SOLD IT"



LEXINGTON LIGHT SIX—"THE THOROUGHBRED"

You Could Increase Your Sales on Any Car, With Our Selling System, But With the

LEXINGTON CAR

WHICH WE HAVE SELECTED, AFTER AN EXHAUSTIVE INVESTIGATION, YOU SHOULD BE ABLE TO ADD AT LEAST 50% TO YOUR BUSINESS

THE MOTOR SALES SYSTEM

IS A NEW DEPARTURE IN THE AUTOMOBILE BUSINESS.

OUR BOSTON OFFICE

Is at Your Disposal, Mr. Dealer, and We Can Give You More Time and Better Service Than We Could at the Show, Hence the Fact That We Have No Space There

887 Boylston Street **The Motor Sales, Inc.** Boston, Mass.

If Not Able to Attend the Show, Drop Us a Postal for Details of Our Policy.

RACING WILL THRIVE DURING 1915 SEASON

Automobile Meets to Be Staged in All Parts of the Country This Year.

The coming season promises to be the greatest in the history of the sport, and rumors are current that quite a few prominent American manufacturers are to take up racing again. Presumably they are desirous of sharing in the honors of which track racing, if you want to call it nothing if the year means. From present indications speedway contests will be in the full swing by the end of May. On May 25, important meets will be held at Chicago, Sioux City, Minneapolis and Tacoma and on all probability the proposed Sheepshead Bay speedway will be ready before the season is over. Large sums have been offered as prize money, and the field of participants in these various events promises to be good.

There will be no lessening of road racing, as California is usually the scene of the big road events—San Diego, the Vanderbilt, and Grand Prize in 1915 Panama-Pacific and Santa Monica. Elgin will have its usual two-day meet in August.

RACING A BENEFIT.

The days of auto [illegible] are not dead. Auto racing has been and is a benefit to the automobile industry as a whole, and those who would affirm that it has accomplished little in the way of real development than any other factor in the last racing is not popular. Whether that is the result of greater progress in abolishing the evil, or lack of interest, or a matter of course and necessity, than as a speed plaything as such, is unsettled. But we who do not know what real sport is and do not recognize the great service of the cause of the motor car as others, mainly Westerners, sport, may not be argued here. But the fact that the racing element in the ranks of automobilists is by no means inconsiderable appears, in fact to be growing every year, and has by no means been given account.

Advanced ideas of motor car design and construction are responsible for the almost unbelievable speed accomplishments. It is doubtful if the coming year will be productive of much greater speed, but it will most likely show great advance from an efficiency point of view. Smaller motors will predominate, 200 cubic inches piston displacement being the maximum at Indianapolis.

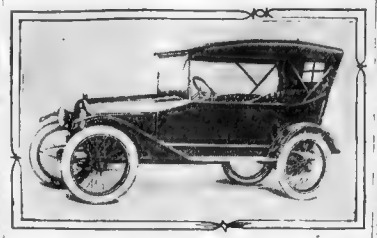
As to the last year of racing on this side, we do not repeat the story of the review of the 1914 road racing season, and will only say almost unbelievable speed records have been established in several of the more important events. Perhaps the very first contest of the year—the Vanderbilt Cup race over the Santa Monica course last February—until the finish flag was waved at the last car running in the Corinthian race on Thanksgiving Day, road records were being consistently smashed.

Barring the Panama meet [illegible] the sensation of the year was created when Eddie Pullen, the newly crowned speed king of the road drivers, piloted the Mercer car over 301 miles of roads at an average speed of 87.39 miles an hour, a record never before equaled, and one that is likely to stand for some time to come.

ELEVEN ROAD RACES.

There were eleven road races held during the year under the sanction of the American Automobile Association, and in all of them speed of unusual high degree was maintained in the long-distance contests. The historic Vanderbilt Cup race, in its new Western setting, was the initial road event of the year. In the Grand Prize of the Automobile Club of America—the only international road race held in this country—all the world's best road drivers, all the latest types of racing cars, were entered. Only one car piloted his mount below the 300 miles an average of 75 miles an hour, a new record. The previous Grand Prize mark was 71.45 miles per hour, made by the late David Bruce-Brown in a giant foreign creation at Savannah in 1911.

LATEST METZ PRODUCT



SHOWS FULL LINE OF CARS

Stutz Motor Car Exhibit Is Complete in Every Particular.

The Stutz Motor Car Company is exhibiting its full line of cars at the Auto Show and the [illegible] of attendants were kept busy explaining the [illegible] situation of the stock. Stutz [illegible] is the highest perfection [illegible] ing skill and artistic [illegible] loved the record on the [illegible] in every day service [illegible] work of its builders [illegible] each car exhibited [illegible] ity and handy work.

"We are not built or [illegible] for racing, declared [illegible] the usual reports [illegible] crowd of admirers [illegible] Stutz exhibit last night [illegible] ing in a laboratory test [illegible] and as such we regard it [illegible] benefit to the buyer and to the manufacturer, for racing [illegible] demonstrating its [illegible] possible durability and [illegible] test power by time.

"Speaking of racing [illegible] ing to note that a Stutz [illegible] test board is and the Stutz [illegible] still [illegible] mobile [illegible] record [illegible] cars have won more races and a half more [illegible] raced than any other make of [illegible] in ten years."

"The models this year, as past, present a very fine appearance, and all of them are strikingly [illegible] body construction, the [illegible] the seats for all [illegible] models will carry three and five passengers and is [illegible] with [illegible] comfort, for the car is built [illegible] every idea of luxury and ease to [illegible] is a car for the woman and the [illegible] as well as for the man who wishes service, reliability, speed power and style.

"The first Stutz was built in 1911 but so well was the original idea planned, and so fundamental [illegible] principles of motor construction and that the years which are built [illegible] cal with the first [illegible] of a change [illegible] multiple [illegible] touch to a car which [illegible]

"The straight-line body, [illegible] Stutz touring car is roomy, with ample so designed as to eliminate road shocks. It is a touring car for those who desire safety first. The car on the other hand [illegible] the motor powerful, [illegible] owners [illegible] driving.

[illegible] favor [illegible] the Stutz [illegible] one back. It is a car right [illegible] would not return. The ladies are hung close to the ground with [illegible] so low a centre of gravity as possible. They will keep the ground as well as any car made."

RENDERS MOST EFFICIENT SERVICE

Splendid Growth of Motor Parts Organization in Boston.

The splendid growth of the Motor [illegible] is due, according to statements by officials of the company, chiefly to a [illegible] service and selling, because the company will market only such products as have real value and for which there is an consequence a [illegible] demand.

The company is [illegible] keeps [illegible] its [illegible] service and [illegible] a full line of its [illegible] to distributors [illegible] the prices of [illegible] current for motor cars and other [illegible] [illegible] etc., and [illegible] services are often sought in connection.

Users of automobiles are benefited by the co-operative service which [illegible] Boston [illegible] throughout New England and other [illegible] of the East where the Motor Parts Company [illegible] is [illegible] Twenty-four [illegible] firms now handle the products of the Motor Parts Company, [illegible] the [illegible] New England, and representatives are constantly [illegible] traveled on matters which pertain to the distribution of the [illegible] products. An interchange of [illegible] is practiced so that automobile [illegible] where may get the full benefit [illegible]

The Motor Parts Company now [illegible] official capacity as distributor [illegible] Bosch products, as Vose, [illegible] Bosch [illegible] ignition [illegible] Rushmore starting and lighting systems, Bosch starting [illegible] lighting systems, Rushmore [illegible] Bosch [illegible] and plugs, Kemco products, such as Kemco [illegible] type generators, Kemco two-unit starting and lighting systems, Kemco two-unit Ford starting and lighting systems, Zenith carburetors, special Zenith Ford attachment, [illegible] proof piston rings.

Little Change in the Imperial Line

The Imperial Motor Car Company of Commonwealth avenue shows two chassis [illegible] a four and a six-cylinder respectively with five and seven passenger touring bodies.

The [illegible] 6 [illegible] cylinder. It has Continental [illegible] power plant with cylinders [illegible] three driving being through [illegible] propeller [illegible] [illegible] axle [illegible] a [illegible] on the four [illegible] enclosed [illegible] [illegible] while on the [illegible] four [illegible] model the shaft [illegible] [illegible] type. All [illegible] are [illegible] with [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

EXHIBITS ARE VALUED AT APPROXIMATELY TWO MILLION DOLLARS

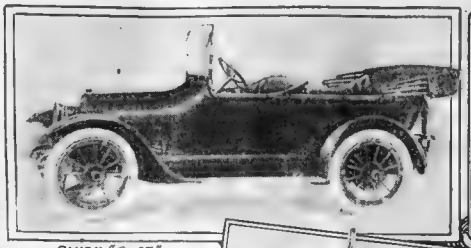
LONG LIST OF CADILLAC OWNERS

Manager Danforth Points with Pride to Large List of Recent Purchasers

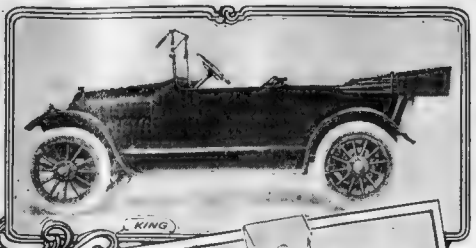
EVOLUTION OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Believes Properly Designed Starting-Lighting System Will Be Solution of Car Problem.

By ALEXANDER CHURCHWARD, Vice President, Gray & Davis, Inc.



BUICK "C-37"



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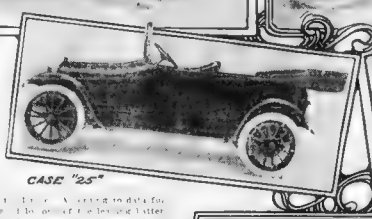
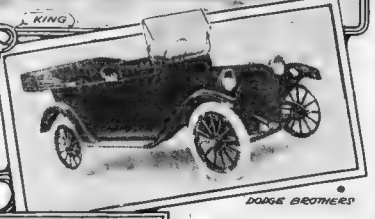


CASE "25"



DODGE BROTHERS

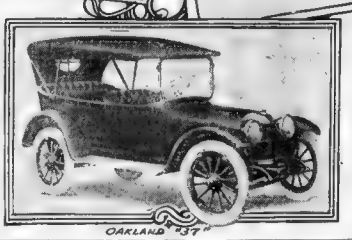
STEERING CLEAR OF ACCIDENTS

Weed Chain Man Preaches Valuable Safety First Sermon.

By T. A. COTTER

ADOPT NEW STARTING SYSTEM

Equipment of Latest Ford Product Includes Splitdorf-Apelco Electric Starting-Lighting System.



OAKLAND "37"

Two Touring Cars Shown by Gilmore

Inspect Your Spark Advance Mechanism

Well-Known Line of Cars Displayed

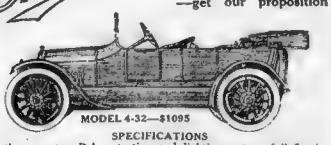
The Buick line of cars displayed in the Buick Boston Company is so well known as to require very little if any description here. The line shows little room for improvement, it having been made with rugged mechanical features. The bodies are new this year with rounded radiators, and in general appearance are decidedly attractive.

In the motor tungsten steel valves are used instead of nickel steel and mushroom steel pistons have taken the place of individual rings in each groove; the length of the piston has been increased to give greater bearing surface and prevent the possibility of piston slap.

All of the wiring has been enclosed in conduits. The Stewart vacuum feed system is used in the larger four and the six, the tank being in cowl directly in front of the engine. The wheelbase of the smaller four has been lengthened one inch. The Buick display is one of the most pleasingly arranged and decorated in the entire exhibit and throughout the show will undoubtedly hold as great a place in public popularity as it has done in previous years.

Patterson

Dealers:
See this line at the show
—get our proposition



MODEL 4-32—$1095

SPECIFICATIONS
Northway motor, Delco starting and lighting system, full floating rear axle, wheelbase 112 inches, Stewart vacuum feed system.

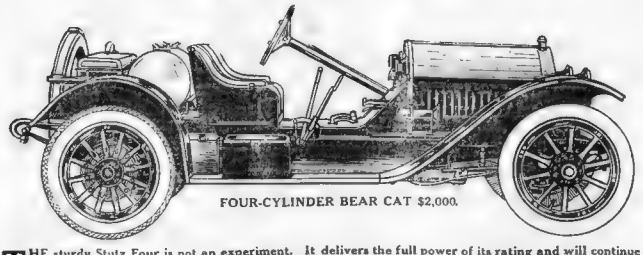
Also 6 Cyl. 48 H.P.—$1495
Complete with Delco Starting and Lighting System

SEE THEM AT THE MOTOR SHOW
Spaces 421-422

R. W. VINING
For Demonstration Phone Back Bay 8283
New England Distributor
320 NEWBURY ST.

STUTZ

THE PERFECT FOUR



FOUR-CYLINDER BEAR CAT $2,000.

THE sturdy Stutz Four is not an experiment. It delivers the full power of its rating and will continue to do so. It's as good as the best. Additional cylinders could not win it any more laurels, for it is already the official Road Race Champion.
We race the Stutz for manufacturers' laboratory tests only, not for fame. Our customers benefit, for these tests insure a car without structural fault—since its inception there has been only one structural change in the Stutz—it is the perfected four-cylinder car.
Note the low hung body, the perfect balance, the easy graceful sweep of the fenders, the clean-cut lines. A sturdy, beautiful, dependable car with all the power that is needed, and more.
See the Stutz at the Show—all models will be shown. Study it at close range and let us give you full information as to its surpassing worth.

The Stutz Is Also Made in Six-Cylinder Models.

STUTZ MOTOR CAR CO.
Boston, Mass.
895 Boylston Street. Telephone Back Bay 5875.

The New DORT

Five Passenger Touring
$680

Two Passenger Roadster
$495

Simplicity, Accessibility, Durability, Power, Speed, Light Weight, Superior Hill Climbing Ability, Wonderful Cooling Qualities of Motor, Flexibility of Motor, Perfect Spring Suspension, Deep Upholstery, Ample Leg Room, Elegant Streamline Body Styles, Completeness in Every Detail—these are but a few of the many Qualities that make the "DORT" stand out so prominently in its class.

The "DORT" embodies all of the desirable features of the large-sized and high-priced cars minus the two undesirable ones—large initial investment and high cost of up-keep.

The "DORT" Roadster was designed and built to carry an anticipated two-passenger load. In design and construction of chassis, it is similar to the Touring car. The same high grade of materials are used. It differs from the Touring car in that it has a shorter wheel base, smaller motor, slightly smaller springs, a trifle lighter axle and half-inch narrower tires.

In both models, every ounce of power is transmitted to the rear wheels through gears and shafts of nickel steel.

Space 323, Basement, Boston Auto Show
Jno. D. Mansfield, General Sales Manager, in charge of Exhibit

Backed by 28 Years of Successful Vehicle Manufacturing Experience

DORT MOTOR CAR COMPANY
FLINT, MICHIGAN

BOSTON'S GREATEST AUTOMOBILE SHOW NOW OPEN TO PUBLIC

NEW ENGLAND CONCERN ENJOYS HEALTHY GROWTH

Metz Company Stands as a Monument to the Ability of Its President.

In most every line of industrial effort there is always some firm or corporation going to the front, and with the Metz company during the last six years it has been a healthy growth and expansion. As is well known, the name Metz is associated with a popular priced two-passenger runabout and more recently with a 20-to-one touring car also sold at a popular price.

It was the Metz runabout that made the name famous in automobile circles all over the world, and the most notable achievement of it was the manner in which it won the Glidden trophy two years ago in the memorable tour from Minneapolis to Glacier National Park, in Montana.

The trophy won on that memorable run is in the possession of the Metz company and it will be one of the company's exhibits in Mechanics building during the automobile show.

Like many other captains of industry in the motor car field, Charles E. Metz had his early experience as a manufacturer of bicycles. He was born in New York State and first began to attract attention as president of the Waltham Manufacturing Company, makers of the Orient bicycles at Waltham.

He was the first man in the United States to make bumper racing machines which "mushed" and "skidded" which recall famous racing events on track and road when bicycle racing was enjoying its heyday of prosperity. He is the only man who has ever built a 10-seated bicycle driven by ten men and this bike is at present exhibiting at the Waltham plant. In the early days of the automobile he built motor cars equipped with De Dion and Autey engines, two of the first practical types of automobile engines used in this country.

Way back in 1898 he exhibited three motor cars at Madison Square Garden at what was really a bicycle show. He was also the first man to build a V-shaped 40-degree engine designed for motorcycles. It was a horizontal two-cylinder engine. He was head of a motorcycle manufacturing company for several years and several years ago he became interested in aeroplane motors and made the first American seven-cylinder motor for flying machines. He promoted and managed a very successful aviation meet at Waltham.

Here is present automobile factories are located.

It was in 1906 that Mr. Metz began to manufacture the popular-priced Metz roadster in the Crescent Park plant at Waltham in a factory formerly used for making bicycles. At that time the Metz company was organized under the laws of Massachusetts with a capital stock of $100,000.

From modest beginnings the Metz company has grown to important proportions in the automobile industry. Mr. Metz started out with 100 men in his factory and his output the first year was 2,500 cars. Today the company employs over 1,500 skilled mechanics all earning good wages and interests itself in the favorable growth of the city of Waltham. To this addition to the new office staff of 100 people. The company has completed its arrangements for turning out 40,000 automobiles during the coming year. The motors and the automobile parts are manufactured in the Crescent Park plant and the rest of the work is completed in the Moore street plant which represents an investment of over $250,000. The factory building on the Moore street plant is 100 feet long by 400 feet wide with 180,000 square feet of floor space. It is a one-story building with saw-tooth roof construction and the building is used for engine testing, foundry, woodwork and painting. In this part of the plant all cowls and fenders are made, and then everything goes forward to the final assembly department. Overhead and the finished product is run on the shipping platform on the ground floor. A shipping room is also provided in addition to the various departments on the third floor.

During the year the new machinery purchased for this building and the new and other plants made necessary by the increased demand for Metz cars are under construction.

The Moore street plant is located on a 120-acre estate formerly owned by one of the early Governors of Massachusetts, and the old country house in which he lived is used by the Metz company as a clubhouse for employees. The old mansion has been remodeled and modernized and is used as a clubhouse for employees. The old mansion has been remodeled and modernized and is used as a clubhouse for employees.

Mr. Metz is one of the pioneers in the motor car industry. The Metz company was the first to begin selling cars all over the United States for wholesale and retail trade. Ever since the first year the company has maintained a branch in Boston. In addition to the New England territory, the Metz factory sales manager W. H. Sharpe has completed arrangements for the establishment of additional branches in Providence, Worcester, Bridgeport and Waltham.

The Metz company was never in more prosperous condition than at the present time. Mr. Metz is most cheerful optimist. He has ample resources to carry out his plans in the successful manufacturing and distribution of a popular priced automobile that reflects great credit on New England brains and industry.

Cars of Both 4 and 6-Cylinders

The six in the leadership of the Rco one will almost [illegible] has been on the market [illegible] It has gained [illegible] one might [illegible] that made by the Rco [illegible] is [illegible] largest [illegible] the country.

In fact, at the [illegible] Lansing Motor [illegible] have [illegible] duction, in fact, he was [illegible] very earliest of the motor [illegible]

The Rco 6th [illegible] a striking position [illegible] and is attractive to [illegible] with [illegible] differs from the [illegible] valve mechanism [illegible] closed and [illegible] are employed. The [illegible] with minor improvements, [illegible] increase [illegible] wheelbase [illegible] inches, which [illegible] additional [illegible] Aldrich exhaust ports, the [illegible] friction surface to the [illegible] not rattling support for the [illegible] mechanism and a new starting mechanism [illegible] new walk-about gears.

Like the [illegible] six [illegible] are of the modified L-head type with the intake ports in the head and the exhaust at the [illegible] cylinders are [illegible] three, whereas they [illegible] in pairs. In addition [illegible] between the six and the four is that the former has a spiral bevel driving gears. New smooth [illegible] have been added.

In addition to regular equipment a power tire pump driven from [illegible] clutch shaft is furnished with [illegible] hose connections connected and stored in a special compartment.

BELIEVES IN VALUE OF PRESS

Studebaker Advertising Chief Places Newspapers Above Other Mediums for Auto Advertising.

By GEORGE L. WILLMAN, Advertising Manager, Studebaker Co.

The newspaper, as an [illegible] medium, is one of the most [illegible] of all [illegible] publicity. [illegible] Having once established a [illegible] the newspaper [illegible] a [illegible] support [illegible] to the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

LIMIT TO VALUE OF QUANTITY PRODUCTION

Efficiency Curve Reverses at Certain Point, Declares Reo General Manager.

[illegible] was [illegible] quantity production and its advantages to [illegible] manufacturer [illegible] factory [illegible] economy [illegible] [illegible] cautions [illegible] certain very definite point beyond that it no longer shows economy—the efficiency curve reverses," says Mr. Scott.

"For example: The principle of applied to automobile manufacturing holds so long as the jig, tool and fixture item can be absorbed as soon as you have [illegible] where these special tools must be replaced because worn out [illegible] to reduce cost by quantity production. That point will be reached at about 5,000 cars.

"Do you mean to say," interposed the interviewer, "that any manufacturer producing [illegible] cars into them just as cheap as he can sell them at just as low a price as a maker who turns out [illegible] cars per annum?

"No—not precisely," said Mr. Scott. "Other things would have to be equal, of course—experience, organization, factory facilities and [illegible] power—before one could be [illegible] a maker situated as to manufacturing costs was really [illegible] cars of [illegible] class. [illegible] have [illegible] of [illegible] cars. Why, [illegible] course, that's [illegible] of the car.

"Nothing [illegible] that manufacturers [illegible] advertising that [illegible] and [illegible] selling [illegible] reflected to the point [illegible] to certain standard [illegible] will only slightly [illegible] models each year. [illegible] have made to date more than 40,000 of the Reo fifth chassis, on you see the special jig, tool and die cost was [illegible] absorbed. Many sets of [illegible] them [illegible]

Bringing Up Father

By George McManus

TIRE PRODUCTION GROWS STEADILY

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [

EXHIBITORS LOOKING FORWARD TO THE MOST SUCCESSFUL SHOW

FIRESTONE IS OPTIMISTIC ON TIRE INDUSTRY

Expects Greatest Growth in Motor Trucks for Traffic and Autos for the Farmer.

By H. S. FIRESTONE.

The two greatest fields for its growth in the rubber tire business are

First Motor trucks for traffic.

Second, Automobiles for the farmer.

I have the greatest faith in 1915. A few weeks ago we closed our books on the best year with approximately $40,000,000 of sales to our credit. The greatest year by far in our history. Right at this time I would not take a contract for 1915 business at a price that would enable us to distribute among our stockholders the profit we made in 1914. We are not selling tires at cost, but we are selling them at a price that will

PROGRESS OF MOTOR INDUSTRY REVEALED AT THE PRESENT SHOW

NEW JACKSON CAR SHOWN

Five-Passenger Model of Four Cylinders and 40 Horsepower Is Introduced.

[illegible] power plant with [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

AUTOMOBILE SHOW EMBODIES 125,000 FEET OF EXHIBITION SPACE

MORE CAR FOR LESS MONEY' IS OVERLAND POLICY

Exhibit at Mechanics Building Is Complete in Every Particular.

[illegible] the Overlands, from the light four cylinder Model 81 to the six-cylinder Model 82, are built [illegible] of the Willys-Overland Company, of which [illegible] president. The Overland line [illegible] the most complete [illegible] Enables [illegible] to offer [illegible] the best of technical skill and producing facilities [illegible] hands by a specialist who [illegible] devote his entire attention to a single operation. This is one of the essential economic factors in Overland production.

Of the five cars [illegible] touring car, a four-passenger coupe and a roadster are of the four-cylinder models, the former [illegible] Model 80, the latter being [illegible] Model 81. Four touring cars [illegible] Model 82, [illegible] touring car and a Model 82 roadster.

John N. Willys, president of the Willys-Overland Company, believes in showing the public just exactly what a person gets when he purchases an Overland, all of the cars are strictly standardized in finish and equipment. In addition, a pair of the chassis of the Overland Model 80 is also shown.

The points of all the models which precede the first afternoon of the show are the up-to-date body designs and a number of refinements which add materially to the riding comfort and accessible summon of operation and flexibility of operation. All of the bodies conform to the most modern notions of streamline design, having that much desired long and low appearance without any suggestion of exaggeration or freakishness. The Overland roadster with a shell cowling of [illegible] the [illegible] follows the curve almost [illegible] the characteristic slope of the engine hood which gradually [illegible] back to a beautifully curved seat.

Head of Velie Branch Reports Prosperity

"I have been caught between two fires at this week's [illegible] Stanfield manager of the Boston branch of the Velie Motor Company, one of the largest exhibitors at the automobile show, when asked his message for the public. "I have been swamped between the rush of business which preceded the show and getting my own show cars ready [illegible] I have had hardly [illegible] minutes' time [illegible] However, [illegible] nothing to [illegible] for [illegible] the very rush of business [illegible] that [illegible] convinced me that we have been pleased with [illegible] and will have no cause to complain if the [illegible] as well [illegible] I have made an exhaustive study into the conditions that surround the 1915 prospects. I have looked over the territory very carefully. I have conferred with my wholesale department, and I have looked into all the conditions that regulate the amount of business that we secure from our side territory [illegible]

THUMBNAIL SKETCH OF AUTOMOBILE SHOW

Mechanics Bldg., March 6 to 13

Every day: 10:00 A. M. to 10:30 P. M.

125,000 square feet of exhibition space.

Four hundred and three exhibitions.

Four hundred and fifty models.

One hundred and three makes of vehicles.

Seventy makes of pleasure cars.

Thirty-three makes of motor trucks.

Four makes of electric pleasure vehicles.

Sixty-five makes of gasoline pleasure vehicles.

One make of pleasure steam car.

Two makes of electric trucks.

Thirty-one makes of gasoline trucks.

$2,000,000 value of exhibits.

$40,000 cost of decorations.

4,000 exhibitors and salesmen.

"Society Day," Wednesday.

"Motors' Day," Thursday.

"Governors' Day," Friday.

Three orchestras: Boston Philharmonic Orchestra, Lavra Archambault's Women's Orchestra, Clement's orchestra.

Show under auspices of Boston Automobile Dealers' Association and Boston Commercial Motor Vehicle Association, Inc.

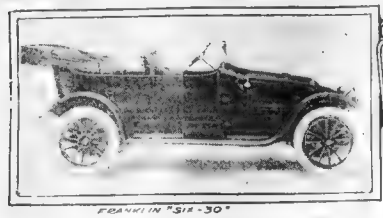
Under personal direction of Chester I. Campbell.

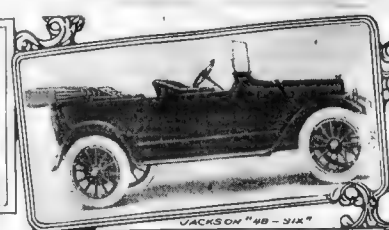
Guaranteed to Give Good Service

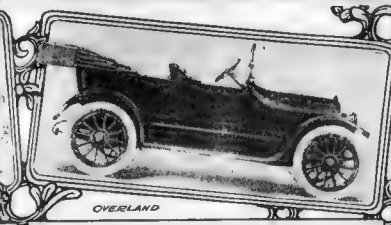
[illegible] of the most complete accessory [illegible] is that [illegible] the Boston Auto & Rubber Company, distributors of the Hatfield tire. The Hatfield tire is guaranteed to give good service for 5000 miles and the second tread, incorporated in the construction, gives perfect safety even on wet slippery pavements.

Great attention is [illegible] the making of this tire. [illegible] comes an inner layer of [illegible] woven cushion [illegible] which is made possible by a [illegible] and strong. Upon the [illegible] of the inner layer of [illegible] rubber reinforces with [illegible] gum reinforces with [illegible] of [illegible] tire a [illegible] tread. The [illegible] of rubber [illegible] to the fabric [illegible] which [illegible] both. [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] tread [illegible] the [illegible] tire [illegible] the [illegible] tire [illegible] the [illegible] tire

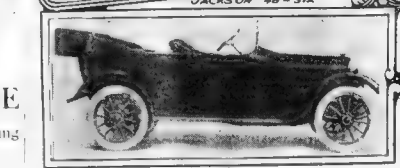
A FEW OF THE MANY CARS ON EXHIBITION AT MECHANICS BUILDING.

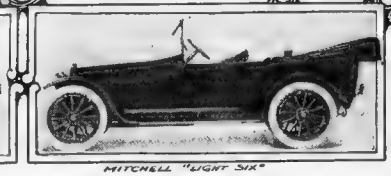

FRANKLIN "SIX-30"


JACKSON "48 - SIX"


OVERLAND

STUDEBAKER "FOUR"


REO "SIX"


MITCHELL "LIGHT SIX"

MOTOR VEHICLES INDISPENSABLE IN MODERN WARFARE

Great Fleets of Cars and Trucks Are Now Being Utilized in All Branches of Military Service.

During the raging conflict between the warring countries of Europe it has been demonstrated that the automobile is absolutely indispensable.

The motor car has sudden[illegible] its place as one of the vital [illegible] essary parts of the modern army. It has been said by not a few military critics that none of the days [illegible] movements [illegible] of the great armies in the field at present, from the [illegible] advance of the German hosts on Paris to the present time, could have been accomplished without the automobile.

It has adapted itself to nearly every feature of warfare. Great fleets of trucks, heavy and light, are plying the avenues [illegible] of the war [illegible] motor trucks [illegible] are [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

BOSTON HOTELS FILLED WITH VISITORS TO THE AUTO SHOW

DODGE BROS. RISK EVERYTHING ON AUTO FUTURE

Detroit Concern Dares to Abandon Parts Business to Build Own Cars.

X Back of the unique and highl... eresting manner in which Dodge ... ron introduced their new car to the ...ublic and entered the lists in full ...rdized automobile manufacturers is ...atter of unlimited faith in the fu... ...ure of the automobile industry, that ...has seldom had a parallel.

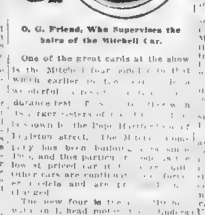
Just ten years ago Dodge Bros. received an order from one of the pioneer companies, then lasting its first measure of success, for 7,000 transmission sets, including gears completely machined. This was the only large order placed with a parts manufacturer in the history of the industry.

The factory of those days was a mechanics' of just one story and a story affair covering less than an acre of floor space. Two hundred men were employed, but the leadership was already ahead of the... ...ironment. Dodge Bros. had a skilled force, were capable of output equal to that of other factories with twice as many men. With the profits from this and other orders of early borrowing, the two partners-manufacturers decided to expand. More room was required and larger facilities were secured.

In 1912 Dodge Bros. [illegible] ...ested of the... [illegible] ...floor space, and the total [illegible] ...ear passed [illegible] ...ut six trucks [illegible] ...had built by [illegible] ...plant of Dodge Bros. and were [illegible] ...gantic scale, the output [illegible] ...ngers one of new cabins [illegible] ...plant. Buildings and [illegible] ...definitely [illegible] ...operation each season [illegible] ...revised [illegible] ...dities. And the business [illegible] ...point where it involved [illegible] ...annually a million and [illegible] ...dollars per month.

To abandon a profitable [illegible] ...of these proportions to [illegible] ...manufacturers of an [illegible] ...to build under their own [illegible] ...for confidence and a belief [illegible] ...ture of the automobile [illegible] ...has seldom been equalled [illegible] ...of endeavor. Before a [illegible] ...public was acquainted [illegible] ...intentions, Dodge Bros. [illegible] ...for a building 1,000 feet [illegible] ...four stories high. They knew [illegible] ...successfully market a new [illegible] ...production in quantity was [illegible] ...ly necessary. So a building was erected long enough, as one architect described it, "to accommodate all the motor cars made in America."

Sales Manager of the Mitchell



O. G. Friend, Who Supervises the Sales of the Mitchell Car.

One of the great cards at the show is the Mitchell four and [illegible] to that which earlier in the year [illegible] distance test [illegible] ...ier centers of the [illegible] ...is known [illegible] ...Pope Hartford [illegible] ...Dayton street. The Mitchell [illegible] ...ing has been [illegible] ...Inc., and this partner [illegible] ...loss at priced car it [illegible] ...other cars are [illegible] ...er cards and are [illegible] ...targets.

The new four is [illegible] ...with L head motor [illegible] ...of pair cast and [illegible] ...parts are light and [illegible] ...ed. The tone [illegible] ...of pressed steel [illegible] ...springs under the [illegible] ...speed set so [illegible] ...world and of the type [illegible] ...the propeller shaft [illegible] ...gear ratio is full [illegible]

A specialty of [illegible] ...the exhaust is discharged [illegible] ...instead of the rear. The [illegible] ...is mounted at the [illegible] ...shift, where it is [illegible] ...such speed without [illegible] ...pends upon good [illegible] ...and optic... ...made at a time when [illegible] ...freeze up no harm will [illegible] ...water passages are [illegible] ...to permit thermo [illegible] ...build the pump again [illegible]

SHOWS BRING ABOUT SPIRIT OF OPTIMISM

President Jewett of the Paige-Detroit Company Sees Big Year Ahead.

The air in the automobile industry is clearing. The atmosphere [illegible] of the last few months has had [illegible] depressing effect is now filled with the bracing tonic of optimistic enthusiasm. At the factories, in the dealers' salesrooms, at the hotels, in the clubs—wherever business men meet—there is a noticeably new spirit of confidence and good cheer.

This whole situation, which means so much to the entire country, is summed up in Harry C. Jewett, president of the Paige-Detroit Motor Car Company. Mr. Jewett [illegible] ...ter-visit of [illegible] ...are worths of [illegible] ...ts for they are the statistics [illegible] ...of optimism and [illegible] ...executive and one who has made a remarkable success in the automobile industry.

"The declaration of war in Europe caused a break in the bottom from [illegible] ...ess [illegible] ...the United States," said Mr. Jewett. "It seemed inevitable that the American automobile industry would be [illegible] ...d by the [illegible] ...s [illegible] ...the personal way in which [illegible] ...motor car industries [illegible] ...its response was [illegible] ...instead of a falling off in production and sales we [illegible] ...a knowledge the [illegible] ...within [illegible] ...fact that the business [illegible] ...1914 was greater than ever [illegible]

"With the close of the old year [illegible] ...an opportunity to see what had been accomplished in 1914, we find [illegible] ...was rather different from what [illegible] ...expected, for, in spite of [illegible] ...ring the automobile industry [illegible] ...rushed every record of the past [illegible] ...number of cars sold and number of cars registered in every State of the Union [illegible]

"We firmly believe the reason [illegible] ...ering the automobile [illegible] ...on the face of the most discouraging obstacles, is convincing proof [illegible] ...strength, its stability and its permanence. Nothing could prove more [illegible] ...the strength of the year [illegible] ...of manufacturing industry and [illegible] ...economic necessity of the automobile [illegible]

"Think of making and selling [illegible] ...cars in a year when the world [illegible] ...is burdened with one [illegible] ...greatest catastrophes of [illegible] ...Think of such a wonderful record! [illegible] ...an industry that apparently [illegible] ...depends upon good times and optimism [illegible] ...at a time when every [illegible] ...overcautious, when general business [illegible] ...is inclined toward conservatism, the gospel of economy [illegible] ...preached everywhere [illegible]

Latest Touring Model Feature of Metz Exhibit

The Metz company [illegible] ...recently placed on [illegible] ...touring car [illegible] ...most favorable [illegible] ...Boston Automobile [illegible] ...the touring car [illegible] ...is as complete [illegible] ...to the last-minute [illegible] ...Luxuries of motor [illegible] ...the Metz roadster, which [illegible] ...proven its usual [illegible] ...Metz exhibit.

The Metz touring car [illegible] ...could be asked for [illegible] ...and is priced at no [illegible] ...that the automobile [illegible] ...touring [illegible] ...

It now [illegible] ...

As might be expected [illegible] ...product turned out by the Metz plant [illegible] ...the new models is first and last [illegible] ...quality. It is [illegible] ...materials for [illegible] ...better in the Metz [illegible] ...

[illegible] ...

[illegible] ...

[

MASSACHUSETTS HAS ALWAYS BEFRIENDED THE AUTOMOBILE

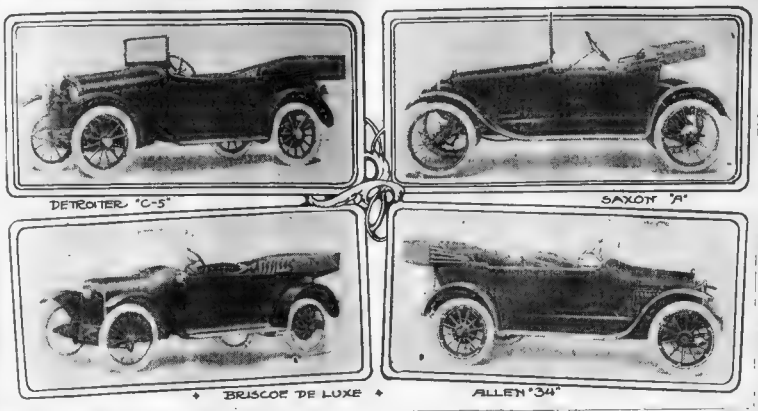
NEW WINTON IS CLASS CAR

Prese[nt] Eight Six is Comparatively Low, but Maker's Reputation Unbroken

OUTLOOK GOOD FOR SEASON OF 1915

F. C. Chandler Analyzes Automobile Situation; Tendency Toward Conservative Buying.

By F. C. CHANDLER
President Chandler Motor Car Co.



HOW BODIES ARE BUILT

Chevrolet Motor Co. Makes Its Own to Insure Long Wear Without Rattling Apart.

By OWEN J. VINCENT
Chevrolet Motor Company

FORD SOLVES LABOR QUESTION

Manufacturer Is Most Prominent Figure in Effort to Reconcile Labor and Capital.

ENGER LINE OFFERS VALUE

A STICKING CLUTCH.

Comfort the Feature in Parlor Car Model

STORAGE BATTERY CARE.

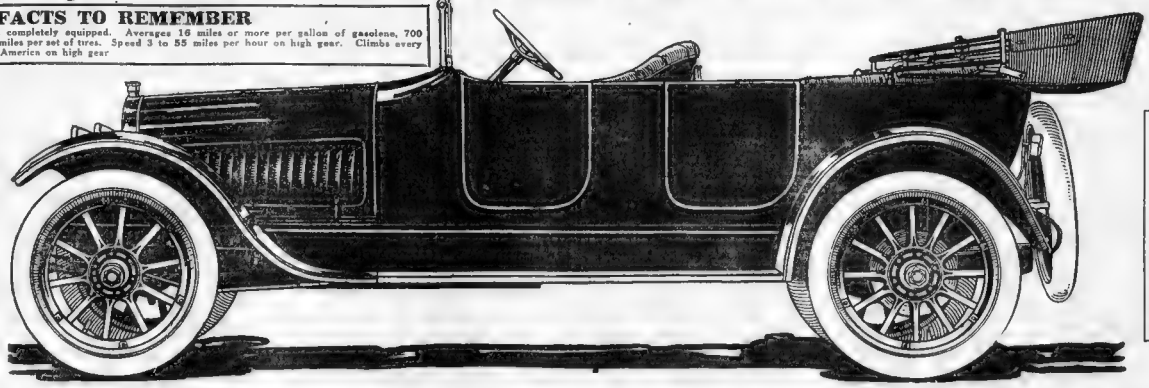
CHANDLER SIX $1295

Check Up Any Car at Less Than $2000 With the Chandler, and See the Difference

FACTS TO REMEMBER

The Chandler weighs 2985 lbs. completely equipped. Averages 16 miles or more per gallon of gasolene, 700 miles per gallon of oil and 7000 miles per set of tires. Speed 3 to 55 miles per hour on high gear. Climbs every famous "demonstrating hill" in America on high gear

The Chandler now sells at a lower price than any other six of standard touring car size. Other cars that may be considered in the same general class sell at prices ranging from two hundred to five hundred dollars higher.



To convince yourself of Chandler leadership check up any other car in the field with the Chandler. **No other car selling at less than $2000 possesses all the high-grade features of design, construction and equipment found on the Chandler.**

MOTOR — What of the motor of the "other car"? Is it a common type of stock motor built to sell to any manufacturer for any car, or was it especially designed motor of the car-builder's own make? The Chandler offers you the exclusive Chandler-design and Chandler-made motor, a powerful, quiet, economical, reliable motor that you can be proud of.

IGNITION — What of ignition on the "other car"? Has it a magneto? (The finest priced cars all have magnetos.) Is it the kind that everybody recognizes as best? Has it the Bosch? The Chandler has the Bosch. And Bosch spark plugs, too.

STARTING AND LIGHTING — Has the "other car" a simple, efficient separate unit electric starting and lighting system? Has it the standard Gray & Davis system? The Chandler has Gray & Davis.

CARBURETION — Good carburetion is the basic essential in the operation of an automobile. It is important to provide the best. What carbureter is on the "other car"? Is it an unknown or a doubtful? Chandler has the famous Rayfield.

RADIATION — There's a lot of difference in radiators. Car builders who put quality above price almost universally select the Mayo Genuine Mercedes Type. That's the Chandler radiator. What do you find on "the other car"?

MOTOR BASE — The Chandler cast aluminum motor base, extending from frame to frame, gives rigidity to the engine mounting, provides pedestals for magneto, pump and generator and does away with the necessity for a dirt-rattle sheet metal drip pan. Check up the "other car" on this point.

MOTOR DRIVE — What do you find on "the other car," gears that are bound to be noisy or silent chains enclosed and running in a bath of oil? Chandler has the silent chains.

UPHOLSTERY — Your wife will be interested in checking the upholstery. What about "the other car"? Has it thin, flimsy split leather, machine buffed, or has it genuine leather of fine substance and hand buffed, like the Chandler leather? And what's underneath this leather, moss or real hair? The Chandler cushions are hair.

REAR AXLE — You've heard a lot of noisy rear axles, haven't you — "talking axles," someone has called them. There couldn't be anything more annoying. It's a point you want to consider. Investigate. Make sure the Chandler has the new worm-bevel axle, smooth running and silent. What about the other car?

WORKMANSHIP — It is easy to check up the workmanship. Chandler workmanship throughout reflects the greatest care. The *finish* of the body, the *interior* of the body and the *chassis* down underneath are examples of splendid workmanship. Check up any other car with the Chandler on workmanship

MISCELLANEOUS — Chandler equipment includes Firestone demountable rims, Goble patent one-man top with Jiffy curtains, Pair patent top holders, motor-driven horn, speedometer, instantly adjustable tire carrier in rear of tonneau, and all the usual incidental equipment.

AUTO SHOW—SPACES 22 and 23

Come See the Chandler Now——Two, Five and Seven-Passenger Touring Bodies, $1295

Telephones Back Bay 5277-5278

CHANDLER MOTORS OF N. E., Inc.

1108-1110 Boylston Street

CHANDLER MOTOR CO., Manufacturers, CLEVELAND, O.

SUNDAY, MARCH 7, 1915. Boston American SUNDAY, MARCH 7, 1915.

Real Estate and Want Ads Section

RELIABLE REAL ESTATE
Directory and Farm Ads.
In This Section. Also Apartments and Houses To Let, Furnished Rooms, Business Opportunities and Help Ads.

USED CARS AND ACCESSORIES
MOTORCYCLES—HORSES AND CARRIAGES—MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND AGENTS WANTED
Listed in This Section

TREND TOWARD MORE ACTIVITY IN REALTY MART

Increased Trading in Suburban Property; Big Down-Town Deal.

MANY SALES WEDNESDAY

The [illegible] which has been in evidence over the towards greater [illegible] activity became more pronounced last week, which it must at least characterized by as a tri[illegible]dence.

It is true that certain parts of the week—Monday and Wednesday—the largest number of transfers of the year were recorded at the public County Leg ster of Deeds, but diminished perceptibly on the other days of the week reduced the total for the week. On Wednesday 158 transfers were to record, the largest number since June 15 of last year.

In spite of a more or less startling character presaged suburban activity especially in Dorchester, Roxbury and West Roxbury—and a down-town trade of considerable importance con[illegible]ted the interesting features of the week.

A transaction that a million dollar office building will be erected at the corner of Boylston and Tremont streets caused a flurry in the Exchange, was carried last week. This is one of the most valuable corner sites in the city. While the price was given over by the reporter in the records of sixty days' renewal notices, and the fact that a thirty-day option on the property is out, nothing definite could be learned.

A slight professional tinge was given to market by the activity of regular traders, who figured in last week's most important deal. J. Sumner Draper and Mark T. Ingle Downing traded the improved property at Nos. 12 and 14 South street for properties at No. 247 Hanover street and Nos. 11 to 19 Stanhope street, owned by the F. H. Peabody estate.

A summary of the more important transfers of the week follows:

DORCHESTER.

SUMMER STREET—No. 1, Thomas E. Brewer and wife to Dorothy J. Bennett, frame house and lot of land, [illegible] sq. ft.; subject to mortgage of $7,000; L. S. Eaton broker.

WILLOW AVENUE—No. 98, Bela Peck and wife to Margaret Manning, frame house and lot of land, [illegible] sq. ft.; subject to mortgage of $4,000.

WILLARD STREET—No. 98, Bela Peck and wife to Margaret Manning, frame house and lot of land, [illegible] sq. ft.; subject to mortgage of $4,000.

SOUTH BOSTON STREET—No. 41, Asa M. Bates to Sadie L. Bacon, frame house and lot of land, [illegible] sq. ft.; subject to mortgage of $1,500.

SAVIN STREET—No. 42, Harold D. Brown to Annie Lorenzo, frame house and lot of land, [illegible] sq. ft.; subject to mortgage of $3,000.

LEONARD STREET—No. 11; Moses J. Green, trustee, to Annie Lorenzo, frame house and lot of land, [illegible] sq. ft.; subject to mortgage of $3,000; Robert A. Bacon broker.

HOWARD AVENUE—Nos. 8 to 10, Louisa Frost to Annie Lorenzo, frame house and lot of land, [illegible] sq. ft.; subject to mortgage of $3,000; Robert A. Bacon broker.

HOWARD AVENUE—Nos. 8 to 10, Louisa Frost to Annie Lorenzo, frame house and lot of land, [illegible] sq. ft.; subject to mortgage of $3,000; Robert A. Bacon broker.

WILTON STREET—No. 17, Blanche C. Smith to John H. Whidden, frame house and lot of land, [illegible] sq. ft.; consideration $12,500.

MOSELEY STREET—No. 42, Ursula R. Myer to Patrick [illegible], frame house and lot of land, [illegible] sq. ft.; subject to mortgage of $4,000.

WHITE STREET—No. 10, Mary Bonner to [illegible], frame house and lot of land, [illegible] sq. ft.; subject to mortgage of $3,000.

BLUEBELL [illegible]—Nos. 56 and 58, Samuel Cohen to Annie Lorenzo,

Real Estate—Miscellaneous.

Spring Sale of Houses

Dec[illegible] the best buying opportunity ever of[illegible] Boston. Prices down to rock bottom—[illegible] an ever before quoted for such values.

The Essentials of Good Investments
QUALITY—PRICES—TERMS

These properties combine all these essentials. In quality they speak for themselves. Our prices give only small profits. Our terms are most attractive.

Dorchester 3-Family
8 Hosmer St.

[illegible] open Sunday at Nine Hill [illegible] near Norton st. [illegible] this high [illegible] 2nd [illegible] 3d MONTH [illegible] 4-5-6 to run. Easy [illegible] MARKET VALUE $6500.

SALE PRICE $6350

[illegible] Terms. O. COLONY REALTY ASSOC., INC.

Dorchester Single
77 Lyndhurst St.

[illegible] one of the most attractive [illegible] colonial [illegible] rooms, all [illegible] tiled [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] MARKET VALUE $6400.

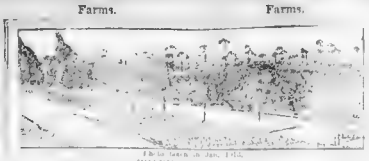
SALE PRICE $5300

Easy Terms. OLD COLONY REALTY ASSOC., INC.

SMALL SINGLE
With Large Lot
37 Harvard St., Dor.

Let [illegible] rent [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Farms.



THIS ISLE OF PINES FOR SALE OR TO LEASE

Strout's
Special Farm List
175-Acre Lake Farm, $4,500.

BRAINTREE
8 ACRES good land, 150 fruit trees, raised 100 bbls apples last year; 7-room house, electric lights, open plumbing, hot water heating, set tubs, stationary washstands, hardwood floors throughout, piazza, fine shade trees, fine location, 10 minutes' walk to electric cars; price $3,000; $1,000 cash, balance on easy terms. J. H. SPAULDING, 9 Union st., Braintree, telephone 21167 Braintree.

WALPOLE—20-acre farm, 9-room house, modern improvements; price $4,500. J. H. SPAULDING CO.

WE HAVE farms and property of every description for immediate Shore purchasers. Call or communicate with us. Don't forget from $100 to $5,000 is the property we want to sell.

J. H. SPAULDING CO.
FARMS FOR SALE

Few Farm Bargains

3-Acre Poultry Farm $1600

Merrimac Valley Farms
FOR ALL DESCRIPTIONS
A BIG BARGAIN

COME TO FLORIDA
And Make $5,000 Every Winter

VILLAGE PLACE

FARMS
Summer Homes
Send full particulars of what you want to buy. C. H. BRADLEY, Real Estate, Dover, N. H.

WAKEFIELD

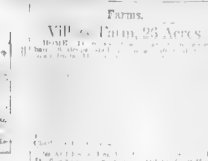
FARMS WANTED

8 Miles from Boston

FARMS EVERYWHERE
Bought—Sold—Exchanged.

I WANT to hire a farm, 50-a. or more south of Boston or Providence. DOWNES, 82 Cushing st., Hingham, Mass.

Farms.



Apartments Allston.

Apartment—Arlington

Strout's
Special Farm List
175-Acre Lake Farm, $4,500.

HENRY W. SAVAGE
REAL ESTATE
129 Tremont St., Boston
412 Tremont

HENRY W. SAVAGE

HOTEL HARVARD
640 H

THE ONLY REAL

Small Country Home

232 BAY STATE ROAD

HUDSON FRUIT FARM

MacIntire Real Estate Co.

5-ACRE FARMS, $125

Merrimac Valley Farms
FOR ALL DESCRIPTIONS
A BIG BARGAIN

COME TO FLORIDA
And Make $5,000 Every Winter

FARMS
Summer Homes
Send full particulars of what you want to buy. C. H. BRADLEY, Real Estate, Dover, N. H.

$300 Secures 5-Acre Farm

FARMS WANTED

8 Miles from Boston

FARMS EVERYWHERE
Bought—Sold—Exchanged.

Farms, 23 Acres

Apartments—Cambridge.
THE DUNVEGAN
AND MONTROSE

Frontford Hall
Harvard St.

WM. A. McLEAN

The Everett Apartments

NOW READY
FRANCO COPLEY

LINNAEAN HALL
Mass. Ave. and Linnaean St.

NEWHALL AND BLEVINS,
Largest and Best List
DORCHESTER SUITES
RENTS $18.00 TO $50.00
A. F. HALL,
368 Washington St., Dor.
DORCHESTER SUITES

LIST YOUR HOUSE HERE
411 GENEVA AV
718 WASHINGTON ST
TO LET

Heated Apartment

Apartments in Mattapan
Rents $18 to $30
Downes & Doggett,

Mattapan, Milton Rents $17-$30.
C. E. HENNESSEY
1617 LUCE HILL AV
MATTAPAN SQUA
TEL

Apartments—Dorchester.
THE LANGFORD,
DORCHESTER.
TWO, THREE, FOUR ROOMS
Kitchenettes and Bath.
COLUMBIA ROAD.
Best of References.
JANITOR ON PREMISES.
D. P. DELANO, Agent.

Steam-Heated Suites
WORTH $40
7 room suites, steam, hot water, janitor service, Murphy and electric; sole Dorchester location. W. H. COWAN, 454 Geneva av., Dor.

DORCHESTER
SPECIALS.
S. E. PARSONS, 731 Dudley St.

My List OF DORCHESTER APARTMENTS
$18 to $60
L. W. VINAL

Apartments—Forest Hills.

Apartments—Medford.
BUCKLEY
H. A. BUCKLEY,

Apartments—Newton.

Apartments—Needham.

Apartments—Orient Heights.

Apartments—Revere.

Apartments—Beachmont.

Apartments—Brighton.
TO LEASE
Best Location in Boston

Sutherland Dwellings
1714 to 1742 Commonwealth A

Apartments—Brookline.
1862-1870 Beacon St.
3-4-5 Rooms.

Beacon Boulevard Apartments

Apartments—Malden.

Apartments—Mattapan.

Apartments—Charlestown

Apartments—Somerville

Apartments—South End.
APARTMENTS
HOUSES—STORES

W. H. Gordon,
473 Tremont St., Near Castle Sq.

Apartments—Watertown.

Apartments—West Somerville.
WEST SOMERVILLE
Rents $18 to $35
Masseck Real Estate Office

Apartments—Winthrop.
WINTHROP
Elliot & Whittier,

Apartments—Miscellaneous.

Furnished Apartments.

Houses to Let and Wanted

Heating and Cooking.

Wines and Liquors.

Business Property to Let.

PRIVATE GARAGES
PARK SQUARE
TO LET
JOHN BECK

Immediate Occupancy
84 STATE ST.
AND
110 STATE ST.

R. M. BRADLEY & CO., 60 State

Manufacturing Plant

WM. E. Mer
451 Old south B'ldg., Bost

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220 DEVONSHIRE ST
Apply to Janitor.

NEW BUSINESS BLOCK
EVERETT SQ., EVERETT

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HARD TIME RATES.
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Furnished Rooms—Allston.

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VISITORS TO BOSTON
2 and 3-Room Furnished Suites

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Furnished Rooms—East Boston.

Furnished Rooms—Forest Hills.

Furnished Rooms—Jam. Plain.

Furnished Rooms—Roxbury.

Furnished Rooms—Somerville.

Furnished Rooms—So. Boston.

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Apartments—Roxbury.

FULL DETAILS

IN our office windows of apartments and houses for rent; apartments and houses for sale; every vacancy in Roxbury and Dorchester is listed at our office. Send for "Rent Lists," 500 Warren st., Roxbury, telephone 5000. Don't fail to see the cards in our windows which contain full details. eSee b

Houses to Let and Wanted

Heating and Cooking.

Wines and Liquors.

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FURNISHED

Furnished Rooms—Back Bay.

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Furnished Rooms—Somerville.

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THESE PRICES STILL GO

No Charge for Plates when other work is ordered. Broken plates repaired while you wait.

NEW YORK DENTAL ROOMS

TEETH $1.00 Per Week

LOWEST PRICES IN BOSTON

Dr. Mark Romanow

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Open 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays 9 A. M. to 1 P. M.

Gas Fixtures and Mantles.

STEAD'S Perfect Lights

For Perfect Light, Steady Pressure and Economy

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BEST AND CHEAPEST

STORAGE IN BOSTON.

Fire Insurance for Moving and Storage.

Rates Lowest.

Tel. 202 and 203 to 206 Rubber St.

Phones 8 and 9 Tel. 201 and 1026

NEW ENGLAND STORAGE WAREHOUSE

Is Large at Roxbury 15 minutes from Water

Is Large at Roxbury 15 minutes from Water

Office Fixtures and Partitions.

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Bank, Store & Office Fixtures

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JAMES A. GLASS, Jr. Co.

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Store Fixtures.

Grocers, Markets, Restaurants.

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Lotus Soap, 25c.

WORCESTER, ST. 62, room 40 (new building), steam heated, hot water, electric lights, gas for cooking, janitor service, rent reasonable. Apply to janitor on premises.

WORCESTER, ST. 144—Near Columbus av., newly remodeled house, beautifully furnished rooms, with housekeeping, $2.50.

Male Help Wanted.

500 MEN WANTED!

12 Auto Lessons $10

Theory of Wireless

WANTED.

STOCK SALESMAN.

9 AUTO LESSONS $5

TEETH $1 PER WEEK

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Thoroughly Experienced

Lace Curtain Salesmen

Only thoroughly competent people need apply at Supt's Office at 8.30 A. M.

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WANTED in every city and town in New England: the best selling specialty ever offered. Send ten cents for sample and mailing to THE RUBBER STEP MFG. CO., Exeter, N. H.

$49 A WEEK to Bee Hive operators. Steady employment. Write for terms.

LINOTYPE SCHOOL, L. S. CAMMER, 295 Washington st., Boston.

HEEL LIFT CUTTER

SHOE SALESMAN

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WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

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BOSTON AUTO SCHOOL

Male Situations Wanted.

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Curtain Operators

ROYAL CURTAIN MFG. CO.

111 SUMMER ST., BOSTON

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Experienced on Ladies' Waists

Good Pay and Steady Work

Apply Sovereign Waist Co.

MODELS, 16 and 36, to put on coats and suits at a low price; call Monday after 1 o'clock, at 501 Washington st., room 40.

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Millinery

Millinery Saleslady.

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Agents and Canvassers.

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Agents and Canvassers.

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WANTED—Distributing Agents

Agents and Canvassers.

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AGENTS—GLASS LADY CANVASSER

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MANUFACTURER has some goods of special interest to agents; sells to consumer; exclusive territory; no capital required. Address MANUFACTURER, box 1, Boston.

WANTED—Agents to sell our goods by sample; $100 per month and expenses; permanent position; experience unnecessary. Address, with stamp, GEM MFG. CO., Dept. 1, Chicago.

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MONEY MAKING SPECIALTIES. Handsome sample free. Write quick. Address, with stamp, GEM MFG. CO., Dept. 1, Chicago.

Many agents will do better than ever with our new selling plans; get free sample case and catalogue. PAYNE & CO., 1 Beacon st., Boston.

AGENTS—Sell a new 1915 Ford automobile top; fastener on sight; 300 per cent profit; sample 25c. LANCASTER, Beverly, Mass.

AGENTS, $3 a week for one hour's work a day. Write for particulars. Address Box 1, Boston.

BANKER'S PAY for agent's work, starting at $25 a week and increasing to $50 and $100 a week; steady, new proposition; details important; automobile furnished. Address, with stamp, Box 1, Boston.

WANTED—At once, men and women everywhere to help introduce the Maxim Vacuum Washer. Write for terms. The White Wash Co., 1 Beacon st., Boston.

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Motorcycles and Bicycles. Motorcycles and Bicycles. Motorcycles and Bicycles. Motorcycles and Bicycles. Motorcycles and Bicycles. Motorcycles and Bicycles. Motorcycles and Bicycles.

Will Not Be Exhibited at the Show

Our inability to properly attend to the needs and comforts of our hundreds of visitors in the cramped quarters, and with the limited facilities afforded us, led to the discontinuance of our exhibit there.

You are invited to attend the exhibit at our Store, where a most complete display will be made and where amid pleasant surroundings, in a properly lighted and ventilated room, handsomely decorated, we shall endeavor to greet and serve you in a manner more befitting our idea of service than has heretofore been possible.

Music—Open House Day and Evening Throughout the Week—Souvenirs

GEORGE N. HOLDEN, 188-190 Massachusetts Avenue, BOSTON

Built and Tested In the Mountains

1915

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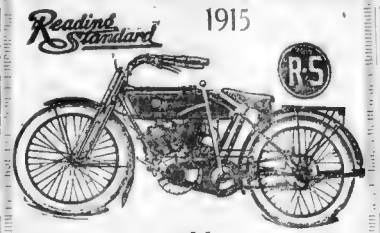

Silent, Comfortable, Fast, Reliable, Valves Fully Enclosed, Low Saddle Position

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Some Good Territory Open

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BOSTON

The 1915 Harley-Davidson

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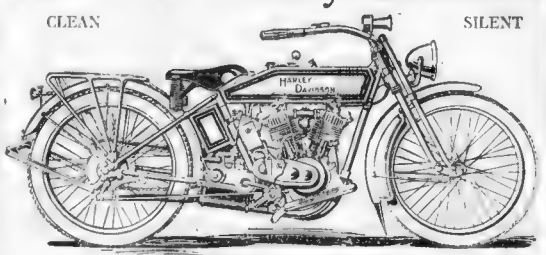

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VISIT OUR INDEPENDENT MOTORCYCLE SHOW

74 Huntington Avenue, Opposite Mechanics Building

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 10:30

JUST A FEW OF THE 1915 IMPROVEMENTS AND REFINEMENTS.

Electric Equipment: Remy lighting system on Models 11H and 11J.
Three-speed Sliding Gear Transmission, automobile type.
Automatic Mechanical Oil Pump: only three working parts.
Double acting, Internal Expanding Band-brake.
Improved Muffler: silent and efficient. No back pressure.
Larger valves and intake manifold.
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There are 39 other refinements and improvements.

You will find the same high-class workmanship and the same high-class material in our motorcycles that you will find in the highest priced cars at the Auto Show.

A very limited amount of good territory still open in New England. Come in and we will talk it over.

HARLEY-DAVIDSON MOTOR COMPANY

NEW ENGLAND BRANCH 74 Huntington Avenue, Boston, Mass.

JES CAMPBELL, Mgr.

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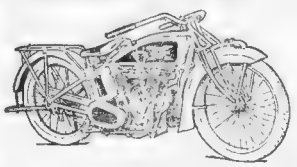

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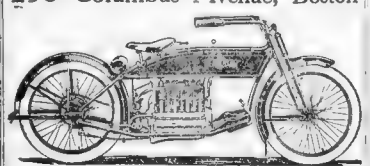
ON EXHIBITION

—AT—

258 Columbus Avenue, Boston



We have the best agency proposition in your territory! Why don't YOU take it? Your opportunity!

HUB MOTORCYCLE CO., Inc.

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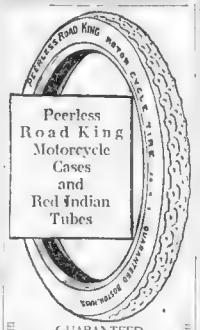
New England Distributors



Peerless Road King Motorcycle Cases and Red Indian Tubes

GUARANTEED

The Best Motorcycle Tire on the market.

This tire has 4 plies of the best fabric. The tread is of extra heavy thickness of red rubber, made to withstand the GREATEST and give long service.

The sides are of white rubber, which, when used with our special Road King Non-Skid Tread of black rubber, make a most serviceable and attractive tire.

Get the Best Motorcycle Case and Tube at the Lowest prices.

GUARANTEED 3,500 Miles

Cases	Price	Tubes Price
28x2½, 1 ply	$2.35	$2.15
28x2½, 4 ply	2.40	2.60
2 x2¼, 4 ply	2.60	2.60
28x3, 4 ply	3.45	2.85

Sold by all Reliable Dealers

HUB CYCLE CO.,

44 Portland Street, Boston

The Leading Electric and Motorcycle Supply House in New England

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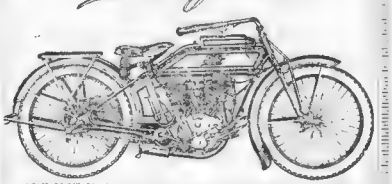
Thor Motorcycles



ARE NOT EXHIBITED AT THE AUTOMOBILE SHOW

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AT OUR OWN SALESROOMS

We are making a very attractive exhibit of the entire line, with all the models fully equipped, including the three-speed, electric, and two-speed, with handlebar control for high and low gear, thus eliminating all shifting of gears, and many others.

Open Day and Evening. You Are Cordially Invited

THOR MOTORCYCLE CO.,

356 COLUMBUS AVE. BOSTON, MASS.

W. J. Walker is the "Harley-Davidson" Retail Man

He has a plan whereby you can get your motorcycle NOW and put in a long period of ideal riding before you complete paying for it. You won't feel the payments, but YOU WILL FEEL THE WONDERFUL ENJOYMENT a HARLEY-DAVIDSON MOTORCYCLE is bound to bring.

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74 HUNTINGTON AVE. . . BOSTON, MASS.

Call and Inspect the 1915 Models

Pope MOTOR CYCLES

7 MODELS

4-H. P. Model H, $100 | 5-H. P. Speed... $80
4-H. P. Model H, Speed... 100 | 5-H. P. Twin... 225
5-H. P. Single... 200 | 7-H. P. Racer... 300

WE HAVE several bargains in used motorcycles, in excellent condition. Also a few motorcycles left in stock at reduced prices. Call or write for prices. Agents wanted in NEW ENGLAND to sell the Pope Motorcycles.

Also exhibit at Boston Auto Show, space 339, March 6-13.

"USED" MOTORCYCLES

1914 Harley-Davidson, two-speed twin, fully equipped.....$100.00
1913 Excelsior, fully equipped, $85.00
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1913 Harley-Davidson truck; capacity 1000 lbs.; guaranteed for one year.....$135.00
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1914 Indian side car.....$40.00

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For Lowest Cash Prices Or Easy Terms On Bicycles See

HARRY KATZ

73 River Street

Tel 2214 Cambridge, Mass

$1.00 LI GUAGE CARRIERS 50c By Parcel Post 7c Extra. Repairing a specialty. Tires and supplies.

First Check for $70

BUYS my 1911 Indian 7-h. p. twin, in fine running condition; must be sold this week. Apply L. F. PERKINS, 9 Elsworth st., Brockton, Mass.

For Only $125

ON ACCOUNT of sickness must sell my 1913 H-H. with 2-h. p. motor in good condition; just rebuilt; new tank; tires and rims; will sell for $125. Present owner will demonstrate. Call at 9 Bread and Ice Building, main floor, Broadway. Apply to Mr. LIBERTY, 11 North Main st., Brockton.

$150 is our 1915 price for the new 5 h.p. TWIN motorcycle, with electric lights and self-starter, if desired; is unsurpassed at the world's record of 100 miles an hour. See our agent at once.

TWO-SPEED YALE

MOTORCYCLES and supplies, new prices. PURITAN MOTOR SUPPLY CO., 113 Massachusetts st.

C-A-S-H

I WILL PAY the highest cash price for your motorcycle. H.-D. 1912 14-inch or 16-inch HIDE seat for motorcycle in and we will buy it as the first payment for a new 1915 Harley-Davidson. HARLEY-DAVIDSON MOTOR PLAN CO., WALKER, 74 Huntington st., Boston, Mass.

H. P. TWIN, Indian, excellent, $70 cash. HARRY KATZ, 73 River st., Cambridge, Mass.

Refrigerators.

ICE MILK and cream freezers of all kinds, also ice tongs. CURLING REFRIGERATOR CO., 109 Northampton st., call or telephone Roxbury 2264-W.

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RUBBER CARRIAGE TIRES

Get the Best Tire Made | Tires With a Reputation

Send us your wheels by express, we put rubbers on and ship back same day. Prices reasonable, terms easy. Send for booklet. Boston Carriage Rubber Co., 1 Tremont st., Boston. Tel. Beach 1080. Factory, Malden.

BOLD TO THE TRADE

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Used Cars and Accessories.

GROW CONTINUES TO GROW

George Grow Automobile Co.

321-323 Columbus Ave., Boston

Telephone Back Bay 5200 Two Doors from Dartmouth Street
Near Back Bay Station

The Largest House of Its Kind in the World

$275,000.00 Automobile Show

Right in Our Establishment

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

I am proud of the confidence bestowed in our house by the people of New England. Last year we sold upward of ... machines and this year we are going to make it three hundred ...

Payments ...

The ... genuine and ...

Our low prices and easy terms make this the greatest ... saving opportunity in the history of the automobile industry ... this country.

Each and every car is inspected minutely by expert mechanics (the best that money can hire) in our own factory before ... being offered for sale, so you are doubly insured of perfect satisfaction.

I shall personally see to it that every courtesy and consideration within the power of this mammoth institution will be extended to you.

Hoping that you will favor us with a call—make our house your headquarters while in Boston—I am

GEORGE GROW.

Get the Right Place. Large Five-Story Building, 321-323 COLUMBUS AVE., Near Dartmouth St.

OVER 200 CARS IN STOCK

What You Don't See Advertised Ask For.
Five Floors Full. Cars Thoroughly Demonstrated

VALUES LIKE THESE DO NOT COME EVERY DAY

Cars delivered FREE to any New England point.
No extra charge when you buy a car on monthly payment plan.
We positively have no connections with any other concern.
We carry our own notes, saving you broker's commission and the interest on borrowed money.

1914 Hudson 6-40, $965. 4 TO SELECT FROM IN ALL STYLES

1914 Carnation, 4-Pass., $300 BRAND NEW. A FINE OPPORTUNITY

1914 Cadillac Touring, $1,000.

1914 Cadillac 5-Pass. $800

1914 Kissel Runabout, $830

1914 Chevrolet 5-Pass., $650

1914 Hupmobile T. C. $650.

1914 Cole, 5 Passenger, $670.

1914 Chalmers, 4 Cyl., 5 Pas., $515

1914 Hupmobile T. C. $475

1914 Lozier "Light Six," $1,250.

1914 Overland 5-Pass., $600

1914 Packard Limousine, $900

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1914 Ford Tour., Cars $450.

1914 Studebaker 5-Pass. $800.

1913 Oakland, 5-Pass., $650

1913 Abbot Detroit 7 Pass., $500.

1911 Packard 38 ... $650

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1914 Cadillac 5-Pass. $350

1914 Overland, Delivery, $425

1910 Hudson Runabout, $350

HUDSON '33' RUNABOUT, $375

1912 Buick 5-Pass. $325

1912 Cadillac, 4 Pass. $600

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OAKLAND RUNABOUT, $250

1913 METZ RUNABOUT, $175

1912 Reo, Demi-Tonneau, $250

1912 Reo, 5-Pass. $425.

1912 R... 4 P... $350.

1912 Cadillac Ro... $425

1912 White, 5-Pass. $650.

1912 American Tourist, $600.

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1914 Maxwell, 5 Pass. $385.

1911 Locomobile Roadster

Used Cars and Accessories.

Motor Car Co.,

162 Columbus Avenue, Near Berkeley St., Boston

Tel. 5298 Oxford

Investment ... Late Model Packard ...

$225—1911 Ford Roadster

$300—1913 Marion Touring

$335 1912 Underslung Regal Roadster

$400—1914 Model 79 Overland

$485—1912 Metz Runabout

$600—1914 Model 79R Overland Roadster

$135—1912 Ford Touring Car

$155—1914 ...

$385—1914 Model 25 Maxwell 5-Pass.

$75

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Automobile Commercial Bodies

Baxter Mfg. Co.

90 Freeport Street DORCHESTER

ONE OF THE LARGEST BODY FACTORIES IN BOSTON

Fisk Tires Lower Than Ever

$185—Light 5-Passenger FIRST CLASS CAR. BEST PRESENT FOR YOUR FAMILY.

$265 LIGHT 5 PASS.

Geo. Grow Tire Co.
321-323 Columbus Ave., Boston

Ford Touring Bodies

1913 EXCELSIOR TWIN.

$535—1912 Everitt Six-48—$535

Consult the Body Specialists

$865—1914 Mitchell Six-60

$185, 1913 Warren Detroit

BUICK ROADSTER, $65

$150.00

MAXWELL 1909, five passenger touring car,

Worth $120 WILL SELL FOR $65

$5.65—1912 OLDMOBILE

AUTOCAR, LIKE NEW, MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE

Wanted 200 Touring Cars

The Ford Dealer

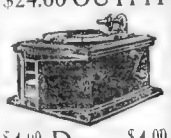
L. M. COTTON, INC.,

25 Slightly Used Cars At Colonial Auto Sales Co.

Information Wanted.

Pianos and Musical Instruments.

$24.00 OUTFIT



$1.00 Down A Week $1.00

Including Victor No. IV, $15.00 and Your Choice of $9.00 Worth of Records.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED

Send First Payment and 2 References

Name and address for references. Month or week ...

Tremont Stores

THE OLD Butler CORNER

90 Tremont St.

March Piano Sale

C. P. COLLINS

Roxbury Piano Storage Sale-room Co.

I would rather sell 100 pianos at $1 above cost than sell one piano at $100 profit. Big sales and small profits have brought success to me.

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$265 LIGHT 5 PASS.

Roxbury Piano Storage Sale-room Co.
2175 Washington St., Roxbury
Take ground floor Arch door for piano sales.

C. C. HARVEY ©

144 BOYLSTON ST.

$300—Harvey Parlor Piano in beautiful mahogany case; perfect order and a tone as good as ever. At the above low price it is the instrument for you. Easy terms. Open evenings. C. C. HARVEY CO., 144 Boylston St.

$200—Is it right even in the French walnut case—is in perfect order and as good as ever. Has a rich, full tone. Easy terms. Only $4 per month. C. C. HARVEY CO., 144 Boylston St.

$175—Is a fancy upright piano in rosewood case; is in perfect order and a good piano. Easy terms of only $4 per month. C. C. HARVEY CO., 144 Boylston St.

$125 Fischer piano in rosewood case in beautiful condition. Has been a good deal in use, but is in perfect order and will give satisfaction for years to come. Easy terms. C. C. HARVEY CO., 144 Boylston St.

$105—Is a fine Davis upright piano in rosewood case; has been in use, but is in perfect order and is really offered as good as ever at the low price of $105. Easy terms. C. C. HARVEY CO., 144 Boylston St.

C. C. HARVEY ©

144 BOYLSTON ST.

PIANO FACTORY REFUSES TO PAY BIG COMMISSIONS

Sells Direct to Public at Factory Prices.

DURRELL PIANO CO

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it'll interest you yes, it'll save you money.
—it is our method of introducing our makes of pianos.

Lord Piano Co.

757 Boylston St.

Boston

Factory House-Cleaning

Pianos and Musical Instruments.

IVERS & POND PIANOS

Ivers & Pond Piano Co.

Music.

PIANOS TUNED $1

PIANOS TUNED $1

HARMONY, $5

Clothing.

STUDENTS' CLOTHING

Washington Clothing Co.,

MARKS & CHESTER

GET WISE TO THIS

DRESS SUITS,

DRESS SUITS

Coins, Stamps, Etc.

Office and Household Furniture.

What Have You to Sell?

Adoption.

Sewing Machines.

Poultry and Supplies.

The Standard Colony Brooder $15.00

ALL SOLID CAST IRON

CARLTON & CLARK POULTRY SUPPLY CO., Boston Agent
STANDARD BROODER STOVE CO. . . . CLEVELAND, OHIO

Business Opportunities.

PATENTS

Business Opportunities.

Lodging House Bargain.

A GOOD CHANCE TO BUY A GROCERY STORE IN ROXBURY
Doing Cash Business
PROFITS $1,500
Price $1,600, No Agents

$10,000

WILL SACRIFICE.

$300 BUYS

Machinery and Tools.

SCREW CUTTING LATHES.

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UPRIGHT DRILLS.

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Yachts, Boats and Engines.

CITY FOLK ALL OVER NEW ENGLAND RESPOND TO 'BACK TO THE FARM' CALL

FARM BROKERS PREPARE FOR BIG SPRING BUSINESS

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY HOME AT NORTHBORO. COURTESY OF FREDERICK A. KING, S. FRAMINGHAM

COURTESY OF JOSIAH F. PRESCOTT, 207 WASHINGTON ST.

PHOTO SUPPLIED BY A.H. WAITT, 45 MILK ST.

LARGE FARMHOUSE AT ABINGTON, MASS. COURTESY OF HENRY W. SAVAGE, INC.

FARMHOUSE AT FRAMINGHAM, PHOTO SUPPLIED BY LUTHER C. LEAVITT, FRAMINGHAM

BUYERS OF FARMS MORE NUMEROUS

Brockton Broker Declares Industrial Crisis Is Increasing Number of Farm Sales

An unusual demand for farms, due to the present industrial conditions, and the ever-increasing cost of food stuffs, is predicted by Charles F. Clapp, a prominent Brockton real estate man.

"The demand for suburban homes and farms," says Mr. Clapp, "far exceeds that of any previous year. There are many reasons for this condition. Probably the one most prominent is the present industrial situation. Since the beginning of the outbreak of the European war there came a lack of confidence, and manufacturing began to decline. This compelled the laying off of many competent employes which, coupled with every increasing cost of food stuffs, caused by the war, has necessitated the going back to the land.

"There is nothing worse for mankind than to live in forced idleness. Hence, the man that has been frugal and saving has learned to realize that if he can secure a home outside of the crowded cities, where he may have room enough to raise his own vegetables and supply his table to some extent, he has to a large degree solved the problem. Many a man has wasted much valuable time the past few months, owing to the lack of something to do. Whereas had he owned some land, that time could have been profitably occupied in raising his own supplies, which would have left him free from debt.

"Another great reason for so many people seeking suburban homes is the high cost of living by the dozen. Why? Because the doctor knows that we need pure milk, fresh eggs and vegetables, and these could be obtained in the large cities because so much time is consumed in transporting these products. I know many persons that have come broken in health and bought both small and large farms near Brockton, and in a short while have transformed themselves into new beings.

FARM FARM BUREAU.

"In Plymouth County there has lately been formed a 'Farm Bureau,' which will mean much to those who let it mean that you always have an expert farmer to go to, to make all inquiries necessary to successfully run a small or large farm. The headquarters of the bureau is at Brockton.

"Many persons, who find, believe they must have a large farm in order to get much profit from their place. This is not so. One acre of land will fully accommodate a fowl and supply a family with vegetables. Two hundred fowl properly taken care of will net $2 apiece per year, $400, which is better than the income of the average workingman today.

"Small farms are very often profitable, an acre of raspberries often giving three hundred dollars per acre, and only need attention a few weeks in the Spring. The agricultural colleges all through the land, the agricultural department at Washington, are more than pleased to help the people in any branch of farming. These departments are doing every thing possible to encourage and teach the beginner how to bring about successful results.

"You will often hear the man that never gets anywhere say that there is no money in farming. This is not so in any section of New England in fact there are too few in Brockton, a city of 68,000 population, we only have about 2,000 hens which means we have to depend for eggs from other states, while Plymouth County with only about one-sixth of its present population was cultivating twice the area of land she is today. At the present time we do not raise 20 per cent. of the farm products we consume every year. We are buying thousands of dollars worth of farm products from the West which we ought to raise here.

"I believe this year is to be the banner year in 'The Back to Land' movement. Farms have doubled in value the past ten to fifteen years and will in the near future be beyond the reach of the average man. So far this year the demand in our office has been 300 per cent greater than in any season. Those looking to buy a suburban or farm home should make their choice now, as the best places are rapidly being taken up."

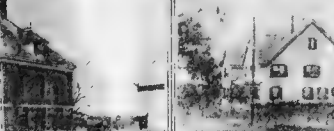
Predicts Banner Farm Business

C. W. Johnson of the firm of C. W. Johnson & Son of Lowell is very enthusiastic at the way requests for farms have been coming in. He says: "In the last ten years good farms will be scarce.

"The best farms are a scarcity even today," he said. "Now is the time to buy. City people are coming to realize more and more the advantages, both physical and financial, of living away from living on a farm. We are showing a disposition to get back into Maine and New Hampshire. "The year 1915 surely looks to be a banner year in our business, and we have had some good ones."

COMFORTABLE HOME AT KINGSTON, MASS. PHOTO SUPPLIED BY CLEMONS & PETERSON BROCKTON, MASS.

PHOTO SUPPLIED BY A.E. BONNEY, 101 TREMONT ST.



COUNTRY HOME AT NORTH EASTON, MASS. PHOTO SUPPLIED BY CHAS. G. CLAPP & CO. BROCKTON, MASS.

PHOTO SUPPLIED BY PATTEE & POTTER, 78 DEVONSHIRE ST.

LIFE OF FARMER GETTING EASIER

Frederick A. King Declares Conditions for Farmers Becoming More Pleasant.

Frederick A. King, a well known Framingham farm broker, says that year by year the country commuter and the farmer are becoming easier to satisfy.

"I have often wondered if my coming and operating a 100-acre farm was an asset in my business of selling farms, and I have come to the conclusion that it is of more benefit to my clients than to my actual business.

"I guess these reasons were I was keep deeply interested in the farming question, for as a very intimate friend, for a very long time, to buy an old colonial house of the early eighteenth century.

"I have spent time and money over them in improving and beautifying this place. My object in running it for me for farms or country places, is to ideally exhibit a country home, perhaps out of proportion to the business in hand.

"The profit from a good many experiences which make me hesitate in offering certain places to people from the city, for the kind of a home they want.

"Manners of conditions, lack of appreciation of country life, might almost be a help sometimes in persuading a proposition for sale. However, as a lover of the country, there is a great feeling of satisfaction in putting yourself in your customers place and giving him the benefit of your experience. Every year is making conditions easier for the country commuter and gentleman farmer. Every year finds the cost of house and farm growing more and more scarce."

"Some dealers give lumber for a small bungalow, but if you do not get the lumber free then save up $50 for the lumber, or you can buy it in time of some lumber dealers, or get $25 worth of second-hand material and erect a two-room bungalow, which will save you about $15 a month rent and will pay for itself in a few months. You can add to it at your convenience.

"This method has the disadvantage of not being high-toned, but it is the way to get a home with both feet on the ground. It is not the way for a man without means to get ahead in the world is to take possession of one of these high-priced places and find he can't keep up the purchase price of it."

FARMHOUSE AT NORFOLK, PHOTO SUPPLIED BY R. H. MAHONEY, 15 STATE ST.

PRETENTIOUS HOME AT BROCKTON, COURTESY OF MCADAMS REALTY CO. BROCKTON.

HARD TIMES AID FARM MOVEMENT

"In times like these when so many are unemployed, the only resource is the farm," said G. W. Bartlett of No. 89 Court street. "A man can make a living on two or three acres. In France, where intensive cultivation produces $2,000 to the acre, a man who owns three acres and a cow is a purse-proud landlord. Our land here is cheap and we would like to see the intelligence of the foreigners are applied to it.

"A thousand people have bought their little farms of one to three acres for $5 a month or $1 a week, and now have a thousand homes. Starting with nothing but their wages, they are now worth from $500 to $1,000 each.

"The only way for a man without means to get ahead in the world is to take possession of one of these [illegible] and add to it by the purchase price of it.

"Some dealers give lumber for a small bungalow, but if you do not get the lumber free then save up $50 for the lumber, or you can buy it in time of some lumber dealers, or get $25 worth of second-hand material and erect a two-room bungalow, which will save you about $15 a month rent and will pay for itself in a few months. You can add to it at your convenience.

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City Folk in "Back to Farm" Movement

"Many people living in the cities," says Mr. Mahoney of Mahoney's Farm Agency, "are becoming convinced that the happiest man today is the one who is making his living out of his own little farm.

"Conditions in the towns and villages are continually improving. The automobile, rural free delivery, and the telephone have all been of valuable service to people living in the country.

"Success in farming comes in the same way as in any other business. It depends entirely upon the man who is running the farm. The old-fashioned farmer and his methods are fast disappearing. Farming farms in the country today are run according to modern business ideas.

"Norfolk County with its excellent electric and railroad service, offers many attractive farms that may be purchased at reasonable prices. During the year 1915 we believe that the movement to the Farm will be answered by many of the people who, at this present time, are living in the over crowded cities.

"The number of good farms within a radius of 25 miles of Boston are rapidly decreasing owing to the great demand for this class of property, consequently we believe it advisable to 'BUY NOW' as some excellent bargains are offered in the early Spring."

Kingston Ideal Place to Settle

H. M. Hammond of No. 101 Tremont street recommends Kingston, N. H., as an ideal place in which to locate. "This town is situated in the midst of New Hampshire's mountains and lakes," he said. "It is a busy little town and is convenient to the Hub.

"The soil in this locality is adapted to potatoes, corn, beans and alfalfa. The summer vacation crowds come in throngs to enjoy the bathing and boating on the lakes. These hot weather visitors add to the attractiveness of the village."

Increase in Sales of Brockton Farms

That sales of farms in the vicinity of Brockton are steadily increasing is the declaration of John F. McAdams of the McAdams Realty Company of Brockton. "Farms of all sizes," he says, "in the vicinity of Brockton are selling more rapidly this spring than previous years. Brockton provides one of the best markets in New England. Everything raised on the farm commands a good price and a ready sale. Hence the increasing number of buyers of farms in this section."

Outlook in Farm Business Bright

"The outlook in the farm business" said Ray S. Byam of Byam Brothers, farm brokers of Lowell, is rosy. "Men of all classes are taking a healthy interest in the purchase of farms and suburban properties. It is not a movement lacking energy and foresight. From all indications it is bound to be a bumper year on farm sales, and with an early cessation of war in the European countries, there is bound to be a tremendous influx of immigrants, many of whom will settle on farms."

BUYS ROSLINDALE TRACT.

The estate of Thomas H. Williams has sold 97,300 square feet of land on Center street, at the junction of Weld street, Roslindale, to J. Hinchion. Warren F. Freeman was the broker.

"Back to Farm" Movement Will Reduce Cost of Living

By WILLIAM KENNEY OF THE SUB REALTY COMPANY.

The possibilities and advantages to buyers of small New England farms consist in their close proximity to good markets, where ready buyers of garden truck can be found, and small acreages worked scientifically with the same energy as if one would do in the everyday business if he had a desire to make it profitable. For instance, a successful business man will stick to his business office day in and day out, watching every detail, stopping all leaks and waste in an endeavor to increase his earnings. He works early and late until he has perfected his system of producing and earning.

So it is with a place in the country. The high cost of living could be reduced if one-half of the population in our penned up cities would go out and settle in the nearby country houses. They could live on a small place with a half acre of land, or a little more, with a fairly habitable house, and produce vegetables, poultry and fruit enough to more than supply the average family, and with a little extra care every morning and night, they could produce enough besides that needed for their own table to sell to the consumers and help pay taxes and in a short time such people will see the fruits of their labor in increased valuation of their holdings.

There are plenty of good chances in New England to obtain small farms, but every year they are growing less, as the demands for them increases, consequently they are growing more valuable. There is no good opportunities right here in Massachusetts as in Oregon, the great apple-producing State. The soil and climate in certain sections of our State will produce as fine apples as can be grown. Small fruit and poultry on a farm of small acreage will produce surprising results.

The wheels of commerce stop and hard times may come, but your farms will always produce if they are worked with the same energy that is put into any business. Do not lie around and let the middleman get the profit. Go direct to the consumer, sell your product and make your time count, as it will be money to you. Use your stay-at-home in conjunction with your muscle and the power is a successful farmer.

Rush to Buy Farms in New England

By C. E. BATES, With Henry W. Savage, Inc.

Once again we are coming to that season of the year when Mother Nature begins to array the country in its finest garb. At this time people begin to get that feeling of "back to the soil." The wise ones of the true spirit who go in this direction before the general mass of people get interested.

Many people think that to buy a "real" farm necessitates going out of the city quite a distance of some such far distance. This is a mistaken impression. STAY BACK! You can get the climate, the soil and the best of markets right here in old New England.

One great advantage that Massachusetts has here in the excellent roads. This State was foremost among the States to take up road improvement. Of course, it is a known fact that good roads bring the farms nearer the markets. Farming in the East eliminates the long, tiring distances which prevail in the West and Far North.

I repeat many people say that the soil in New England is exhausted, now this is not so. It is not worn out, and any agricultural expert will verify this statement. Perhaps some are in a place where it has been greatly overworked and is therefore temporarily unproductive, but this condition does not need to be permanent. Only about 12 per cent. of the total land area of New England, 23 per cent. of the area in farms and 33 per cent. of the improved land area is annually cropped. The remainder is marshland, wood lot, forest, pastures and mountain slops which has never been used.

Just at this time, when one sees the terrible condition of the civil war in some of the European countries, and the sufferings they are enduring, one can readily imagine how much easier it must be for the one who is living on the farm.

Increase in Farm Movement Aids Business

Gain Over Last Year Is Reported by Many Brokers.

Look 'em over. Attractive farmhouses on paying farms in various parts of New England.

FARMHOUSE NEAR KEENE, N.H. PHOTO SUPPLIED BY JOHNSON & SON OF LOWELL

PREDICTS MORE SALES OF FARMS

Luther C. Leavitt, a prominent Framingham real estate man, predicted a large increase within the next few years in the demand for New England farms. He said:

"The section in and about Framingham is becoming more and more popular with business men who want to do farming during their spare time as a means of recreation.

"I have many inquiries now regarding farms than ever before at this time of the year, and I believe there will be an unusually large demand for farms, especially after the war is over.

"The back-to-the-farm movement inaugurated a few years ago is becoming more and more pronounced. This is due to the fact that the people are coming to a realization of the fact that there are too many stocks and not enough purchasers and that we must increase our live stock and grain crops.

"What should prove to be a big factor in the increased demand for farms is the influx of people, especially persons of means, from Europe after the war. They will leave in order to avoid the enormous taxes which must necessarily be laid to meet the huge debt resulting from the war. These taxes may reach as high as $150 per capita. Many of the people who own large farms in England, Germany, Austria and other European countries will be forced to sell their farms and emigrate to America. Naturally they will turn to their old occupation and invest their money in farms.

Movement Back to Farm Gaining Favor

Charles F. Dow of No. 53 State street states that over one thousand persons so far this year have expressed to him a wish to settle down on a farm. He points to this as evidence of the strength of the "back to the farm movement."

"I place the causes for this tendency to settle in the country to dissatisfaction with life in the crowded city, the parcels post, to the low scale of wages caused by the European war, and the boosting of prices for farm products during the last few years.

"The solution of the economic problem of the individual rests in a farm. The farmer can wrest a livelihood from the soil, and when Winter comes have enough to pull him through the cold season and a surplus besides.

"The greatest difficulty in selecting the right place comes from buyers expecting too much for their money. Usually the purchaser has certain ideals in his mind, and unless he can find a farm to come up to them he is disappointed and disinclined to buy.

"A farm should be selected for practical purposes. A comfortable house and tillable soil are the principal requisites and should be considered before view, location or price.

"Success lies in specialization, whether it be in poultry, produce or fruit."

HOW TO CARE FOR SITTING HENS

Professor Stoneburn Says Selected Eggs and Dependable Hens Required.

By PROFESSOR FREDERIC H. STONEBURN.

(Copyright, 1915, by Motor-line Adv. Co., Inc.

At this season of the year the broody hen is much in evidence in the flock and it will be observed that individuals which are showing the symptoms in varying degrees. It will be noticed that the [illegible] on the nest at night.

Before this period the poultry man should take action. If he proposes to make his hens lay and set true to nature he should at once break up the broodies so they will speedily begin egg production again. If he proposes to set some hens, he should select those which promise to be most faithful and provide them with comfortable, and quick up the fever in the nervous individuals, which would be troublesome if given a clutch of eggs to hatch.

The breaking-up process is simple if it is used in time. The very first thing the hen remains on the nest, instead of going to the roost, is the right time to take care of her. She should be set once placed in the brood coop or yard, and in the majority of cases, she will soon be ready to resume her duties as a part of the laying flock.

The broody coop may be made entirely of lath or wire netting or with a box with slat or netting bottom. It should be suspended above the floor so plenty of air may circulate through it, and within sight of the laying flock. In such quarters the most obstinate sitter will soon demand her freedom, so she may rejoin her active sisters, especially if she receives plenty of egg-making food and but little corn.

The breaking-up yard is another popular scheme. This is merely an enclosure containing a shelter of some kind, having roosts but no nests, and tended by a number of cockerels. Within a very few days after being placed in such a yard the broody hen may be transferred to the laying flock, completely cured.

TRANSFER TO NESTS.

The selected sitting hens should be left in their accustomed quarters until they have ceased to lay and the desire to sit has become fully established. Then they should be transferred to the nests prepared for them in separate quarters, where they will not be disturbed.

The number of eggs given each hen is regulated by her size and the season of the year. While cold weather eggers, an average hen should satisfactorily cover ten to eleven eggs. In ordinary Spring weather she will care for thirteen, while in June and season she may be given fifteen.

It is always well to set several hens at the same time. When the eggs are tested at the end of the week it may be found advisable to give all the fertile ones to a few number of hens, thus permitting of generous quarters for and to the laying flock or rest on other nests. Again, at hatching time, the broods may be doubled up and several sitters released from further duty in connection with the chicks.

The sitters should be kept upon a good grain ration, but this must be given in liberal quantity. Probably the best plan is to provide grain hoppers of generous size and let the hens eat all they wish. Corn and wheat are staple grains. Mash mixtures of any kind are to be avoided. Green food may be given, sparingly, but not in sufficient quantity to induce looseness of the bowels.

Grit should also be available, and, of course, clean, fresh water in abundance.

BUY CHARLTON FARM.

Olaf Olson has purchased the Prosper Handfield estate in Charlton, comprising a six-room cottage, barn and poultry house and five acres of land. The Edward T. Harrington Company were the brokers.

STOCK BROKERS BUYING FARMS

Hard Times Have Taught Value of Owning Farms, Says Farm Broker.

Mr. Gurney of Albert H. Waitt's office, No. 45 Milk street, reports a good demand for all parts of New England for all poultry and truck farms, not more than twenty five miles from Boston.

"It seems like old times as if the terrible experiences of the past year has brought people to their senses and they have decided that the only way for them to live in comfort and really get the necessities of life, is to get out into the country and produce with their own hands, the fruit, vegetables, etc., for which they have been paying outrageous prices. The greatest number of calls come from stockbrokers and their employes. The terrible slump in security values and the demoralization of the stock market will see hundreds of these men taking up small and big farms. By next Fall the high cost of living will be reduced.

SELL BROOKLINE HOUSE.

The Old Colony Realty Associates Inc. have signed agreements to sell to the Aspinwall Realty Trust the brick and stone apartment house at No. 27 Chiltin road, Brookline. The assessed valuation is $12,700. Edward Sharp & Son were the brokers.

DEATHS

BANKS—In Cambridge, Mass., [illegible] 1, 1915, Joseph Howard of Ann [illegible] and husband of [illegible] Banks. Funeral from his late residence, 17 Claremont [illegible], Allston, Mass., on Monday, March 8, at 2 p.m. Burial at the convenience of the family. Interment at Holbrook, Mass.

CHRISTIAN—In Hyde Park, Mass., March 4, Mary A. Chisholm, in her 73d year, beloved wife of [illegible] Christian, mother of [illegible] daughter, Miss James A. Prentiss, 15 Woodbine [illegible], Hyde Park. Funeral services at the residence of [illegible] Monday, March 8, at 2 p.m. Interment private.

FISHER—In Cambridge, Mass., March 4, 1915, Mary [illegible], wife of Edward Fisher, aged 67 years. Funeral services at her late residence, 37 [illegible] street, Monday, March 8, at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

FLINT—In Boston, March 4, 1915, Mary [illegible], wife of Thomas Flint, aged 67 years. Funeral from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Bentley, 147 Wilson [illegible], Wollaston, Monday, March 8, at 2 p.m. Relatives and friends invited. Cape [illegible] papers please copy.

DAWSON—In Boston, March 3, 1915, Mary [illegible], widow of Thomas Dawson, aged 78 years. Funeral services at her late residence, 35 Bowdoin [illegible], Dorchester, on Monday, March 8, at 2 p.m. Relatives and friends invited.

M. PENN, FLORIST.
Flowers for All Occasions.
3 Bromfield St., Boston.
Formerly 623 Washington St.
Tel. Fort Hill 8764.

FLORISTS
THOMSON BROS. The oldest 8623-R and our designs will suit, prompt service [illegible]

Lost and Found.

LOST in Roxbury
Black and White Cat
FEMALE cat, 2 years old, black, with four white feet, white breast and throat, white diamond on nose, wearing collar, $5 reward when returned to MRS. J. A. WATSON, 4 Wilbur park, Suburban Boston.

STOLEN
1913 FORD Touring Car, manufacturer's number 1,000,000, motor number [illegible], car painted black, [illegible] and headlights. $100 reward for [illegible] leading to arrest of thieves. JOHN W. GARLAND, 118 Ritt st., Revere.

LOST—Friday, Feb. 26, Lorna gold hunting watch, with [illegible] and chain, between Tremont st. and Park [illegible] Reward if returned to M. FOLKET, 39 Tremont st., Newark.

LOST—Friday, Feb. 26, a blue leather bag with [illegible] Thompson st., Dorchester; [illegible] purpose and art museum ticket; finder will please return to 1 Thompson st. Reward.

LOST—A string of gold beads between Worthington st., Dunbar and Holiday sts., Dorchester; reward. Return to 12 Holiday st., Dorchester.

LOST—Monday, gold watch, 14k hunting case, [illegible] Waltham, monogram "H" on back. Reward. Return to 5 Ackland st., Dorchester and receive reward.

LOST—On Friday evening in Dry Theatre or Washington st., Boston, [illegible] with [illegible] gold [illegible]. Reward if returned to 17 Bowdoin st., Dorchester.

LOST Gold bracelet set with Lima Lambs, [illegible] M. McFARLAND.

LOST—Between [illegible] and [illegible] a [illegible] pin. Reward if returned to [illegible] place, reward. Telephone [illegible].

Talking Machines.

CONCLAVE PHONO CO., 48 [illegible] st., Boston. [illegible] large line of [illegible] records, all makes, big bargains [illegible] [illegible] Sunday.

NEW home [illegible] phonograph [illegible] records, big assortment [illegible] 10 and 12 in. 48 Sunday morning. H. [illegible] Grove st. [illegible].

Painting and Paperhanging.

M. S. BUDINSKY BRO., 137 Washington st., [illegible] 4-6. Tel. 6 R. 3 [illegible] 6 white washing, [illegible] 4-6.

NORMAN K. BULLOCK, 30 Peter st., Roxbury. Tel. [illegible] and whitening, good work [illegible] 4-6.

INTERIOR and exterior repairs, painting, papering, [illegible] cellars, 25c up. FIKE-DWAY, 187 Venus st., Tel. Dor. 3356-W.

Cook Calls Edison Light Rates "Crooked"

Says Public Ownership Is Inevitable

Philadelphia Public Utilities Expert Arraigns Companies for Concealing Facts.

By C. O'CONNELL GALVIN.

Morris Llewellyn Cook [illegible] Philadelphia [illegible] one [illegible] ...ars in [illegible] ...ars in the [illegible] ...ars in the [illegible] ...ars in the

American Magazine Section of the Boston Sunday American, Sunday, March 7, 1915

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Things Worth Seeing at the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

Sculptured Dreams of Beauty and Grace, Towers, Columns and Novel Light Effects

IN the general view of its grounds and architecture the Panama-Pacific Exposition offers to visitors a never-to-be-forgotten spectacle. In the centre of that view is the resplendent "Tower of Jewels," which strikes the eye at once as typifying the whole achievement. The externals of the great fair proclaim it a jewel of myriad forms and colors, with individual gems in the most graceful settings.

Everywhere, as details of the architecture, are sculptures charming and complete in themselves. An exquisite detail that is many times repeated, with changing poses and draperies, creates what are aptly called "The Stars." Each lithe, enchanting figure is crowned with gems which, at night, flash forth rays of colored light, which seem to point the way to the culmination of light effects—the lofty "Tower of Jewels."

Not far away that sculptured bit of pure idealism, "The Adventurous Bowman," stands atop a splendid, lofty column, to launch his hopeful shaft into the sky. The carvings of the column form a spiral, which mounts from base to capital, hopefully, yet with assurance of reaching the goal. This is "The Tower of Human Progress." It unites the grace of the perfect column with an inspiring idea that escapes no beholder.

PHOTOS © BY PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION CO.

A Trio of Colored Figures Bearing Incandescent Globes.

The Splendid Tower of Human Progress, Surmounted by Sculptor McNeill's "Adventurous Bowman."

The Tower Which Will Remain to Commemorate the Exposition.

One of the Many Sculptured Details of Architecture Called "The Stars," Whose Jewelled Crowns Shed Colored Lights.

Bird's-Eye View of the Exposition Showing the Tower of Jewels in the Centre.

Nor are all of these visible delights to fade when the exposition is over. There is a Memorial Tower of imposing proportions, a solid and permanent structure which will remain for generations to mark the site of the greatest of world's fairs.

A new system of illumination—neither electricity nor any familiar use of gas—will reveal itself at night in different parts of the grounds in the form of large incandescent globes, sustained in horizontal triangles by groups of three graceful female figures resting on appropriate pedestals.

The European war has not seriously affected the participation of foreign countries. Parades and pageants of the Oriental countries will be observed upon a scale of unexampled magnitude and grandeur. The extensive participation of China, Japan, Siam and Cochin China, when taken in connection with the plans already made and with the Oriental population of San Francisco, assure such spectacles as have never before been seen in the Occident. Pageants of miles in length will wind through the streets of San Francisco during the Fall of 1915.

NEW DISCOVERIES ALL OVER THE EARTH

TOO MUCH MEAT May Cause APPENDICITIS

By JOHN BESSNER HUTER, M. D.

How LUMPS OF FLESH That Escape Digestion CLOG and POISON the System

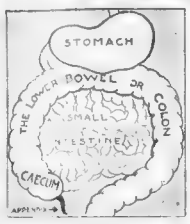


Diagram of the Digestive Tract Showing the Location of the Caecum Where Lumps of Undigested Meat May Lodge and Bring On Appendicitis.

Why There Are SO MANY WORMY NUTS

A Way To MAKE EVERY CITY SMOKELESS and to SAVE $150,000,000 A YEAR in Our COAL BILLS

By Floyd W. Parsons, Editor of Coal Age.

How DESK WORKERS May Be as HEALTHY as FARMERS

SNAKES' EYES Are NOT HYPNOTIC

Teach Your Children AMERICAN GAMES

How Few DREAMS Come TRUE

YOU MIGHT TRY---

Raw Cabbage to Aid Digestion.

RAW cabbage, eaten without any dressing or with salt, olive oil and lemon juice, is recommended by many physicians as an aid to digestion. If the cabbage is cut in thin strips and laid in very cold, slightly salted water for a few minutes before serving it will be crisper and of better flavor.

When Cooking Fresh Eggs.

IN cooking a perfectly fresh egg it should be allowed to boil at least half a minute longer than one which is several days old.

For Wet Boots.

BOOTS and shoes however damp, will polish in a few minutes if a drop or two of paraffin oil be added to the blacking. It also prevents the leather from cracking.

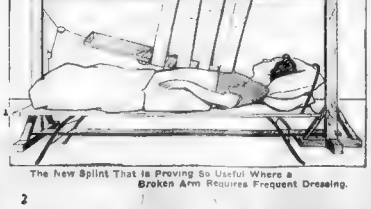
To Get Rid of Fleas.

SAND forms the best surface on which to expose garments or bedding infested with fleas. If the sunlight is strong enough to raise the temperature of the sand to 120 degrees the fleas will be destroyed within an hour, provided there is no vegetation or other shade where they can take refuge.

To Clean White Sweaters.

WHITE sweaters or chinchilla coats may be easily and inexpensively cleaned by placing them in a pillow slip and sprinkling them with each coat's worth of plaster of paris. Shake well until the garments look white, then remove, hang out of doors and beat the remainder of the powder out.

THIS SPLINT Is Often BEST for a BROKEN ARM



The New Splint That Is Proving So Useful Where a Broken Arm Requires Frequent Dressing.

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Oh! Shame on America!

Isadora Duncan Leaves Us—We Have No Appreciation of Art—Americans Are Money Worshippers, Unintelligent and Beyond Hope of Artistic Redemption

By Isadora Duncan.

The Well-Known American Dancer and Idealist

I AM going to an island in the Greek Archipelago to live on bread and onions and worship beauty.

Because my own country doesn't want me I am renouncing America forever. It has shown me it doesn't want me by allowing me to lose my fortune here, because it does not know art [illegible] season I [illegible] $40,000. That's the [illegible] I had a right to my own country I had [illegible] borrow my last dollar to get back here.

In France the Government fosters true art by [illegible] country I would be [illegible] as far as art [illegible] and powerful is concerned.

Those who have the power to foster art in this country do not do so, because they are not intelligent. Intelligence and taste for the beautiful are the same. Our Government does not have [illegible] persons of great wealth [illegible] United States.

So on March 5 I and my children are going back to Greece. There are blue skies and olive groves. We will go every day to the Pantheon. We will enjoy the beauties of the view from the Acropolis. We can live cheaply and happily there, instead of expensively and sorrowfully here. I will found a colony of artists. It will be a peace colony and will be a mild living protest against the horrors of war. For artists are the light and leaven of the world. We will all dress as did the ancient Greeks, and do as they did. I had dreamed of doing this for New York.

It is the fault of the Government and the rich that you have no art here. It is not the fault of the masses. One day I took my children out to a People's Theatre on the East Side. The children danced and Schubert's last symphony, the unfinished one, was played. The great audience sat there and listened soundlessly to the end, the tears streaming down their pale faces. Though they were hungry, they understood! And enjoyed! Art appeals to the feelings! The masses restrain their emotions. In the "classes" the emotions are atrophied by the chase for gold!

I look at that wall along the Hudson, the homes of your millionaires. I call it a wall of desecration. To me it is the symbol of the city, the poseur among cities, claiming what it has not.

I brought these beautiful maidens over here. Some of them I have had for ten years. Beautiful little German maids, some of them, and I would not leave them behind, for in the streets of Paris, if they had been overheard to speak German, they would not be safe. I bring them all in the first cabin. Not, as my friends advise, in the second cabin, because I want them to see and have the best. And what happens, in my own inhospitable country? They are detained at Ellis Island for eight days! Horribly un-Greek Ellis Island! What a blow to their sense of beauty! What an awakening from their dreams of America!

And then I lost $40,000!

I gave exhibitions of their dancing at the Metropolitan Opera House. I had to pay one thousand dollars a night. I must pay twelve hundred dollars a night for the music! And eight hundred dollars for the printing! I had some striking posters announcing the Dionysion, and I was unable to have them printed! They say they are not—decent! So art is rewarded. It is the history of great art that its apostles suffered. Beethoven was a very poor man. Schubert was a very poor man. Both were bitterly unhappy. I should not repine for myself, but I mourn for my country and the hopelessness of its future in art!

You have children, yet you do not appreciate the health and wonder of their beauty. Release your children! Release them by letting them dance from the time they are six years old. Not until this is done will you realize the possibilities of womanhood.

Oh, she is coming, the dancer of the future! The free spirit who will inhabit the body of new women. More glorious than any woman that yet has been! More beautiful than the Egyptian, than the Greek, than the early Italian, than all women of past centuries—the highest intelligence in the freest body!

Your first need is to free your children by letting them be taught to dance. Children are more wonderful than we. They are the true gods and goddesses of earth. For they have the power of living in an idea. We are utterly unconscious of self. My little girls, eight of the original forty, live always in an idea, the ideal of beauty. Their faces are like the angels, transfigured.

I had thought to aid your children. It was my purpose to open on the floor beneath my studio a shop where Greek robes and veils and sandals should be sold. I would have freed the children of New York and of other communities. Not only the children, but the elders.

I wanted not only New York, but all America, to adopt the old free Greek dress. I would have had your automobiles made in the shape of the beautiful old chariots. The chauffeur, instead of sitting unbeautifully on the small of his back, would have stood upright in the classical, virile, decorative attitude of the ancient charioteer. Your traffic policeman on Fifth avenue would have stood there in classic robes, waving, instead of a club, the thyrsus. Can you imagine Fifth avenue under such conditions? No sordidness, no disharmonies. But thousands of men and women in Greek dress coursing along in their auto-chariots, their chauffeurs finely, vibrantly erect, the traffic police with their acorn-tipped wands! Oh, it would have been beautiful!

Could there be gangmen, thugs, other denizens of the slums if the slums had been turned into gardens and these people all clad in the flaring tunics and peplums of the great Greeks? There could not have been. The disharmony between such clothing and such acts would have been so great as to be impossible.

The subway—with its utter lack of politeness and consideration, its brutal, inhuman guards, its dreadfulness. Imagine a transformed subway with these guards in flaring robes, all grace and ease and courtesy; its occupants old Greek—ah, it would not then have been like a passage of the Styx, but one to Paradise!

And so I dreamed of an America transformed. I talked with your multi-millionaires who listened to my plans for spreading the gospel of beauty in America. They went away and never came back. You yourselves have proscribed my gospel of beauty, because you have permitted expenses to remain so great that you cannot meet them and keep enough money to feed myself and my children. This land of the free is a cruel country, monetarily cruel.

I have offered you music and dancing, and you would have it not.

In France the Government aided my art and the rich gave for its continuance. The Government gave me the use of the Trocadero. Here I pay a huge rental. Europe makes its art free to all. When I gave my exhibitions in the People's Theatre free I met such response as made me happier than I have been since I came to America.

Art should be free. It should be without money and without price. Music is the well-spring of the arts. Everything that is good comes from music. Great artists in music should work without money. They are priests! Yes, I am sure they would be willing to forego their salaries, huge as they are. Those artists who sing at the Metropolitan Opera House for enormous salaries would surely forego the price of their efforts. They know that music belongs to the people.

What could the rich and the Government do? The rich could stop importing antiquities into this country and endow myself and others who want to liberate their children and free them to roam at will in a land of beauty. The rich and the Government could provide classic amphitheatres everywhere. I understand there is an amphitheatre in California, the Greek Theatre at Berkeley. I am glad of that. I have never

And they could make the style of dress I advocate compulsory. Soon every one would be transformed for the better.

The theatre is not for the rich, but the poor. It is essentially a democratic institution. There should be no boxes, no galleries. There should be a half circle [illegible] could include in a sweep of [illegible] arms [illegible] the seats are practically on a [illegible] without interfering with the hearing or vision of another. I offered to convert the Madison Square Garden here into such an amphitheatre and produce there great music and dancing exhibitions, but the rich whose aid I asked—listened and never came back.

I reminded them that Plato had said that everything in life depends upon music, dancing and poetry. I repeated to them my vision of the Greek theatre and my vision of a Grecian New York—and they never came back.

My vision of the Greek theatre: That architectural form in which the greatest number of people can see, hear and feel at the same moment, with the same intensity and equal proportions; that form which enables me to take a vast audience into my arms; the form of a theatre in which all the people sitting there will feel the significance of a simple gesture, in equal vision of form and proportion; a form of theatre in which my magnetic force can go forth from me, covering the people in uninterrupted rays, as the sun's light covers the earth; that form in which a simple tone of voice, going on the natural currents of its sound waves, will stir the hearts of a vast multitude sitting before me in places, one not more fortunate than the others; in which the emotion I give will flow from one to another—infectious, all-compelling waves of emotion, going from me to them and returning to me.

And so was the Greek theatre built. And so should other Greek theatres be built in America, without boxes or galleries or balconies or parquettes, an essentially democratic institution, where all people are equal and where art is free.

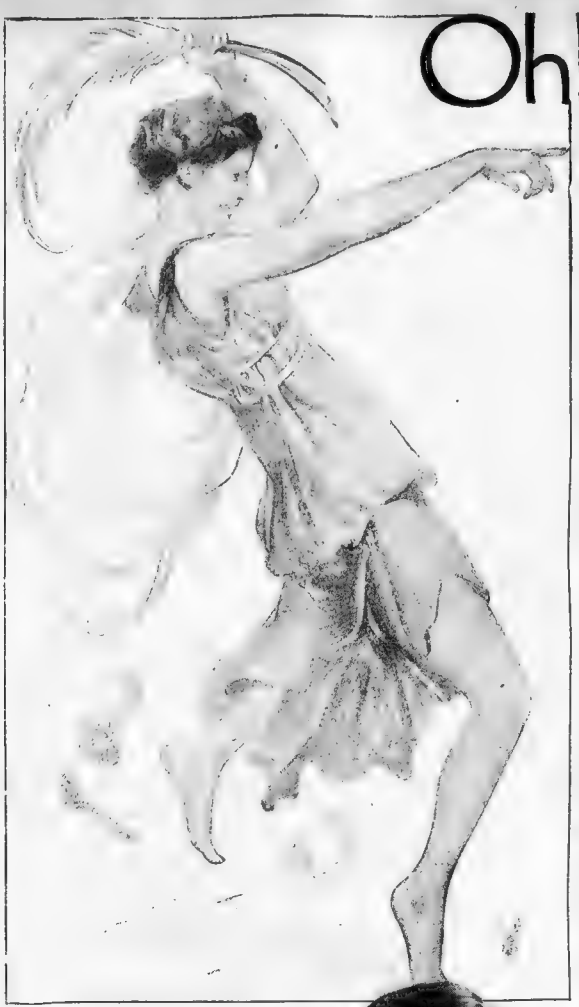
In these theatres, besides the classic music and classic dancing, plays by Sophocles and Aeschylus should be given. It should be given every night and all should be free.

I would have inaugurated this work. I tried to, you heard me, but heeded not. The public was interested. Artists, musicians, sculptors gathered worshipfully about me. It is always so everywhere. The artists always understand.

As one of old looked down mournfully upon an indifferent city, so I turn my backward gaze and grieve over an indifferent country. Like Him, I say in farewell:

"I would have gathered ye as a hen gathereth her chickens, but ye would not."

And so I am going back to Greece! To Greece and beauty! To Greece and democracy! To Greece and intelligence!



Isadora Duncan in a Classic Greek Dance and Costume. No Male Version Would Have Been So Exquisite, She Thinks, for the Traffic Police of New York.

PHOTO. © BY MISS JOHNSTON—MAS HEWITT N.Y.

A Glimpse of Miss Duncan's Pupils in the Dress She Had Hoped to Popularize for Fifth Avenue.

Isadora Duncan in a Simple Grecian at Home Gown

Another Ancient Airy Street Costume Advocated by Miss Duncan for American Women and a Classic Walking Pose.

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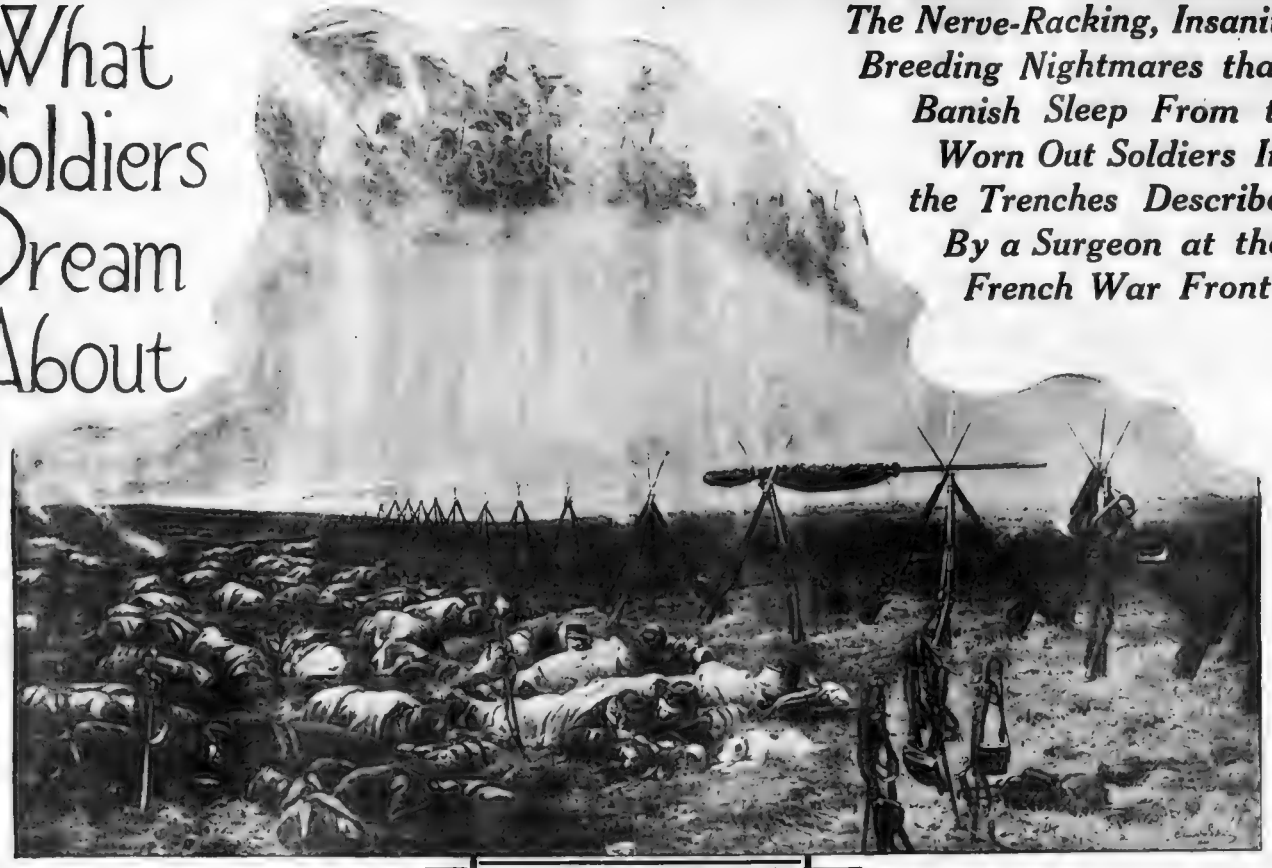
What Soldiers Dream About

The Nerve-Racking, Insanity-Breeding Nightmares that Banish Sleep From the Worn Out Soldiers In the Trenches Described By a Surgeon at the French War Front



By Dr. Henri Bourget
Surgeon with the French Troops Near Rheims

The physical sufferings of the [illegible] in the European war has [illegible] added a torment of dreams. As a surgeon in charge of a field hospital at the battle front I noticed [illegible] three years ago that [illegible] many [illegible] narrowly [illegible] their wounds. [illegible] endurance [illegible] and [illegible] worst terrors of the trenches were the visitations of sleep. I determined to go into the trenches and observe at first hand this phase of modern warfare, which, if the conflict continues into years, will undoubtedly have a marked neurotic effect upon the [illegible].

I [illegible] in one of the advance trenches in which the [illegible] fighting [illegible] for [illegible] week [illegible] This [illegible] of the [illegible] were [illegible] alarm [illegible] soldiers, a [illegible] horribly. His eyes were [illegible] upward and [illegible] wing. Despite [illegible] running down [illegible] little globules [illegible] his mouth [illegible] spasmodic groans [illegible] His body was [illegible] under some superia[illegible] weapon [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

A German-American Actress's Huge Joke on the British Public

How a Beautiful New York Artists' Model Has Won Nervous London's Approval By Recognizing That While It May Be a Long, Long Way to Tipperary, It Is Not Very Far From German Longfelder to American Longfellow

Miss "Longfellow" Displaying, When a Photographer's Model, a New Kind of Coiffure.

"MY word!" said Malvina.

It wasn't. She had picked it up in London. She had been sedulously cultivating it, along with other British idioms and idiosyncrasies, ever since Fern Rogers (whose apology to the English was printed in this newspaper a few weeks ago) was banished from the British stage and driven home to America for saying nice things about the Germans. But unto Malvina, struck with sudden inspiration in the Poets' Corner of Westminster Abbey, standing there before the bust of Longfellow, her exquisitely accentured loveliness in classic keeping with the place, though in awful contrast to her disheveiment of mind—unto Malvina, dizzy with salvation as a street convert, even a German expletive would not have sufficed.

"My word," murmured Malvina, "it may be a long, long way to Tipperary—but it's a short, short way from Longfelder to Longfellow." Just like that she thought it—quick as lightning. For, if you were in the fix that Malvina had been in ever since she arrived in London, if you had spent six weeks under the seeming suspicion of the whole British Empire; if you had wakened thankful o' mornings that you had not been arrested as a spy during the night, and then if you had fled for solace and sanctuary to the Abbey and come face to face with inspiration and a bust of Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, you would appreciate Malvina's past woes and her present grim determinations.

Because Malvina is Malvina Longfelder, the very famous and beautiful New York model. There is only one of her, and half of her is German.

To keep even that many alive and out of peril had seemed to her a problem until to-day.

She who had been declared by famous artists the embodiment of all perfections; she who had charmed half America before the cordial footlights of home; she who had grown tired of being acclaimed "the most beautiful woman in America"; she, the original and only Malvina, found herself being illcreated for the first time in her life.

She had noticed it first going over on the English boat. Even the camaraderie of the sea was under war-strain. The English people on board were already in process of solidification into the bomb-proof shelter known as the "British Public." It would be necessary to snub a lot of their dearest friends, and they might as well begin practicing on strangers. When they heard the last two syllables of Malvina, Longfelder's German-American last name, they were not only bomb-proof; they were the Rock of Gibraltar.

Under any other circumstances Malvina would have sung paeans and danced jigs of rejoicing (in the discreet retirement of her stateroom) for sheer relief from bondage. But to have one's personality obliterated by a syllable was rather a bore, Malvina very naturally did the worst thing possible. She refused all attentions, went into a retirement that would have done credit to Albion itself and wasted her fragrance on the desert air.

When Malvina arrived in London she was used to it. The patriotic scrutiny of the hotel clerk in her own pet little hotel in Kensington as he noted the burdensome patronym did not even make her wince. It was not until she met English friends among strangers, noted the trace of embarrassment when her name was mentioned in introduction, and saw "God Save the King" written on every countenance, that she realized how mentally embattled London village was and how tight a "tight little isle" could be.

After that anything was possible. Malvina's fructile imagination peopled the screens with pursuing government agents and filled the fog with phantasms of doom. She was in this state of mind when the kindly company at the Drury Lane Theatre heard poor little Fern Rogers say that she liked Germans, signed a round robin and made Arthur Collins dismiss her for the protection of the Houses of Parliament.

It was this news, which she read in the papers, coupled with the incidents of a particularly embarrassing week that had driven Malvina to talk to the benevolent bust of Longfellow in the Abbey.

But Malvina was no swaying Fern to be blown into exile—and even into apologies by the winds of hostility. Malvina had come to the fame-hallowed spot to plan a campaign, and when she said "My word!" she had already half her forces in the field. She had, as has been said, suddenly realized that it was not a long, long way from Longfelder to Longfellow.

"Ah—I beg your pardon—but I see that you are an admirer of our greatest bard—perhaps yourself an American" said a softly cadenced voice behind her.

Malvina turned the Doric pillar of her throat to let her celebrated eyes fall upon a neat little gray woman who was "ejaculating upon her the first smile she had met in London."

"Yes," said Malvina.

"Oh, isn't that nice? We are from Boston. My son"—she indicated a youngster in curiously clothes who had lingered dejectedly behind her—"is studying for the ministry. I brought him here to instill into his mind a reverence for the twin immortalities—fame and the soul. Whittier came here; I want you to look with patriotic pride upon the features of a native bard—the only American poet ever honored at this shrine—Henry Wadsworth Longfellow."

"Longfellow your grandfather," ejaculated the youth. "Know all about him; hated his face ever since I owned a third reader. Household poet—New England group, visited upon helpless American schoolchildren in place of real literature. Never had an idea except that it's good to be good and it's bad to be bad. Longfellow your grandfather!"

Malvina gazed upon the young man with mingled apprehension and gratitude. His words had crystallized her thoughts. She had crossed the Valley of Decision.

"No, he was my grandaunt," she breathed reverently.

"Oh, my child! Whittier, what have you done?"

"Apologies," said Whittier. "Abject apologies. Meant every word of it, but take it all back like a gentleman. Come along, mother."

Gayly from the consoling clutches of the little gray woman escaped Malvina—Longfellow. The die was cast, the gauntlet thrown. Now to take the aggressive against her enemies! Now for action!

Strategy wife No. 1—Move to another hotel.

No. 2—Buy a copy of Longfellow's poems.

No. 3—Summon the trusted American friends and whisper for the first time in sons to ears that could be tickled by a joke.

Dismissing her secret agents, Malvina sat down to read the pages of her new relative. She would need several sweet little things to quote, or perhaps even to recite. She examined the index. Here was a harmless one intitled "Flowers." Malvina whisked over the pages:

"Spake full well in language
quaint and olden,
One who dwelleth by the
castled Rhine!"

"Whew!" gasped Malvina, and turned to The Wreck of the Hesperus." There appeared in the Bond street shops, in the theatres and in the smart gatherings where society and the arts blend as they do so becomingly in London, a superb brunette, whose entrance upon any scene caused the question: "Who is she?" and the answer: "A grand niece of Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, I believe."

Nothing could have ensconced her more securely in the approval of London society. Longfellow has always been the most honored American poet in England—probably because he is so respectable. Malvina, who for long had borne a name that locked the doors where she expected welcome, now found herself bearing one which was an "open sesame" to the treasures of social triumph.

And maybe Malvina didn't make the most of it!

Of course, everyone was seeing how much she looked like Uncle Henry and wizened young society blades were sure she had poetry in her soul. The citadels fell so easily before her arms that Malvina became bold. Even her most daring fellow-conspirators sat in agony that afternoon when she recited:

"Tell me not in mournful numbers:
'Life is but an empty dream;'
For the soul is dead that slumbers,
And things are not what they seem."

But nothing happened except tea. Malvina passed on to new and greater conquests, and, like Evangeline, "when she had passed it seemed like the ceasing of exquisite music."

She erected her triumphal arch over the scene of the subjugation of Lady Tevy.

Everyone was talking about Malvina by now. You can't let a girl with looks and talents and rhythmic ancestry such as hers go unnoticed for more than the fifth part of a moment. Even in London they couldn't. So when it came about that Lady Tevy was planning a brilliant benefit for the British soldiers—a dramatic entertainment to which the Duchesses and dignitaries of the realm were invited, and when some one whispered to Lady Tevy that Malvina had sometimes been persuaded to appear in amateur performances in New York, the stately gentlewoman first nibbled and then bit.

Malvina "finally consented." She was distracting, dazzling, radiant in her triumph. The benefit was an immense success and made a lot of money for the soldiers. Pictures of Malvina, who had the leading (and misleading) role, appeared in all the prints; her "property" family tree was verbally "shmuled up" by important critics.

The grandniece of the great American poet, Longfellow," said the London illustrated sockfiles, printing copiously full-page photographs of the former Miss Longfelder.

"Pro-Belgian, not Pro-German," ran a full-page headline in the ultra-patriotic London Sketch. Underneath the charming photograph of Malvina the Sketch solemnly congratulated the English public on at last getting an American actress of unimpeachable American family who had no German sympathies or conventions whatever!

Malvina had arrived! Fern Rogers was avenged!

Malvina Longfelder, conqueror of Britain, is the daughter of a New York mechanic of German birth who never forgot his old home on the Rhine. So arresting is her beauty that Charles Dana Gibson, passing her upon the Avenue, stopped, begged pardon, introduced himself in crisp fashion and asked her to pose for him. Malvina did also afterwards for Fisher, Christy, Phillips and Hutt. She is the only woman who ever posed for a head of the Savior; a remarkable conception in one of the New York studios. She has appeared in the country in "The Rose of the Rancho," "The Great John Ganton," "The Watcher" and "The Whirlwind."

If the Britons wake up and can't see that the joke is on them, Malvina will probably soon appear in this country again.

Miss Malvina "Longfellow" Showing Off the Beauties of a New Bathing Suit Before She Became a Footlight Star in London.

While at the Right Is the Same Charming Lady Displaying Lingerie for a Fashion Photograph.

PHOTO BY ARNOLD GENTHE, N.Y.

An Art Photograph of Miss Longfelder—"Longfellow"—Who Has Played Such a Joke on England.

"Magic Numbers" That Tell the Truth

By Prof. Sothnos Letillier.
The Well-Known French Astrologer.

MANY times we are uncertain whether or not a certain person has told us the truth, and we have no assured means of finding out. One method is to employ the ancient science of numbers, which, though not infallible, will often prove of striking value and correctness. In order to work out this method draw up the following table on a piece of paper, copying the various letters and figures correctly:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
10	2	20	4	14	6	16	7
I(J)	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q
10	11	1	12	4	14	6	16
R	S	T	U(V)	W	X	Y	Z
18	18	10	2	2	4	14	13

Now write the name of the person suspected of telling you a questionable truth and treat the name, in the light of this table of figures, as follows. Take the letters (and figures belonging to them) which compose his name, and also the name of the day of the week on which the charm is tried. Add 20 to this result, obtained by adding together the numbers corresponding to the letters composing the name, plus the number of the day of the week (counting Sunday 1, Monday 2, and so on). Now divide this total by 2. If the result be uneven, you may feel reasonably sure that an untruth has been told you; if, on the contrary, the result is even, you have probably listened to the truth.

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An Onyx Vase That Belonged to King Ahasuerus, the Husband of Noble Queen Esther, Who Hanged the Wicked Haman, the Persecutor of the Jews

ONE of the most charming stories in all the Bible is that contained in the Book of Esther, in which the beautiful little Jewish maiden plays the part of the heroine, becoming the adored queen of an all-powerful king, saving not only herself from the machinations of the villainous Haman but rescuing all of her people throughout the great Persian dominion, and finally, in true dramatic fashion, sending Haman to the very gallows which he had built for her cousin, Mordecai.

If you go to Fifth avenue and Forty-second street, into the New York Public Library, you will see a little onyx vase, only thirteen and one-half inches high, which is inscribed with the name of King Xerxes, the husband of Queen Esther. It is this little vase that touches our hands with those of the past, and proves that the courageous little queen really did live. For we have evidence that the vase was selected, looked upon by this royal pair, handled and admired by them, and then sent as a votive offering, probably to the shrine of the Persian gods at Susa, the capital.

It has not the intrinsic value of a gold or silver vase of the same size, nor might a collector of vases rank it in the same class with his peach-blow vases but to the Jewish and Christian world it far outranks any and all of these because of its real human interest. The simple personal element about it takes its observer back twenty-five centuries, almost to see Esther and her king admiring its proportions and selecting it as a fitting gift to the divinity; perhaps indeed very probably, to celebrate the saving of the life of the Queen herself.

It is one of the few links with the past which enables us to draw an actual picture in our minds of that past. We can see the artificers bringing their vases before the King and Esther; almost hear him voice his admiration when his eyes fell on this one; see him show it to the Queen, and the two of them decide what should be inscribed upon it. It is quite in keeping with Esther's character, as revealed in the Biblical story, that she should have suggested that there could be nothing more magnificent than simply his name. And then they decided what to do with it. They gave it to the gods.

We know that this vase was given by Xerxes, because it bears his name written in four different languages—the old Persian, the Elamitic (or Susian), the regular Babylonian and the Egyptian hieroglyphic. It is of special value to archaeologists because the reading of the Babylonian name for Xerxes shows its identity with the Hebrew name given in the Bible Ahashuerosh, being read Hishli-arsha, or, as we say, Ahasuerus, and settling for all time the historical character of this, the most interestingly dramatic book in all the Bible.

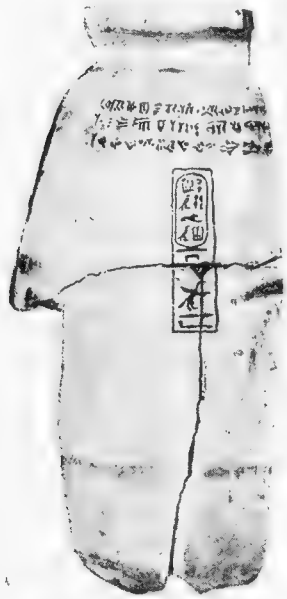
The little vase will be studied with interest by hundreds of thousands familiar with the story, who would rather see something that was once actually fondled by the hands of Queen Esther than a hundred of the paintings by the Old Masters. It is, as has been said, a new link with the past, and with one of the most interesting characters in all history.

That the Book of Esther is the supreme drama of the Old Testament has been proved by the fact that it has been taken bodily from the Bible and acted on the stage thousands of times, with the very words of the Bible itself being used in its presentation.

As the Biblical drama opens, King Ahasuerus is holding a feast in his great palace at Susa, and sends for his queen, Vashti, wishing her to be admired by the nobles of his court. This was a violation of all Oriental custom, and the Queen refuses to raise her veil. King Ahasuerus, heated with wine, insists that he will be obeyed, and upon Vashti's continued refusal, he vows that she shall no longer be his queen, sends her from his court and decides that he must have another queen upon his throne.

Announcement is sent throughout the realm that upon a certain day all of the most beautiful maidens are to be brought to the palace that the King may select a royal spouse.

Among these maidens comes a beautiful orphan, who had been brought up by her cousin, Mordecai, a Jewess by name Esther, and her beauty is so great that the King selects her of all the hundreds of maidens brought before him.



On the Left—Fragments of the Onyx Vase Which King Ahasuerus Presented to the Persian Deity. Beside It—The Vase Put Together. Below—The Inscription Showing the Name Ahasuerus or Xerxes, in Four Languages.

Father succeeds in keeping her cousin Mordecai near her, and while he is in the palace one night he hears two of the eunuchs plotting to stab their royal master. Mordecai tells Esther of the plot, and she hastens to inform the King, upon whose order the eunuchs are arrested and executed, but without discovering who had inspired them to their attempt.

The Prime Minister of Persia is a very haughty noble, by name Haman, who hates the Jews, and especially hates Mordecai, who had refused to bow down before him when he passed, holding that no Jew bows to any one save God. In order to attain his ends Haman, without stating whom he wishes to punish, begs King Ahasuerus to sign an edict ordering the death of all of a people who Haman says are rebellious, hate the King and his ministers, and are a hateful element in the population. The King signs the edict, not reading it to see that the Jews are the people to be slain, and that people appears to be doomed.

Mordecai learns of this edict, and implores Esther to save her people. Esther pleads the danger of her coming into the presence of the King unsummoned.

Mordecai replies that Esther must take the risk, for although the King does not know that she is a Jewess, she cannot hope to escape the general ruin. Then Esther sends a message to Mordecai to gather all the Jews in the capital to fast and pray, and that then she will tempt fate by approaching the King in his audience chamber, and "If I perish, I perish."

Then Esther, waiting for the three days of fasting and prayer to elapse, arrayed herself in her most gorgeous garb, and entered the inner court, where the King sat on his throne. When the King saw Esther standing there in all her beauty, "he held out the golden sceptre that was in his hand. So Esther drew near and touched the top of his sceptre." Then it was that the King asked: "What wilt thou, Queen Esther? and what is thy request? it shall be even given thee to the half of the kingdom."

Esther replied by inviting the King to come with Haman to a banquet which she had prepared in her part of the palace.

When the King and Haman came to the banquet the King again asked Esther what she wanted, but Esther only begged him to come with Haman again on the next day, for another feast.

When Haman went home he was made very angry, as he passed the King's gate and saw Mordecai, who refused to bow before him. But he hastened to his own house, summoned Zeresh, his wife, and his friends and told them how powerful and rich he had become, and how above all he had been the only man besides the King invited to the special banquet given by the Queen, and that he was invited to another banquet on the morrow. Still, he expressed his bitterness of soul at the lack of respect shown by Mordecai, the Jew.

It was then that Zeresh, his wife, and his friends advised him to erect a gallows, fifty cubits high, and to ask the King to permit him to be executed thereon. And Haman ordered the gallows built.

It was this very night that the King could not sleep, so he ordered the chronicles of his reign brought and read to him. It so happened that the scribe read that very portion of the chronicles which related how Mordecai had discovered the plot of the eunuchs against the King's life. When the King heard the story he stopped the scribe and asked: "What honor and dignity hath been done to Mordecai for this?" and when he heard that nothing had been done, he sent for Haman and asked him: "What shall be done unto the man whom the King delighteth to honor?"

The Dramatic End of Esther's Strategy That Cost Haman His Life

Haman naturally thought that he was the man to be honored and he replied, heaping upon himself, as he thought, great honors.

Imagine the consternation of Haman when the King said to him: "Take the apparel and the horse, as thou hast said, and do even so to Mordecai the Jew, that sitteth at the king's gate: let nothing fail of all that thou hast spoken."

But the worst was still to come. Haman had to do what he was told and after he had completed his task, he went to his home mourning the disgrace that he had been obliged to suffer. But soon he had to hasten to the Queen's banquet on the second day.

It was at this second banquet that the King again asked Esther what was her request, and then the Queen replied: "Let my life be given me at my petition and my people at my request. For we are sold, I and my people to be destroyed, to be slain and to perish."

Then the King was angry and he said: "Who is he and where is he, that durst presume in his heart to do so?"

And Esther replied: "The adversary and enemy is this wicked Haman." Haman was, of course, very much afraid, and the King was so angry that he strode from the palace into the garden in his wrath. Haman, as soon as the King had gone out, tried to beseech the Queen to save him. He even fell on the couch, where she sat, in his agony of fear. The King Ahasuerus returning, accused Haman of trying to take his Queen from him, and he was taken prisoner at the King's command.

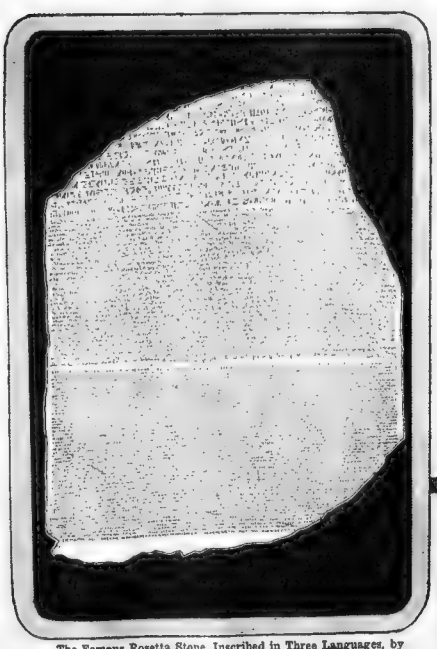
Harbonah, one of the king's chamberlains, said before the King: "Behold also, the gallows fifty cubits high, which Haman had made for Mordecai who had spoken good for the king, standeth in the house of Haman." And the Bible adds, "So they handed Haman on the gallows that he had prepared for Mordecai. Then was the king pacified."

Since that day the Feast of Purim, so-called because lots (pur) were cast to fix the day, or the Feast of Esther, is celebrated by the Jews all the world over, this year happening to fall on February 28, and being still fresh in the memory of all the Jews. And who can tell but that this vase was given by Xerxes to commemorate the saving of his Queen Esther?

The finding of this vase is one of those miracles of modern discovery for which no one can account. The ancient capital of Persia, Susa, was excavated some years ago by Dieulafoy and his wife, yet nothing of nearly so great human interest was brought to light, even though the palace was uncovered—the very palace where Xerxes and Esther sat, and where all this great drama was acted out. Here is a support of the Biblical narrative far more convincing than the report of Herodotus that Xerxes held a feast in the third year of his reign to deliberate war against Greece, which corresponds with the statement in Esther I, 3. It was in the seventh year of his reign, after his return from Greece, that Esther was declared Queen, and it was in the twelfth year of his reign that the Jews were saved, as related in the Bible.

If Herodotus checks some of the dates for us and Dieulafoy has given back to the world that wonderful palace, with its inner court, where Ahasuerus sat upon his golden throne, beneath the crimson canopy, receiving Esther with a wave of the golden sceptre, which she touched in thankfulness, the greatest and most convincing proof of the actuality of all is this little onyx vase, on which the name of King Xerxes is written four times over in different tongues.

To scholars the vase assumes enormous importance, for the fixing of the name of the monarch and it will always be mentioned hereafter in the same breath with the great trilingual (three-languaged inscription on the living rocks found by Sir Henry Rawlinson in Persia, in the light of which the Babylonian language was explained and the still more famous Rosetta Stone, found in Egypt in 1799, and read by the French scholars who accompanied Napoleon on his expedition, by which the Hieroglyphics of Egypt were finally read. For it was also trilingual, in three languages, in Greek, Hieroglyphic or priestly script of the Egyptians, and the Demotic, or common tongue.



The Famous Rosetta Stone, Inscribed in Three Languages, by Which the Egyptian Hieroglyphs Were Deciphered.

The Corner Stone of Naram-Sin, the Illustrious Ancestor of King Nebuchadnezzar

New Bible D

Queen Esther Denouncing H

The Interesting Painting

A Mystery About King Ne

THE great King Nebuchadnezzar is known to students of the Bible as the Babylonian monarch who subjected King Jehoakim of Judah for three years, and when he rebelled put his son Jehoiachin in his place, as appears from the twenty-fourth chapter of II. Kings. It was Nebuchadnezzar who, upon the rebellion of the King he had placed on the throne of Judah, came down with his great hosts and plundered Jerusalem, carrying away to Babylon, not only the treasures of the temple, but 7,000 warriors as prisoners of war, 1,000 artisans and smiths and 2,000 of the best citizens of Jerusalem.

Nebuchadnezzar's veracity has been under question by archeologists because he claimed descent from an ancestor named Naram Sin, who was a very great conqueror of legend, but who has been supposed to be mythical. The archaeologists laughed at old Nebuchadnezzar's claims as springing out of vanity. Particularly did they scoff at an inscription on a clay cylinder, recently found in the walls of the temple of Marad to the south of the city of Babylon. This, upon decipherment, was ascertained to be an inscription made by this same Nebuchadnezzar and placed in the wall for safe keeping. It is an account of the restoration of the temple of Marad by Nebuchadnezzar, the cylinder being like the documents which it is our custom to place in the corner-stone of a building, that in future generations it may be known how and why and by whom the building was put up.

According to this cylinder: "At that time in the temple of Lugal-Maruda, my lord, in Marad, whose foundation no former king had seen since ancient days, I sought and found the ancient foundation-stone, and upon the base of Naram Sin, my ancient ancestor, I fixed its foundation. I wrote an inscription and my name, and placed it therein."

"Another dream of Nebuchadnezzar," said the archeologists. Imagine then their consternation when some wandering Arabs offered to one of the excavating parties at Babylon the very stone of Naram Sin to which Nebuchadnezzar referred in his tablet! They had found it years before, had kept it as a fetich, but greed overcoming superstition, decided to turn it into dollars. The finding of this stone is the one missing link in the chain of evidence for the historicity of Naram Sin, long considered, as has been said, a mythical monarch of prehistoric Babylonian times. A portrait of this monarch was found years ago, but that, too, was considered a "fancy picture," going back to no real human original. The chief objection to the suggestion that there ever had been a real king of this name was the very ancient date ascribed to him. How was it possible for him to have lived as far back as 3,750 B. C., which was the date assigned to him, when this was the date of the creation of the earth, according to the received Biblical chronology?

But ideas have been altered greatly within the last twenty-five years as to the correctness of the generally accepted length of time that has passed since the world came into being. It has been proved by excavations in both Babylonia and Egypt that there were kings and a high state of civilization as far back as ten thousand years ago, so the received chronology of the age of the earth has to be modified.

And now comes the discovery of the very stone, to which Nebuchadnezzar refers, the one originally set in place by Naram Sin, his "ancestor of many centuries before," to prove that he did not lie.

According to tradition, now re-enforced by various inscriptions, and by the very portrait of Naram Sin himself, he lived 3750 B. C. This date was fixed in the discovery in the ruins of the Biblical Sippar (now

The Tablet in the Museum of the Found at Nippur, on Which Is Eve, Ate of the Forbidde Caused the Fall

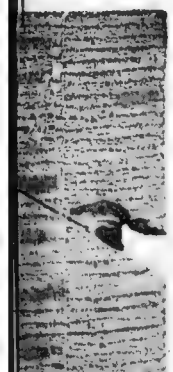
ISCOVERIES

man to King Ahasuerus

Ernest Normand

buchadnezzar Explained

s as Abu Habba) of a cylinder of idus, the last King of Babylon, of Belshazzar, the great King of or of Daniel. In this inscription idus claims that while he was ng the temple of the sun-god, he dug to its foundation and there saw the tion stone of Naram Sin, the son of , which no former King had seen for years. It was a simple problem in ssic to add the date of Nabonidus, C. to 3200 and arrive at the date



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3750 B. C. for the reign of Naram Sin.

It was after the discovery of this inscription, and perhaps because scholars were looking for any such inscriptions, that many accounts of Sargon and his great son were brought to light. In fact, one clay tablet had the story of the birth of Sargon, resembling the story of the birth and concealment of Moses in some respects, together with a mace-head, which once belonged to Sargon, according to the inscription on it which read: "Sargon, King of the City, King of Akkad."

Then came a number of bricks, seals and stone inscriptions, all tending to prove that Sargon and his illustrious son, Naram Sin, had been real Kings and conquerors in their distant day.

This foundation stone of Nebuchadnezzar, which he states was originally placed in position by Naram Sin (and this is borne out by the inscription) was not the corner stone of the building, but the socket on which the entrance door revolved. Hinges had not been invented at that day, so doors were mounted upon round posts, the ends of which turned in the hollow of a stone at the base

It was the custom to select these door sockets with great care, and as they made entrance into the temple possible, a special sanctity attached to them. For this reason they were inscribed with the name of the builder or rebuilder of the temple, and in this form the inscriptions have come down to us.

This stone just brought to light by the Arabs is a yellowish stone about twenty inches in diameter. There are thirty-eight short lines of inscription carved in it, the translation being as follows:

"Naram Sin, the mighty King of the four quarters of the earth, who subdued nine armies in one year! When he overcame those armies he made their three Kings captive, and brought them before the god En-lil. On that day Libit-lil, his son, the Governor of Marad, built the temple of Lugal-Maradda in Marad. May the gods Shamash and Lugal-Maradda destroy the estate and exterminate the seed of him who alters this inscribed stone."

Although this inscription is a short one, scholars find it of enormous value, for it fixes the location of the lost city of Marad, known to have existed, but which had not hitherto been located. The mention of the son of Naram-Sin, Libit-lil, adds one more to the list of the ancient Kings, for his name had not ocurred before in any inscription. It adds one more god to the long list of Babylonian divinities, for Lugal-Maradda was ugknown before

But the most important result flowing from this inscription is the confirmation of the statement made by Nabonidus, that he really had seen this stone inscribed by his ancestor, Naram-Sin, which now sees the light of day, only after another twenty-five centuries have elapsed.

So all at once we are taken back to Nebuchadnezzar, the conqueror of Jerusalem and its despoiler; to Nabonidus, father of Daniel's Belshazzar, and to the ancient days, of 3750 B. C., when Naram-Sin ruled and fought.

An Ancient Babylonian Tablet Much Older Than the Bible, Which Asserts That It Was Noah, and Not Eve, Who Was Tempted and Ate the Fatal Apple

IT was Noah, not Eve, who was tempted and who ate the apple of the Tree of Knowledge, thus causing the fall of Man, according to an ancient Babylonian tablet just translated, and which is supposed to carry the most ancient account of the Flood of any yet discovered. The tablet was found among others brought to the University of Pennsylvania from the ruins of the famous library at Nippur, in Babylonia. It has been deciphered by Dr. S. Langdon, the distinguished English archaeologist, who is one of the foremost authorities in the world on cuneiform text and Assyriology.

Dr Langdon has just made the results of his examination of the tablet known in a privately printed monograph which he calls "An Account of the pre-Semitic Version of the Fall of Man." He asserts that the story, for all its astonishing differences, is the source of the familiar account found in Genesis. As the tablet itself plainly antedates by centuries the time Genesis was written, the differences between the two legends can only be explained by three theories.

The first of these is that the writers of the Genesis account took a later story which had suffered many changes from the original. The second is that in some way they secured better information upon what had really occurred, thus correcting the older text. And the third is that they were influenced by the account embodied in the ancient tablet, were influenced also by what is known to scholars as the Eridu version, and, with these two accounts as a framework, proceeded along independent lines to develop their own theory of the Fall of Man. Dr. Langdon believes that this last theory is closest to the truth.

Whatever was the cause, how astonishingly the Genesis version differs from this older one is made further plain when Dr. Langdon points out that the tablet contains no mention of any forbidden trees, provides for no subtle spirit of evil, and makes the Fall come after the Flood. Dr. Langdon accounts for Mother Eve and the Serpent by the startling theory that she was originally a snake goddess and that her presentation in the Bible as the mother of mankind tempted by the Snake is only a poetic transformation of her true character.

The tablet was pieced together from fragments by University of Pennsylvania experts. When this was done Dr. Langdon was notified and he journeyed to America to examine it. Only a few lines of the entire text are missing, and these are not vital to the interpretation.

There was a Garden of Eden. It is described in this way by Dr. Langdon:

"The tablet in column one, and as far as line twenty of column two, describes the land of primeval bliss. Here in the 'Mount of Dilmun,' on the eastern shore of the Persian Gulf, Enki, the water-god, and his consort, Damkina, or Ninharsag, abode in peace

Noah Breaks the Command of the Goddess and Man Falls

"The Mount of Dilmun stood in the Land of Dilmun, inhabited by men before the flood. Here absolute peace prevailed. Even the wild animals refrained from injuring the flocks. Birds of prey hovered not over their quarry. Men lived sinless, free from disease, and knew not old age.

"Thus Dilmun is only the abode of the gods in the land of Sumerians, precisely as the older Hebrew source speaks of the 'Garden of Eden.' We have here a wide stretch of country which was a paradise, in which existed a particularly holy spot, the home of the gods and pious rulers of the sinless age.'

The tablet then goes on to describe the flood. The God Enki complains to the Mother Goddess Ninharsag that man has neglected him. He tells her he is about to destroy the world by a deluge.

"The statement," writes Dr. Langdon, "permits of only one inference—namely, that man did not show the proper respect unto his God Enki. The problem of the origin of this disrespect is not propounded, and an account for ethical weakness is not undertaken. The theologians did not regard this fall from sinlessness as the greatest calamity which overtook mankind. In their minds the subsequent loss of longevity and perfect health constituted the real fall of man, and the explanation of this does not occur until after the flood. Consequently we find here no attempt to attribute the culpability either to the jealousy of a god or to the frailty of human will."

"Enki, the God, thus vividly describes how man, *fashioned from clay by the creatress*, will dissolve like tallow in the deluge. But Ninharsag assembles certain pious anointed ones on the shore of a river, and, if I rightly understand a difficult line, she does this with the consent of Enki. But only Ninharsag actively interferes to save the pious king and a few who had not sinned

"Her herald the divine anointed ones called
The sons of men who were pious she has not wroth against

My king who was filled with fear,
His foot *stone* upon the boat set
Two *humbles* as watchmen he placed on guard
Doubly he caulked the ship; torches he lighted
Enki devastated the fields.
The fields received the waters of Enki."

Here follows again the description of the Flood, precisely as it was described in the throat of Enki. There is no clear statement about the escape of the pious along with the king, but I infer that these entered the ship also. Here the tablet repeats again the whole story of how Ninharsag rescued the king. After the Flood, the Mother Goddess speaks to the king, who is now designated by the name *Tagtug*, and dignified by the determinative of a god.

There is a break of seventeen lines, and then Tagtug, or Noah, and his helpers are tending a garden. They build a temple for Enki and irrigate the barren land. The primeval paradise has been lost, the earth has become barren, and consequently man must toil! The Flood has taken place as Enki has threatened. Apparently well-known stages of its rising, enduring and receding are given in an elaborate series of dates.

"We come now to the real Fall of Man, according to the doctrines of Nippur. When the tablet becomes legible again it gives a list of plants, whose names are broken away, that grew in the garden. The mother goddess Ninharsag, summons by her herald the pious who had escaped the deluge and gives a list of the classes of plants that may be eaten.

"Instructions are thus given concerning seven classes of plants in all. Now the phraseology changes. The commandments of the goddess cease; hence we infer that man was forbidden to eat of those plants, or that plant, which she had not mentioned in these seven classes, for the plants are not mentioned by specific names, so far as these lines are legible, but by classes. However, after the permission to pluck and eat from these seven classes, we come upon this passage

"'(My king) the cassia plant approached
"'He plucked, he ate,
"' ' ' ' ' the plant, its fate she had determined;
therein she came upon it.
"'Ninharsag in the name of Enki uttered a curse,
"'The face of life until he dies not shall he see."
"'The Anunaki in the dust sat down (to weep).
"'Angrily unto Enlil she spoke
"'I, Ninharsag, begat these children, and what is my reward?'"

"We have here the Nippurian doctrine concerning the origin of physical weakness and the loss of longevity.

"On our tablet man is represented as a free agent, and the disobedience is traced directly to the weakness of the human will.

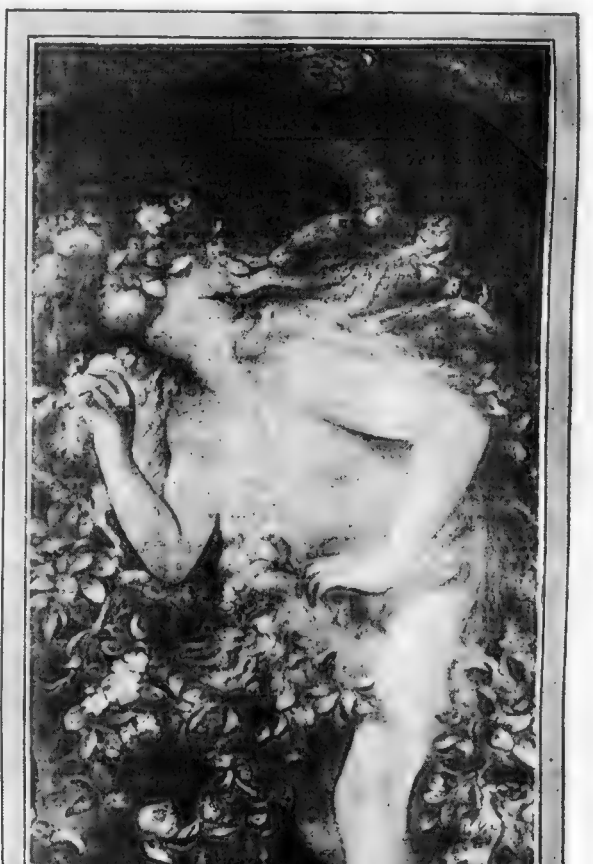
"*There is no question here of a Tree of Life, nor of a Tree of Knowledge.* My previous view on this point was erroneous. For if the cassia were really regarded here as the Tree of Life, Tagtug should have attained immortality for man, just as in the Hebrew version Adam attained unto the knowledge of good and evil by eating of the Tree of Knowledge. The real theory of the Nippur sages is much more direct and simple.

"Tagtug, or Noah, was not permitted to eat of this particular plant. The choosing of the cassia appears to be arbitrary; this injunction was made to test his obedience. Such is obviously the point in not permitting him to eat from this particular plant. The idea of temptation is latent here, but I do not believe that this text intends to attribute any portion of man's disobedience to this motive. Nevertheless, we can readily see how in popular tradition and in theological speculation the idea would soon arise that the *mother goddess* placed temptation in the way of man, whereby he brought about this infinite disaster.

"This was the form which this doctrine took in the minds of the ancient Hebrew teachers who wrote Genesis III. The mother goddess here becomes the wife of Adam, who tempts him to eat. Now, we know that in Sumerian religion this mother goddess, Ninharsag, like the major type of mother goddess Innini, was connected with serpent worship from most primitive times. In other words, the idea developed that a serpent deity had tempted man.

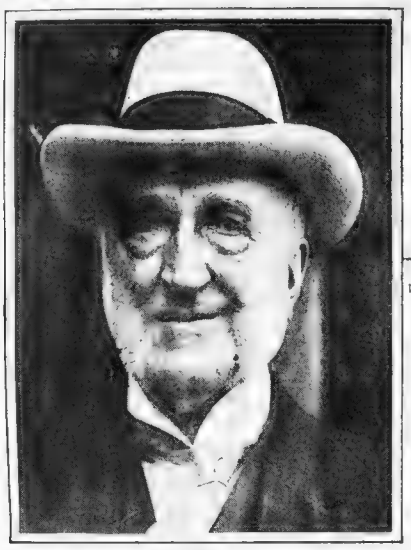
"Moreover, we long since knew that Eve, who created Cain with the aid of Jahweh, is really an old Canaanitish serpent deity. When the Hebrews made her into Adam's wife, the serpent tradition was naturally separated from her; under the influence of the Sumerian tradition that a serpent goddess had tempted man, they fashioned the legend to read that a serpent tempted the wife, who, in turn, tempted man.

"All the elements necessary to the mythological form of the Western version are here in this tablet, but we must again guard against confusing the mythological form with the doctrines placed upon it. The form of the Hebrew, with its story of the eating from a tree, and the temptation by a serpent and a woman, are developed from Nippurian views. Also, on the doctrinal side, the Hebrew of the older source emphasizes the principle of individual culpability regarding man as a free agent. They also agree with the Eridu school, which traces the source of human woe to the revelation of the existence of god and evil, more especially to the possession of a sense of decency and indecency. This consciousness of indecency, according to the Adapa legend, was revealed to man by a god. The Hebrew, working with the Nippurian legend, makes the plant into a tree capable of imparting this knowledge. In other words, working with the Nippurian form, and under influence of the Eridu teaching, the Hebrews evolved the story of the Tree of Knowledge.



The Temptation of Eve—The Beautiful Painting by Wells

A Little of the Fund of Fun That Made Chauncey Depew Famous



He Feels a Joke Coming.

CHAUNCEY M. (for MITCHELL) DEPEW has been United States Senator, president of the New York Central, head of a great insurance company, and a number of other big things, but probably no one ever interviewed him without asking, at one point or another of the conference, "Have you got any new ones?" His biographer will lay stress upon his ability as a financier, politician, campaigner, diplomat, but he is more popularly known to-day as a raconteur, which is natural enough, since the average person would rather hear a funny story than a list of liabilities or a campaign speech—and will remember it longer.

Depew has a delicious sense of humor and delights to indulge himself in it. Maybe that's what keeps him feeling so young.

"Forlorn is the man who can't crack a joke," declares Mr. Depew, "and more miserable is he who can't laugh at one.

"Man must laugh if he wants to be happy. It doesn't cost anything, and it helps him get over the rough places with an even temper.

"The newspapers are sometimes kind enough to call my stories 'chestnuts,' but that is a libel. In reality, I never tell the same story twice. But when they reprint one of my stories a score of times, and circulate it all over the country—then, I admit, it becomes a chestnut.

"Sometimes they're true, and when they're not exactly true to fact they're true to first principles in human nature. I have a great trick of observing men and women, in the cars and everywhere else, and receive numberless little suggestions which become the germs of stories.

"The most important requirement for the completed story is an unexpected climax, and sometimes it is necessary to take a story at the last moment and dress it with a touch of local color to suit the occasion."

He [illegible] and speaking
[illegible] a most queer,
[illegible] the chestnut,
[illegible]
No [illegible] about him
No dinner complete
The fun always waits
[illegible] gets on his feet.
He sees all men his friends
Without seeming to try,
You're going with the pious,
You drinks with the dry.
Dancing street as the dusty
And fresh as the dew
No fly ever lighted
On Chauncey Depew

"IKE" BROMLEY

• • •

More Short and to the Point.

At the time that Depew was president of the New York Central he attended a banquet at which, of course, he was one of the speakers. When the time came for him to be called upon he arose and prefaced his remarks by solemnly reading a letter which ran something like this:

My Dear Mr. Depew—I have just read one of your very amusing stories delivered at the end of one of those banquets [illegible]. I am wondering what sort of a speech you'll deliver after eating at the lunch counter at your railroad station. Old pal, Bill."

• • •

Like Lot's Wife.

"ONE day, not long ago I met a settler who had been wounded in the face. He was a Union man, and I asked him in which battle he had been injured.

"'In the last battle of Bull Run, sir,' he replied.

"'But how could you get hit in the face at Bull Run?' I asked.

"'Well, sir,' said the man, half apologetically, 'after I had run a mile or two I got careless and looked back.'"

• • •

One About Ingersoll.

IN St. Paul's Cathedral rests the sarcophagus which contains the remains of the Duke of Wellington. I asked the guide there if he remembered "Bob" Ingersoll. He said that he did, and that Mr. Ingersoll was a great man. When "Bob" was there not long before the guide said to him:

"Sir, this is holy ground.

"Why so?" asked "Bob," not feeling at home.

"Because," said the guide, "that is the monument of the duke."

"What duke?" said "Bob." "All the dukes are my intimate friends.

"The Great Duke, the Iron Duke," replied the unsuspecting guide, "the Duke of Wellington. We placed his body in an iron coffin and around that we molded seven lead coffins, and we placed him in that block of gray granite which weighs thirty tons, and upon that we placed that other block which weighs ten tons more."

"Bob" gave the guide a whack on the back that sent him all over across the room and shouted:

"Old man, you've got him! If he ever gets away, cable at my expense to R. G. Ingersoll, Peoria, Illinois."

HE'S AT HOME ANYWHERE.
In England He Drops His H's. In France, "Vive La Gloire!" In Germany, "Hoch! Noch Eins!" In Italy, "Three a Nick! This Is Home."

A Letter Depew Once Received.

DEAR MR DEPEW—We are getting up a negro minstrel show for the purpose of buying a set of colored dishes for the daptist Church. We are to have four end men, two of them are women, and one interlocutor. You know who I mean (I can't spell it), who sits in the middle. We need a lot of new and decent jokes, so as not to shock the ears of the [illegible]. There are lots of old women in our church who would go down and write us about the old jokes we used to have, but some things that passed current in the days of Ham and Andy [illegible]. Please grind the jokes out as fast as possible, and send them to us at once. We [illegible] I put on the programme. All the original jokes were made up by Chauncey Depew." That will pay you for the work.

• • •

A Comeback.

THIS is alleged to be one of the jokes told at one of the late Tim Sullivan's Albany feeds:

Ivy Dollar" went into Chauncey M. Depew's office recently and Senator Depew greeted him.

"Well, Tim, you are looking real prosperous," he said. "You must have had a good year."

"Oh, yes, Senator," replied Tim, "I can't complain."

"Well, now," said Depew, "are those stories true about your having had to go to the Adirondacks?"

"On the dead level, Senator," was Tim's answer, "now, I'll tell it to you straight. The only thing up there this Winter was your election as United States Senator."

• • •

Took Him Seriously.

MR. DEPEW says the funniest incident that ever occurred in his political campaigns was in Jefferson County when the late Roswell P. Flower was running for Governor on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Depew, in his speech, made the point that Mr. Flower was always holding office and, notwithstanding the fact that he called himself a business man, had occupied some official position almost continuously ever since he was old enough to vote.

Why," exclaimed Mr. Depew, "everybody knows that he came over the Pilgrims in the Mayflower, and that before he [illegible] made his application for appointment as a [illegible] in the City of New York, and announced himself a candidate for [illegible] before he got his naturalization papers. [illegible] and [illegible] cried a farmer-looking man who arose in the audience. "I have known Roswell Flower all my life and I [illegible] such thing."

• • •

The Clerk Who Got Caught.

HERE is a typical Depew story, and its author is particularly [illegible] offspring, born as it was under sunny skies. [illegible] used to point a moral in one of the Senator's famous after-dinner speeches:

"Last time I was travelling in the South I had to put up over night at a second-rate hotel in Western Georgia. I said to the clerk when I entered: 'Where shall I autograph?'

Autograph?" said the clerk.

"'Yes; sign my name, you know.'

"'Oh, right here.' As I was signing my name in the register a man came three roughly clothed, unshorn fellows immediately recognizable as Georgia Crackers. One of the men advanced to the desk.

Will you autograph?" asked the clerk his face aglow with the pleasure that comes from the consciousness of intellectual superiority.

"'Certainly,' said the Georgia Cracker, his face no less radiant at that of the clerk: 'mine's rye.'

There was no escape for the clerk and he treated with a good grace as he could command under the circumstances. Next morning I said to him. 'That was too bad, the way you got caught last night.'

"'Well, I suppose I shouldn't complain,' he replied; 'but the next time I speak a foreign language in my own country I'll know what I'm talking about.'"

• • •

The Woodchuck Story.

TO illustrate the position of one of the great national parties during a campaign noted for its fiery partisanship Mr. [illegible] tells this story of the youthful politician and the woodchuck:

[illegible] in one of the smaller schools near my native town [illegible] skill had drilled a number of his brightest scholars in the history of contemporary politics, and to test both their faith and their knowledge he called upon three of them one day and demanded a declaration of personal political principles.

"You are a Republican, Tom, are you not?"

"Yes, sir."

"And, Bill, you are a Prohibitionist, I believe?"

"I am, sir."

"And, Jim, you are a Democrat?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well now, the one of you that can give me the best reason why he belongs to his party can have this woodchuck which I caught on my way to school this morning."

"I am a Republican,' said the first boy, 'because the Republican party saved the country in the war and abolished slavery.'

"'And Bill, why are you a Prohibitionist?'

"'I'm a Prohibitionist,' rattled off the youth, 'because rum is the country's greatest enemy and the cause of our overcrowded prisons and poorhouses.'

"Excellent reasons, Bill,' remarked the tutor encouragingly. 'Now, why are you a Democrat, Jim?'

"Well, sir,' was the slow reply, 'I am a Democrat because I want that woodchuck.'

"And he got it, too," added Mr. Depew.

• • •

Good Opportunity to Learn.

IF you are married you will have just as much time as if you were single—if you know how to find it. Your wife will give you plenty of time waiting for her. Don't fret and fume during this interim—read. I have known men to pick up a liberal education reading while waiting for their wives to go out.

Where the Similarity Came In.

AS a back-handed slap at a well-known member of Congress who is too fond of looking upon the wine when it is unlined, Mr. Depew tells this anecdote:

"The member of Congress was being shaved by an aged colored barber in Washington. The shop was a favorite one with the prominent men of the Capital, and the old darky who presided over it often boasted that he had shaved every great statesman since the Madison Administration, which may or may not have been true. The member of Congress referred to was being shaved by the veteran one day when he said to the latter:

"'Uncle, you must have shaved many famous men.'

"'Oh, yes, sah, I has indeed.'

"'And a great many of those famous personages must have sat in this very chair where I am sitting, eh?'

"'Dat's right, sah. An' I'se jes' been a noticin' a mighty close similarity between yo' and Daniel Webster, sah.'

"You don't say!' exclaimed the highly delighted law-maker. 'Is it my face?'

"'Oh, no, sah. 'Tain't dat.'

"'Is it my manner?'

"'No, boss, 'tain't yore manner, nudder; hit's yore breff.'"

• • •

The Usual Compromise.

IN his law practise Lincoln discouraged his neighbors who wished to go to law. One day a farmer drove in to get a divorce. He had built a frame house and wished it painted white. His wife wanted it brown. There had been an argument and then there had been trouble. Mr. Lincoln said to him:

"You have not lived with this woman all these years without learning that there is such a thing as a compromise. Go back home; think no more of this divorce for a month. Then come to me again." In a month the farmer returned. "Mr. Lincoln," said he, "we have agreed on a compromise. We are going to have the house painted brown."

• • •

Judge Howland on Depew.

"CHAUNCEY DEPEW," said Judge Howland, "has at last consented that his obsequies are a backward production. We know the characteristics of things that are found in back lots. They are usually decayed and worm-eaten. They make good fertilizer. As he says, I have found them useful in the cultivation of epithets. I never look too closely into the history of the good things I use. I feel like the woman who was asked if he did not boil the Croton water nowadays to kill the microbes. 'No,' she said. 'I'd rather be an aquarium than a morgue.'"

• • •

A Campaign Lie.

I HAD an illustration during a campaign that the most innocent minds may be misinterpreted, and neither truth nor facts can properly prevail during a presidential canvass. Even the rivalries of the great heroes of the naval war become political animosities.

When at Cobleskill I was endeavoring to calm the rioters by one process and another, all of which failed, I finally said, "You are trying to break up this meeting and suppress free speech by the weapon with which Samson slew the Philistines." Instantly a fine specimen of Schoharie antediluvian shouted, "That's an other campaign lie! It was not Samson that licked the Philistines; it was Dewey."

• • •

When Depew Had to Pretend.

WHILE riding one day in the cars a citizen took half of the seat which I occupied and said: "Senator, do you remember my riding with you on the Hudson River Railroad in 1870?" It was just before an election, and I said I did. Said he: "Do you remember my telling you that I had shipped several thousand barrels of apples to England?" I said, "Yes." "And that the one subject which has been occupying my mind for thirty years was what was the result of that venture? Well," he said, "I lost my apples."

• • •

Depew Caught Telling an Old One.

CHAUNCEY DEPEW doesn't like at least one man in Buffalo. And this is how it happened. It was at a dinner. Mr. Depew had been called upon for a speech, and he responded by telling a story.

"Senator Evarts," said the great raconteur, "bought a farm up in Vermont recently and took his family there to spend the Summer. Mr. Evarts managed to visit the folks about once a week, but business made it necessary for him to live in New York. Among the appurtenances appertaining to the farm was a dozen cows, which soon became great pets with the young folks.

"Not long ago Mr. Evarts was startled by the receipt of a telegram from home. It was from his youngest daughter. 'Dear papa,' she said, 'something ails the donkey. I'm afraid he is sick. He keeps heehawing all the time and seems to be very lonesome. Please come home.'"

After the laughter which followed Mr. Depew's recital had subsided the Buffalo man got up and said:

"Sir, as Abraham Lincoln used to say, reminds me of a story which I heard some years ago. Senator Evarts had bought a farm down in Vermont and took his family there to spend the Summer. Among the appurtenances appertaining to the place was a donkey, which soon became a great pet."

The guests smiled broadly as he began, and when he had finished the same story that had been told by Mr. Depew they applauded and declared that it was a good joke. But Mr. Depew, according to the statement of one who relates the incident, felt that he had been insulted, and when he was reminded that the Buffalo man was deaf as a post and hadn't heard a word that had been said, the gentleman who had been chosen to help represent New York in the Senate only seemed to feel more aggrieved.

• • •

Decidedly Non-Committal.

TO a question the Senator once wished to sidestep he replied:

"I am like the Michigan lumberman who replied to an embarrassing question, 'I don't know nothin', and I couldn't swear that I know that.'"

He Laughs "From the Heart Out."

• • •

Taken Literally.

DEPEW engaged a new office boy. Said Mr. Depew:

"Who carried off my paper basket?"

"It was Mr. Reilly," said the boy.

"Who is Mr. Reilly?" asked Mr. Depew.

"The janitor, sir."

An hour later Mr. Depew asked: "Jemmie, who opened that window?"

"Mr. Lantz, sir."

"And who is Mr. Lantz?"

"The window cleaner, sir."

Mr. Depew wheeled about and looked at the boy. "See here, James, we call men by their first names here. We don't insist on them in this office. Do you understand?"

"Yes, sir."

In ten minutes the door opened and a small, shrill voice said: "There's a man here as wants to see you, Chauncey."

• • •

Depew Wasn't in a Hurry.

SENATOR DEPEW was leaving the President's office one day when a venerable, white-haired preacher from the West stopped him at the door and shook his hand.

"I'm glad to meet you again," exclaimed the Senator, cordially.

"I trust to meet you in heaven," exclaimed the preacher, as he reluctantly let go of Depew's hand.

"I hope it will be a long time before you go, and still longer before we meet there, sir," replied the Senator.

• • •

Like Old Times.

A FRIEND of mine, stopping recently at a Washington hotel, sat beside a bride who had been a widow, and on her first wedding journey had stayed at the same inn.

She said: "John, pass me the butter."

The bridegroom indignantly replied: "My name is not John it is Charles."

She said: "Excuse my mistake, Charles," and then, tasting the butter, added reflectively, "But it is the same butter."

• • •

More Than Her Share.

WHILE in Peekskill I went to call on two old friends, a widow and a maiden lady.

Said the widow:

"Well I married when I was quite young. My husband died and I had him cremated. In about two years I married again. He died and I had him cremated. I married a third time and lived to cremate him."

"Ah," answered the maiden lady, "wonderful are the ways of Providence. Here I've lived all these years and never have been able to be married to one, and you've had husbands to burn."

• • •

Strange Story.

THERE is an old story of a lawyer named Strange and his wife having a conference as to the things he wished done after he had departed this life.

"I want a headstone put over me, my dear," said the lawyer, "with the simple inscription, 'Here lies an honest lawyer.'"

The wife expressed surprise that he did not wish his name put on the headstone.

"It will not be needful," he responded, "for those who pass by and read that inscription will invariably remark: 'That's Strange.'"

• • •

One of Depew's Coffee Coolers.

A TEMPERANCE lecturer was caught by a disciple after he returned taking a hot whiskey punch. Said his shocked follower:

"I thought you were a total abstainer?"

"So I am," said the lecturer, "but not a bigoted one."

• • •

Took It Seriously.

THE English are a methodical, plain and straightforward people. Sometimes American humor is not clear to them. I remember one thing in connection with a trip I made abroad one time. I was invited to attend a dinner given by a medical society. I was called upon for a speech, and in the course of my talk I said that I knew a woman who lived on Long Island and ate so many clams that her waist rose and fell with the tide. The joke did not seem to take, but I lived through it.

Sometime afterward, in looking through an English medical journal, I saw this story reprinted and stated as a pathological fact.

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The Expressionless, Calm Eye — Because All the Muscles Are at Rest.

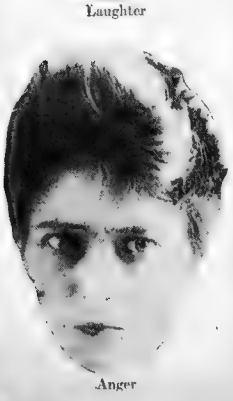
The Eye of Pain — the Same Eyes, but Brows and Lid Muscles Change the Expression.

Science Explains The Expression In Your Eyes—

Why the Eyes Really Don't Have Anything to Do with It at All and Every Emotion Is Interpreted by Muscles

Sympathy

Laughter



Anger

Fear

Defiance

Determination

Surprise

"LESBIA hath a beauteous eye," sang the poet. It is quite likely that she had. But if she did it was because her blood pressure was at the time abnormally increased her circulation too rapid and what she needed was not verse but a sedative.

There has been a great deal written about expression in eyes. Pretty nearly every adjective in the language fits eyes and the constant search of the modern poet is for one that hasn't yet been used as a specific term. Thus we have the "snarling eye," the fiery eye, the gentle eye, flashing cruel, cold warm and dancing eyes—even the glad eye.

Science, practical and impartial, now explains that there isn't any expression in the eye at all worth speaking of. Colors, sizes, degrees of clearness, yes—but expression, no. It is all a matter of muscles. A man's eye could beam as nicely as Lesbia's, given the same temporary heart action, and could be as melancholy as Manfred's with the same set of muscles, aided by the musculature of the face.

Richelieu had an "emotionless, cold stare," which awakened fear in those who offended him. Nicholas I. of Russia, although possessing the beautiful Roman soft eyes, could "look with such a curiously dead cold stare on suspected persons that, if guilty, they invariably confessed." Ranjeet Singh, "the lion of Lahore," insignificant physically, his face seamed by smallpox and having only one eye, could use that "one with terrible effectiveness in dominating men." Caesar Borgia had eyes which "gleamed like fire," and to those of Kitchener have been ascribed various extraordinary powers.

All this seems to place eyes as the prime indicators, voluntary or involuntary, of emotions. Yet the same characteristics are almost as forcibly expressed in statuary, whether the model ing represents a face purely imaginary or one of a real personage. Caligula Venus, Socrates, Byron, Napoleon, Sidons, Lincoln, Davy, Voltaire, Gladstone Gainsborough all "look" from orbits perfectly void or on which there is simply a circle and a dot, yet all of expression is there. Yet wrath, learning, placidity cruelty are all amply portrayed by muscles, particularly those of the forehead and mouth, without any aid from the eyes.

Sir Lauder Brunton, the great London doctor, declares expression to depend chiefly upon the setting of the eyes and not upon the eyeball itself. He tells that he illustrated this by pictures In one he had a Madonna, in another a figure of Anger, from Lavater's "Physiognomy." He had, besides, a pupil and iris, and used these, a pair of ordinary eyes, for each picture, and it did not materially alter the expression. He also made the "fatigued" eye simply by lowering the eyelid over an "alert" one.

Now take eyes by themselves, as in the game of guessing identity by only seeing them through a hole in a curtain. This guessing proves more difficult than one would imagine, partly because the same expression—a stolid stare—is put on by all to hinder detection, and no telltale muscularity is seen. Every one knows the unpleasing effect of a "forced smile, when the eyes—muscles which are more or less under control—look friendly, and the other facial muscles do not correspond, or when a person tries to look cheerful though suffering pain or sorrow. Sometimes an attempt to hide joy is made by lengthening the face, but happiness darts from the eyes—that is the eye muscles—and denies the attempt.

An old writer, John Bulwer, in his Pathomyotomia" (1649), says:

"But true laughter hath both the effects of the intellectual part as the principle upon which the dilatation of the heart and contraction of the countenance ensue. It being not only an affection of the body, but *totus conjunctu* of the whole man." As a New Zealand native once said: "We laugh all over; we breathe all over, from toes to eyes," and he hit a truth, for every muscle has its share in unfeigned emotion.

In the eye there are two sets of muscles: four straight, attached at cardinal points and, by combined action moving the eyeball in every direction subject to will; then two involuntary, which, when the first four cease their action, causing insensibility to creep over the retina, revolve the pupil upward, showing only the white, well instanced in the drunkard, who by raising the eyebrow and eyelid strives to fix the eye, but, having lost control of the voluntary muscles governing the eye, the pupil rolls upward, as in sleep or a fainting fit.

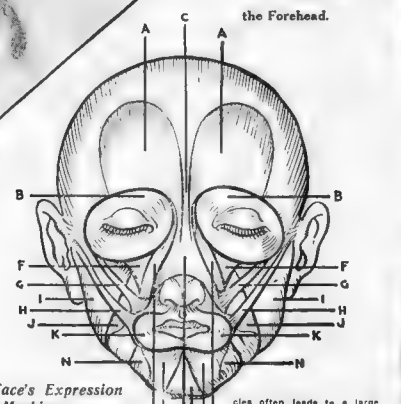
There are, besides, twenty-four underlying muscles to the eye and eyebrow, twelve to the jaw and ten to other parts of the face, and a perfectly controlled face is artistic, for every one of them works in unison.

Dr. Theodore B. Hyslop, long time head of Bethlem Hospital for the Insane, and who necessarily had to study eyes, tells me that it has always seemed to him that "apart from the significance of changes in the size of the pupils, the emotional expression is entirely due to the lids and post-orbital conditions."

A condition of failure or pain serves as part illustration of this. The eyes lose their lustre owing to the lessened blood supply, but the eyelids also droop so as to diminish the palpebral opening, and the facial muscles are all relaxed.

The "soft, compassionate eye" is produced by a secretion of tears moistening the eyeball.

An entirely different effect is produced by anger, where the eye does not glisten but really does "glitter." In fact, such an eye, ascribed to the murderer or maniac by novelists, is a reality, and has relation to the tension of the blood whereas the lack-lustre eye is associated with a feeble circulation. These two conditions can be very readily imitated in a child's air balloon. The richer it is blown out the more it reflects the light. The bright eye of the consumptive, often abnormally beautiful, is due to the high temperature tending to make the circulation more than usually rapid.



The Face's Expression Machinery.

Diagram of the human face, showing the numerous underlying muscles which give us expression.

A-A—Frontalis muscles. These are the chief of facial expression. Used principally to lift the eyebrows in surprise, laughter, etc.

B-B—The Orbicularis Palpebrarum. The muscles surrounding the eyes and eyelids used to open and close the eyes and when completely relaxed gives to the person an expression of drowsiness.

C—Pyramidalis Nasal. This is a long, thin muscle, connecting with A-A; yet we could not look mad without it, as it is used to depress the eyebrows. Its use also gives one the determined look about the eyes, as in the concentration of thought.

D—This is the Compressor Naris. A broad muscle across the bridge of the nose, used when we dilate the nostrils.

E-E—Levator Labii Superioris Alaeque Nasi. When we smile, sneer laugh or pout, this is the muscle used, ably assisted by the underlying muscles F-F.

G-G and H-H—Zygomaticus Major and Minor. The over use of these muscles often leads to a large mouth, as it is used to draw out the corners of the mouth.

I-I—The Masseter Muscles. These are muscles of mastication, but are also used when we set our teeth with determination or anger.

J-J—The Buccinator Muscles. Used to compress the cheeks.

K—The Orbicularis Oris. The muscle surrounding the mouth, contraction of which gives us the pouting expression often referred to as the kissing muscle; also useful when we wish to keep a closed mouth.

L-L—The Depressor Labii Inferioris. These muscles control the lower lip and are brought into play by persons who have the "grouchy" expression on their mouth.

M—The Levator Labii Inferioris. This muscle also connects with the lower and assists its neighbors, L-L.

N-N—The Depressor Anguli Oris. When we draw down the corners of the mouth as in sneering, these two muscles are used; they also give to the face that most deplorable expression known as the "hang-dog" expression.

The "Laughing" Eye—Only Merry in Expression Because Two Muscles Pull Up the Forehead.

A favorite expression is: "He narrowed his eyes," or "His eyes expanded," in this change voluntary or involuntary?

Dilation of pupil is associated with several emotions. In sudden astonishment or alarm the whole system is paralyzed and the pupils fixed and dilated, on the other hand, when the whole body is roused into action the pupils become contracted, although sometimes, owing to the mouth and contracted forehead the eyes appear wrathful without any contraction of pupil. Harvey, discoverer of blood circulation, writing in 1628, says: "In anger the eyes are fiery and the pupils contracted."

When the mind is under the influence of fear the energies are diverted from the eyes and the pupils dilate on account of the reduced sensitiveness of the retina. In anger, sight being powerfully called into action, the sensitiveness of the retina is increased and the pupil automatically contracts, so, it may be usually expected that, during those emotions in which the eyes are called into action the pupils will be small, and when nervous energy is directed away from the eyes to other centres the pupils will be large. The voluntary muscles are paralyzed and the eyes stare fixedly in fright or astonishment, but in admiration or meditation the muscles are voluntarily fixed and the expression is pleasing. In indignation the eyes roll and the eyelids move rapidly.

But in contempt the eyebrows and eyelids raised alone sufficiently convey the expression, and in modesty or shame the eyelid is lowered over the eye, expression being conveyed by the muscles of forehead and mouth. In laughter, also, the eyes are often closed.

Science does not depreciate the power of the eye. People have been rendered sad or bad or mad, exquisitely happy or strongly fortified by a single glance, though no doubt an instinctive divination or knowledge of the man or girl behind the eyes aids the effect on the imagination.

But my main contention is that the eyes are only complementary to the facial musculature and far from being prime factor in expression, have little or nothing to do with it at all.

Why City People Ought to Keep Bees

THE time is not far distant when the people of this progressive and prosperous country will see the necessity of increasing the bee industry.

Bee keeping is a paying industry in itself and when we stop to consider the real worth of the bee we must not forget its value to the grain, vegetable and fruit grower.

Much of the inferiority of our fruits and vegetables is due to the fact that the pollen is not properly distributed, and unless we increase the number of bees the increase of the fruit and vegetable products will result in a rapid decline in qualities which have made them so profitable and useful to mankind.

Fruits grown in communities where bees are plentiful have more of the desirable qualities in flavor and size than those produced in sections where bees are scarce.

When properly understood the bee is easily managed, and in almost unfavorable conditions the bees will increase in numbers very rapidly, and they never fail to work industriously, gathering honey from sources we can scarcely imagine. To obtain a stock of these busy workers is not expensive.

The culture of bees may be conducted in or near towns or cities to a limited extent, it even being proved that bees kept in or near cities find a more abundant pasturage than in country locations usually considered more suitable.

The bee shows a decided preference for certain kinds of food, no matter where the hives are located. Bees are kept with success in the heart of several cities, and the range of the bees for food is extensive.

To attract the bee there should be a prevalence of the following trees or plants. The filbert bush, which is used for a windbreak, furnishes pollen in February and March. The blossom of rape, furnishes pollen and honey, it can be grown almost anywhere for pasturage, seed or green manure.

The familiar varieties, such as peach, apricot, plum, pear, cherry, apple, currant, and gooseberry are rich in pollen and honey during the months of April and May. A colony of bees that have wintered well will gather during the apple bloom season as much as fifteen pounds of surplus honey of fine quality.

The most favored food for the bee are the various kinds of clover. The crimson clover yields a fine light colored honey. The best season is April and May. The other varieties blooming in May, June and July. This is at the same time all yellow in color.

The bloom of asparagus is greatly sought after by the bee in the months of June and July, this is at the same time all falls is blooming, which is a good honey producer. The bloom of parsnips if allowed to seed is a favorite with the bee. Even the bloom of common herb is utilized, for instance, peppermint.

The bee is an extensive and persistent forager, going from two and a half to three miles in search of food. The range covers an area of 12,000 to 18,000 acres. Should but one square foot in 100 produce a honey-bearing plant, they would have remaining 120 to 180 acres of pasturage; however, there may be thirty or forty acres in bloom close to their hive.

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"Military" Dresses.

Lady Duff-Gordon Tells How the War Is Influencing the Fashions with Soldier Coats and Skirts and Very Warlike Plumes and Bonnets

Tissue Coat and Skirt Modeled on the Costumes of the French Guards. "Lucile" Model.

A Suit of Ratine Whose Inspiration Is the Costume of the Military Aviator. "Lucile" Model.

The Last Word in Military Dress. A "Lucile" Model of Putty Colored "Face-Cloth" with High Collar, and Soldier Belt and Buttons. A Marshal's" Plume of Tightly Curled Ostrich Decorates the Little "War Bonnet."

LADY DUFF-GORDON, the famous "Lucile" of London, and foremost creator of fashions in the world, writes each week the fashion article for this newspaper, presenting all that is newest and best in styles for well-dressed women.

Lady Duff-Gordon's Paris establishment brings her into close touch with that centre of fashion.

Lady Duff-Gordon's American establishments are at Nos. 37 and 39 West Fifty-seventh street, New York.

THE war has influenced the present styles especially in coats and skirts, not to mention hats. Personally I add a French soldier coat with the skirt buttoned back and a time or four years ago, and almost every season since have had something distinctly traceable either to uniforms or liveries of some kind, as I think them decorative, practical and comfortable. Of course, I think the war has brought these things more to our notice, and some women are, no doubt, adopting these styles as a compliment to our brave men at the front.

Look at my little Robespierre lady in putty-colored face cloth. She is distinctly feminine in spite of the stick she carries, but the whole dress—for it is not a coat, but a dress built in one piece—is entirely suitable for the morning walk and luncheon at the club. I continue, it is putty [illegible] with fob [illegible] and cuffs of [illegible] silk. The collar is of [illegible] skirt [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] of [illegible] and skirt is of [illegible] and resembles the [illegible] skirt. [illegible] back [illegible] the belt, the cuffs [illegible] and pockets. The [illegible] three-cornered [illegible] always will be as chic as [illegible] was first invented.

Speaking of hats, here is another little military touch, the Glengarry in black worn by the lady in the blue serge—back view. It is a genuine shape with an addition of a ribbon of green fastening a tiny sprig of oak and feather at the back much in the same way that the Plantagenets stuck a bunch of gorse in their helmets in the civil war.

The same lady has a serge and braided coat and skirt whose principal feature is the opening at the back of the coat just below the broad buttoned belt. The skirt is full at the bottom, but fairly well-fitting at the top; the collar high and but turned at the front.

My last is a Lucile ratine, rather like a military aviator's coat, so buttoned and close fitting it is, yet giving all the freedom of action. I has two large workman's pockets by either side; close-fitting cuffs of gold cords are [illegible] fashion.

Entirely different in style and effect, but also most attractive, is a gown whose flesh-colored foundation is, on the skirt, doubly veiled with gold net, one side of the corsage, from [illegible] rider to hip, consisting of a [illegible] of gold brocade [illegible] other being in the same fashion [illegible] shimmering gold as the skirt, and [illegible] moulded to the figure as to be [illegible] startling effect at a little distance. A [illegible] barbarically beautiful ornament of dull gold and brilliant malachite green is fastened on the left hip, fringed [illegible] beads and buckles and jewels [illegible] on the skirt and a similar [illegible] ornament provides a decorative apology for a sleeve on the right shoulder, though at the other side the [illegible] by means of support." A [illegible] gold [illegible] pink tulle (possibly and cleverly concealing an elastic thread [illegible] only noticeable or even discernible [illegible] close quarters.

You may [illegible] indeed, [illegible] for granted [illegible] dress is provided with a flesh-colored [illegible] on, which each of airy and objectionable [illegible] its presence is not obtrusive as possible. And remember that, [illegible] cause [illegible] Her Grace dressed [illegible] wide sleeves [illegible] sphire blue panne which are eventually caught together on one hip by a cluster of damask roses. The full skirt beneath is of delicate pink chiffon and net in the deeper blue of a tropical sky at night, at first just bordered with a light tracery of dull gold, which soon, however, grows [illegible] and more beautiful too, tinsel ribbon of gold and silver being interwoven [illegible] finally [illegible] the blue with a mounted [illegible] fold of silver tissue is definitely [illegible] a double fold of the [illegible] skirt [illegible].

There are [illegible] "corsage" ideas in the dress.

Another [illegible] the swathing round the [illegible] must to [illegible] and the pla[illegible] a little bolero of brilli[illegible] forming a trellis [illegible] through which the [illegible] inner shadings show charmingly. It is further worth noting that [illegible] diamond is set in the [illegible] tre of another, a so milky white stone. Its [illegible] brilliance being doubled by reason of this [illegible] and contrast.

Then swathed deeply about the waist and over the hips is some ivory white and silver tissue, brocaded with gold and blue, orange and purple, all this glory of coloring giving place to the elusive mist-gray of the [illegible] skirt on which a device of cotton [illegible] brightness is broidered in [illegible] silver. Beneath the gray [illegible] dress of the blue [illegible] and [illegible] seen on the corsage and [illegible] again, of course, the inevitable and always attractive flesh [illegible].

Finally comes a creation of flame-colored chiffon, veiled as to the skirt with white net, on which a broidery of beads shades from palest amber to deepest orange. The corsage, on the other hand, is [illegible] chiffon, the [illegible] [illegible] consisting of diamond [illegible] Further color contrast is [illegible] by a train of flowers whose [illegible] petals bring together pale [illegible] deepest flame [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] Lily [illegible] [illegible] Lily [illegible] [illegible] Lily

SUNDAY AMERICAN EXAMINER PATTERNS

ARTISTIC simplicity marks many of the new Spring styles. Shirt waists are made with simple coat closing and button high at the neck. This style is especially attractive in the pretty new batistes, linens and voiles, and while the linen collar is new and novel, in many instances the waists are so fashioned that the collar may be turned down.

Tailored linen dresses are shown in button and overblouse effects and indeed not only for grown-ups, but for children as well, are these overblouse styles popular and becoming.

The new checked and striped materials are fine for the new circular skirt which seem to be the rage. As a wash suit and only a little care is needed in the making one need have little fear of a sagging, ill fitting skirt.

NO. 1,243.
Girl's Over-Blouse Dress.

Blue serge was used for this design, the skirt with a neat design in black soutache braid.

The waist is made with body and sleeves in one; the skirt is straight and plaited.

The pattern is cut in four sizes, 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. It requires 4½ yards of 36-inch material for an eight-year size.

NO. 1,237
Ladies' Shirt Waist.

The model is finished with coat closing and the new high collar.

The front may be open at the throat, the collar being rolled back with the fronts to form revers.

The pattern is cut in six sizes, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure.

A Pretty Frock for Mother's Girl.

This dress is a one-piece style, with a wide panel over the front and back below the full yoke, but may be omitted. The sleeves are long and elbow sleeves are ideal, while if high neck is preferred, the sleeves may be cut off at the wrist and the adjustable tucker added. The dress comfortable.

The pattern is cut in four sizes, 4, 6, 8 and 10 years. It requires 3 yards of 36-inch material for a four year size for the dress, with ½ yard for the tucker of 20 inch material.

NO. 1252.
New and Comfortable Lingerie Style.

The back portion is cut with a pointed extension that laps over the fronts and forms the closing.

Buttons and buttonholes are best for fastening.

The pattern is cut in three sizes, Small, medium and large. It requires 2¾ yards of 27-inch material for a medium size.

NO. 9,999.
Girl's House Dress.

An attractive model for [illegible] arranged over a fitted lining. The fullness at the waist line is laid in plaits at the front and back, and the closing is effected at the left of the front. For percale, madras, gingham, linen, lawn, cut in sizes 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 years. It requires [illegible] 42 inch material for a medium size. The skirt requires [illegible] material for a [illegible] lower edge.

NO. 1,234
Ladies' and Misses' Over-Dress in Semi-Fitted Basque Style.

With [illegible] the neat [illegible] style in a [illegible] or embroidered, [illegible] up in a neat pattern of [illegible] or stripe gingham, or pongee, [illegible] or organdy.

[illegible] and it can be [illegible] as fancy dictates or of self material.

The pattern is [illegible] in seven sizes, 16 and [illegible] for misses and [illegible] 40 inch [illegible] measure for [illegible] will require [illegible] yards of [illegible] material for the underwaist, and [illegible] yards for the dress for a 36 inch size. The skirt measures about three yards at the lower edge in a 38 inch size.

NO. 1,235.
A Useful Work Apron.

As here portrayed this model [illegible] is easy to make and [illegible] suitable [illegible]

The [illegible] requires [illegible] yards of 36 inch material for the [illegible] and [illegible] yards of [illegible] for the [illegible] edge.

Ladies' Tucked Shirt Waist.

[illegible] was used [illegible] shows to [illegible] comfortable [illegible]

The skirt [illegible] or normal [illegible]

The pattern [illegible] 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches bust measure. It requires [illegible] 4-inch material for a [illegible] medium size, about three yards at the front.

To obtain any TWO of these patterns [illegible] accompanying coupon [illegible] with 10 cents in silver or stamps to

BARGAIN DAY
P. O. Box 249
New York, N. Y.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Send 10 cents in silver or stamps for [illegible] summer catalogue. [illegible] The name of [illegible] Waist [illegible] and a coupon [illegible] each pattern desired.

BARGAIN DAY—Eight Charming Designs Easily Made by the Home Dressmaker ANY TWO for 10 CENTS

SUNDAY AMERICAN EXAMINER PATTERNS
"BARGAIN DAY."

1243—Size ..... Years 9999—Size ..... Bust
1237—Size ..... Bust 1234—Size ..... Years
1255—Size ..... Years 1234—Size ..... Bust
1252—Size ..... 1235—Size .....
1256—Size ..... Waist
Name .....
Street and No. .....
City and State .....

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I Will Send Free to All Readers Secret by Which I Destroyed My Own Growth

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I say that you need no longer put your money for worthless depilatories, but that I will tell you of a simple, inexpensive home method whereby I removed my superfluous hair entirely, and have never since been troubled with a return of the objectionable growth. I don't want your money and say "Impossible" if you like, but first write me.

I tried everything you ever heard of and failed before I got good results, and then I got them right and have never had a blemish since. I will tell you the secret by which I destroyed my own growth, so that it may be returned. The wonder of it is that this simple method, which I used in the privacy of my own room, should have been overlooked by all the depilatories and electrical specialists. Any reader who is troubled with superfluous hair should write me at once, as I will tell them absolutely free how they can remove it forever. Don't buy a worthless preparation or subject yourself to the torture of electricity or the dangers of a surgical operation. Write me and I will tell you how I did it, after many things had failed. I am willing to put my time against yours and to prove that I speak the truth.

Address your name and address plainly to Mrs. Anna Kay Allen and I will send you the secret in plain cover by return mail. Remember the secret by which I destroyed my own growth, so that it may be returned. The wonder of it is that this simple method, which I used in the privacy of my own room, should have been overlooked by all the depilatories and electrical specialists. Any reader who is troubled with superfluous hair should write me at once, as I will tell them absolutely free how they can remove it forever. Don't buy a worthless preparation or subject yourself to the torture of electricity or the dangers of a surgical operation. Write me and I will tell you how I did it, after many things had failed. I am willing to put my time against yours and to prove that I speak the truth.

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TO MOTHERS: We earnestly advise every lady to write to her for this disgraceful and superfluous hair to accept above offer at once. Like remarkable offer is sincere and genuine, the standing of donor being unquestioned.

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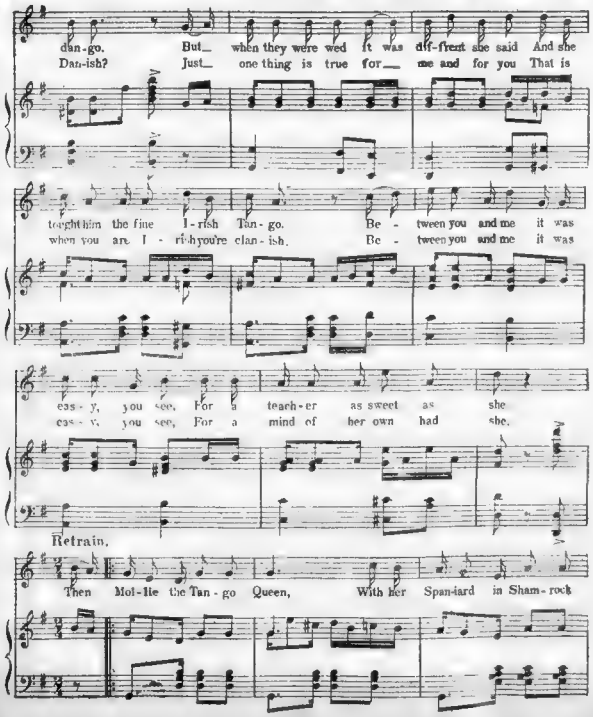
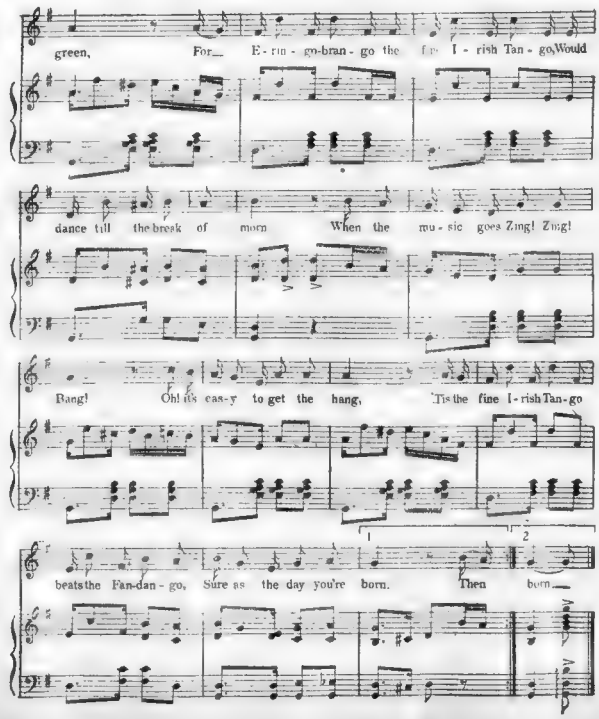
Cut Along This Line, Then Fold Music for Your Piano Rest


dan-go. But when they were wed it was diff-frent she said And she
Dan-ish? Just one thing is true for me and for you That is
teogthim the fine I-rish Tan-go. Be-tween you and me it was
when you are I-rish you're clan-ish. Be-tween you and me it was
eas-y, you see, For a teach-er as sweet as she
eas-y, you see, For a mind of her own had she.
Retrain.
Then Mol-lie the Tan-go Queen, With her Spaniard in Sham-rock


green, For E-rin-go-bran-go the fine I-rish Tan-go, Would
dance till the break of morn When the mu-sic goes Zing! Zing!
Bang! Oh! its eas-y to get the hang, 'Tis the fine I-rish Tan-go
beats the Fan-dan-go, Sure as the day you're born. Then born

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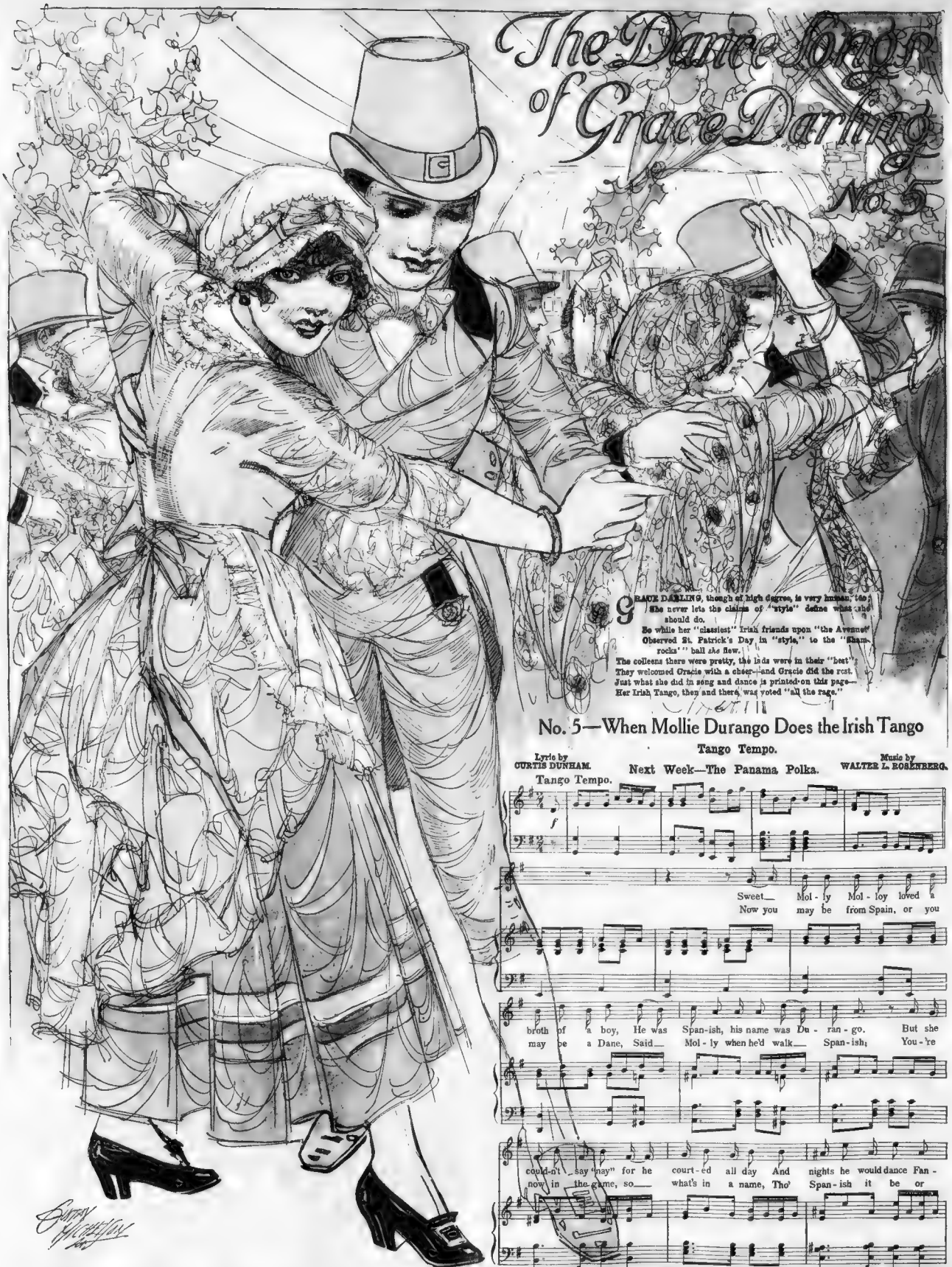
The Dance Songs of Grace Darling

No. 5



GRACE DARLING, though of high degree, is very human, too;
She never lets the claims of "style" define what she should do.
So while her "classiest" Irish friends upon "the Avenue"
Observed St. Patrick's Day in "style," to the "Shamrocks'" ball she flew.
The colleens there were pretty, the lads were in their "best";
They welcomed Gracie with a cheer—and Gracie did the rest.
Just what she did in song and dance is printed on this page—
Her Irish Tango, then and there, was voted "all the rage."

No. 5—When Mollie Durango Does the Irish Tango

Tango Tempo.

Lyric by CURTIS DUNHAM.

Music by WALTER L. ROSENBERG.

Tango Tempo.

Next Week—The Panama Polka.

f

Sweet— Mol - ly Mol - loy loved a
Now you may be from Spain, or you

broth of a boy, He was Span-ish, his name was Du - ran - go. But she
may be a Dane, Said— Mol - ly when he'd walk— Span - ish; You - 're

could-n't say "nay" for he court - ed all day And nights he would dance Fan -
now in the game, so— what's in a name, Tho' Span - ish it be or

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(Continued on Preceding Page.)

COMIC SECTION
OF THE
BOSTON AMERICAN
March 7, 1915

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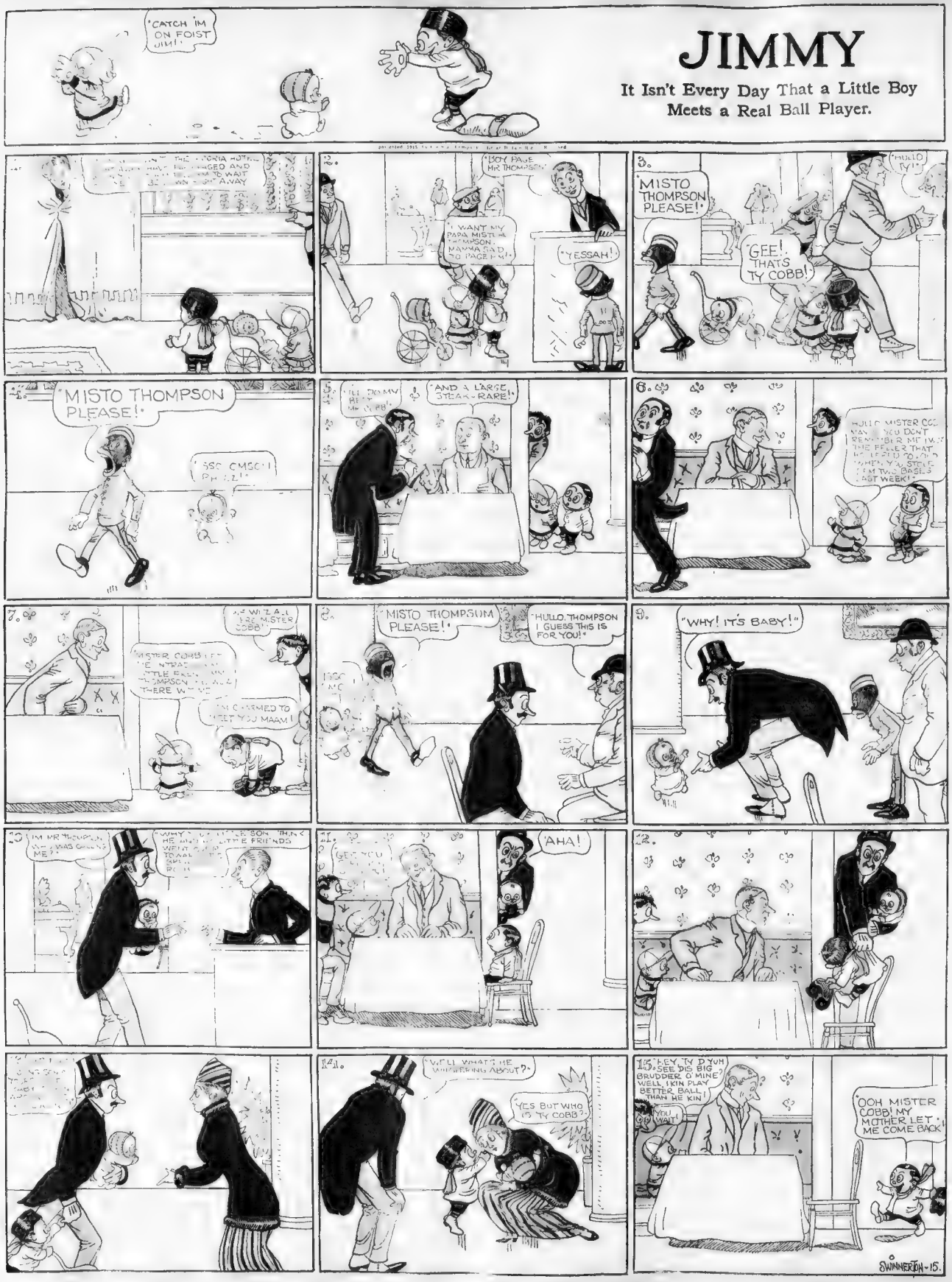
The Original Katzenjammer Kids

CAPTAIN, CAN YE GIVE YOUR OLD SHIP-MATE, JOHN SILVER, A JOB? I'M COLD AN' WET AND TIRED AS A LUBBER!
NIX, YOU DOD-GASTED OLD PIRATE! YOU ISS A BAD EGGER! VEN A MAN ISS A MILLIONAIRE LIKE I'M DEN PIRATES GIF HIM A PAIN!
AW, HAVE A HEART, CAP! FOR OLD TIMES SAKE! A GOOD NIGHT'S SLEEP IS ALL I WANT!
'S NO USE TALKING, JOHN, DER CHAIR-HOUSE ISS DER PLACE FOR PIRATES TO SLEEP!
GETTING FRESH ALREADY, HEY? YOU DOD-ROTTED LITTLE LUBBERS, TAKE THAT!
VOT DER DING-BUSTED ---?
BLESS MY SOUL, BUT THEM KIDS IS LOOKING WELL AN' CHIPPER THESE DAYS!
HAW! HAW! HAW! JOHN, DOD-GAST IT, YOU ISS DER ONLY VUN VOT CAN HANDLE DEM RASCALS! COME, I GIF YOU A GOOD NIGHT'S SLEEP UND TOMORROW YOU ISS MY VALET!
SLEEP ON, JOHN, YOU GUM DOOZLED OLD PIRATE! DER ONLY VUN VOT ISS TOO SMART FOR DEM FRESH YOUNG SCALLY-VAGS!
HEY! VHERE ISS YOU GOING? COME ON UND PUSH!
VAIT! I GOT A IDEA!
PST!
FIRE
FRITZ, I GOT TO MISS YOU! YOU GOT A BRAIN LIKE NAPOLEON!
FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!
DON'T BE AFRAID, JOHN, VE VILL SAFE YOU!
FARE VELL, ONLY VUN"!
HOW VELL UND CHIFFER HE LOOKS!
DOD GAST IT, ONLY A MINUTE AGO I SEEN HIM IN BED MIT MY OWN EYES!
VOT ISS?
COULDN'T YOU SLEEP?
SAY, HANS, DOT "GREAT UND ONLY VUN" AINT SUCH A BAD LOOKING GINK!
NO, ONLY HE ISS A AWFUL FAT-HEAD!
HEY!


'CATCH 'IM ON FOIST
JIMMY
It Isn't Every Day That a Little Boy Meets a Real Ball Player.
1.
2.
BOY PAGE MR THOMPSON
I WANT MY PAPA MISTER THOMPSON MAMMA SAID TO PAGE HIM
YESSAH!
3.
MISTO THOMPSON PLEASE!
GEE! THATS TY COBB!
4.
MISTO THOMPSON PLEASE!
5.
I'LL DO MY BEST SIR
AND A LARGE STEAK - RARE!
6.
7.
MISTER COBB
I'M CHARMED TO MEET YOU MAAM!
8.
MISTO THOMPSUM PLEASE!
HULLO, THOMPSON I GUESS THIS IS FOR YOU!
9.
"WHY! IT'S BABY!"
10.
IM MR THOMPSON WHO WAS CALLING ME?
11.
GET YOU
AHA!
12.
13.
WELL WHAT'S HE WHIMPERING ABOUT?
YES BUT WHO IS TY COBB?
14.
HEY TY D'YUH SEE DIS BIG BRUDDER O MINE? WELL I KIN PLAY BETTER BALL THAN HE KIN!
YOU WAIT!
OOH MISTER COBB! MY MOTHER LET ME COME BACK!
SWINNERTON-15.

HAPPY HOOLIGAN

Too Bad! He Nearly Had a Best Man! But Cheer Up, Happy! The Worst Is Yet to Come!

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WANTED! A BEST MAN! APPLY TO HAPPY HOOLIGAN. COR. THOITY THOID ST. AND POIKINS. AVE.
THIS IS A BOID OF AN IDEA! I SOITNLY OUGHT TO GET A BEST MAN NOW!
YOUSE HAVE A KIND FACE. I WANT TO ASK A FAVOR - WILL YOUSE BE THE BEST MAN AT MY WEDDING? I'VE GOT TO HAVE ONE OR I CAN'T GET MARRIED.
M. VERY SORRY BUT I MUST TAKE A TRAIN FOR BOSTON IN TEN MINUTES
PARDON ME, SIR, I OVERHEARD YOUR REQUEST - TO THAT OLD GENTLEMAN. IF YOU WILL ALLOW ME I SHALL BE HAPPY TO ACT AS YOUR BEST MAN
YOUSE ARE SOITNLY VERY KIND
YOU KNOW I'M AWFULLY FOND O' WEDDINGS. MY NAME IS J. FEATHERSTONE BELL, AND THEY USED TO CALL ME WEDDING BELL BECAUSE I WENT TO SO MANY.
THAT THOID HOUSE WITH THE POIPLE BLINDS IS WHERE MY GOIL LIVES.
WHAT! IS THIS THE DUKE DE CABARET? WHY I'VE ALWAYS WANTED TO MEET YOU!
DUKE, THIS GENTLEMAN IS GOING TO BE MY BEST MAN. HE'S DELIGHTED TO DO THE SOIVICE
I'LL GO AND GET SUZANNE
DUKE I FEEL AS IF I'D KNOWN YOU FOR YEARS. ITS STRANGE WE NEVER MET BEFORE
YOU'RE SO KIND
SUZANNE THIS IS MR. BELL OUR BEST MAN
AH, THOSE EYES! HOOLIGAN, YOU RASCAL! LUCKY DOG, LUCKY DOG!
NOW YOU ALL WAIT RIGHT HERE WHILE I GO OUT AND GET SOME FLOWERS FOR THE BRIDE
WE'LL AWAIT YOUR RETOIN
YOU MUST LOOK AFTER THE KID
KENTUCKY DAYS KENTUCKY DAYS
OH CHARMING
WHERE THE SUNSHINE EVER STAYS
THAT LOOKS LIKE CHATTY PETE
IT IS PETE WE'RE JUST IN TIME
THE FRENCH CLOCK IS GONE!
I SOITNLY HAD MY WATCH AN CHAIN WHEN I LEFT HOME!
MY SCARF PIN IS MISSING! AND WHERE'S THAT SILVER PITCHER!
ARE THESE THINGS YOURS?
AWFULLY SORRY, WE WOULD HAVE HAD A JOLLY TIME AT THE WEDDING. AH, WELL, AS THE POET SAYS "I WAS EVER THUS"
I'VE HAD ENOUGH OF YOUR DOINGS!
BOYS DO YOU KNOW, THAT'S ONE OF THE FINEST FAMILIES I EVER GOT ACQUAINTED WITH!
DUKE WON'T YOUSE LISTEN TO ME FOR ABOUT ONE THOID OF A SECOND?
F. Opper

BILL I LIKE YOU - YOU'RE THE ONLY FRIEND I'VE GOT, LEND ME 40 OR 50 DOLLARS — MY WIFE IS WAITING FOR ME
THE FRIEND
THE SUCCOR
"FRIENDSHIP" AS SHE IS SPOKE
TIGE BROWN 1915

She Had a Rough Voice for a Lady

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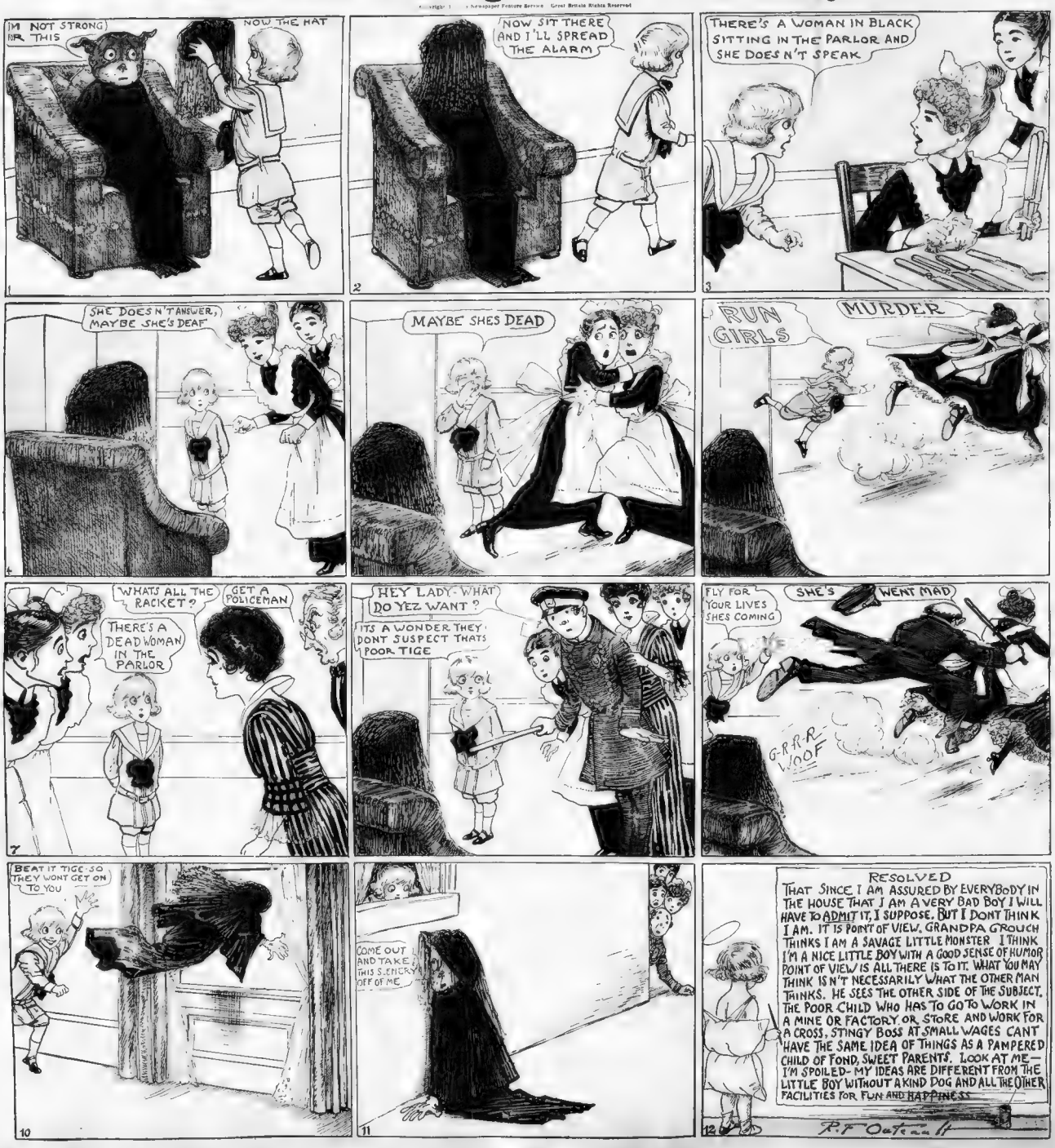
I'M NOT STRONG FOR THIS
NOW THE HAT
1
NOW SIT THERE AND I'LL SPREAD THE ALARM
2
THERE'S A WOMAN IN BLACK SITTING IN THE PARLOR AND SHE DOES N'T SPEAK
3
SHE DOES N'T ANSWER, MAYBE SHE'S DEAF
4
MAYBE SHES DEAD
RUN GIRLS
MURDER
WHATS ALL THE RACKET?
GET A POLICEMAN
THERE'S A DEAD WOMAN IN THE PARLOR
7
HEY LADY - WHAT DO YEZ WANT?
ITS A WONDER THEY DONT SUSPECT THATS POOR TIGE
FLY FOR YOUR LIVES SHES COMING
SHE'S WENT MAD
G-R-R-R WOOF
BEAT IT TIGE - SO THEY WONT GET ON TO YOU
10
COME OUT AND TAKE THIS S-ENERY OFF OF ME
11
RESOLVED
THAT SINCE I AM ASSURED BY EVERYBODY IN THE HOUSE THAT I AM A VERY BAD BOY I WILL HAVE TO ADMIT IT, I SUPPOSE. BUT I DONT THINK I AM. IT IS POINT OF VIEW. GRANDPA GROUCH THINKS I AM A SAVAGE LITTLE MONSTER I THINK I'M A NICE LITTLE BOY WITH A GOOD SENSE OF HUMOR POINT OF VIEW IS ALL THERE IS TO IT. WHAT YOU MAY THINK IS N'T NECESSARILY WHAT THE OTHER MAN THINKS. HE SEES THE OTHER SIDE OF THE SUBJECT. THE POOR CHILD WHO HAS TO GO TO WORK IN A MINE OR FACTORY OR STORE AND WORK FOR A CROSS, STINGY BOSS AT SMALL WAGES CANT HAVE THE SAME IDEA OF THINGS AS A PAMPERED CHILD OF FOND, SWEET PARENTS. LOOK AT ME — I'M SPOILED - MY IDEAS ARE DIFFERENT FROM THE LITTLE BOY WITHOUT A KIND DOG AND ALL THE OTHER FACILITIES FOR FUN AND HAPPINESS
12
R.F Outcault

YOU CAN DO ANYTHING BY THOUGHT

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THE distinguishing feature of the New Thought is its antiquity.

The New Thought was expressed by Pythagoras six hundred years before Christ, when he said: "Hate and fear breed a poison in the blood, which if continued affect eyes, ears, nose and the organs of digestion. Therefore, it is not wise to hear and remember the unkind things that others may say of us."

This was a conclusion in the line of self preservation—a plain, simple, obvious fact.

Pythagoras was a Greek. In his early manhood he had journeyed to Egypt to learn at the feet of the philosophers. He expected to imbibe the mysteries and know the innermost secrets of existence.

His experience with the initiates undeceived him. He found that their deep learning had only one use—to keep the people in dread and awe. By making learning a monopoly, the few could control the many.

Pythagoras discovered that these priests who controlled the mysteries had two codes—one for themselves and one for the people. They gave the people what they thought was best for them to know, and forbade all else. Pythagoras went back home and founded a collection of people or "college" where he taught that truth was what was best for you, now and here, and that truth was simple, not strange or peculiar; that it was not fixed in dead language nor strange formulas; that it was a part of our very existence; and if not intimidated, coerced, bought or bribed, we could all acquire all the truth we needed, for, as we could use more truth, more would come to us.

This was essentially New Thought, natural thought, or obvious thought.

* * *

Socrates, two hundred years later, taught a similar philosophy. His motto was, "Know thyself." A charge was brought against him of speaking disrespectfully of the gods and polluting the minds of the youth of Athens. He was found guilty by a jury of five hundred. He was given an opportunity to recant, but refusing to either change or apologize he was given the deadly hemlock.

Jesus taught New Thought, or his own thought. He said that truth was known to babes and sucklings, and unless we became as little children we would never know this truth. He said, "I and my Father are one." He believed in his own divinity. He prized his intuitions. He felt that he was close to the Source.

Epictetus, the Roman slave, and Marcus Aurelius, the Roman Emperor, taught a similar gospel. "When you arise in the morning think on what a precious privilege it is to live—to breathe—to think—to enjoy—to love! God's spirit is close to us when we love. Therefore it is better not to resent, not to hate, not to fear. Equanimity and moderation are the secrets of power and peace." Marcus Aurelius was safe by reason of his high position; Epictetus by his obscurity.

Hypatia taught the wisdom of harmony in thought, so that bodily health and happiness would follow. "Express beauty in your lives, and beauty flows to you and through you. To love means to be loved, and to put hate behind is the sum of all loving that is of any avail." Hypatia was destroyed in a temple where she had taken refuge, where the mob followed her and tore her limb from limb.

* * *

Naturally, every man thinks well of himself. If no one ever told us that we were worms of the dust, we would never come to the conclusion ourselves. If no one ever told us that we were "lost" we would never have guessed it. We naturally carry our chins in and the crowns of our head high. Left alone and uninstructed, no one would ever imagine he was conceived in sin and born in iniquity. Neither would he say that we are born to trouble as the sparks fly upward. Naturally we slough trouble, we shed sorrow, we sleep and awake refreshed. The grass grows over all graves.

Much of our sickness is caused by fear, and fear is an importation. Our very existence turns on being happy. Misery affects the circulation, fear means congestion, congestion continued means disease, and disease continued means *rigor mortis*.

Diseases are symptoms. To cure a disease or cut out a diseased part is not to make the man well—it will catch him somewhere else. You have to reach the cause. Bad collections and inability to meet a note will give you cold feet and then a cold in the head. A quarrel will cause tonsilitis. A threat will given granulated eyelids. Overeat, underbreathe, fill life full of fear, jealousy and hate, and Bright's disease follows, and Bright's disease is simply a contamination of the water-supply by the sewage.

New Thought is natural thought—your own thought—and whatever else man may be, he is a thinking machine. We need all the thinking of all the people in order to meet all the problems that face us. For a few to think and the many to memorize is to neutralize progress. The brain is an organ, and to keep it healthy it must be exercised.

There is nothing so hygienic as thought. There is no joy equal to putting salt on the tail of an idea. Yet the effort of the ages has been to restrain thought, not to encourage it. Every great invention is a result of New Thought. These combined and collaborated give us progress. The modern locomotive is the condensed result of thousands of men thinking and acting.

The new theology is the result of New Thought, because theology accepts New Thought rather than be left in the race of life. It takes it on as a matter of self-preservation.

All denominations begin by accepting New Thought. They degenerate when they begin to place a penalty on New Thought and look backward for truth, not forward. Kant and Spinoza both gave the world New Thought. But the great modern revival of New Thought comes in with Ralph Waldo Emerson. His three great essays, "Compensation," "Self-Reliance" and "Nature," contain the germ of all that has been said or can be said.

Prentice Mulford with his "White Cross Library" did a great work in teaching teachers of the New Thought. Ella Wheeler Wilcox has repeated again and again in a graceful and gracious way a great mass of truths about right thinking that have now become a part of the current coin of the race. Then comes a whole army of preachers, teachers and "adepts," each expressing the gospel of individuality. No doubt there is much that is overstated, much that is ill digested in the new propaganda. But the main thing is to think—get free—realize your kinship to the divine. Man is not yet created—he is only in process. Let this be the apology for our crudity.

With the very first glimmering of intelligence and as far back as history goes, man has always asked four questions:—

Where am I? Who am I? What am I here for? Where am I going?

Walt Whitman has said: "I think I could turn and live with animals, they are so placid and self-contained. I stand and look at them long and long. They do not sweat and whine about their condition. Not one is respectable or unhappy over the whole earth." But we should note this: Whitman merely wanted to live with animals, he did not desire to become one. He was not willing to forfeit knowledge; and a part of that knowledge was, that man has some things yet to learn from the brute.

Philosophers of the Far East have told us that man's deliverence from the evils of life must come through the killing of desire; we reach Nirvana—rest—through nothingness. But within a decade it has been borne in upon a vast number of thinking men of the world that deliverance from discontent and sorrow was to be had, not through ceasing to ask questions, but by asking one more. The question is this, "What can I do?" And then doing it.

When man went to work, action removed the doubt that theory could not solve.

The rushing winds purify the air; only running water is pure; and the holy man, if there be such, is the one who loses himself in persistent, useful effort. The saint is the man who keeps his word and is on time. By working for all we secure the best results for self, and when we truly work for self, we work for all. The self-assumed superior class evolves naturally into being everywhere as man awakens and asks questions. Only the unknown is terrible, says Victor Hugo. We can cope with the known, and at the worst we can overcome the known by accepting it. Verestchagin, the great painter, who knew the psychology of war as few men did, and went down to his death gloriously on a sinking battleship, once said: "In modern warfare, where man does not see his enemy, the poetry of battle is gone. Enveloped in the fog of ignorance, every phenomenon of nature causes man to quake and tremble—he wants to know. Wonder prompts him to ask, and greed for power, place and self replies."

Metaphysics reaches its highest state when it affirms, "All is One," or "All is Mind," just as theology reaches its highest conception when it becomes monotheistic—having one God and curtailing the personality of the devil to a mere abstraction.

But this does not long satisfy, for we begin to ask, "What is this One?" or "What is Mind?"

Then positivity and pragmatism come and say that the highest wisdom lies in knowing that we do not know anything, and never can, concerning a First Cause, but we can know very much about how to accept life so as to live without misery, woe and want.

* * *

Man's only enemy is himself. His ignorance of this world and his superstitious beliefs have blocked his pathway. Our troubles, like our diseases, come from ignorance and weakness, and through our weakness are we weak and unable to adjust ourselves to better conditions. The more we know of this world the better we think of it, and the better we are able to use it for our advancement.

New Thought is founded on the laws of your own nature, and its shibboleth is, "Know Thyself." New Thought offers you no promise of paradise or eternal bliss if you accept it; nor does it threaten you with perdition if you don't. All it offers is unending work, constant effort, new difficulties, beyond each success a new trial. Its only satisfactions are that you are allowing your life to unfold itself according to the laws of its nature. And these laws are divine; therefore you yourself are divine just as you allow the divine to possess your being. New Thought allows the currents of divinity to flow through you unobstructed.

Second-Hand Thought affords no plan of elimination; it tends to congestion, inflammation, disease, and disintegration.

New Thought holds all things lightly, gently, easily, even thought. It works for a healthy circulation, and tends to health, happiness and well-being now and hereafter. It does not believe in violence, force, coercion or resentment, because all these things react on the doer. It has faith that all men, if not interfered with by other men, will eventually evolve New Thought, and do for themselves what is best and right, beautiful and true.

Second-Hand Thought has always had first in its mind the welfare of the dealer. The rights of the consumer, beyond keeping him in subjection, were not considered. Indeed, its chief recommendation has been that "it is a good police system."

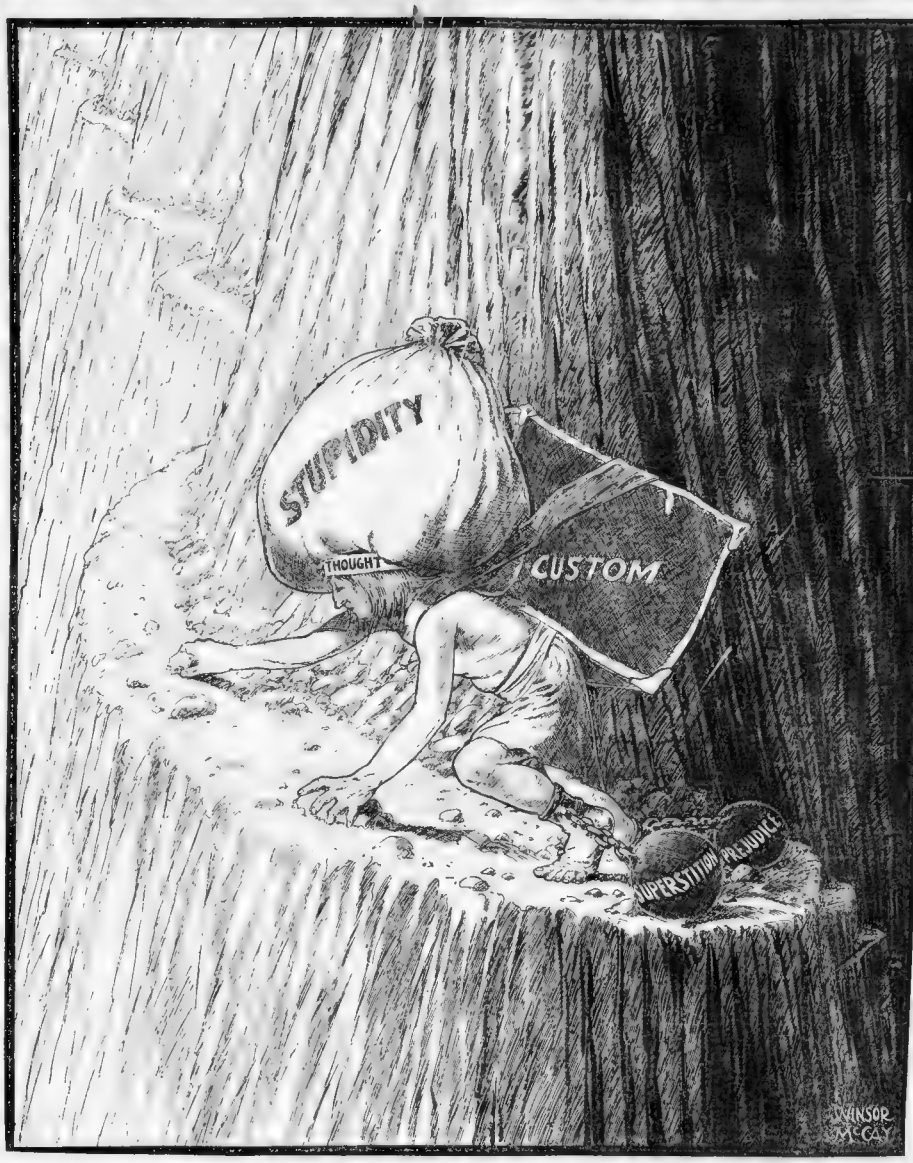
New Thought considers only the user. To "Know Thyself" is all there is of it.

* * *

When a creator of New Thought goes into the business of retailing his product, he often forgets to live it, and soon is transformed into a dealer in Second-Hand Thought. That is the way all purveyors in Second-Hand revelation begin. In their anxiety to succeed, they call in the police. The blessing that is compulsory is not wholly good, and any system of morals which has to be forced on us is immoral. New Thought is free thought. Its penalty is responsibility. You have to live it or lose it. Its reward is Freedom.

So far as we can judge, the unknown cause that rules the world by natural law is a movement forward toward happiness, growth, justice, peace and right. Therefore, the scientist, who perceives that all is good when rightly received and rightly understood, is the medator and the explainer of the mysterious. As fast as we can understand things they cease to be supernatural. The supernatural is the natural not yet understood. The man of faith fixes his mind on the fact that he is here. The more he studies the conditions that surround him, the greater his faith in the truth that all is well.

The Universe is planned for good. There is no devil but fear. God is on our side.



Thought Has Raised Humanity from the Brute. It Is Man's Ignorance of This World and His Superstitions That Hold Him Back in the Path of Progress; Some Day Thought Will Set Him Free from These, and Then Man Will Rule the Universe.

THE Exploits of Elaine

A DETECTIVE NOVEL AND A Motion Picture Drama

Presented by the Hearst Sunday Newspapers in Collaboration with the Famous Pathe Players

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Author of "The Perils of Pauline"

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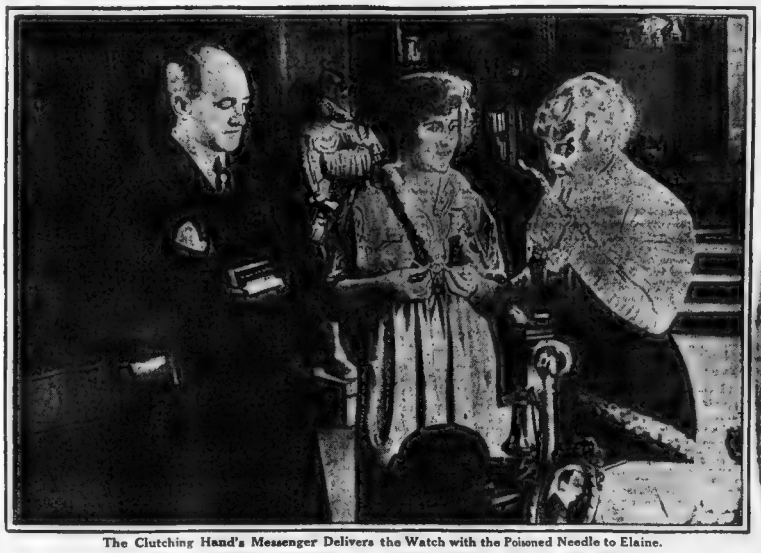

The Clutching Hand's Messenger Delivers the Watch with the Poisoned Needle to Elaine.

This Is from the Moving Picture Film of "The Exploits of Elaine" by the Famous Pathe Players.

Cast of Leading Characters in the Motion Picture Reproduction by the Popular Pathe Players

ELAINE DODGE . . . . . Miss Pearl White
CRAIG KENNEDY . . . . . Mr. Arnold Daly
PERRY BENNETT . . . . . Mr. Sheldon Lewis

Everything you read here to-day you can see in fascinating Pathe Motion Pictures at the Motion Picture Theatres this week. Next Sunday another chapter of "The Exploits of Elaine" and new Pathe reels.

Synopsis of Previous Chapters.

THE New York police are mystified by a series of murders and other crimes.

The principal clew to the criminal is the warning letter which is sent the victims, signed with a "clutching hand." The latest victim of the mysterious assassin is Tyler Dodge, the insurance president. His daughter, Elaine, employs Craig Kennedy, the famous scientific detective, to try to unravel the mystery. What Kennedy accomplishes is told by his friend Jameson, a newspaper man.

Enraged at the determined effort to which Elaine and Craig Kennedy are making to put an end of his crimes, the Clutching Hand, as this strange criminal is known, resorts to all sorts of the most diabolical schemes to put them out of the way. Each chapter of the story tells of a new plot against their lives and of the way the great detective uses all his skill to save this pretty girl and himself from [illegible].

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Chapter XI.
THE HOUR OF THREE.

WITH the ominous forefinger of his Clutching Hand extended, the Master Criminal emphasized his instructions to his minions.

"Perry Bennett, her lawyer, is in favor again with Elaine Dodge," he was saying. "She and Kennedy are on the outs even yet. But they may become reconciled. Then she'll have that fellow on our trail again. Before that happens we must 'get' her—see?"

It was in the latest headquarters to which Craig had chased the criminal, in one of the toughest parts of New York's great river front section.

They were all seated in a fairly large, but dingy, old room, in which were several chairs, a rickety table and, against the wall, a roll-top desk, on the top of which was a telephone.

Several crooks of the gang were sitting about smoking.

"Now," went on Clutching Hand, "I want you Slim, to follow them — see what they do—where they go. It's her birthday. Something's bound to occur that will give you a lead. All you've got to do is to use your head. Get me?"

Slim rose, nodded, picked up his hat and coat and squirmed out on his mission, like the snake that he was.

It was, as Clutching Hand had said, Elaine's birthday. She had received many callers and congratulations, innumerable costly and beautiful tokens of remembrance from her countless friends and admirers. In the conservatory of the Dodge house Elaine, Aunt Josephine and Susie Martin were sitting discussing not only the happy occasion, but, more, the many strange events of the past few weeks.

"Well," cried a familiar voice behind them. "What would a certain blonde young lady accept as a birthday present from her family lawyer?"

All three turned in surprise.

"Oh, Mr. Bennett," cried Elaine. "How you startled us!"

He laughed and repeated his question, adopting the tone that he had once used in the days when he had been more in favor with the pretty heiress, before the advent of Kennedy.

Elaine hesitated. She was thinking not so much of his words as of Kennedy. To them all, however, it seemed that she was unable to make up her mind what, in the wealth of her luxury, she would like.

Susie Martin had been wondering whether now that Bennett was here, she were not de trop, as she looked at her wrist watch mechanically. As she did so, an idea occured to her.

"Why not one of these?" she cried impulsively, indicating the watch. "Father has some beauties at the shop."

"Oh, good," exclaimed Elaine, "how sweet!"

She welcomed the suggestion, for she had been thinking that perhaps Bennett might be jesting too seriously at a solitaire.

"So that strikes your fancy?" he asked. "Then let's all go to the shop. Miss Martin will personally conduct the tour, and we shall have our pick of the finest stock."

A moment later the three young people went out and were quickly whirled off down the avenue in the Dodge town car.

It was too gay a party to notice a sinister figure following them in a cab. But as they entered the fashionable jewelry shop, Slim, who had alighted, walked slowly down the street.

Chatting with animation, the three moved over to the watch counter, while the crook, with a determination not to risk missing anything, entered the shop door, too.

"Mr. Thomas," asked Susie as her father's clerk bowed to them, "please show Miss Dodge the wrist watches father was telling about."

With a deferential bow, the clerk hastened to display a case of watches, and they bent over. As each new watch was pointed out, Elaine was delighted.

Unobserved, the crook walked over near enough to hear what was going on.

At last, with much banter and yet care, Elaine selected one that was indeed a beauty and was about to snap it on her dainty wrist when the clerk interrupted.

"I beg pardon," he suggested, "but I'd advise you to leave it to be regulated, if you please."

"Yes, indeed," chimed in Susie. "Father always advises that."

Reluctantly Elaine handed it over to the clerk.

"Oh, thank you ever so much, Mr. Bennett," she said as he unobtrusively paid for the watch and gave the address to which it was to be sent when ready.

A moment later they went out and entered the car again.

As they did so, Slim, who had been looking over various things in the next case as if undecided, came up to the watch counter.

"I'm making a present," he remarked confidentially to the clerk. "How about those bracelet watches?"

The clerk pulled out some of the cheaper ones.

"No," he said, thoughtfully, pointing out a tray in the showcase, "something like those."

He ended by picking out one identically like that which Elaine had selected, and started to pay for it.

"Better have it regulated," repeated the clerk.

"No," he objected hastily, shaking his head and paying the money quickly. "It's a present—and I want it tonight."

He took the watch and left the store hurriedly.

In the laboratory, Kennedy was working over an oblong oak box, perhaps eighteen inches in length and half as high. In the box I could see, besides other apparatus, two good sized spools of fine wire.

"What's all that?" I asked inquisitively.

"Another of the new instruments that scientific detectives use," he responded, scarcely looking up, "a little magnetic wizard, the telegraphone."

"Which is?" I prompted.

"Something we detectives might use to take down and 'can' telephone conversations and other such conversations. When it is attached properly to a telephone, it records everything that is said over the wire."

"How does it work?" I asked, much mystified.

"Well, it is based on an entirely new principle, in every way different from the phonograph," he explained. "As you can see, there are no discs or cylinders, but these spools of extremely fine steel wire. The record is not made mechanically on a cylinder, but electromagnetically on this wire."

"How?" I asked, almost incredulously.

"To put it briefly," he went on, "small portions of magnetism, as it were, are imparted to fractions of the steel wire as it passes between two carbon electric magnets. Each impression represents a sound wave. There is no apparent difference in the wire, yet each particle of steel undergoes an electromagnetic transformation by which the sound is indelibly imprinted on it."

"Then you scrape the wire just as you shave records to use over again?" I suggested.

"No," he replied. "You pass a magnet over it and the magnet automatically erases the record. Rust has no effect. The record lasts as long as the steel lasts."

Craig continued to tinker tantalizingly with the machine which had been invented by a Dane, Valdemar Poulsen.

He had scarcely finished testing the telegraphone when the laboratory door opened and a clean-cut young man entered.

Kennedy, I knew, had found that the routine work of the Clutching Hand case was beyond his limited time and had retained this young man, Raymond Chase, to attend to that.

Chase was a young detective whom Craig had employed on shadowing jobs and as a stool pigeon on other cases, and we had all the confidence in the world in him.

Just now what worried Craig was the situation with Elaine, and I fancied that he had given Chase some commission in connection with that.

"I've got it, Mr. Kennedy," greeted Chase with quiet modesty.

"Good," responded Craig heartily. "I knew you would."

"Got what?" I asked a moment later.

Kennedy nodded for Chase to answer.

"I've located the new residence of Flirty Florrie," he replied.

I saw what Kennedy was after at once. Flirty Florrie and Dan the Dude had caused the quarrel between himself and Elaine. Dan the Dude was dead. But Flirty Florrie might be forced to explain it.

"That's fine," he added, exultingly. "Now, I'll clear that thing up."

He took a hasty step to the telephone, put his hand on the receiver and was about to take it off the hook. Then he paused, and I saw

Continued on Next Page.

New England Playhouses Where "THE EXPLOITS OF ELAINE" MAY BE SEEN IN THE PATHE MOTION PICTURES

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY.
Orpheum Theatre, Boston
Globe Theatre, Boston
St. James Theatre, Boston
Beacon Theatre, Boston
Pleasant Theatre, Worcester
Scenic Theatre, Providence, R. I.
Empire Theatre, Hartford, Ct.
Portland Theatre, Portland, Me.
Academy of Music, Fall River

WEDNESDAY
Opera House, Hudson

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY
Owl Theatre, Lowell

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY
Riverside Theatre, Quincy

MASSACHUSETTS
Mystic, Malden
Unique Theatre, Boston
Empire Theatre, Salem
Crown Theatre, Everett
Bijou Theatre, Worcester
Brighton Theatre, Brighton
Royal Theatre, Lowell
Shawmut Theatre, Roxbury
New Bedford Theatre, N. Bedford
Roxbury Theatre, Roxbury
Ideal Theatre, Milford
Bijou Theatre, Greenfield
Magnet Theatre, Dorchester
Royal Theatre, New Bedford
Bay St. Olympia, Somerville
Star Theatre, Lawrence
Casino Theatre, New Bedford
Scenic Temple, Boston
Dreamland Theatre, Boston
Supreme Theatre, Jamaica Plain
Opera House, Newton
Park Theatre, Spencer
Rockland Theatre, Rockland
Congress Hall, South Boston
Music, East Boston
Superb, Roxbury
Germon's Theatre, So. Framingham
Roslindale, Roslindale
Majestic Theatre, Haverhill
Bijou Theatre, Ware, Mass.
Palestion Sq. Theatre, Roxbury
Waltham Theatre, Waltham
Gem Theatre, Leominster
Grand Theatre, Marlboro
Pearson's Union Sq. Theatre, Somerville
Music Hall, Webster
Colonial Theatre, Andover
Fox's Theatre, Springfield
Elite, Norwood
Lyceum, Woburn
Winthrop Hall, Dorchester.
Dorchester Theatre, Dorchester
Gem Theatre, Winchendon
Auditorium, Taunton
Larcom Theatre, Beverly
Columbia Theatre, Attleboro
Lyric, Northampton
Opera House, Westfield
Taylor Theatre, Adams
Richmond Theatre, No. Adams
Odd Fellows' Hall, Somerville
Melrose Auditorium, Melrose
Orpheum Theatre, Gardner
Scenic, Mattapan.
Lyric Theatre, Pittsfield
Victoria, Lawrence.
Pilgrim, Provincetown.
Palace, Boston
Empire, Whitman
Reading, Reading
Idle Hour, Three Rivers
Puritan, Boston
Empire Theatre, Winthrop
Orpheum, Stoughton
Star, Fall River
Columbia, Maplewood
Scenic, Haverhill
Gem Theatre, Athol
Page's Hall, Ayer
Gem Theatre, Worcester
Majestic, E. Hampton
Scenic, Allston
Comique, New Bedford
Pictorial Theatre, Wollaston.
Pictorial Theatre, Dedham.
Olympia Theatre, Lynn
Crescent Gardens, Revere
Lyceum Theatre, Marblehead
Armory, Stoneham
Odd Fellows' Hall, East Weymouth
Needham, Needham
Scenic Temple, East Boston
Majestic Theatre, Holyoke
Idle Hour Theatre, Hyannis
Ward St., Brockton
New South, Norwood

MAINE
Leavitt's Theatre, Sanford
Colonial Theatre, Augusta
Palace, Bangor
Acme Theatre, Eastport
Star Theatre, Fairfield
Home, So. Berwick
Empire, Rockland
Comique Theatre, Camden
Colonial, Belfast
Star Theatre, Bar Harbor
Columbia, Lisbon Falls
Pastime Theatre, Brunswick
Mystic Theatre, Lewiston
St. Croix Theatre, Calais
Silver Theatre, Waterville
New Central Theatre, Old Town
Star, Westbrook
Commercial Hall, North Berwick.
Opera House, Rumford
Orono, Orono
Pastime Theatre, Northeast Harbor

NEW HAMPSHIRE
Scenic Theatre, Keene
Magnet Theatre, Claremont
Gem Theatre, Berlin
Star Theatre, Littleton
Olympia Theatre, Rochester
Crown Theatre, Manchester
Cox's Theatre, Concord
Pastime Theatre, Franklin
Colonial Theatre, Nashua
Broadway, Derry.
Lyric Theatre, Dover
Scenic Theatre, Portsmouth
Gem, Peterboro
Lyric, Lebanon
Henderson, Woodsville
Lyric, Ashland
Fairyland, Greenville
National, Manchester
Queen, Manchester
Empress, Lisbon

VERMONT
Grand Theatre, Bellows Falls
Crown Theatre, White River Jct.
Globe Theatre, St. Johnsbury
Premier Theatre, Newport
New Comique Theatre, Montpelier
Pavilion Theatre, Barre
Guild Theatre, Northfield
Palace, Fair Haven
Playhouse, Hartland.
Town Hall, Chester
Empress, Windsor

CONNECTICUT.
Dime, Baltic, Ct.
Empire, Bristol, Ct.
Empress, Bristol
Princess, Windsor Locks, Conn.
Empress, Hartford, Ct.
Palace Theatre, Rockville, Ct.
Orpheum, Danielson, Ct.
Hyson, Willimantic, Ct.
People's, Moosup
Lyceum Theatre, New London
Globe, Hartford, Ct.
Royal, Hartford
Park, Jewett City, Ct.
Casino, Taftville, Ct.
Comique, Stafford's Springs, Ct.
Circle Theatre, So. Manchester

RHODE ISLAND.
Star, E. Greenwich
Gem, Arctic, R. I.
Globe Theatre, Pawtucket, R. I.
Opera House, Wakefield, R. I.
Star, Bristol, R. I.
Smith's, Woonsocket, R. I.

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Read It Here Now—See It In Pathe Motion Pictures

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

his face working. The wound Elaine had given his feelings was deep. It had not yet quite healed.

"Finally, his pride, for Kennedy's was a really sensitive nature, got the better of him.

"No," he said, half to himself. "not—yet."

Elaine had returned home.

Alone, her thoughts naturally went back to what had happened recently to interrupt a friendship which had been the sweetest in her life.

"There must be some mistake," she murmured pensively to herself, thinking of the photograph Flirty had given her. "Oh, why did I send him away? Why didn't I believe him?"

Then she thought of what had happened, of how she had been seized by Dan the Dude in the deserted house, of how the noxious gas had overcome her.

They had told her of how Craig had risked his life to save her, how she had been brought home, still only half alive, after his almost miraculous work with the new electric machine.

There was his picture. She had not taken that away. As she looked at it a wave of feeling came over her. Mechanically, she put out her hand to the telephone.

She was about to take off the receiver, when something seemed to stay her hand. She wanted him to come to her.

And, if either of them had called the other just then, they would have probably crossed wires.

Of such stuff are the quarrels of lovers.

Craig's eye fell on the telegraphone, and an idea seemed to occur to him.

"Walter, you and Chase bring that thing along," he said a moment later.

He paused long enough to take a badge from the drawer of a cabinet, and went out. We followed him, lugging the telegraphone.

At last we came to the apartment house at which Chase had located the woman.

"There it is," he pointed out, as I gave a groan of relief, for the telegraphone was getting like lead.

Kennedy nodded and drew from his pocket the badge I had seen him take from the cabinet.

"Now, Chase," he directed, "you needn't go in with us. Walter and I can manage this now. But don't get out of touch with me. I shall need you any moment—certainly to-morrow."

I saw that the badge read: "Telephone Inspector."

"Walter," he smiled, "you're elected my helper."

We entered the apartment house hall and found a negro boy in charge of the switchboard. It took Craig only a moment to convince the boy that he was from the company and that complaints had been made by some anonymous tenant.

"You look over the switchboard, Kelly," he winked at me, "while I test out the connections back here. There must be something wrong with the wires or there wouldn't be so many complaints."

He had gone back of the switchboard while the negro, still unsuspicious, watched without understanding what it was all about.

"I don't know," Craig muttered finally for the benefit of the boy, "but I think I'll have to leave that test after all. Say, if I put it there, you'll have to be careful not to let anyone meddle with it. If you do, there'll be the deuce to pay. See?"

Kennedy had already started to fasten the telegraphone to the wires he had selected from the tangle.

At last he finished and stood up.

"Don't disturb it and don't let any one else touch it," he ordered. "Better not tell any one—that's the best way. I'll be back for it to-morrow probably."

"Yas, sah," nodded the boy, with a bow, as we went out.

We returned to the laboratory, where there seemed to be nothing we could do now except wait for something to happen.

Kennedy, however, employed the time by plunging into work, most of the time experimenting with a peculiar little coil to which ran the wires of an ordinary electric bell.

Back in the new hang-out, the Clutching Hand was laying down the law to his lieutenants and heelers, when Slim at last entered.

"Huh!" growled the master criminal, conveying the fact that he was considerably relieved to see him at last. "Where have YOU been? I've been off on a little job myself and got back."

Slim apologized profusely. He had succeeded so easily that he had thought to take a little time to "meet up" with an old pal whom he ran across, just out of prison.

"Yes, sir," he replied hastily, "well, I went over to the Dodge house, and I saw them finally. I followed them into a jewelry shop. That lawyer bought her a wrist watch. So I bought one just like it. I thought perhaps we could—"

"Give it to me," growled Clutching Hand, seizing it the moment Slim displayed it. "And don't butt in—see?"

From the capacious desk the master criminal pulled a set of small drills, vices, and other jeweler's tools and placed them on the table.

"All right," he relented. "Now, do you see what I have just thought of—no? This is just the chance. Look at me."

The heelers gathered around him, peering curiously at their master as he worked at the bracelet watch.

Carefully he plied his hands to the job, regardless of time.

"There," he exclaimed at last, holding the watch up where they could all see it. "See!"

He pulled out the stem to set the hands and slowly twisted it between his thumb and finger. He turned the hands until they were almost at the point of three o'clock.

Then he held the watch out where all could see it.

They bent closer and strained their eyes at the little second hand ticking away merrily.

As the minute hand touched three, from the back of the case, as if from the chasing itself, a little needle, perhaps a quarter of an inch, jumped out. It seemed to come from what looked like merely a small insect in the decoration.

"You see what will happen at the hour of three!" he asked.

No one said a word, as he held up a vial which he had drawn from his pocket. On it he could read the label, "Ricinus."

"One of the most powerful poisons in the world!" he exclaimed. "Enough here to kill a regiment!"

They fairly gasped and looked at it with horror, exchanging glances. Then they looked at him in awe. There was no wonder that Clutching Hand kept them in line, once he had the crooks in his power.

Opening the vial carefully, he dipped in a thin piece of glass and placed a tiny drop in a receptacle back of the needle and on the needle itself.

Altogether it savored of the ancient days of the Borgias with their weird poisoned rings.

Then he dropped the vial back into his pocket, pressed a spring, and the needle went back into its unsuspected hiding place.

"I've set my invention to go off at three o'clock," he concluded. "To-morrow forenoon, it will have to be delivered early—and I don't believe we shall be troubled any longer by Miss Elaine Dodge," he added, venomously.

Even the crooks, hardened as they were, could only gasp.

Calmly he wrapped up the apparently innocent engine of destruction and handed it to Slim.

"See that she gets it in time," he said merely. "I will, sir," answered Slim, taking it gingerly.

Flirty Florrie had returned that afternoon, late, from some expedition on which she had been sent.

Rankling in her heart yet was the death of her lover, Dan the Dude. For, although in her sphere of crookom they were neither married nor given in marriage, still there is a brand of loyalty that higher circles might well copy. Sacred to the memory of the dead, however, she had one desire—revenge.

Thus, when she arrived home, she went to the telephone to report and called a number, 4494 Greenwich.

"Hello, Chief," she repeated. "This is Flirty. Have you done anything yet in the little matter we talked about?"

"Say—be careful of names—over the wire," came a growl.

"You know—what I mean."

"Yes . . . The trick will be pulled off at three o'clock."

"Good!" she exclaimed. "Good-by and thank you."

With his well-known caution Clutching Hand did not even betray names over the telephone if he could help it.

Flirty hung up the receiver with satisfaction. The means of the departed Dan might soon rest in peace!

The next day, early in the forenoon, a young man with a small package carefully done up came to the Dodge house.

"From Martin's, the jewellers, for Miss Dodge," he said to Jennings at the door.

Elaine and Aunt Josephine were sitting in the library when Jennings announced him.

"Oh, it's my watch," cried Elaine. "Show him in."

Jennings bowed and did so. Slim entered and handed the package to Elaine, who signed her name excitedly and opened it.

"Just look, Auntie," she exclaimed. "Isn't it stunning."

"Very pretty," commented Aunt Josephine.

Elaine put the watch on her wrist and admired it.

"Is it all right?" asked Slim.

"Yes, yes," answered Elaine. "You may go."

He went out, while Elaine gazed rapturously at the new trinket while it ticked off the minutes this devilish instrument.

Early the same morning Kennedy was around again to the apartment house and repeations not to be seen by Flirty, reconnected the telegraphone. Together we carried it to the laboratory.

There he set up a little instrument that looked like a wedge sitting up on end with the face of which was a dial. Through it he began to run the wire from the spools, and, taking an earpiece, put another on my head over its ears.

"You see," he explained, "the principle on which this is based is that a mass of tempered steel may be impressed locally and will retain magnetic fluxes varying in direction and in sign in adjacent portions of itself. These deposits of magnetic impulses.

"When the telegraphone is attached to the telephone wire the currents that affect the receiver also affect the coils of the telegraphone and the disturbance set up causes a deposit of magnetism in polar on the steel wire.

"When the wire is again run past those coils with a receiver such as I have here in circuit with the coils, a light vibration is set up in the receiver diaphragm which reproduces the sound of speech."

He turned a switch and we listened eagerly. There was a humming and thumping, as he controlled the machine off the wire. We were listening to everything that had been said over the telephone during the time since we left the machine.

First came several calls from people with bills, and she paid very off most adroitly.

Then we heard a call that caused Kennedy to look at me quickly. I saw the machine and start at that point over there.

"That's what I want," he said, as we listened in.

"Give me 4494 Greenwich."

"Hello."

"Hello, Chief. This is Flirty. Have you done anything yet in the little matter we talked about?"

"Say—be careful of names—over the wire."

"You know what I mean."

"Yes, the trick will be pulled off at 3 o'clock to-day," he ruminated.

"Good! Good-by, and ask you."

"Good-by."

Kennedy stopped the machine and I looked at him blankly.

"She called up Greenwich 4494 and was told that the trick would be pulled off at 3 o'clock to-day," he ruminated.

"What trick?" I asked.

He shook his head. "I don't know. That is what we must find out. I hadn't expected a tip like that. What I wanted was to find out how to get at the Clutching Hand."

He paused and considered a moment, then moved to the telephone.

"There's only one thing to do and that is to follow out the original scheme," he said energetically. "Information, please."

"Give me Greenwich 4494." he asked a moment later.

The minutes passed. "Thank you, sir," he cried, writing down on a pad an address on the West Side, near the river front. Then, turning to me he exclaimed, "Walter, we've got him at last!"

Craig rose and put on his hat and coat, thrusting a pair of opera glasses into his pocket in case we should want to observe the house at a distance. I followed him excitedly. The trail was hot.

It was [illegible] called on Elaine.

"Oh, Mr. Bennett," she exclaimed, "you don't know how pleased I am with your nice present!"

She held out her scarlet forefinger [illegible] watch for him to admire.

"Why," he replied, "that was quite a coincidence, wasn't it?"

"I suppose they knew I wanted it. Don't you admire it?"

"Yes, I admire the watch, of course, but I like the owner much more."

He had been holding her hand lovingly, and found that I had not withdrawn it. It was on the verge of becoming serious when the sound of Aunt Josephine coming down the hall disturbed him.

Elaine withdrew her hand and turned [illegible] Bennett was plainly vexed at the [illegible] shut.

Kennedy and I came at last to the place on the West Side where the crooked men carried on.

Instead of keeping on until he came to a place we sought, he turned off and quickly slipped behind the shelter of a fence. There was a rickety board in the fence and he bent down and peered through with the opera glasses.

Across the [illegible] new hang-out. I could see an evil-looking [illegible] of several Italian barbershops. Through the glass we could see an evil-looking [illegible] along. He mounted the steps and rang the bell, turning as he waited.

Presently a head appeared in the doorway looked out another face, equally evil. Under cover, the [illegible] gave the sign of the Clutching Hand twice and was admitted.

"That's the place all right," whispered Kennedy with satisfaction. He hurried to a telepeople booth, where he called several numbers. Then we hurried to the laboratory, where Kennedy took his figure out a plan of action. I knew there was expected there soon.

From the table he picked up the small coil over which I had seen him working and attached it to the bell and some batteries. He placed it on the table, while I watched curiously.

"A selenium coil," he explained, "Only when light falls on it does it become a good conductor of electricity. Then the bell will ring."

Just before leaving the connection he placed his hat over the coil. Then he lifted the hat. The bell fell silent and the coil dark. He replaced the hat and the bell stopped. It was evidently a very peculiar property of the substance selenium.

Just then there came a knock at the door. I opened it.

"Hello Chase," greeted Kennedy. "Well, I've found the new headquarters all right—over on the west side."

Kennedy picked up the selenium cell and a long coil of fine wire, which he placed in a bag. Then he took another bag already packed, and, shutting them between us, we hurried downtown.

Near the vacant lot, back of the new headquarters, was an old broken down house. Through a rear of it we entered.

We started back in astonishment as we entered and found eight or ten policemen already there. Kennedy had ordered them to be ready to a call, and they had dropped in one at a time without attracting attention.

Well, men," he greeted them, "I see you found the place all right. Now, in a little while Jameson will return with two wires. Attach them to the bell when I will leave here. When it rings—and the house—Jameson will lead you in. Come, Walter," he added, picking up the bags.

Ten minutes later, outside the new headquarters, a crouched up figure, carrying a small package, his face hidden under his soft hat and up-turned collar, could have been seen sinking along until he came to the steps.

He went up and peered through the aperture of the doorway. Then he rang the bell. Twice. Raised his hand and clenched it in the now familiar fist.

A crook inside saw it through the aperture and opened the door. The figure entered and closed before the door was shut. He laid the package and handkerchief over his face, which hid his identity from even the most trusted lieutenants. The crook bowed to the chief, who, with a growl as though of recognition, moved down the hall.

As he came to the room from which Slim had been sent on his mission, the same group was seated in the thick tobacco smoke.

"You follows clear out," he growled. "I want to be alone."

The old man is peeved, muttered one, out as they left.

The weird figure gazed about the room to be sure that he was alone.

When Craig and I left the police he had given me most minute instructions which I was now following out to the letter.

"I want you to hide there," he said, indicating a barrel back of the house next to the hangouts. "When you see a wire come down from the headquarters, take it and carry it across the lot to the old house. Attach it to the bell, then wait. When it rings, rap on the Clutching Hand joint."

I waited what seemed to be an interminable time back of the barrel and it was no joke hiding back of it at all.

Finally, however I saw a coil of fine wire drop rapidly [illegible] ground from a window somewhere above. I made a dash for it, as though I were trying to rush the trenches, seized my prize and without looking back to see where it came from beat a hasty retreat.

Around the corner I darted, until at last I reached the place where the police were waiting. Quickly we fastened the wire to the bell.

We waited.

Not a sound from the bell.

Up in the room in the joint the hunched-up figure stood by the table. He had taken his hat off and placed it carefully on the table and was now waiting.

Suddenly a noise at the door startled him. He listened. Then he looked away from the door and drew a revolver.

As the door slowly opened there entered another figure hat over his eyes, collar up, a handkerchief over his face, the exact counterpart of the first.

For a moment each stood at the other.

"Hands up!" said the first figure, hoarsely, moving the door and closing the door with his foot.

The newcomer slowly raised his crooked hand over his head, as the [illegible] revolver gaped menacingly.

With a quick movement of the other hand, the first sinister figure removed the handkerchief from his face and straightened up.

It was Kennedy!

"Come over to the centre of the room," ordered Kennedy.

Clutching Hand obeyed, eyeing his captor closely.

"Now lay your weapons on the table."

He tossed down a revolver.

The two still faced each other.

"Take off that hand-clothes!"

It was a tense moment. Slowly Clutching Hand started to obey. Then he stopped. Kennedy was just about to thunder, "Go on" when the criminal calmly remarked, "You've got ME all right, Kennedy, but in twenty minutes Elaine Dodge will be dead!"

He said it with a nonchalance that might have deceived anyone less astute than Kennedy. Suddenly their flashed over Craig the words: "THE DEVIL WILL BE PULLED OFF AT 3 o'CLOCK!"

There was no fear about that. Kennedy frowned meaningly [illegible] Clutching Hand, Elaine would die. If she found it must either kill or be killed. The Clutching Hand or Elaine was lost. He looked at his watch. It was two minutes to three minutes of three.

"What a situation!

He had caught a prisoner he dared not molest yet.

What do you mean, tell me," demanded Kennedy with forced calm.

"Yesterday Mr. Bennett bought a wrist watch for Elaine." The Clutching Hand said quietly. "They left it to be regulated. One of my men bought one just like it. Mine was delivered to her to-day."

"A likely story" doubted Kennedy.

For answer the Clutching Hand merely pointed to the telephone.

Kennedy reached for it.

"One [illegible]" interrupted the Clutching Hand. "You are a man of honor."

"I suppose. Go on."

If I tell you what to do, you must promise to give me a fighting chance."

"Yes, yes."

"Call up Aunt Josephine, then. Do just as I say."

Covering Clutching Hand, Kennedy called a number. "This is Mr. Kennedy, Mrs. Dodge. Did Elaine receive a present of a wrist watch from Mr. Bennett?"

"Yes," she replied, "for her birthday. It came this forenoon."

Kennedy hung up the receiver and faced the Clutching Hand, puzzled as the latter said "Call up Martin, the jeweler."

Again Kennedy obeyed.

"Has the watch purchased for Miss Elaine Dodge been delivered?" he asked the clerk.

"No," came back the reply. "The watch Mr. Bennett bought is still here being regulated."

Kennedy hung up the receiver. He was stunned.

"The watch will cause her death at 3 o'clock," said the Clutching Hand. "Swear to leave here without discovering my identity and I will tell you how. You can save her."

A moment Kennedy thought. Here was a quandary.

"No," he shouted, seizing the telephone.

Before Kennedy could move, Clutching Hand pulled the telephone wires with almost superhuman strength from the junction box.

"In that watch," he hissed, "I have set a poisoned needle in a spring that will be released and will plunge it into her arm at exactly 3 o'clock. On the needle is ricinus!"

Craig advanced, furious. As he did so Clutching Hand pointed calmly to the clock. It was twenty minutes of three!

With a mental struggle Kennedy controlled his loathing of the creature before him.

"All right—but you'll hear from me—sooner than you suspect," he shouted, starting for the door.

Then he came back and lifted his hat, hiding as much as possible the selenium cell, letting the light fall on it.

"Only Elaine's life has saved you.

With a last threat he dashed out. He hailed a cab, returning from some steamship wharves not far away.

"Quick!" he ordered, giving the Dodge address on Fifth avenue.

Minute after minute the police and I waited. Was anything wrong? Where was Craig?

Just then a tremor grew into a tinkle, then came the strong burr of the bell. Kennedy needed us.

With a shout of encouragement to the men I dashed out and over to the old house.

Meanwhile Clutching Hand himself had approached the table to recover his weapon and had noticed the queer little selenium cell. He picked it up and for the first time saw the wire leading out.

"The deuce!" he cried. "He's planned to get me anyhow!"

Clutching Hand rushed to the door—then stopped short. Outside he could hear the police and myself. We had shut the lock on the outside and were already inside.

Clutching Hand slammed shut his door and pulled down over it a heavy wooden bar. A few steps took him to the window. There were police in the back yard, too. He was surrounded.

But he did not hurry. He knew what to do with every second.

At the desk he paused and took out a piece of cardboard. Then, with a heavy black-marking pencil, he calmly printed on it, while we battered at the barricaded door, a few short feet away.

He laid the sign on the desk, then on another piece of cardboard, drew crudely a hand with the index finger, pointing. This he placed on a chair, indicating the desk.

Just as the swaying and bulging door gave way, Clutching Hand gave the desk a pull. It opened upon a secret gateway.

He closed it with a sardonic smile in our direction, just as the door crashed in.

We looked about. There was not a soul in the room, nothing but the selenium cell, the chairs, the desk.

"Look!" I cried, catching sight of the index finger, and going over to the desk.

We rolled back the top. There on the flat top was a sign

Dear Blockheads:
Kennedy and I couldn't wait.
Yours as ever.
Then came that mysterious sign of the Clutching Hand.

We hunted over the rooms, but could find nothing that showed a clue. Where was Clutching Hand? Where was Kennedy?

In the next house Clutching Hand had literally come out of an upright piano into the room corresponding to that he had left. Hastily he threw off his handkerchief, slouch hat, old coat and shoes. A neat serviceable pair of trousers replaced the old, frayed and baggy pair. A new shirt, then a sporty vest and a frock coat followed.

As he put the finishing touches on he looked for all the world like a bewhiskered foreigner. With a silk hat and stick, he surveyed himself, straightening his tie.

At the door of the new headquarters, a few seconds later, I stood with the police.

Not a sign of him anywhere," growled one of the officers.

Nor was there. Down the street we could see only a straight well dressed, distinguished looking man who had evidently walked down to the docks to see a friend off, perhaps.

Elaine was sitting in the library reading when Aunt Josephine turned to her.

"What time is it, dear?" she asked.

Elaine glanced at her pretty new trinket.

"Nearly three, Auntie—just a couple of minutes," she said.

Just then there came the sound of feet running madly down the hall way. They jumped up startled.

Kennedy, his coat flying and hat jammed over his eyes, had almost bowled over poor Jennings in his mad race down the hall.

Well, demanded Elaine haughtily, "what's—" before she knew what was going on Craig had tried up to her and literally ripped the watch off her wrist, breaking the beautiful bracelet.

He held it high, gingerly. Elaine was speechless. Was this the man she had supposed by such an inordinate jealousy of Bennett?

As he held the watch up, the second hand ticked around to the minute hand passed the meridian of the hour.

A viciously sharp needle gleamed out—then sprang back into the filigree work again.

"Well," she gasped again, "what's the meaning of this?"

Craig gazed at Elaine in silence.

should he defend his rudeness, if she did not understand. She stamped her foot, and repeated the question a third time.

What do you mean, sir, by such conduct?"

Slowly he bowed.

"I just don't like the kind of birthday presents you receive," he said, turning on his heel. "Good afternoon."

(Continued Next Sunday.)

Craig Kennedy Seizes Elaine's Arm, Breaks the Beautiful Bracelet and Rips the Watch Off Her Wrist.

This is from the Moving Picture Film of "The Exploits of Elaine" by the Famous Pathe Players.

JUDGE KENNEDY TOAST LEADER

Chandler of New York and Reilly of Connecticut to Speak at the Charitable Irish Banquet.

COUNTY CLUBS INSTALL TUESDAY

Resolutions Are Adopted on the Death of Former President of Central Council.

YOUNG WOMEN WHO APPEAR IN THE CAST OF 'MY NEW CURATE'

Miss Helen M... and Miss Fore... in entertainment and Vaudeville.

'MY NEW CURATE' DRAWS CROWDS

Well-Pleased Audiences Enjoying Popular Play at St. Mary's Hall, North End.

20TH CENTURY CLUB APRIL BALL

Mrs. President Lynch Organizes Committees to Plan Big Social-Charitable Event.

"I NEVER saw anything like this Embroidery Outfit" said a woman to one of our newsdealers the other day—"there's every sort of a pattern in it from an initial letter to a bedspread, with waists, aprons, undermuslins and a host of other wonder patterns."

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Thousands of women are buying them because they see at a glance that nothing like it has ever been offered that really will help like this outfit with the

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Sprays Borders	Bed Spreads	Sheets	Pin Cushions
Sprays for Women's Garments	Baby Dress Decorations	Dresser Scarfs
Shirtwaist Decorations	Table Scarfs
Night Gowns	Cuff and Collar Sets	Baby Caps
Towel Ends	Initials for Shirt Sleeve Monograms	Jabots
Pillow Tops	Jabots
Table Cloths	Baby Bibs Butterflies	Doilies
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Send Coupon to American Promotion Dept., No. 5 Winthrop Square, or to any Boston American newsdealer.

ORDERS for CANADA SENT DUTY COLLECT

Funeral of Mr. Lyons Was Great Tribute

'Green Whist' for St. Mary's Asylum

Lynn Society to Hold Show for School Fund

Miss Mayer Lectures in Randolph Today

SOUTH END A. O. H. AT CATHEDRAL

"Evening of Plays" by St. Peter's Club

Fr. Swickerath, S.J., on 'Famous Women'

Lynn Council to Build $100,000 Home

Church Society to Present Irish Play

Robert Setridge Is Host to Younger Set

Mrs. Daly Hostess of Fortnightly Club

Charity Whist at St. Ambrose House

Neponset Women to Play Whist Tuesday

Rose Croix Council Prepares for Dance

Whist Day Tomorrow by the Vesper Guild

South Boston K. C. Rehearse for Show

Dorchester Women in Musicale at Vendome

Dr. Timmins to Speak on Irish Manuscripts

Ozanum Council, K.C., Changes Ball Date

Redmond Branch Elects Officers

Irish Music Night at St. Alphonsus' Hall

Roxbury Mission Opens This Evening

Mansfield to Speak at Mt. Vernon Council

Boston Woman to Be Delegate in California

TO HELP DALY SCHOOL.

HOUSEWARMING AT CLUB.

MAYOR CURLEY TO SPEAK.

TO REPEAT "CINDERELLA."

Cutting Up Germany—If the Allies Win

"Of the Three Nations the Intentions of England Are the Most Mysterious. That France Will Claim Alsace-Lorraine Is Doubted by None," Declares Prof. Ferrero in His Third War Article. Next Sunday "What Russia Will Do"

By Guglielmo Ferrero
The Noted Historian.

MANY and very varied are the rumors in Europe as to what England, France and Russia intend to do if they win. That France will claim Alsace-Lorraine is doubted by none; indeed, the French Government has already declared it, through the mouth of the President of the Ministry.

Many doubt that Russia will open the grave wherein for more than a century Poland has been buried alive.

But of the three nations the intentions of England are the most mysterious. For that reason the savings as to what England will do are more numerous and more sincere. Some say she wants to constitute a kingdom of Hungary, likewise an independent kingdom of Bohemia; some say she wants to unite in one State the German provinces of Austria and the southern States of the German Confederation, separating them from the Empire, some say she wants to leave the German Empire intact as it is, but compel it to disarm and dictate certain economic orders to it (treaties of commerce, navigation, conventions, restrictions, etc.), to prevent Germany exaggerating in the future, as she has done during the last forty years in a manner damaging to England, the principle of increasing quantity to the detriment of quality, on which modern industry rests.

I shall not discuss all these statements. It is probable that they are only talk. Peace is unhappily very far off yet; and he who speaks of the conditions that will be conceded or accepted wants to sell the skin before he has killed the bear.

There are different kinds of victories; because victories can win in many different ways. There can be complete victory, a half victory, or just about a victory, etc., etc. The conditions of peace in each of these cases would be different. I believe that the Anglo-France-Russian coalition will be victorious in the end, but I do not believe any one can foretell to what extent they will be victorious. So to reason about conditions of peace and the effects that could come of them would really be a loss of time. It is better to consider more generically what will be the effect of a victory of the coalition, leaving in the abstract its greatness or importance; the effects that may be presumed must be verified whether the victory be great or modest. • • •

An Internal Upheaval of Germany.

The effect on which we can most surely count is the deep internal upheaval of Germany—a psychological, political and moral upheaval. War is the great master of the multitude, it only has the power of immolating certain opinions in the minds of the people and of cancelling other opinions.

In six months war can do with millions of men that which a century of reasoning, backed up by all the power of science, hardly succeeds in doing with a few thousands. For that reason war *calls* can take from the German Empire ideas, dangerous for them and for the world, that the wars of 1866 and 1870 had so solidly planted in their breasts. There never was an invincible people, and there never will be, but for reasons too long to consider here, the wars of 1866 and 1870 convinced the Germans that they were invincible. In this opinion all Germans agree—socialists and conservatives, workmen and generals, professors and bankers—Prussians and Bavarians repeated it, sure that it was a mathematical truth that there was not an army in the world capable of measuring itself against the German Army.

Every argument broke against that rock. Only an earthquake could move that rock—the earthquake of war to the death. The deed will speak with its great arguments, pulmer and surer than those of science and wisdom. It is difficult to foresee or describe the forms the uprising will take when the German people become aware that they have never possessed the charmed sword that renders invulnerable him who wears it. All modern Germany, flattered by some and feared by others, rests on the foundation of the "German invincibility."

The first *effect of a defeat*, great or small, will be the rapid decline of the pressure that the Hohenzollern dynasty enjoys over the minor German dynasties and the Prussian aristocracy. We hear it said that in Germany the feudal system still thrives. This, though true under a real analysis, is a little unprecise and liable to cause a confusion of ideas. It would be more exact to say that in Germany that which we know as "the old regime"—the order of things as they were prior to the French Revolution—has been altered less by the events of the nineteenth century than in England, and especially less than in France.

The German Empire is placed under the hegemony of Prussia, and Prussia is governed by an aristocracy still enjoying many hereditary privileges, among which are: The majority of the Prussian Parliament is reserved to them, they hold the high military and civil positions, and most all the official positions in the army are in the throne-sustaining office.

Middle Class Not as Powerful.

The middle class—lawyers brokers, professors, professional people, journalists, business men, manufacturers—who invaded France—and lately succeeded in England in all qualities—this class is still much less influential or powerful, much more humble in Germany; but would the prestige of the nobility—that is above all a nobility of office holders and warriors form a military catastrophe, the causes of which would certainly have to be accounted for by the members of that class?

It is natural to doubt it. It is often repeated that the Germans are a servile, obedient, docile people by nature. It is in a certain measure true. That is not to say, however, that they are destined by nature always to remain the devoted and faithful servants of a semi-divine axis [illegible]. Even now there is a fermentation of ideas and of [illegible] ambition; even in Germany the middle, cultivated classes would like to have a regime that allows them to try to win the highest places, that opens to them all the ways of access to honors and power, as in France. So true is this, that for some time in Prussia there has been a fight to obtain the reform of the Prussian electoral system, which, as it is now established, assumes the nobility's power for eternity, as an intangible privilege.

Up to now all the efforts to make this privileged constitution more democratic have been vain. The Prussian aristocracy, backed up by the throne, has been able to frustrate all that the socialistic and middle-class parties have tried. But if Germany is defeated it is sure that one of the first concessions made to the people by [illegible] for their loss and the sorrow of defeat will be a very decided reform of the Prussian constitution.

In Austria, defeated in 1866, abolished absolutism and conceded the parliamentary institutions; in France, beaten in 1870, founded the republic; in Russia, after the defeat by Japan in 1905, conceded the constitution and invoked the Duma, so Prussia, if Germany is defeated in the great European war, will be forced to admit the reformation of the Prussian constitution.

And then what an upheaval will follow, first in Prussian, then in German politics! In the Prussian Parliament the Socialists, Democrats and middle-class parties will not be slow to make their appearance and form "the Left," as the popular parties, united, are called in Continental politics. this "Left" will be animated with a very different order than that which has so far been discernable in the German Parliament—"the Reichstag"—because it will know is to being a government and a regime awakened by defeat, hesitating and discredit. Even Prussia will become a parliamentary state in which [illegible] "socialistic" parties even the more extreme parties of [illegible], such as the Socialists—will become ministers, and the change will not take long to be felt in the currents which dominate the grand Imperial Parliament.

I have said that a defeat would very much diminish the popularity and prestige of the Hohenzollerns. Many persons ask if Germany, when it sees itself beaten, will not have a revolution overthrowing the throne of the Prussian dynasty, as France overthrew the throne of Napoleon III. after the defeat of Sedan. High German functionaries are not exempt of this fear.

I myself know that a man high in office in Germany, hearing that England had declared war on [illegible] the Hohenzollerns are to [illegible] (that is exaggerated) [illegible] are much more tenacious and much more [illegible] planted in German soil than the Bonapartes ever were in France. Rather is the German soil as volcanic as the French soil, which for a century and a half has been constantly [illegible]. The fall of the Hohenzollerns after a defeat seems premature [illegible].

It would nevertheless be a grave error to think it would not affect them. If the war of 1914 [illegible] has an analogous outcome for German [illegible] for the house of the Hohenzollerns that which the seven years war was for the French monarchy—the beginning of the decadence. The French monarchy fell at the end of the eighteenth century, because for a half century it was being undermined by a deaf and [illegible] opposition [illegible] [illegible], at first [illegible] and sometimes [illegible] and [illegible] after the seven years war. Maybe William II will still reign, may even transmit the crown to a son, but the Prussian monarchy will not be what it was before the war, venerated as if made sacred by the prestige of the glaring victory of 1870 and the reconstituted Empire. The respect will [illegible], it was surrounded and the authority it exercised will evaporate. The number of Germans who ask why a family must inherit the supreme power will grow. they will ask if it would not be better [illegible] this trial to persons, liberally [illegible] seem to have the necessary qualities, done in republics. In the times in which we live a dynasty doesn't resist long after the people begin to reason on those subjects in such a way.

So much it seems possible to foresee—the moral and intellectual uprising of Germany, of which defeat would be the cause. And what would be the effect on the world of this change in the internal affairs of Germany? Immense! Because only through this great internal change in Germany could the victory of the coalition assure to Europe that for which to-day we all sigh—a long, sure, definite peace.

Germans Also Desirous of Peace.

Many believe, especially in America, that Europe will not be able to live in peace, because it has not yet been able to free itself of a number of the ideas and old prejudices about peace and war. Even Europeans the most learned and the most ignorant, have been persuaded for some time that the blessings of peace are preferable to the horrors of war. I do not believe that the German people, on whom the frightful responsibility of the war must fall, are more warlike by nature than the other peoples of Europe, or less sensitive than they are to the sweetness of peace. At any rate, the cause of peace during the last fifteen years has made immense progress in Europe. France and England have shown themselves so extremely desirous of peace that many have accused them, especially France, of having become decadent and afraid.

France had solemnly renounced Alsace and Lorraine, on asking Germany to treat them liberally, and not like hostages. France and England had consented to make room for Germany's colonial ambition in Africa; and France had even ceded a piece of the Congo, that was her own land, in exchange for Germany renouncing her hypothetical rights in Morocco, that did not belong to any of them, and which France was allowed to take at her own risk and danger, and we have already seen the operation was anything but easy.

The Struggle to to Curb Military Rivalry.

In the decade from 1900 to 1910 France allowed Germany to surpass her very much in her armaments, while up to 1900 she would not allow her rival to get even one step ahead of her. During this time France also favored every effort of the pacific movement to limit armaments and prevent war. Many times England has tried to reach an understanding with Germany to curb their rivalry in arming.

Now France and England, along with Germany, are the most powerful nations of Europe, and on the day when they can reach an agreement peace will reign in Europe and the armaments can be reduced to reasonable proportions, so that they will not make of peace a greater torment than war itself.

What could the other powers, Russia included, do against the united will of these three great states? We see how easily France and England were able to reach an agreement, but they have never been able to do so with Germany, so all the great efforts for peace were only the prelude to the most fruitful of wars. Not because France wanted to win back Alsace-Lorraine, not because England was jealous of German power, not because Germany is a race so constructed that they need to make a war every half century, but because between these three states—England and France on one side and German on the other—there could be no political equilibrium, because the forces that govern England and France are different from those that govern Germany. Because while England and France are governed by a middle class that long experience has made pacific, in Germany the people, up to a few months ago, believed themselves invincible, and they are commanded by an aristocracy whose every interest is to keep this illusion alive in the people.

GUGLIELMO FERRERO.

Many people wonder why the peace idea has never penetrated deeply in Germany, where even the Socialists, who are everywhere else pacifists, have remained immune and were not even moved by the outrageous suffering of Belgium. But there is nothing to wonder at. A people that believes itself invincible will never be pacific, will never take the principles of international right seriously, nor the Court of The Hague, nor the palaces founded by Carnegie, nor peace [illegible].

To ask them to adhere to peace is asking them to renounce gratuitously certain advantages in the world that at times may be decisive. There is no reason to believe that a military aristocracy and a dynasty which the prestige of victories allows to retain many precious privileges are going to work for the introduction of the security of peace into the world that would make military virtue—real or supposed—useless, would make useless that for which the people venerate and obey them. They would then be robbed of the glare of past victories which is so much a part of their prestige. To ask this class to be for peace would be asking them to commit suicide.

Why Germany Obstructed Peace.

Through her political constitution—still so aristocratic, monarchical and mili ary, notwithstanding the verminous progress of industry and socialism—Germany has brought fatal obstacles against every attempt made in Europe to assure a less precarious peace and to limit the armaments. In other words, the problem of the peace of Europe is not one of ideas and prejudices, rather it is one of conflicting interests; *it is a question of political equilibrium.*

The conflict of interests of the countries of which we have spoken are, for the moment at least, of secondary importance, the world being still large enough to afford a place for all.

During the last forty years Germany has grown rich, while at the same time France, England, the United States, Russia and Italy grew rich as well. The wealth of one people makes things better for another, and if business conflicts arise among the peoples the way to settle them is not to rush to war when business is all destroyed. No. If peace has not been established and the general war has broken out it is not because England, Germany and France disputed certain markets for their goods, but because Germany is still governed by a military aristocracy.

Defeat Necessary to Change German Ideas.

Peace in Europe will not reign while the lack of equilibrium exists between the three greatest peoples, while Germany is not governed as France and England are by a peaceful middle class which commands and doesn't get its orders from the military element; while the power of the Prussian aristocracy, if not annulled as in France, is at least reduced to the same proportions as in England. But to produce this change in Germany, defeat is necessary." Defeat can change the ideas more in a few years than a century of propaganda and political [illegible].

Perhaps some superficial readers will ask that if after a defeat the national ideas will still not live in Germany as well as the desire for another war to get even, increasing the prestige of the military party, who would be looked upon as the workman necessary to build the final victory. Others may ask that if militarism, weakened in Germany, must not on the other hand be strengthened in France, in England, and especially in Russia, so that that which is gained on one side would be lost on the other, and Europe thus still remain forever with the same [illegible].

We shall reply to these questions in our next [illegible].

Fallacies of the Futurists and New Thinkers--By G. K. Chesterton

THE other day, when I opened an advanced magazine which I always read with interest, there fell out of it a large, shiny piece of paper on which there was reproduced a Work, a product of the human will—a thing done on purpose anyhow, if one could scarcely call it a design. If you ask me what it represented, you have formed no conception of the very nature of this fair thing. It is quite inadequate to say that it represents nothing. I should not be content with saying even that it does not suggest anything.

I affirm, with entire and untroubled certainty, that it is nothing; so far as is possible when some space is occupied, the thing is not there. There is something a little like a dilapidated railing at the bottom of the picture, and something a little like Chinese lettering at the top of the picture; all the rest is exactly like used-up blotting paper—which perhaps it is. I infer which is supposed to be the right way up merely by the position of the printed title, which says, "Supplement of the New Age. A Study by Picasso."

In another place there is an explanation that Picasso is the first important artist that this planet has produced, and that the sodden blotting paper opposite represents, not indeed a Table, a Wineglass, and a Mandoline, but the "soul" some thousands of a certain sort of people. They are, of course, a small minority of the nation; but they are a large minority of the middle class; and if one's life moves down certain ways, the world may well seem to be full of them.

They are in revolt against something they have forgotten in favor of something else which (by their own account) they have not yet found. They are always alluding to Thought of various kinds—Free Thought and Higher Thought and Advanced Thought. As a matter of fact, they never, under any circumstances, think at all; but they do lots of other things which are much jollier than thinking; they listen to music and look at sunsets and go to tea parties, and are kind to children as far as they know how.

"Well," you will say, "a good and happy life. Why should they be bothered with thinking?" What would become of their gimcrack cottages in the country and their corrugated iron [illegible] if they began to think? They live artistically, as do the lower animals—by a general sense of suitability to the senses and the habits. One aesthete knows another aesthete by the color and the smell—the color of his coat and the smell of his favorite flower. One stylist in revolt knows another stylist in revolt, just as one dandy knows another dandy—by the necktie.

The ordinary artistic Socialist throws out signals to his own kind, and naturally gravitates to his own environment. He does not in the least know what Socialism is, and he does not need to: he does know that he gets on with the kind of men who call themselves Socialists. He knows the other man's extravagances will be of his sort, and not of another sort. He knows a Socialist can be trusted to call another Socialist's wife "comrade" without taking her on a sidecar. He knows that a Socialist can be trusted at tea time to destroy the whole morality of mankind without using a word that could bring a blush to the cheek of a young person. In short, he knows that there are a sort of people like himself in the world, and certain sociological conjectures (about which he never thinks seriously at all) are among the outward tests for detecting them.

In saying all this you speak with your usual noble delicacy and unerring wit. But there is a further complication which I can no longer conceal from you. The tragedy is this: that these happy, thoughtless people did once really have a Thought. This one isolated thought has stuck in their heads ever since. Nobody can get it out of their heads; and nobody can put any other thought into their heads.

It is a thought which, uncorrected by other thoughts, is quite foolish and dangerous, but it is a connected string of concepts, intelligible and even true in itself: it is the only one they have; and it gives them a dickens of a time. The one only and original connected Thought that ever penetrated these people's heads rings as follows: "My grandfather thought wires were necessary for telegrams. I know now that he was wrong; therefore, whatever I think is right my grandson will probably think wrong."

Upon that one mental process the whole of our "progress" is conducted; and, very naturally, it ends in a smash—or, rather, in a splash, by Picasso. That there is some truth in the Thought is not to be denied. Some things do alter; different generations do have different standpoints; truth should be kept reasonably flexible to fit fashions which are often genuine human moods. But the worshippers of the Thought think it idolatry to have any other thoughts but that.

They insist that on every subject all the things we understand must be wrong, and consequently all the things they possibly could understand must be right. Their fallacy, one would suppose, was simple enough even for the modern mind to follow, the application is quite obvious. If there exist plausible reasons for supposing [illegible] should go on [illegible] ment, then, of course, it is a valid argument to say that many real improvements have been denounced as mere innovations.

If I think a man honest, and if he answered that he has been in prison, then it is rational for me to reply that St. Paul or Cervantes was in prison. But it is not rational of me to say that all the people in prison must be like Cervantes or St. Paul. There must be a principle of choice for the new thing; otherwise it is obvious that nothing is being asked of it but newness. Now the number of new things that are possible is at any given moment by its nature infinite. When we do anything we deny ourselves a thousand other things. When we go to Tunbridge Wells we may be said to be avoiding a million other places from China to Peru.

Whenever a man puts on his hat he is refusing to put on an infinite number of other things, from the flowerpot to the wastepaper basket. If, therefore, you have no other test of a new idea except its newness, you will only be able to say: "Well, I, at my present stage of evolution, do not see the good of wearing a flowerpot for a hat. But I must not offend my great-grandson, who is so very particular, and for all I know (since he does not exist yet), may absolutely insist on this uniform for all [illegible] states."

Perhaps you think this is an improbable example and an unlikely way of talking. Perhaps, in some rural seclusion, you have failed to meet any people who talk like that. Then, to the subsequent issue of the advanced paper to which I have referred, and you will find a gentleman talking exactly like my imaginary successor, with his flowerpot hat.

An art critic of conspicuous intelligence sits in front of a framed piece of bathing paper, dazed but subsistive. He does actually say in so many words, that [illegible] not to read nor tell of it for [illegible] the object was. He does, with a [illegible] that [illegible] prostrate himself before [illegible] only before Picasso, but before a totally imaginary great-grandchild, who will profess to see some sense in Picasso. This condition is plainly intolerable; we cannot go about thinking that all our thoughts are wrong without having even any notion of what thoughts are right. Shall we try to get that Thought out of these people's heads? Or shall we try to get some others in? Either will involve the most horrible mental torture.

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Why We Get No Messages from the Grave

A Spirit Body Can Make No Impressions Whatever Upon, and Can Set Up No Vibrations In Our Material Body, Says Dr. Woods Hutchinson in the Third Article of His Great Series —Next Sunday, "Why Civilized Man Is Losing His Hair."

By Dr. Woods Hutchinson

President Elect of the American Academy of Medicine

HUMANITY has always felt an immense and most natural curiosity about both its past and its future. "What was I before I came into the light of the day" What shall I be after I have closed my eyes upon it forever!" has been echoed in every age and in every clime

"The life of man," said the grand old pagan Northumbrian chief Eadwine, to the Roman monks who came to convert him, "is like a sparrow flying through an open window into the great banqueting-hall at night, flies out for a few moments in the torchlight and then out again into the darkness whence it came."

From the reappearance to us of our best loved ones in dreams came at an early age the belief that our life does not end here, but continues in some future state or sphere. Hence, what more natural than the hope that if we could in some way communicate with those who had gone before, could receive messages from the dead, we should be able to solve the mystery of our future"

Probably as much energy has been spent by humanity in the endeavor to establish communication with the departed, to receive such information from those gone before, as upon any other single problem. But with all due reverence and profound respect for the touching natural affection which has mainly prompted these efforts, scarcely is there a realm in which the returns have been so indefinite, so meagre and so disappointing. Even those who believe most firmly in a future life, are compelled to echo the melancholy refrain of the Tentmaker:

> "Strange, is it not? That of the myriads who
> Before us passed the door of Darkness through
> Not one returns to tell us of the road
> Which to discover we must travel too?"

It is only just lately that we have begun to realize and understand the reason for the disappointing and inadequate nature of these communications from disembodied spirits, and the purpose of this paper is to briefly and impartially set forth the scientific facts which make it so extremely difficult to communicate in any way with those in the other world, and, so far as we can see, will always make such communication difficult, if not practically impossible.

This is, of course, without in the slightest degree raising the question of whether a future life exists. In fact, allowing that to be taken for granted, to point out that this extreme difficulty still exists. Nor, on the other hand, has it any bearing upon religious beliefs founded upon revelation, inasmuch as such messages as have been brought back from the other world and made the basis of religions were for the most part brought back by gods and not by men, and gods, of course, are exempt from all the ordinary rules of evidence.

Religious Claims Not Touched upon in Discussion.

A message or revelation brought by a god from the other world has no bearing on the question whether it is possible for an ordinary mortal to bring back or send such a message, for the gods, in the nature of the case, are immortals and have either always lived in this celestial sphere, or have been permitted to appear on earth for a brief period in order that they might establish communication between the two worlds. The same is true of the revelations of a future world, alleged to have been made by living men; their claim was not that they had died and gone to another world and then come back, but that they had visited the future world in some form of trance as a special mark of divine favor, and then been permitted to come back to earth and relate what they had seen. So that the discussion will throw neither credit nor discredit upon any of the claims of religion, nor bear upon the question as to whether there be a future life or not. It is merely an attempt to explain why alleged messages from the dead, or from the deceased returning to earth, are of such a scanty and unsatisfactory character.

Renewed attention has been paid upon this subject all over the world by the recent statement of the once eminent scientist, Sir Oliver Lodge, of Birmingham University, England, that he had received messages from the dead and particularly from "fragments of the personality of" his former friend, F. W. H. Myers, which he was convinced were genuine and established the possibility of communication with the other world. Unfortunately, the eager hope roused by this statement was sadly dashed by his refusal to comply with the prompt and universal demand that he should publish these messages at once — on the ground that while the evidence was sufficient to convince him of their genuineness, it probably would not carry conviction to any one else. Which, it may be remarked in passing, is a most unusual and world-old characteristic of all such evidence.

It may be further frankly stated that in the whole lexicon of science there is no such word as "impossible"—and although the difficulties of communication with another, or spirit, world are extremely great and absolutely fundamental in our bodily structure, this is by no means to say that they are absolutely inseparable, and that they may not possibly some day be overcome. Merely to point out the tremendous, inherent limitations upon our powers of communication with a world outside our own bodies and that all our supposed means of receiving impressions by any other means than through our five senses—so far reported—are on careful investigation found to be absolute illusions

Only Through Our Senses Are We Kept from Isolation.

We are absolutely incapable of realizing how completely isolated, how terribly and utterly alone in the universe each one of us human beings is. We eat, we drink, we wake, we sleep; we shudder with fear and glow with pleasure. We are a little world, the microcosm of the ancients. We live, we move and know all that goes on within our own boundaries But, except for the evidence of our senses, each one of us is the only man, or the only woman, alive in the world! The only proof we have of the existence of other human beings is through the impressions which they make upon our senses, of sight, of hearing, of smell, or touch—in other words—which their bodies make upon our bodies The moment that they have no bodies, that they become disembodied spirits and of the fate of the body we have, of course, not the slightest doubt; even though the spirit has passed over into the beyond the body remains and decays in the grave—they cease to have any means by which they can make impressions upon our senses.

Even though they may possess what is termed a "spirit body," that spirit body can make no impressions whatever upon and can set up no vibrations in our material body. If it should be urged that we all have a spiritual body which cannot demonstrate itself to the evidences of our senses, but which can communicate with their spiritual body, that would bring us into the realm that we ought to be able to communicate equally well with the spiritual bodies of other human beings who are still living upon the earth, with our friends in the next State, or over the mountains or across the Atlantic. And if there is anything which is absolutely and abundantly proved beyond the possibility of serious doubt, it is that no such power of communication has ever been proved to exist. All alleged instances of it so far have been proved to be purely imaginary or the result of coincidence or of downright fraud. Would anybody dream for a moment of buying wheat or stocks on the strength of a tip received from the spiritual body of a friend of his in Odessa, or London, or Buenos Ayres? What credit would be given in court to a man who declared he had stabbed another, on the strength of a spirit message from Sicily, that the man whom he attacked was plotting to murder him? All such messages between man and man which do not come through and cannot be supported by the evidence of the senses and "checked up" by repetition or other witnesses are merely old wives' tales and sea-serpent stories, which are no more considered or referred to in the practical conduct of life than the will-o'-the-wisp as a guide to navigation or the hooting of an owl as a sign of impending death.

Even the messages which come to us from our senses are not one-tenth as definite and specific as we usually believe. Take our most vivid and constantly exercised sense, that of sight. What we really *see* is not things, or persons, or entire objects, as we usually declare, but simply certain combinations of light and darkness, of color and outline, which we have learned in infancy to associate with certain things. For instance, if we say we see an orange, what we really see is a round disc of color which we have learned to call yellow, with certain shadings upon it which make us think that it bulges toward us in the middle—in other words, is convex—and which, if we were to grasp it, we should find to be of a globular shape and pimply roughness; and if we were to smell it, would have a more or less pungent odor. A skilfully painted and shaded picture of an orange would make exactly the same impression upon our sense of sight as would the orange itself.

Similarly, when we say we see a horse, we merely see certain outline of shades of brown or black or gray, which we have learned to associate in our childhood with the term "horse," and which, if we were to put our hand on it, we should find to be soft and warm and hairy and to have certain powers and capacities for carrying us and drawing burdens. If the horse were half a mile or more away across the fields we should probably have difficulty, unless ranchers or farmers, in telling whether it was a horse or a cow. So it goes with all familiar objects. But when it comes to an unfamiliar object we are completely at sea. Our first impulse is to try to get nearer to it, so that we can touch and handle it. If we are very young and impulsive we will probably taste it and smell it and use all our senses to try and solve the problem of what the thing may be before we give it up. As we grow older, however, we steadily accumulate conceit, and instead of saying frankly when we encounter something new or that we cannot positively recognize from our previous experience that we don't know what it is we make a guess at it, call it something, and say it is that. Usually either the known thing it most resembles or the thing we are most expecting to see

This is the way, for instance, in which we see ghosts. We see a ghastly wavering outline of white in the darkness of the lonely road; a grim-shrouded figure, standing at the foot of our bed. We jump to the conclusion that it is a human figure, it may be a ghost because this is the way in which ghosts appear. But instead of walking boldly up to it and bravely corroborating our visual impressions by our actual contact it would invariably show us that it was only a streak of moonlight coming through the trees or open blinds, a sheet waving in the wind, a garment which we had hung up before we went to sleep or some innocent thing of that sort we shrick and pull the bedclothes over our heads or run madly down the road as if the devil himself were after us

The only reason why ghosts are invariably clad in white is that white is the easiest color to see in the dark. If there was light enough to see and recognize any of the other colors, there would also be light enough to show us that the ghost was some perfectly harmless piece of drapery or carpentry. There is only one law that can be laid down about ghosts, and that is that they never are seen when there is light enough to recognize any other color than white. The utmost that any living human being ever saw of a ghost was a white streak in the darkness, and his imagination did the rest—burning eyes, hollow tones, ringing of bells, clanking of chains and all the classic picture. I said that the only reason ghosts wear white is that this is the only color which can be seen when it is dark enough to leave full play to the imagination. But there is another reason: About ten years ago a group of physicians and scientists became interested in a series of well-authenticated ghostly appearances near a house in one of the southern English counties. It was a ghost which walked about and answered in hollow tones when spoken to. This was enough for most of the lay observers to whom the apparition appeared, and without waiting to investigate further they levelled half the fences in the surrounding county in their mad rush to escape. The group of investigators went quietly down to the nearest village and an hour after dark distributed themselves through the lanes and roads surrounding the "haunted house." For three nights nothing was seen; but on the fourth their vigilance was rewarded by the appearance and immediate capture of the "ghost," who turned out to be an hysterical young woman living in the house, who had the habit of walking and talking in her sleep. This set them thinking, and they then made inquiries all over the centre and south of England for recent instances of past or present ghosts, with the result that in seven cases out of ten they were able to prove that the family inhabiting the house had an hysterical, excitable young girl among its members who was known occasionally to walk in her sleep.

"Headless Horsemen" in a Class by Themselves.

Of course, the ghosts of murderers who appear on the heath upon which their victims stood, or of "headless horsemen" who dash with shrieks of demoniac laughter through the lanes where they revelled and plundered in their lifetime, are in another class together. Their existence depends almost exclusively upon the testimony of convivial gentlemen, aiming for home in a state of considerable confusion, most of them with an uneasy dread of the welcome that may be awaiting them when they arrive. The singular preference always shown by well-conducted ghosts for the midnight hour is due partly to the fact that this is the very middle and deadliest centre of the "hours of darkness," during which uneasy spirits are prompted to roam abroad; but, chiefly, that somewhere between 12:30 and 1 a. m. is the hour at which nine-tenths of all the convivial gathering around alehouse fires or in social clubs break up. It will be recalled that the hour at which the immortal Tam o' Shanter saw his hair-raising visions was precisely the "midnight mirk," and that "Kings may be great, but Tam was glorious." On the other hand, there is not a single instance anywhere on record in any age where any one was fortunate, or unfortunate, enough to see a ghost and had the courage and coolness to walk up to it and endeavor to lay his hands on it, that it did not immediately "vanish into thin air"; in other words, prove to be pure moonshine or other light illusion, or else turn out to be some sheeted mischief-maker, some shirt or sheet left hanging out to dry; a donkey, or horse, or white cow; a white chicken, or white owl, or some other equally harmless and commonplace object of nature.

It is also to be remembered that in almost all the famous apparitions of history—for instance in the immortal Ghost of Hamlet's father when it appeared before the Queen, and in Banquo's Ghost, which "would not down" before the horror-crazed eyes of Macbeth—the ghost appeared only to the one person who was, so to speak, most likely to see him and was entirely invisible to all the others who were present and who stared in amazement at the excited words and gestures of the man who was "seeing things." The Queen mother could see no trace of the ghost of the elder Hamlet when her son addressed it in her chamber. And the terrified Lady Macbeth made piteous appeal to her husband not to "make such faces at an empty stool," when no one else in the banquet hall could see anything but Banquo's empty chair at the board. Macbeth alone knew that Banquo had been murdered by his orders on the way to the banquet, and in only Macbeth's vision rose his ghost. An other singular quality about ghosts of all sorts is that they overdo the thing. They go beyond even the rules of the spiritist game. If the ghost of a departed friend can make itself visible to our senses, it must be through our ability to see his so-called spirit body. But the very boldest of spiritists have never ventured to claim that clothing, weapons and other inanimate objects also have a spiritual body which may reappear. Yet practically every ghost of which we have any clear and detailed description appears not merely as the ghost of his face, body, his voice, but also of his clothing and his weapons or tools The horror stricken exclamation of Hamlet on seeing the ghost is:

"My father's spirit in arms! All is not well!"

In the one clear, positive, detailed account which I ever succeeded in getting personally of the appearance to a lady of the spirit body of a deceased gentleman friend of hers, the thing that stood out most prominently was that her attention was first called to the apparition by a dim reddish glow over in one corner of her room—in the darkest corner, of course. This, as she concentrated her attention upon it, turned out to be the lighted end of her departed friend's cigar, and his features gradually emerged into clearness behind it! While one might concede the possession of a spiritual body to the gentleman himself, it would rather strain credulity to concede such a privileged possession to a ten-cent Havana. Space forbids entering into detail, but it would be safe to say that at least half, if not two-thirds of the alleged apparitions of visible ghosts and spirits and spiritual bodies from another world have been based on misinterpretations of simple white effects in the lonesome dark, such as we have described; while the other third, on careful tracing, have been found to be due either to the delirium of strong drink, of incipient fever or the delirums of approaching insanity.

No Evidence of Spirit Communication.

It may be that some day a bridge will be constructed with infinite care between our minds and those of our loved ones who have gone before, but there is not a shade of ponderable evidence as yet that such a communication has been established. And the dwellers in the other world certainly have been most unfortunate in their self appointed interpreters. The impressions derived from the other of our senses concerned in occasional communications—that of touch, are of a slightly different and more intimate character. As the old saying runs "seeing is believing, but feeling is the naked truth,' and we are naturally disposed to place greater confidence in the impressions brought to us by actual contact and the handling of an object than in those of sight or hearing. Even those messages of touch, intimate and convincing as they are, are at bottom of the same merely physical character as the messages through our other senses

When we say that we hold a knife in our hands for instance, all we mean is that we feel certain vibrations in the nerve endings in the sensitive skin of our fingers and palm which our eyes have taught us to associate with a certain shape and brightness, our ears with a certain metallic sound, when struck. We are merely conscious of certain impressions of hardness, or softness, or roundness or squareness, sharpness or dullness, heat and warmth, roughness and smoothness. These perceptions we begin at a very early day to build into pictures, so to speak, which we connect with certain things; and this is what, the baby is doing in infancy, when he eagerly clutches at every object within his reach. Indeed, as we well know, although in one sense more convincing, our sense of touch is really more often and less definitely informing than any of our other senses. A familiar commonplace is the difficulty we have in distinguishing our coin from another of about the same size, in our pockets, without bringing them out to where we can judge them by the sense of sight

Though there are still things to be learned about the human body, there is practically no longer any dark corner in which the soul can hide itself, or where may be concealed some wireless plant or X-Ray apparatus by which the gulf between this world and the next can be spanned. Every shred of knowledge which we possess has come to us through the evidence of our five senses. Mechanical vibrations of the ether, called light, mechanical vibrations of the air, called sound, pressure vibrations of our tactile end organs, called touch, chemical reactions upon our nerves of smell, everything that we know and imagine, is made up of combinations and memories of these four sets of vibrations. When the human body becomes so equipped that it can receive impressions through other media than those of its senses, or when the spirit body becomes equipped with some sort of vibrator or resonator which is capable of activating our present receiving mechanisms, then messages may be received from the dead, and answers returned, but not till then.

DR. WOODS HUTCHINSON,

The World's Foremost Writer on Medical Science.

Other articles in this series—one each Sunday—will be as follows:

No. 4—Why civilized man is losing his hair.

No. 5—Why we grow fat.

No. 6—Why we grow thin

WORK ON GLANDS A 1915 MIRACLE

Harvard Research Work on Ductless Glands Called Great Benefit to Mankind

By C. A. PARKER

[illegible]

structure and the human mind development already have been noted and tabulated by the Harvard doctors as the result [illegible] treatment of [illegible] In patients has been increased or diminished [illegible] withholding of [illegible] drugs.

EYESIGHT RESTORED.

Children whose mental and physical development seemed to have ceased were completely [illegible] well and [illegible] been restored to normal weight and [illegible] quite [illegible] [illegible] patients, with the result that [illegible] stand [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Society and Fashions

BOSTON AMERICAN
SUNDAY, MARCH 7, 1915

MRS. A. HENRY HIGGINSON

MISS MARY CURTIS

Social Leaders of Boston At Play

MRS. JOHN HAYES HAMMOND AND DAUGHTER

MISS KATHERYN C. WHIPPLE

MISS ELEONORA SEARS

MORE PORTRAITS OF BRAVE LITTLE MEN AND LOVELY

"LET ME THINK A MINUTE!"—Mademoiselle Avis Leone Pichette entreats. And, as is the habit of the elderly, "As I grow older I find it VERY hard to remember things." Isn't Mademoiselle Pichette the dearest little old lady? 'Deed she is!—Henry Havelock Pierce photo.

"IS THERE AS I'M SITTING HERE?"—The winsome daughter of Mrs. [illegible] Gay of No. 187 Beacon street wants to know if there is ANY [illegible]. You see, reads the Sunday AMERICAN, so does NOT believe in fairies! DEAR little Miss Gay: We could have LOTS and LOTS of them if there weren't! Let us, and we will all testify that little old ladies fly to the moon every night on broomsticks, to sweep the cobwebs from off the sky."—Garo photo.

"AND WHAT DO YOU SUPPOSE THE GENERAL SAID?"—Inquires the gallant son of Maurice H. Parker of Chestnut street, Jamaica Plain. "He said; 'Is Private Parker here?' 'He is,' says the Captain. 'Very well,' says the General, 'let the battle begin.'" Wise old General! Brave Private Parker! Salute!—Garo photograph.

"LADY OF THE LIMOUSINE" CHARITY WORKER WHO CARRIES NO TRUMPET

By the DOWAGER.

It was a very simple act. She [illegible] out of her limousine and gave [illegible] some flowers [illegible] and simple, [illegible] I thought so. And the [illegible] to see me thinking and [illegible] I said to myself, [illegible]

I stood in reminiscence over the [illegible] I looked for [illegible] over [illegible] of wealth and [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] heart, beau- [illegible] It is an ex- [illegible] charitable [illegible] in [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

LITTLE WOMEN, FROM THE SUNDAY AMERICAN ART GALLERIES

QUICK ON THE TRIGGER, THIS CHAP!—"The same," as the late Alfred Henry Lewis would say, "being the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Hawley of Wellesley Hills." The gun on the right is a 42-calibre Innocence; that on the left, a Sunshine 38. And the rope, do you ask? The locket of Love [illegible]

IN A PERSIAN GARDEN—A MAKE-BELIEVE Persian Garden, you understand, we discover the elder [illegible] Percy Haughton, who resides no nearer to Persia than the [illegible] den anywhere has there blossomed fairer flowers than the [illegible]

BOSTON FASHIONABLES HEED CALL OF RESORTS OF THE SOUTHLAND

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 6.—Mrs. [illegible] Lee of Chestnut Hill, Brookline, who has been in the South for [illegible] joined [illegible] her two [illegible] Turner of Beacon [illegible] Dixey, [illegible] weather, [illegible] tive frocks in the evening and were [illegible] Fish [illegible] was [illegible] Brown, a charming hat of corn-colored chiffon with stiffly-wired brim.

Mrs. Lee and her daughters were guests at dinner at the Beach Club of the Willard S. Browns, going [illegible] Room [illegible]

A [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] Then [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] fashionable Frank A. Munsey and they went to the beach from St. [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] has [illegible] home [illegible] long [illegible] Boston friends of [illegible] Palm [illegible] tour [illegible] services [illegible] may [illegible] tingent [illegible] her three daughters have been absent in Italy and planned for more than a year, sailed for Canada on February 8 and will remain in Montreal, having sold their own home in Quebec. They will probably spend the summer at Lake St. Joseph near Quebec, where they have a charming country house.

Mr. and Mrs. Quincy A. Shaw, 2d, who are at Palm Beach were among those at the Washington's Birthday ball noted for their fine appearance and clever dancing. In the Poinciana Palm Room that evening in Mrs. Dawson Wood's party were Quincy Shaw and [illegible] Boardman and Gurnee [illegible]

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Cotton are [illegible] guest in the Boston set at [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

CUT LIVING COST IN THE KITCHENS

Send Your Recipes and Enter Contest

Housewives, what are your f...
...ite recipe?
Every woman in New Eng...
...has one or more of ...
...her own.
She is a AMERICAN in...
...ting to hear ...
...ther house...
...give their ...
...esses and an...
...addressed to the H...
...ter, Sunday AMI...
...Summer street, B...

A sort of pu... between
...and contest ...
...ery.

PICKLE LIME BEETS

...

MAKE HOME ARTISTIC

...

SPANISH POTATO SALAD

...

THREE ECONOMICAL RECIPES.

...

NUT MAPLE MOLD

...

LEMON PIE.

...grated rind of 1 lemon, ... granulated sugar, 1 egg, ... butter size of a small egg, ... tablespoonfuls ... Bake with an under crust.

NOODLE PUDDING

...

CREAM PIE.

...ks of 2 eggs 1 ... of sweet ... cup of nice, thick cream, ... sugar, 1 tablespoonful ... Bake with an under crust.

NUT CAKE

...p of brown sugar, ... Baker's ... cup of ... flour, ... and ... sift the flour ... baking ... powder ... and ... stir all ... Bake in ... pans.

GINGER SNAPS NO. 2

...

CUSTARD CAKE

...

SPAGHETTI

...

CAKES FROM STALE BREAD.

...s of bread ... Add ... egg (two if not too dear), a little salt, ... one-half teaspoonful ... powder ... flour enough ... Bake ... three layers.

MRS. R. W. APPLETON.
Ashfield, Mass.

1, 2, 3, 4 CAKE.

One ... butter ... cup ... ten cups sugar, three cups flour, ... sugar, one and one-half tea... cream of tartar powder. ... Add ... cup of ... Half of the ... will be enough ... another layer. ... Bake in three pans ... Bake in ... Use ... frosting ... 4 Street ... Boston.

"The Party Dish."

...rabbit, ... cup ... cup of ... Add ... Pour ... soup into ... Bake ... cut in ... thoroughly ... Add red ... slightly ... Heat ... a few minutes and serve hot on crackers or toast.

Tells How $350 Is Sufficient to Furnish Cozy Home

Interesting Figures for the Prospective Brides

Easy to Furnish 4-Room Apartment with All Necessary Comforts

HOUSEKEEPER

...

MAKING OF A HOME IN BOSTON

Of the problems confronting the young bridal couples when their means are limited, as is usually the case, one of the hardest to solve ... little cup of the home.

When one has money there is no difficulty, especially if the bride ... natural ability as a home ... who may not have "taste a ... that no amount of money ...

A Boston woman of exper... the fitting up of homes has undertaken to offer advice to ... are trying to furnish ... rooms and ... have very lit...

The writer shows that a few hundred dollars will buy all ... added to fit up a small place. Her advice may be of great benefit to those who are finding an almost impassable obstacle interfering with happiness.

The writer has furnished an apartment of four rooms on $350. The couple who intend to be ... housekeeping this Spring will want to know how to start, how to select, what to buy and how to save. The Boston woman has given ... She tells how and why her information will be of service to every young couple.

...inviting manner. This is the room ... I ... hanky to the kitchen ... be placed ... for the bathroom ... hardwood or oilcloth ... necessary. The room ... of ... and ... and fitted them:

LIVING ROOM. $15.00
... $7.50 ...

DINING ROOM.

BED ROOM. $25.00
... & spring ...

...Dresser, ... $2.00 ...
...

BATHROOM
Bath ...
...
Bed ... and ...
Hamper ...

KITCHEN.
Kitchen ... and ... half ... $7.50
Clock ... with ... at .25 ... 0.25
Tea ...
...
...

Shortage of Seasonable Fabrics Responsible for Composite Styles

Therefore Comes Skirt of One Fabric, the Bodice of Another and the Association of Odd Colors

OF what else, in new gowns for Lenten wear, is the Boston American fashion writer to tell you, lacking supplies to make the rest of a fashionable

ends from a former season, when looms and mills were turning out the frock of rose color and the dress of blue. And so on until all the long list of stripes and plaids and checks and dots of bright color and dull has been fully canvassed and more interesting developments brought about through the unfortunate necessity of matching and mixing. Like many things of which necessity has been the mother, the results are the outcome of these conditions are hardly to pass

rendered motifs than in terms of pronounced colors. The elaborated effects are responsible for the custom of the fashion, in the plain fur-trimmed skirt, of which, very soon after the manner of the arrangement of stripes, a plain material with which we are all more or less familiar.

One must not forget to mention that the bridge season, which has been looming off for some months, is unquestionable evidence on the Lenten frocks. It not only means

brought about by the war, which has left practically only odds and

very interesting and acceptable.

The domestic mills have the honor their usual quantity of beautiful materials with which the great artists might evolve garments for fair women the world over.

Because there is a goodly quantity of one fabric and not so much of another hanging over from last year the designers have elected to exploit motifs of combination fabrics, whereby the material law of supply and demand may be regulated without undue loss of profit to the models or of patronage to the designers.

Therefore, the skirt of cloth and the bodice of satin, or the polonaise of flowered material and the underskirt of plain, or the upper part of to lave added many of the things that are really new to the year. With many of the foreign houses stopped because of the labor of the workers who have been raised to the war zone, the opportunity for the American fabric manufacturers has unexpectedly been presented. To them we owe certain of the pretty tissues in voile or etamine, as well as many of the flowered cottons and unusual lines.

NEEDLEWORK TAFFETAS.

Needlework taffetas are candidates for fashionable patronage, and they are particularly interesting in demi-costumes suitable for afternoon wear. Some of these indicate the skirt of plain taffeta and the coat-basque of the needlework material. As its name indicates, the taffeta appears to have threads drawn to form open stripes or checks or plaids in a manner suggestive of Mexican or Italian drawnwork. When mounted over a color different from that of the silk itself, the effect of a marked stripe or distinct check is obtained.

Another novelty that is being essayed for Lenten exploitation is the embroidered taffeta. It appears in many guises, but just at present there is more insistence placed on black taffetas with white sometimes

be eliminated from Fashion's reckoning.

VARIED SLEEVE LENGTH.

Half-length and three-quarter length sleeves are back. In some instances they are finished with a shaped frill of lace or with a little undercuff of net or chiffon. There are examples where the sleeve is hardly more than a cap for the wide ecclesiastic sleeve of a contrasting fabric. Curiously enough the collars are high, notwithstanding the brevity of the arm covering. There are, nevertheless,

collars that indicate an attempt to infuse a little novelty into neckwear effects that have been high all Winter and which before that were low for many seasons.

There is, for instance, a dress of black satin with a collar that is the exact reversal of the V-shaped turn-over affairs of more than twelve months ago. At first glance it seems as if the designer had put the back section of the bodice in front, and the front has been placed at the back. But not at all. The designer was merely arranging for the expression of novelty lines, and if oddity is the name as novelty, then surely he has not lost the desired result.

The collar is of the satin and is turned [illegible] cross the shoulders in stripes duplicated by [illegible] back and [illegible] by white silk tassels. Here the colors [illegible] and the [illegible] white satin [illegible] attempt [illegible]

PLAIN AND STRIPED.

A very [illegible]

[illegible] of a monotone [illegible] of flowered or [illegible] resembles [illegible] and is very [illegible] should go a long [illegible] consisting a tunic [illegible] plain fabric [illegible] entirely mesh [illegible] very strong [illegible] flower [illegible] that are [illegible] own [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

PLAN FOR TRIP TO BIG FAIR

The Women's City Club is looking forward to a special trip to the San Francisco Exposition with much interest. Not all the members will go, of course, but it is expected that a good sized special train will be necessary to accommodate those who will desire to take advantage of the attractive itineraries and good accommodations offered. The number is limited, however, and already the committee is busy answering inquiries and making bookings.

Husbands of members are invited to join the party, and these are the only non-members to be permitted on the train.

The trip will [illegible] days, a special train leaving Boston [illegible] June 6 and arriving at the [illegible] p. m. July 14.

The party will remain [illegible] of interest along the [illegible] route, including Niagara Falls, Montreal, Toronto, Georgian Bay, Sault Ste. Marie, through North Dakota and the wheatfields of Saskatchewan to Banff [illegible] days in the Canadian Rockies, Lake Louise and Glacier, and then on to Vancouver, B. C., from whence they will embark on a steam for Victoria and continue though Puget Sound to Seattle.

Taking in Portland [illegible] will travel by steamer down the Pacific Coast.

A week at the exposition will be followed by visits to Del Monte, Santa Barbara, Los Angeles [illegible] return trip will be hardly less interesting.

The committee will be at the [illegible] house every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday between 11 a. m. and 2 p. m., to arrange for bookings and to give information.

SHUMANS RETURNING.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Arthur Shuman will return to town this week from Atlantic City, where they have spent a most enjoyable vacation. On their way they spent the week end in New York registering at the Fifth-Carlton.

CLUB TO HEAR EARL BARNES ON WOMEN

It is felt that the supper of the Business Women's Club at Ford Hall on March 15, at which Earl Barnes is to speak, will be an occasion of extreme interest to a those who believe that there is a forward movement for wo[illegible] without which a sound development of civilization cannot be had.

Those who are not identified with the club, but who are [illegible] desired as self-support[illegible] and family supporting wo[illegible] out, take advantage of the opportunity to hear Mr. Barnes, for he has taken as his subject the "Economic Independence of Women." He is well known as a most acceptable speaker and will give the [illegible] lively presentation of [illegible] thing but a dry discussion of [illegible] worn economics.

Furthermore, the non-members and their guests are always [illegible] to the opportunity for [illegible] social exchange of ideas after each meeting has been presented to them, and what Mr. Barnes means by economic independence will certainly develop questions from his audience.

Arrangements have [illegible] for the supper will be served entirely by women. The plans for this have been carefully considered by one of the best known women [illegible] Hall, who is a member of the

Miss Putnam to Wed at Manchester

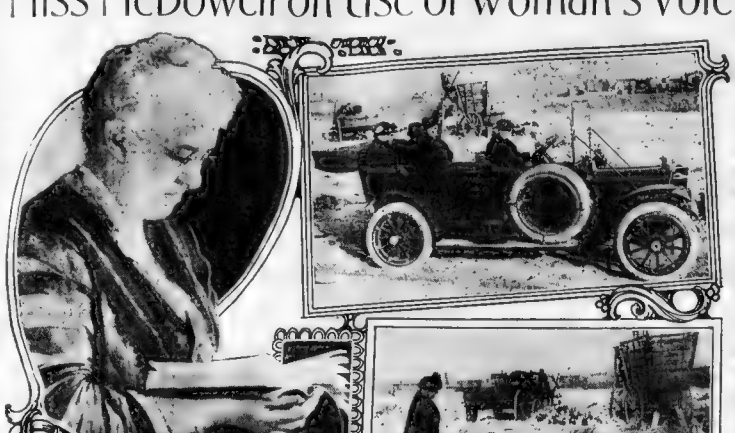
The Rev. North Stone makes it known will be on April 11 at Miss Putnam's home, [illegible] Mrs. Putnam of Boston [illegible] master and Harold Hill Stone [illegible] of Mrs. Frederick Stone [illegible] Washington.

Mr. Bunn is the private secretary of Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes of Washington. Have [illegible]

Mrs. George A. Dexter and Miss Helen Draper of Boston left the St. Regis, New York, during the [illegible] to spend [illegible] Hotel Belvedere [illegible] until [illegible]

'Angel of the Dumps' Tells of Boston Needs

Miss McDowell on Use of Woman's Vote



Miss Mary McDowell, who tells of her sex's accomplishments.

Chicago Expert Brings Lessons from Abroad on Scientific Disposal of Garbage of the Cities.

Miss Mary McDowell, head of the University Settlement in Chicago, and sometimes called the "Angel of the Dumps," came to Boston to tell the Women's City Club about the first thing that Chicago suffragists did when they were given the vote.

Not only did Miss McDowell describe her own palace at home, working for a better system of waste disposal, but she also accepted an invitation from the Boston AMERICAN to visit Boston's garbage disposal system and study the various methods Boston has for taking care of rubbish, ashes and other waste.

She found more to interest her than if one had been whirled through the park system, or than if she had been gazing at historic buildings and burying grounds. She said her principal work was trying to keep people out of cemeteries. Instead of directing the chauffeur to pause before Old North Church, she asked to be shown alleys and back streets, and on North square insisted upon getting out of the machine and praising some Italian children whom she discovered scraping up street dirt for flower boxes in their tenements.

SEES DISPOSAL SYSTEM.

After an inspection of the West End, Salem street, North square, the streets about Faneuil Hall Market and parts of Atlantic avenue, she was taken to the Fort Hill dumping wharf, near the foot of Oliver street, where barges were being filled with [illegible] waste material of all sorts to aid [illegible] Island and the [illegible] of East Boston.

Here the wharf she was taken to the Southampton street, separating [illegible] owned by the city of Boston, and there she had a view of a large tract of newly-made land composed of Boston's ashes, street sweepings and [illegible]

Chicago's "Angel of the Dumps" declared that she felt much at home in the dreary North Boston waste which [illegible] her of a great field near her settlement where [illegible] has for [illegible] been dumped its refuse. Miss McDowell showed a fellow-feeling for all of women wards are found in [illegible] inspecting ash heaps [illegible]

Not to escape the keen eyes of the woman who is [illegible] side called one of Chicago's "Maiden Aunts" along with Jane Addams, Mrs. Young, Margaret Haley and Julia Lathrop.

TELLS OF INCINERATORS.

Chicago methods were compared with those of Boston, and again as the automobile sped through South Boston she described how some German cities are literally self-feeding for all of waste and thereby generating electric power sufficient to run traction systems.

"I am glad to tell the people of Boston and of New England," she said, "all about the very first thing we women in Chicago did when we got our vote, and I believe our story may give courage and perhaps ideas to other women who are trying to get the vote.

"You know that primarily every woman is a housekeeper; it is her business, and everything that affects the health of her children or the cleanliness of her home, street or back yard is of immense importance to her.

"For twenty years or more I tried to make the city government of Chicago see the criminality of the immense dump out by the stockyards, in the neighborhood of which babies were dying at the rate of one in three. I pleaded with mayors, aldermen, and finance commissioners, who gave me respectful hearing, but regretted that the city was too poor to make any change.

AS VOTERS GET HELP.

"Not long after we became registered voters we visited City Hall again on the same old topic and we asked for sanitary methods in the disposal of garbage, and greater cleanliness in collecting. Did we fall of recognition? Were we told there was no money for such purposes? No indeed! A finance commission appropriated $10,000 at once, and two women were placed on the City Waste Commission, to study into ways and means of making sanitary improvements.

"Already significant changes are under way. Chicago has a reduction plant which, while not ideal, is [illegible] more to be desired than the old dump.

"If any one is in doubt whether the vote to women is of any practical value, he should study our initial move for a cleaner Chicago.

"I understand that Boston has no woman connected officially with the garbage department; that very place where women are supposed to be efficient. They have the same interest in the larger civic housekeeping that they have in the private home, and once give them a chance they will do their part toward bringing health and cleanliness.

PRAISES ROURKE'S WORK.

"I did not come to Boston to criticise and to find fault, and it seems to me that Commissioner Rourke of the Street Department is trying to do his very best for the city, but he can go no faster than public sentiment will back him with money and influence.

"In the first place, citizens must realize that proper disposal of garbage and waste is a life-and-death matter, as it was proved by the many babies about the Chicago dumps.

"I tell my audiences in Chicago that flies are the most dangerous creatures in the world, and they are no respecters of persons. They will leave a disease-breeding dump and call upon the tenement or the palace as the wind may blow them.

"Oh, yes, your reduction plant at Spectacle Island is all right as such places go; it is better than the old days, but why reduce at all, why separate, and why have municipal rag pickers and paper sorters as I find in the South End, doing work that is fearfully unsanitary? No woman or man should be allowed to stand all day in a closed room shaking dirty, dusty papers as I find them doing in the separation plant. Such separation should be made before waste leaves the street.

"There is a false economy when a city pays $175,000 a year, as I understand Boston does, for the reduction of waste by an outside company.

"It is my belief, after making a study of disposal methods both in this country and abroad, that the only thing absolutely commendable is the incinerating method, where ashes, garbage and everything the householder throws in his barrels, except rags, of course, old iron and metal articles, should be burned up in so hot a furnace that even the odor is consumed.

"I know an ideal plant in a small German city where the incinerator stands in the middle of the business section housed in a building beautiful and sweet, as well as clean.

"With the addition of very little fuel, even the burned, and from the heat thus produced enough power is generated to run the trolleys. Think of it! No odor, no flies, no germ-laden dust, and power generated to take citizens to the parks and to the country for their holidays.

"As a last word to New England women, let me say, 'Get your vote,' and then show the men, who may be willing, but lacking in housekeeping imagination, what it means to have a clean, sanitary city without dumps, separating plants, flies, disease and high death rate."

Bostonians to See Fenway Court

Mrs. John L. Gardner's palatial home, Fenway Court, will be open to the public during this week beginning March 29, excepting Good Friday, and will also be open the first three days of the following week. The hours are from noon until 5 p. m.

Much interest is certain to be manifested in this opening of the Court, after having been closed so many months, during which time various alterations have occurred. The outside walls of the structure are unchanged, but the famous music room has been abolished and in its place is the most beautiful room devoted to Flemish tapestries. This room is so enormous and impressive, in its greatness, embellished by its priceless tapestries, that one is very much overwhelmed by its stately grandeur.

CLUB WOMEN PLAN MANY MEETINGS

The March calendar of the Massachusetts Federation of Women's Clubs announces an art conference next Wednesday morning in the Boston Museum of Fine Arts with Mrs. Helen A. Whittier as chairman.

On Monday, March 15, at 2:30 p. m. an Industrial and Social Conditions conference will be held at Temple Israel, at which Miss Julia C. Lathrop will speak.

Mrs. Maud Wood Park will discuss "Preparation for Citizenship" at the Education conference in High School Hall, Whitman, March 18 at 2 p. m.

The president's conference at Salem is scheduled for March 25, and a talk by Dr. Josi P. Goldwater on "Women's Costumes" for March 26 in Perkins Hall, No. 264 Boylston street.

At the art conference of the Lynn Women's clubhouse at Lynn, March 30, Mrs. Cyrus F. Dallin will talk on "A Motor Trip to the Arts and Crafts Centres of New England." Mrs. Frances R. Nickerson on "The Value of a Jury," and Miss Anna Mayhew Hathaway on "Art in Needlework, Basketry and Pottery." The chairman will be Helen A. Whittier.

On Wednesday, March 31, at 2:30 p. m. Herbert A. Weaver, principal of the High School of Practical Arts, will speak for the Home Economics Conference at the High School of Practical Arts, Roxbury. Mrs. Schuyler F. Herroy, the chairman, also will speak.

Lenten Musicales and Lectures

Last Monday morning Mrs. Alexander Martin of Beacon street opened her residence for the first of a series of Lenten lectures by Miss Helen A. Clarke of the Poet Lore Magazine. The general subject of the lectures is "Personal Influences of the Day." Monday morning's subject was "Browning, Erickson and Ibsen."

The New England Peabody Home for Crippled Children has been selected for Lenten philanthropic interest.

Wednesday morning at the Copley-Plaza, Mme. Gertrude Ryder King and Everett S. Gilnes gave a recital to aid the surgical tuberculosis and "sun treatment" departments of that institution.

The long list of patronesses were headed by Mrs. Oliver Ames, Mrs. F. R. Kellog of Beacon street, Brookline, arranged the affair.

Thursday afternoon at the Copley-Plaza the first in the series of Lenten recitals for the benefit of the Hillside Farm School and Home for Orphan and Unfortunate Children was given.

The artists included Nicola Ouliukanoff, Russian baritone; Mme. Wilhelmina Calvert, dramatic soprano; Miss Grace Hamlin, mezzo contralto; Wm. F. Dodge, violin virtuoso; Carl W. Dodge, cellist; Ernest W. Harrison and Wm. Weston, accompanists.

There was a long list of prominent patronesses headed by Hon. and Mrs. Curtis Guild.

BRIGHTON EQUAL SUFFRAGE SESSION

The Brighton and Allston Suffrage League will hold its monthly meeting tomorrow at 3 p. m., in Allston Hall.

Representative George A. Chamberlain of Springfield will be one of the speakers. Another speaker, from Australia, will relate some of her experiences in that country where women enjoy the voting privilege.

AUTHOR TO READ FROM OWN WORK

Mrs. John Lyman Porter of Cambridge, author of the Pollyanna books, will give a reading from her own writings for the Women's City Club tomorrow at 11 a. m.

Club night is notable this week for the presence of Frederick Vining Fisher, who is official representative of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, and who will give an illustrated talk on the attractions of the fairs at San Francisco and San Diego. The lecture will be given in the trellis room at 8 o'clock, and is exclusive to members only. As on other club nights, no guests will be admitted to the dining rooms.

The first of a course of ten conferences on "Organization and Parliamentary Law" to be given by Mrs. G. W. Pfeiffer occurs on Tuesday afternoon at 4:30 in the clubhouse. Practice in the conduct of meetings will be included in this course.

Herbert W. Smith, baritone, will illustrate Mr. Gideon's opera talk on Louise Tuesday afternoon in Pilgrim Hall.

Friday is guest day, there being two this month, as last. Guests accompanying members or bearing guest cards will be permitted to inspect the clubhouse throughout the day and evening.

Boston Guests at Pinehurst Ball

PINEHURST, N. C., March 6.—Many Boston and New England guests participated in the fancy dress ball on Carolina, which ended early today after a night of dancing with a midnight supper to break the dance numbers. Many elaborate costumes, ordered from New York, Paris and Boston, were worn. H. H. [illegible] of Cleveland and others in [illegible] were received [illegible] and [illegible] thanks of the guests for a delightful time.

Among the northern guests who registered recently at the Carolina are Mr. and Mrs. John G. Nicholson of New Bedford, Mr. and Mrs. George Murphy of Boston, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Lesh of Boston, Mrs. W. F. Bean of Brockton, S. Harold Greene, John Brooks and H. Newton Marshall of Boston, John W. Bristol and Thomas Hooker, the New Haven golfers; Mrs. Daniel Simonds of Pittsburg, W. M. Lyle of Worcester, Rufus J. Hooker of Springfield and Jesse P. Guildford of Mayflower, N. H.

Among the recent arrivals, too, at the Carolina, were Annie H. Duke, Miss Mary Duke and Miss Ella Faville of New York and Miss Cordelia Hicks of Philadelphia, Mr. Duke's fiancee.

New additions on the Holly Inn registry include Mrs. Cora L. Cutler of Boston, who will be here through the month; Mr. and Mrs. Sanders W. Hart and Miss Katherine Osborn of New York, and J. J. and H. M. Doherty of Boston.

S. M. and C. C. Crockett of Boston and L. J. Barrier and son of Providence are at the Lexington.

The annual dinner of the Tin Whistle Club, that genial golfers' coterie, is set for March 9.

The coming week will be busy with the golf tournament dates. Monday opens with the team match and dinner of the Tin Whistles. Tuesday brings the "swatfest" and match play of the Silver Foils tournament. The next day will see the mixed foursome of the Silver Foils, with putting contest on Saturday.

Country Club tennis runs all the week with the club championship tournament.

Recent arrivals include Rufus Chapin, Frank Phelps and Eugene Lyman of the Mt. Tom Golf Club of Holyoke, Mass., as house guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Hoyston at Fernleigh.

OPEN ANTI SUFFRAGE CAMPAIGN

Anti-suffrage organizations all over the State, under the supervision of the Boston headquarters officers, have launched their campaign. Miss Dorothy Godfrey is in charge of the organization work.

In Boston there will be talks before social and civic bodies and teas and other gatherings, including many fashionable events at which women prominent in society will play a part, either as hostesses or as speakers.

Mrs. A. J. George will be prominent on the stump for the anti cause.

MANY COLLEGE GIRLS ANTIS.

Anti-suffrage [illegible] are being rapidly formed and the definite assistance of the [illegible] has been arranged by the headquarters officials.

College girl associations have joined in the fight against the suffrage crusade, many in fact [illegible] Boston [illegible] New England institutions [illegible] learning for women being ready to take a definite part in the special [illegible] Miss Flora Bell, [illegible] of the [illegible] Club, is [illegible] work in the Cambridge [illegible] work.

The central headquarters of the [illegible] will be on the sixth floor of the [illegible] Building at No. 584 Washington street.

The [illegible] room [illegible] [illegible] will be [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] apartment will [illegible] in the ground floor apartment, formerly used by the Public Interest League in making garments for the relief of the war victims in Europe. [illegible] will [illegible] also [illegible] rooms 308 and 309 of the building.

The Red Cross Relief Association reports that since the [illegible] war began the anti-war [illegible] Emergency [illegible] and 18,500 bandages, and that 21 [illegible] have been received [illegible] for the aid of the injured in the war. It reports that $8,000 also has been raised for the relief of the Polish victims of the war.

The May meeting of the Current Events [illegible] connected with the Jamaica Plain Anti-Suffrage Association, will be held at the home of Miss Frances Goodwin on Centre street, tomorrow, at 3 o'clock.

The first speaker of the afternoon will be Miss E. C. Post on "What the Association is Doing and Why." Her address will be followed by that of Mrs. Horace Davis of Brookline, who will [illegible] speak briefly on "Why anti-suffrage would not only be a great loss economically to the fundamental interests of humanity, diverting her activities from their natural and necessary fields to one already receiving its rightful attention, and would be a great injury to the proposed interests themselves.

The work of the anti-suffrage association consists in collecting facts and statistics, personal letters, etc., from the places where woman's suffrage has been tried. In order that the members shall be well informed on these subjects, all persons are welcome to the meetings. The executive committee desires the public to be informed thoroughly before the matter is submitted to the voters of the State at the next election day.

Information concerning the Anti-Suffrage Association may be had from any one of that committee, which consists of the following ladies: Mrs. Robert M. Morse, Mrs. Frances Goodwin, Mrs. Herbert L. Harding, Mrs. David S. Greenough, Mrs. John S. Dane, Mrs. DeForest Lockwood, Mrs. Frank B. Lawler, Mrs. John L. Jenkins, Mrs. Williams Rooney, Mrs. Winthrop C. Durfee, Mrs. Richard Devens, Mrs. Daniel D. Lee, Miss Walter Durfee, Mrs. Ira C. Hersey, Mrs. Theobold Smith, Mrs. Frederic L. Hill, Mrs. John H. Lyons, Mrs. E. N. Hill, Miss Maud Sampson, Mrs. S. W. Andrew, Mrs. Charles G. Perry, Miss Anna Weld, Miss Corrinne Wallis, Miss Grace Hiller, Mrs. Francis N. Balch, Miss Lucy Swan, Miss Anna P. Greenough, Mrs. George W. Wickersham, Mrs. Charles B. Perkins, Miss Anne Balch, chairman.

Mrs. Augustin H. Parker and Mrs. Henry Preston White of the executive committee are in charge of arrangements for an anti-suffrage luncheon to be given at the Hotel Somerset, Tuesday, April 20, at 1 o'clock before the annual meeting, which will convene at 3 o'clock.

TO REPEAT PLAY AT DORCHESTER

The Dorchester Woman's Club will repeat "Miss Jane" next Wednesday at the clubrooms.

HEIRLOOMS FOR THE FETE OF FASHION

The fashion fete, to be given at the Toy Theatre on March 16, with a matinee the following day, Wednesday, at 2 p. m., promises to prove one of the most picturesque entertainments given by Boston society matrons and girls this season.

The costumes worn by members of the Vincent Club, this Winter's debutantes and prominent society women will [illegible] styles ranging from 1810 to the present time and consist of rare and beautiful heirlooms loaned from many of the Boston old family collections.

Every costume of the hundred and more society performers is a bona fide gown of the period which it typifies and was worn in that period, many at fetes, balls and social gatherings of national importance. Society girls from other cities will also take part.

One group will be entitled "The Brides", in which the bride of 1811 will exist upon three of the succeeding cycles of fashion down to the present time. Games, music, tea parties and dancing parties of the past century will be presented, as well as the corresponding costumes of different periods worn by the participants.

The musical feature [illegible] are divided in groups as follows.

First Group—1810-1825. Mrs. [illegible] Mrs. Robert Haycraft, chairman. Violin, Miss Marie Nichols. Harpsichord, Mrs. Emmett Welch. Gowns worn by the Misses Bancroft, Amy Peirce, Alice Dailey, Helen Thomas, Margaret Bennett, Mary Lord, Mary Lord, Josephine Johnson, Pauline and Katherine Bell. The gown of the gowns loaned by Mrs. Haycraft, were worn in Philadelphia when it was the capital of the nation. Reading, one lent by Mrs. Pollard, was worn at the inauguration of President [illegible]

Second Group—1826-1845. Current [illegible] Miss M. [illegible] Porter, chairman. Dances by the Misses Dorothy Howard, Pauline Boston, Mary Nash, Mary Greenough and the Misses Julied and Elise Robins. Gowns worn by Mrs. Dudley, Mrs. Fisher Nesmith, the Misses Frazier, Miss Annie Lamb, Miss Alice Lee.

Third Group—1846-1865—Singing school, day by Mr. Manney. Chairman, Miss Marjorie Crocker. Gowns worn by Mrs. Dudley Howe, Mrs. Charles F. Greenough, 21 in Misses Marian Weld, Rosemond Elliot, Margaret Bradley, R. Elliot, Post, R. Lamb, Mary Vaughn, Georgia Loomis, Mrs. Greeley Curtis, Mrs. Neal Rantoul, Mrs. Vaughan, Mrs. C. Putnam, Mrs. Lockwood, Mrs. W. C. Rantoul.

Fourth Group—1866-1878—Crinoline period. Chairman, Miss Marjorie Crocker. Songs by Mrs. Anne Roberts Barker.

Fifth group, 1878-1887. Card party. Mrs. R. S. Bradley, chairman.

Sixth group, 1888-1900—Afternoon tea party. Mrs. S. J. Minter, chairman. Gowns worn by Mrs. Austin Wadsworth, the Misses Augusta Converse, Dorothy and Isabella and Elizabeth Councilman, Rebecca Lord, Hilda Greenleaf, Anne Williams, Nancy Hubbard, Helen Cushing, Caroline Foster, Julia Conolides, Emily Thomas, Esther Hosmer, Mrs. Robert Dodge.

Seventh group, 1900-1914—Dressmaking establishment. Mrs. J. Tucker Burr, chairman. Head of establishment, Mr. G. Harrison Griffin.

Eighth group—Brides in wedding gowns of the century. Mrs. Brad ley, chairman.

Ninth group—Gowns of today garden party. Mrs. S. Reed Athenoy, chairman.

Tickets are on sale at Herricks beginning tomorrow and at the Toy Theatre.

Mrs. Longyear Honors Enneking

Yesterday at the Copley-Plaza Mrs. J. H. Longyear of Leicester street, Brookline, gave a breakfast in honor of Mrs. Enneking, the noted landscape artist, and Mrs. Enneking. It was in honor of the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage.

Invitations were issued to 200 artist friends of Mr. Enneking.

Mrs. Enneking, wife of the artist, has recently been honored with the presidency of the Daughters of Maine Club.

Since 1868 Mr. and Mrs. Enneking have resided at Webster Square, Boston. They have traveled abroad extensively, sojourning in Munich, Paris and Venice.

WETHERN'S FIRST SPRING EXHIBIT OF Paris Model Hats

Untrimmed Hats, Flowers, Wings, Feathers and Veils, bought by our representative while in Paris this season.

WE might add that we were the only exclusively Millinery House in Boston represented in Paris this season.

THROUGH the courtesy of Mr. ANDREAS DIPPEL, manager of the LILAC DOMINO COMPANY

Now playing at the Majestic Theatre, Miss Evelyn Endicott and Miss Serina Sears will promenade in this store

On Monday and Tuesday . . . March 8th and 9th

FROM 10 O'CLOCK UNTIL NOON AND FROM 2 O'CLOCK UNTIL 4

Giving the women of Boston an opportunity to see our new hats, posed on the head as they should be worn. The promenades will be the fashionable events of the week.

Gowns worn furnished by the F. P. O'Connor Co.

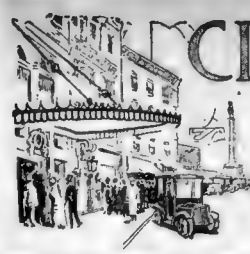
Temple Place West Street

The price of SAVON CALDAM The Great French Complexion Soap Has been reduced to 25 Cents A Cake At all Dept. and Drug Stores

Gen. Von Bernhardi Denounces His Critics

Famous German Military Writer Explains the Purpose of His Writings and Throws New Light on Germany's Present and Future, in : : : : : : :

Next Sunday's American



CITY LIFE and DRAMATIC SECTION OF THE BOSTON Sunday American

Seeing Junkville

By T. E. Powers, the Famous Cartoonist

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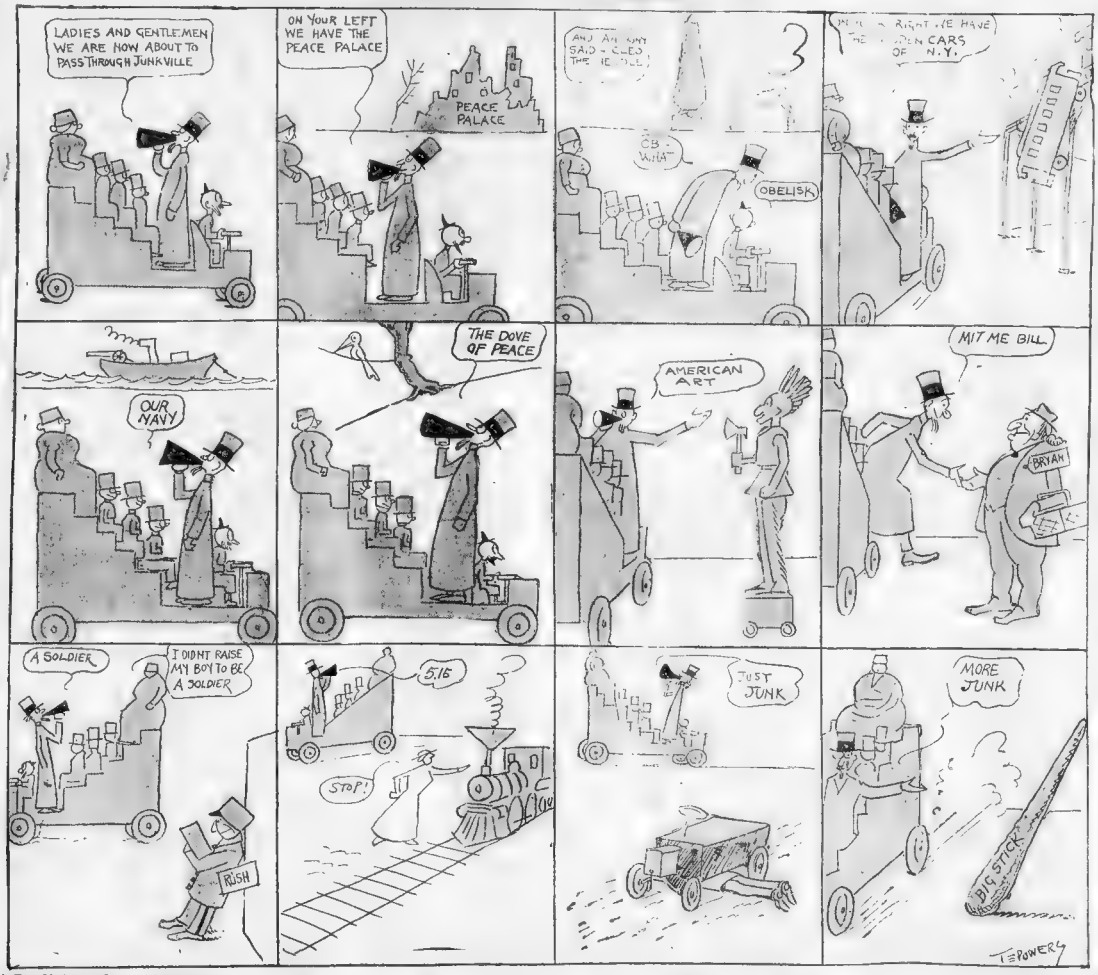

Laughs in the News

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A WINSTED (Ct.) company is making six million feet of fuse for Russia

That's just about the proper length for a fuse for most of us when a bomb comes our way.

A Yonkers woman is suing her husband for divorce because he hit her every time a mosquito bit the baby.

Fortunately she didn't live in New Jersey.

"China replies to Japan."—Headline

But who could understand it?

"Suicide in Ocean," is a recent newspaper headline.

About all to be said on that subject is that there is plenty of room there for that sort of thing

"Girls needs $3,000 a year," according to a recent news item.

If she didn't she'd be some curiosity.

Just one little two-letter word in a recent New Jersey will gave a couple a $500,000 fortune.

It wasn't a woman who made the will.

John L. Sullivan is trying to discourage people from boxing.

But this is John Lee Sullivan of Chautauqua County, N. Y., not John Lawrence, the "Roxbury Boy." And, by the way, the real John L. did a great deal to discourage boxing, at least on the part of many who tried to box with him.

A Binghamton husband went out to get some groceries for his wife twenty-one years ago and came back for the first time the other day, bringing the groceries

The chances are his wife gave him too large a bill to get changed—a $5, or perhaps a $10. One would scarcely expect a man to come back under such circumstances

A Chicago housemaid met a burglar in the hall. He told her to go upstairs, and she did so, while he went after the dining room silver. But the girl came right down again with a big revolver and captured the burglar.

Why didn't the chump tell her to stay upstairs?

A law has been passed down in Texas forbidding anyone from carrying firearms while attending church.

These Westerners are getting rather orthodox, it seems

A Chicago professor has just said that poor sight makes criminals. Probably they cannot see the straight and narrow path.

All the way from Kurnmont (wherever that is), Pa., comes a news item bearing this headline: "Girl wouldn't wed without a necklace"

Modest girl. She simply would wear something

The papers say there is a man in Petersburg, Mo., who has a four-legged duck that barks like a dog

That's nothing—there was a man in New York who had a lot of white mice with pink feathers and wings that could sing the latest songs but the man woke up.

There was a Detroit woman who discovered, at the altar, that the man she was to wed had a glass eye, and she ran away and left him. But he got an eighteen-year-old bride a week later

And the eighteen-year-old will walk on his blind side all his life.

Out in Wilmington, O., one simple little marriage ceremony united six couples in the more or less holy bonds of wedlock

"Behold how much trouble a few words stirreth"

A certain well-known comic weekly turned over its entire edition the other day to the suffragists

At last it is a really funny periodical

"Hotel bell boy stumbles over a $10,000 bracelet

Perfectly good headline, too. Almost anyone would fall for ten thousand dollars.

How to Keep Hens

By Hen Cooper

Mr. Cooper [illegible] Henology, will [illegible] department on [illegible] hens and [illegible] also [illegible]

ADVICE TO BEGINNERS

THERE are, of course, many ways to keep hens, but there is only one way to keep them [illegible] and that is to

If you live in a city apartment you can keep hens in the refrigerator. But they should be dressed, as it is cold in there.

If you have a yard you should succeed very nicely with your hens. If your neighbors have yards you will be even more successful

Feed your hens at least twice a day. No one has ever yet succeeded in making any profit keeping hens without feeding them

SELECTING BREEDS

A cold storage hen lays no eggs

A live hen is far more likely to do this. But remember that's the only thing hen provides no breakfast food.

Some prefer Plymouth Rocks. These ought to be HARDy. Others prefer Wyandottes. If you are wise you will select the following breeds "Laywell," Keep Busy," "Willing Workers," "Layerines" and the like. The guaranteed for a hen is one egg per diem. There are some hens that lay two or three eggs a day, but so far as actual proof goes, they never lay them anywhere except in newspapers.

All roosters and no hens makes a valiant egg basket

All hens and no roosters makes a dull henyard.

For layers get pullets. When a hen becomes real old and henny she is too busy cackling about past performances to help increase the egg census.

THE HEN HOUSE.

A henhouse, or, to be more refined about it, a hen's residence, is quite important. Never buy a lot of hens until you are able to surround them with a well-lighted, well-ventilated, well-guarded henhouse.

The proper henhouse is full of little nooks and cozy corners and turns and alcoves and other hiding places. These are important, as they enable the hens to lay for you.

Some people make a big mistake in furnishing a henhouse. Do not provide beds for them. Even twin beds are no help in the matter of double-yolked eggs

A hen, like a policeman, messenger boy and waiter, goes to sleep standing up.

Remember that a hen works sitting down and rests standing up. There should be enough nests in the henhouse so that each hen has one. The hen's bedroom, which is a long, smooth pole about three feet from the ground, horizontally, should be about three feet from the longest arm's reach through the henhouse windows.

THE CARE OF HENS.

If the weather is extremely cold, provide ear muffs for them. This will keep you very busy for a long while, as a hen has no visible ears. But they will appreciate your good intentions

Even in the dampest weather, never equip your hens with rubber boots, else they will think they can break their eggs in the nest and walk around without getting their feet wet.

Always provide a big box of sand. Hens need sand. It certainly takes sand to keep on laying an egg every day and hating some one hovering nearby to grab it with an exultant yell and dash out and exchange it for an automobile or something.

HOW TO MAKE HENS LAY.

This is important. In fact, one of the noblest—and rarest—of a hen's deeds is to crawl off into a lonesome nest and provide the crowning glory of a slice of toast.

Wire your henhouse for electricity. Put in a couple of lights possible. Just outside the windows put some lights with pink bulbs. The modus operandi, and also the way it works, is as simple as a censored war dispatch. About 1 a. m. each morning get up and switch on the pink lights. The roosters will see this and, thinking it is dawn, begin to crow. A rooster always crows about the work the hens do. Then switch on the bright lights in the henhouse. Pretty soon, thinking it is day, the hens will crawl into their nests and lay eggs. Then slowly switch out light after light. The hens will think night is coming again and they'll climb back on their roosts and go to sleep. In this manner you double your profits, or losses, as the case may be.

A less expensive way to make hens lay and one that was never known to fail, is to tie their legs together

They've simply got to lay, then.

Of course, the longest and steadiest and most [illegible] are cold storage hens.

FEEDING THE HENS

Elsewhere I have made brief mention that hens must be fed. Please take this seriously. It is no joke.

It is no joke either way. If you do not feed them it is no joke for the hens. If you do feed them it is no joke when the grain bills come in.

At the present price of wheat and other grain, it would seem that it would be cheaper to buy breakfast foods put up in boxes. This is not true. You will never succeed with your hens by trying to feed them breakfast foods, because all hens need a little nourishment.

By taking a six-cent loaf of bread and mixing it with twelve cents worth of milk and feeding it to a hen, you can induce her, every day or so, to lay an egg that, during the first few weeks of its existence, will be worth anywhere from four to eight cents. Always keep a pad of paper and a pencil in the henhouse in order to figure out your profits.

Be sure and keep it in the henhouse, as your own home is no place to make remarks that will involuntarily follow this example in profit and loss. (The word "profit" is silent, as in matrimony.)

Hens need grit. You can buy it all prepared, or you can grind up that pink and blue vase you got for a wedding present, and use that.

A hen will eat almost anything. That's the great trouble—a hen has scarcely any more brains when dining than a human has at a banquet. Nine cents of the things a hen will eat are not good for her. The tenth tenth is very expensive.

Hens are very fond of liver, sirloin steak, fresh fish, pate de foie gras, caviar, fruit cake, fresh oysters, lobster salad, hothouse lettuce, etc.

If any of your folks keep hens and begin to feed them on that diet, go out and board with the hens.

The subject of poultry keeping has been touched very lightly thus far, although it is a most touching subject. This little chat is designed to interest you in the poultry business. Next week we will go into details about making a henyard, building a henhouse and [illegible] the psychology of hens.

They Tangle the Affairs of Men in "The Third Party"

MATTIE KANE AS HARRIET HAXWELL
"CHRISTOPHER POTTINGER" IN THE SHAPE OF WALTER JONES
"MAMA—SNOW WHITE AND THE SEVEN DWARFS"
I MUST HAVE A PRIVATE ROOM
ALMA BELLIN AS DORIS MAYNE
GEO. GASTON AS ADMIRAL MAXWELL AND MARIE MAXWELL
HARVIE MAXWELL
TAYLOR HOLMES DELIVERING AN ORATION ON THE EAR OF JONES
THE HARD WORKING MAN RESTS FOR A FEW MOMENTS
MORAN
MARJORIE WOOD AS MISS GASTHORPE
BOOTS! BOOTS! BOOTS!
ISN'T SHE A PEACHERINO
I'M A DETECTIVE MADAM
THE ONLY WAY TO GET RID OF A VAMPIRE
MARJORIE WOOD HAD A HUNCH TO HOLD ON MR. JONES'S OVERCOAT "ALIBI" HAS I'VE GONE MAD
JONES
HOLMES
TAYLOR HOLMES AS HILLIARD CHESTER "LIAR."
TAYLOR HOLMES IN CLASSIC POSES

At last it was [illegible] that a gentleman may lift himself from the floor by the simple process of pulling up hard on his boot straps.

[illegible] and Mrs. Cazzaza fell in. He and Mrs. Cazzaza was wash'l and Christopher Pottinger, a mirage, [illegible] M. P., were congratulating themselves with laughter, that sweet Mrs. Pottinger would [illegible] see through the mess. So they laughed again and heartily, and Mrs. Pottinger came in.

It was hospitality interested!

Cazzaza is asked to tell what they are laughing at. Desperately—for he can't tell the truth—Cazzaza says it was a story, and Mrs. Pottinger said: "Tell it to me."

And Mr. Cazzaza grabs his metaphorical horse and starts to lift.

Cazzaza: "I have a funny story right now."

Pottinger: "Really, a funny story?"

Cazzaza: "Yes, a wonderfully witty story I am [illegible] Pottinger will laugh, just as Pottinger and Cazzaza and Mrs. Cazzaza (supposed-to-be) were laughing.

Cazzaza makes a false start by pleading: "I never could tell that kind of a story." Mrs. Pottinger and Mrs. Cazzaza give horrified gasps. A the hideous inference thus unfolded Cazzaza grimaces—Taylor Holmes has some of the most facial expressions ever limned on the human [illegible] and stumbles into a second start.

"You was a lady in bathing and—and—and Heroically Cazzaza tries to make up a story as he goes along. Walter Jones—the errant Pottinger—watches in dumb agony. Cazzaza tugs and tugs at his rhetorical bootstraps, but the story won't lift.

Laughing laughs as Cazzaza's struggles proceed. Cazzaza stutters. Taylor Holmes [illegible] to the correspondence course in [illegible] and he falls to it when he [illegible] to the stammering point.

Mrs. Pottinger is waiting, with patient sufferance.

Cazzaza comes to a perfectly pointless finish, smiles, then laughs loudly and assumes a triumphant air, as of one who had told a howler piece of wit.

Meanwhile Pottinger is lunching on Cazzaza's wife and hoping by some heaven-sent inspiration Cazzaza will tell something approaching a laugh.

Instead would Pottinger slay Cazzaza. Pottinger is suspicious of Cazzaza from the start—during the preceding [illegible] dinner at the Restaurant Regale and the rules [illegible] which the house kindly [illegible] term of a waiter who did not [illegible].

It was the nimble Holmes, lurking in the restaurant, who scented the wicked chance and let Pottinger mistake him for one of those kindly hostess. Mrs. Cazzaza is ready to fly or faint or fight.

Wildly Cazzaza runs from one difficulty into another. Pottinger is reduced to a nervous wreck. If there ever was a victim of circumstances, it is Pottinger.

Walter Jones, by the way, has been a real victim of suspicious circumstances. He entertained a prominent Boston newspaper man at dinner when he was here last year and the p. B. n. found his pocket had been picked of $30. He had to be a prominent newspaper man or he wouldn't have had $30.

"Anyhow," said Walter when explaining later, it was just my darned luck. Why couldn't he have been dining with Holmes."

Getting back to the Cazzazas' preparations for the night. They aren't man and wife, and they can't tell Mrs. Pottinger and the others. For that would make them look like ill-regulated people, and it would make things awfully bad for Pottinger. If this were not enough, the girl whom Cazzaza hopes to marry is in the house party, of course, and she is perfectly willing to go right up through the roof every time Cazzaza kisses his "wife."

And, moreover, the local magistrate, whose chief indoor sport is sending improper people to jail, is there and he recognizes Mrs. Cazzaza and so has a few burning ideas of his own, and outside of these annoyances the Cazzazas and Pottinger are ridiculously happy.

Cazzaza becomes so frazzled that, when he attempts a brandy and soda, he squirts the soda into Walter Jones' ample personality and the scenery in general. Some day Taylor Holmes will miscue with that soda siphon and Row A will be a bath. But up to date the audience has giggled safely.

Pottinger has a brilliant idea, a colossal scheme. He will make the fireplace smoke in Mrs. Cazzaza's room. Mrs. Cazzaza is rabid for anything that will put the room out of commission. With stupendous stealth Pottinger smuggles the directory of the dictionary or some bulky book into the chamber and plugs the flue.

This literary expedient produces volumes of smoke results and a tremendous clatter ensues, under cover of which the Cazzazas vanish and matters are righted.

The inequities of Cazzaza, as acted by the versatile Holmes and as seconded by the unclubbed Pottinger, make "The Third Party" [illegible] merriment.

It is farce, pure and simple, but carried along deftly by the comedy gifts of the Holmes Jones combine, aided and abetted by the competent company.

Have a Laugh with Charlie Waldron, but Pirates Beware!

MORE TO COME
MR. WALDRON HAS A FIXED POST JUST BEYOND THE TICKET TAKER. (NOT THAT HE DOESN'T TRUST THE MAN)
CHARLIE WALDRON
TAP TAP
LOVE CLUB
HOME
JANE PEARSON
A FEW OF THE GIRLS
CLARK IS COMPELLED TO DO SENTRY DUTY TO PROTECT HIS SONGS AND CHORUS GIRLS
HOME TIES ARE OFTEN BINDING EVEN TO MEMBERS OF A "LOVE CLUB"

By HARLOW HARE.

A few nights ago a group of business men sat in the beautiful lounge of the new Boston City Club and discussed their after-dinner cigars. It was getting on towards 8 o'clock, and somebody suggested a show.

"Where shall we go?"

"Nothing serious."

"A funny show."

"A girl show."

"Bernard Shaw perhaps."

"I want to go somewhere to see a show full of low comedy. I want to laugh out loud and I want to see lots of girls," declared the last of the group.

"Then we'd better go down to Charlie Waldron."

That's what they used to say when Waldron ran the old Palace, and they still say it now that he operates a huge and pretentious theatre, a veritable palace of burlesque on Hanover street.

So down to Waldron's Casino Theatre they went, and found more than two thousand others, among whom was a fair proportion of women. They saw Waldron's automobile waiting outside, a resplendent limousine. They were handed a program bearing Waldron's visage upon the cover, and they saw Waldron himself standing inside the door beaming broadly and greeting friends.

In the good old days of the theatre he [illegible] used to have a regular post just beyond the ticket taker, where he could personally greet his patrons, and, incidentally, see that there was no collusion between the doorkeeper who took the tickets and the box office man who sells them.

Now that great syndicates own the theatres, the presence of mine host, the theatre proprietor, seldom graces the performances, but Waldron is an old-timer, and he is a stays on the job.

Waldron, big, curly-haired and genial, means a good deal in burlesque. He owns his own theatre, and he owns a show which goes over the burlesque wheel. He is one of the directors in the Columbia Amusement Company, which owns and manipulates all the burlesque theatres and burlesque shows in the country.

He was one of the first men to declare that the nasty burlesque show which no decent person could afford to attend must go, and to demand that visiting managers clean up their shows so that respectable women might attend performances.

Waldron read the signs of the times, and he is able to build and operate a splendid theatre like the Casino, while his contemporaries of twenty years ago, who refused to see that the public was turning its back upon the dirty show, are low down and out.

Of course a burlesque show is primarily a man's show. That's why the most important feature is the feminine feature. Whatever else may be lacking in a burlesque show it must have plenty of good looking girls or it won't go.

The Columbia Amusement Company insists upon good looking and youthful girls upon penalty of loss of franchise. Most people do not know that the burlesque wheel is operated like a baseball league, that each show has a franchise which is retained during good behavior, and they play each town on a regular schedule.

One celebrated burlesque show lost its franchise several seasons ago because its owner decided to put it into a Broadway house as a musical comedy at high prices two years ago. The burlesque houses objected to its attracting from the fold, and it was permanently ejected from the circuit.

The show this week at Waldron's happens to be Clark's Royal Burlesquers, which is put out by the P. S. Clark Amusement Company. The management announces it to be a two-act musical vehicle full of humor, constructed for laughing purposes only. See! This contrasts with shows like Dave Marion's, where they cling in a little pathos just to furnish variety. Clark's show is intended to be funny. That is it is constructed upon the old-fashioned burlesque lines.

The title of the burlesque itself is "The Love Club." The club is just what its title indicates, an association where any member is allowed to make love to any other member, up to a certain degree of earnestness, of course.

There are three comedians in "The Love Club" Rudolph Sauer, a German; Daniel Coogan, an Irishman, and Izzy Shimanick, a Jew. These three gentlemen are very tolerant. They have a certain amount of race prejudice, but it doesn't prevent them from being on quasi-friendly terms.

The Irishman and the German despise each other profoundly, but aside from this they are pals. Of course, the Irishman is continually making a butt of the Dutchman, and they indulge in half a dozen fights during the course of the evening. The Jew is also admitted to their companionship, but he has to submit to frequent assaults from both the allies. These three gents are the moving spirits of the love club.

If the wheeze of the first two didn't insist upon parading them with a persistence worthy of a better cause, they would undoubtedly have thoroughly enjoyed themselves at the club.

Harry Bentley plays the German and Bert Wiggin the Irishman. The Jew is handled by Harry LeVan. These gentlemen are prominent exponents of the burlesque theory that anything which gets a laugh is art. I assure you that while the elegance of George Cohan or the delicacy of Willie Collier may be lacking in their methods, they get as many laughs.

Jane Pearson and Sarah Hyatt are two good-looking girls, and not a thing can be alleged against them except they are married in the play to the Irishman and Dutchman. Why two such attractive and blooming damsels should be matrimonially allied to such artistes as the above mentioned comedians is one of the mysteries of burlesque. Billie Davies, as Mrs. Sweet, a fascinating widow, is very prominent in the fun-making in the love club.

In the good old days the music of burlesque shows was gathered out of the free air. Every tune which was whistled upon the street was in every show. You could always be sure of hearing all the popular songs and the same old jokes in all the burlesque shows. Nowadays originality is the fashion. Pete Clark, owner of the show, wrote most of the songs in "The Love Club."

His program carries the following expressive note:

"Pirates, beware! The following songs have been written expressly for the show and are the personal property of Peter S. Clark, and are duly copyrighted, and any one using the same will be prosecuted and sent to jail for life and probably hanged. The songs are 'My Irish Maid,' 'Typical Rag,' 'Down at Panama,' 'Copper Colored Squaw,' 'Sweetheart Sue' and 'Look Me Over.'

"Anybody who has courage to snitch any of the above songs will be awarded a Carnegie hero medal and a place in the Hall of Fame. They say that between watching his songs and his chorus girls Clark has to do sentry duty all day and all night. In order to prevent anybody from carrying the melodies away from the theatre, Clark hires three hurdy-gurdies to play three different selections when the audience is coming out, so that those who are whistling the tunes will be confused and be unable to carry them away in their heads.

Oh, by the way, "The Love Club" is one of the few troupes in this country that has a lady stage manager. Miss Mabel Orell has that proud distinction. She is down on the bill as the stage manageress. Miss Orell also appears as Captain Gay, an American soldier, who steps proudly forward wearing the finest figure in burlesque, and to very good music, and leads the Amazon march at the finale of the second act.

In the company are Earl and Marie Gates, the terpsichorean whirlwinds. But they are not the only dancers in the troupe. Mr. Clark has written another note in the program. It says:

"N. B.—The real Barbary Coast dance, as seen in the famous Midway Dance Hall at Peiping, introducing all the ladies. Special attention is called to Misses Hyatt and Mohr, who have danced at the New Orleans Mardi Gras and with the St. Louis Veiled Prophets."

Touchin' On and Appertainin' to Husbands

By T. E. Powers, the Famous Cartoonist

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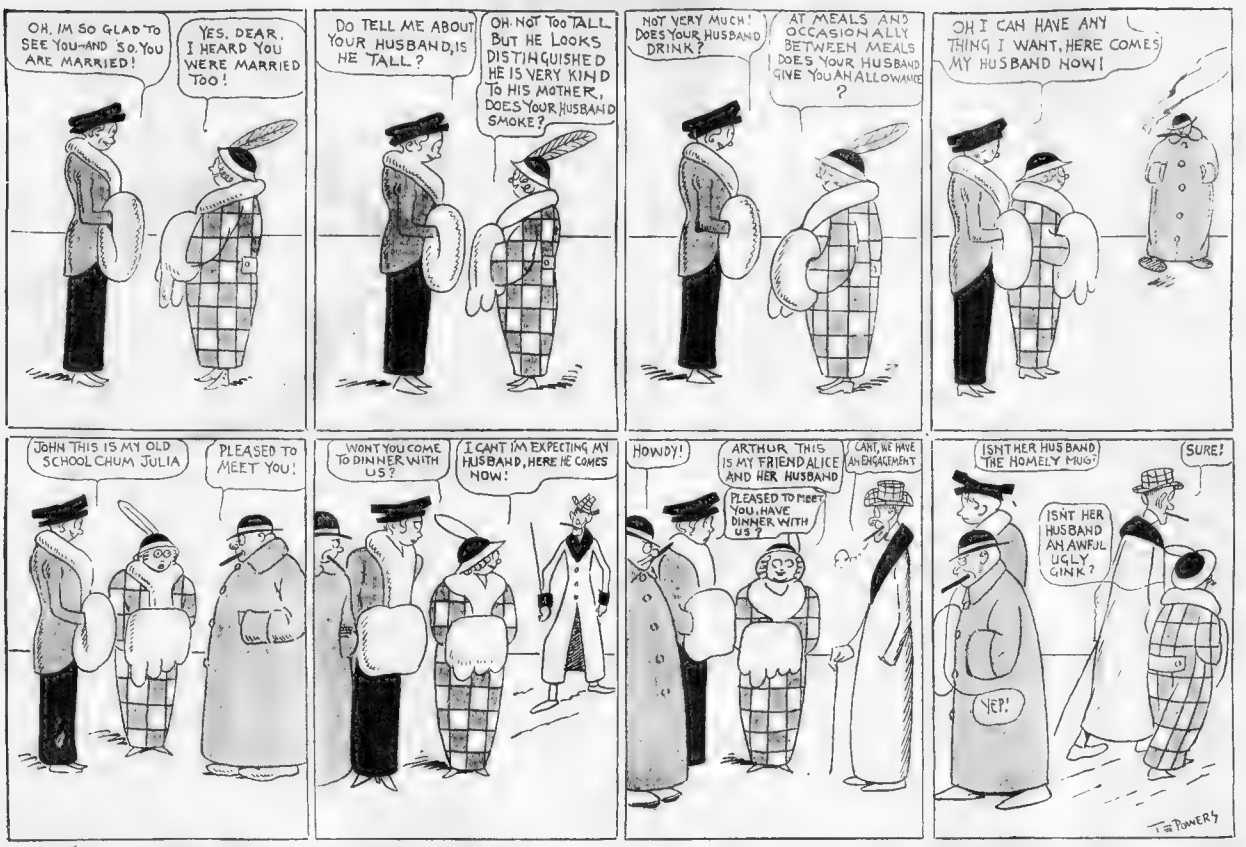

Gen. Grouch—

The Commander-in-Chief of the Pessimists—

Says:

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Most people take their joys [illegible] in a tomorrow.

I know a lawyer [illegible] was impressed the [illegible] he laid down the law, but when I heard his wife lay down [illegible] to him I realized that [illegible] to law he was a piker.

One of the [illegible] things in this world is that women who marry mush[illegible] young men generally divorce them after a year or so.

Just as a man boasts that he hasn't a relative in the world his wife's relatives all pile in on him.

It is silly to lose your heart and fatal to lose your head, and too sad part of it is that you lose your head when you lose your heart.

The girl who fishes for a husband generally [illegible] him, and then she doesn't know [illegible] to get him off the hook.

Once I knew the w[illegible] bath ever. He used to dr[illegible] and whiskey every day. [illegible] I heard of him he was [illegible] rent out, sending [illegible] to a poor neighbor whose [illegible] cradle and had [illegible].

DOMESTIC HAPPINESS. See fetherlarkspurlan and other extinct things.

A male ceases to be a boy after he is twenty-five, but a girl is any marriageable female with a fortune.

The person who said it was never too late to mend was never married and wearing hopeful socks.

If it wasn't for ladies' watches they would never know how late they are.

They say that a man who hasn't enough money to buy something he wants is poor. That isn't poverty. The really poor man is he who wants something money cannot buy.

A skeptic is a man who would like to give the other place the once-over before he steps into heaven.

Never make fun of a boy who wears curls unless he is proud of them.

There are two kinds of poor men—the man who wants something he hasn't the money to buy and the man with money who wants something money won't buy.

It's a Short Channel—

THE MORNING SMILE

Wex Jones, Editor

—That Has No Submarines.

Vol. IV. Boston, Sunday, March 7, 1915. No. 13.

New Smile Invention

Greater Triumph for Our Engineering Experts.

Chicken Raising Simplified Not One Failure with Thousands of Birds.

Millions for the Millions in Improved Style of Poultry Farming.

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To our list of practical inventions for the benefit of our readers we have now added a marcompanying diagram, drawn by the celebrated architectural wellos machine for raising chickens.

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Loss is absolutely barred.

Cast your eye upon the accraughtsman, Hal Coffman.

It shows more clearly than words the operation of this wonderful machine.

Subscribe to the Smile, receive one of these devices free and become a successful poultry raiser.

The Smile's New Invention.

DIABETES

Physicians Using New Remedy With Great Success

$5.00 Package Free

[illegible] no long[illegible] who have [illegible] as [illegible] with [illegible] it at a cost.

As the result of extensive experiments and [illegible] which [illegible] and [illegible] will be [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

DRAMA AND AMUSEMENTS

ADRIENNE MORRISON and RICHARD BENNETT IN "HEARTS ADRIFT" AT THE COURT

GRACE CARLYLE IN "A PAIR OF SIXES" AT THE WILBUR.

FASHION PARADE IN "DANCING AROUND" AT THE SHUBERT

ELEANOR PAINTER IN "THE LILAC DOMINO" AT THE MAJESTIC.

ANN MURDOCK IN "A GIRL OF TODAY" AT THE HOLLIS.

MARY YOUNG IN "COMMON CLAY" AT THE CASTLE SQ.

AGNES ELIOT SCOTT WIN THE HENRY JEWETT HONORS AT THE BOSTON OPERA HOUSE

JANE REARSON AT WALDRON'S CASINO

EDNA PHILLIPS IN "THE THIRD PARTY" AT THE PLYMOUTH.

PRINCESS GUBA MEROFF AT THE GAIETY.

BESSIE WYNN AT B. F. KEITH'S

MONA LIMERICK AS CHITRA, AT THE PLYMOUTH THEATRE MATINEES.

ATTRACTIONS AT THE THEATRES

Shubert Theatre.

"The Lilac Domino" is the opening on "Dancing Around," a first nighter with a friend during the New York engagement with Eleanor Painter and Joseph Cawthorn. The story of "Dancing Around" are Melville Ellis, Mary Boland, Harry Clarke, George Gershwin, Helen Lee, Kitty Doner, Harry Wardwell, Eileen Molyneux, Ella Howard.

The elevated runway will, as usual, be a feature of "Dancing Around," and upon its illuminated surface many sensational novelties will be introduced. There are also dozen splendid scenes shown in "Dancing Around," and one thrilling melodramatic effect which is new to the stage.

The new play will be given with a surging reserve of the heroine by the best in the culminating scene of the first act. There will be

Toy Theatre.

B. F. Keith's Theatre.

Orville Harrold, the greatest American tenors; Waller C. Kelly, the Virginia judge; Bessie Wynn, the lady dainty of vaudeville, and Bobby Matthews, Al Shayne and company will be the four big headliners that

Boston Opera House.

The intimate relation between the Henry Jewett Players and their

Waldron's Casino.

"The Love Club" is the title of the two-act musical extravaganza which will be presented by Peter K. Clark's

PLAYS THAT REMAIN IN TOWN

Majestic Theatre.

Andreas Dippel's clever and beautiful comic opera success, "The Lilac Domino," begins its second big week at the Majestic. Both Miss Painter and Mr. Coudhit, the two stars, whose illness marred the opening, are now back in harness and also singing was never heard in Boston outside grand opera.

Tremont Theatre.

"Good Night, Nurse," Ethel Watts Mumford's three-act farce, has apparently taken Boston by storm. The fun is hilarious from start to finish. Hale Hamilton, Marie Chambers and the rest make up a rattling good company.

Cort Theatre.

Richard Bennett in "Nearly Married" is

Toy Theatre.

Gertrude Kingston and her company

"The Dark

Pascal Burlesquers at Charlesbank

Hollis Street Theatre.

Ann Murdock, the winning and versatile little star of "A Girl of Today," Porter Emerson Brown's pretty and entertaining comedy, begins her second week. Miss Murdock in her latest play appears to have caught on very decidedly.

Plymouth Theatre.

Taylor Holmes and Walter Jones and "The Third Party" seem to have settled down for a run at the Plymouth, the home of long runs. "The Third Party" is a

Wilbur Theatre.

"A Pair of Sixes" shows no sign of a break in its prosperity. It runs along as smoothly as though on ball bearings. Mackintyre, Hardy, Ota Wal-

Castle Square.

"Common Clay" displays more tenacity in holding the public attention than any play yet produced at the Castle Square. Mary Young in one of

Mary Wynn Harris Jackson, Warner and Jane Pearson, Billie Lavelle and Jeanette Mohrs

Gaiety Theatre.

Sincerely and "Blessed be he who can honestly make humanity laugh

and his rousering host of players and Lillian Lorraine's mummy could withstand this

"The Girls from Happyland" is radiant beyond the most sanguine expectations.

The cast is headed by Princess Luba Meroff, who comes direct from a sensational transcontinental vaudeville tour. Frank Harcourt in the one best bet to burlesque and can always be depended on to make the public laugh. Weber and Beehman are known as vaudeville's best entertainers, Nellie Lakewood is an ability a dancer as ever stepped on a stage and the Three Creighton Sisters do an exceptionally clever musical turn.

A chorus of twenty-four notable girls who really sing and dance are also included in the company.

Grand Opera House.

The Jardin De Paris is the name of the liveliest burlesque shows on the circuit that will parade this week with the patrons of the Grand Opera House. This is the company that boasts of pretty girls and has over twenty-five within its ranks. Billy McIntyre, one of Pat McIntyre's and Bob Lee's bright

Howard Athenaeum.

Cora Livingston will be continued

Scollay Square Olympia.

The following carefully selected vaudeville and photo play features will be seen next week at the Scollay Square Olympia Theatre: Six Cornellas, Europes premier gymnastic offering. Burke and Clarke, "Those Clever Comedians." Hickman Bros. & Co., one act comedy playlet, "The Detective Detected." Dayton and Lewis, eccentric comedians. Jack Levy and Symphony Girls in a refined musical offering. Frank Bush, world's greatest story teller, seminary Girls, a miniature musical offering.

The world's great mystery feature, "The Black Box," will be shown here beginning Monday for the first half

Coming Events

Mrs. Leslie Carter

emotional

week in Lowell

will be

Theatre

Mrs. Carter

Kenyon Nicholson

Miss Nesbitt

Monday morning

Kenyon Nicholson

Miss Nesbitt

will be the

theatre

week

Nesbitt

Miss Nesbitt

Miss Nesbitt

Miss

TOUCHING PICTURES

By HARLOW HARE.

[illegible] the Kaiser also all the [illegible] a secret service agent [illegible] movies of the [illegible] Paris picture operators, shoot them on sight.

I have no doubt if the various governments [illegible] to keep up the pictures of [illegible] despite the presence over the [illegible] armies of aeroplanes with hawklike observers making movements of troops known to each side as soon as the war begins.

But they proceed without considering the human element in war. No officer or soldier has any objection to anybody being around watching him become a hero.

To personally appear upon a moving picture screen in the secret session of almost everybody [illegible] a desire. The idea of taking a man [illegible] and showing him [illegible] a well-known [illegible] just as soon as [illegible] him upon the film didn't appeal to anybody in any of the armies from high private up to general.

As the war dragged on and degenerated into skirmishing from entrenchments the armies saw less and less objection to the [illegible] Finally one German general discovered that it would stimulate patriotism at home to show the soldiers winning battles, and immediately the secret of all the soldiers was gratified. Movie men might accompany the armies and make pictures, submitting, of course to a censorship. This it might be perfectly proper for a German picture man to show Germans taking a Russian town [illegible] but if he showed Russians taking a certain trench he was [illegible] and from that part of the film would be deleted by the censor.

So as the war goes on more and more striking pictures are coming from the zone of action.

The latest Hearst-Selig News Pictorial for example shows some pictures made by staff photographer A. F. Walters in East Prussia and Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, the hero of Tannenberg, posed in one picture, the famous "old man of the Lakes," making his first appearance upon the screen. Other scenes show the destruction of Soldau, Germans resting on straw in Lowa to the wounded being shipped, thousands of Russian prisoners trudging towards the German concentration camps through the deep snow, and other striking scenes.

These pictures and others like them are the foundation of future history books that we could see today Washington crossing the Delaware, Napoleon [illegible] Lee at Appomattox or any of the great events of the past that we have read from books. The [illegible] of all, however, will be that of the Kaiser and Joffre, the Kaiser and the King of England, the Kaiser and the Czar, and the big guns actually speaking [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

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A Veritable Avalanche of Fun, Melody and Novelty
THE STAR CAST

Harry Bentley — Bert Wiggin
Harry S. LeVan — Walter Pearson
Gates & Gates — Jane Pearson
Jeanette Mohr — Sarah Hyatt
Billy Davis

AND

The Big Sensation of the Day
The Real Tangoetta! By Girls from the Golden West
AND
Live Dashing Broadway Girls

IN THE TWO-ACT ROLLICKING EXTRAVAGANZA ENTITLED

"The LOVE CLUB"

PRESENTED BY A COMPETENT CAST of HIGH CLASS MUSICAL COMEDY STARS

SPECIAL NOTICE TO PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC

Manager Charles H. Waldron, who personally manages the Casino, also operates theatres in every large city in the United States and Canada, and he has been untiring in his efforts to advance his theatres as well as his many attractions to the highest standard of perfection, to the end that "Musical Travesty" or "Burlesque" has become a most important factor in the field of present-day amusements.

Just as the late B. F. Keith and his associates rejuvenated "Vaudeville" from the despised "Variety," so has Charles H. Waldron successfully revised Burlesque—crude, rough lines have been smoothed into meritorious humor and the man who besmirched his face with varied-colored paint and wore misfit clothes has been replaced by the comedian who is capable of entertaining with intelligent and becoming material.

The attractions appearing at Waldron's Casino are most elaborately embellished scenically, while the costumes and gowns displayed represent many exclusive importations from Europe's most renowned modistes.

Manager Waldron makes a decided bid for "LADY PATRONAGE," believing that the light, airy musical travesty, with its beauty, song and wholesome wit and humor is particularly adapted to their delicate taste.

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NINTH CAPACITY WEEK

100th Performance Tomorrow Night

SOUVENIRS

COMMON CLAY

With MARY YOUNG *and the* CRAIG PLAYERS

By Cleves Kinkead

25c
50c
75c
Nothing Higher

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Branch Ticket Office, Varenburg's, 15 Winter Street

MARCH 15—10th WEEK OF "COMMON CLAY"

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With TAYLOR HOLMES and WALTER JONES

"The home of fashionable playgoers."—Post.

EAT THIS:

"It is a cure for the blues, indigestion, politics, the ship bill, neutrality and the high cost of living. It will do more to drive out Old Man Melancholy than a blue bill, an increase in pay or a Spring bonnet. It comes closer to rampant joyousness with full steam on and the safety valve tied down than anything this side of the headquarters of the laugh-inventors.

"The man or woman who would not laugh a stitch in the side at 'The Third Party' ought to take out permanent quarters in a black hack with the curtains down, and then shoot the horses, push the driver off the seat and swallow a pint of never-wake-up."—*Boston Evening Record.*

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MODERN DRAMA PLAYERS

In a repertoire of four one-act plays, including "Sitting," "Lonesome-Like," "The Bear" and "The Truth." Presented by the full strength of the organization.

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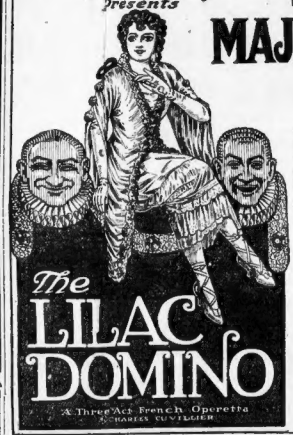

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By CHARLES CUVILLIER

MAJESTIC Theatre

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Director of George Tuohey.

Friday night, Circus and Amateurs. Tonight (Sunday) at 7, Grand Opera House

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Cox Baylis, Brown and Spencer, Howard and Lieder, Foster and Dyer, Tom Donnelly, Warren and Renfrew, Irving Merlin's Serenaders. Novelty Pictures, 2 Hours' Show. Nothing Repeated. Prices 10c, 15c, 25c.

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LAST 8 TIMES

A. H. WOODS PRESCRIBES FOR THAT TIRED FEELING

THE HILARIOUS NEW FARCE COMEDY

GOOD FUN NIGHT CLASS NURSE

Evenings at 8:15

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FIRST TIME ON ANY STAGE

THE SEA WOLF

A Four-Act Play Founded on the Famous Novel of Jack London

THE NEW MODERN

Wash St., Opposite R. H. White

Direction of Harry Fitzgerald

The Well-Known Basso Tragedienne

BETTY NANSEN,

In her first made-in-America photo-play, The CELEBRATED SCANDAL production you could afford to miss.

"The Master Key"—Pathe Weekly. Continuous 10 A. M. to 10:30 P. M.

Regular Prices Admission 5c & 10c Prices

SUNDAY CONCERT TONIGHT

BOWDOIN 10 CENTS

Opposite Revere Subway 2 minutes walk from local or Tremont cars. Continuous 12:30 P. M. till 10:30 P. M.

Gus Hornbrook's Ironcho Busters

Presenting "Cheyenne Days," Real Wild West Stuff.

"LIFE'S SHOW WINDOW"

Also "The Black Box," first installment of story now running in a Boston paper, and 5 big acts.

Thursday Night Amateurs & Circus. Friday Night, Concert by Ladies' Band. Concert Tonight at 7. Admission 10c.

ODSBODKINS! LOOK HERE

THE NELSON DUO Soprano—Baritone
Aerial BARBOURS Surprising Gymnasts
Barton BACHMAN At the Piano
Lightning WESTON "Crayon Artist"

THIS WEEK KEITH'S BIJOU

BLAND & MARSH AUSTRALIAN MAGICIANS

ALVA WARD Mezzo-Contralto
GERTRUDE ASHE Soprano
Raymund Somervil Tenor
HUGH JEANS Bass Bell Juggler

CONCERT TONIGHT—7-10:30

LOEW'S GLOBE

The Big Favorite NEIL McKINLEY, Wm. K. Sexton & Co. in "Rain & Clash."

Dora Deane & Fantone
DUGAN & RAYMOND
CEVENE TROUPE
OTHER VAUDEVILLE FEATURES.

"THE EXPLOITS OF ELAINE," 11th Episode. "The Hour of Three."

TONIGHT'S CONCERT'S ONE SHOW, 7 TO 10:30.

SCENIC TEMPLE

Berkeley St. and Warren Ave.

Matinees 2:30. Evenings 7 to 10:30

Admission 10 Cents

TONIGHT

Special Photo Plays and Vaudeville

WEEK COMMENCING MARCH 8

J. W. GORMAN'S MUSICAL REVUE

with BILLY SHELTER and 11 FUR MAIDS

In the Latest Musical Play.

THE MOVIE GIRL

With Melody and

GIRLS. GIRLS. GIRLS.

Photo Plays—Musical Weekly and Keystone Comedies.

Monday and Tuesday

EXPLOITS OF ELAINE, Episode 9

MATINEE TOMORROW.

Each Boy and Girl Will Receive Free TEN TIPPERARIES (15 Pictures)

Next week, "STEP LIVELY."

EXETER STREET THEATRE

Near Boylston St.

2 & 8 P. M., Sunday 8 P. M.

Mon., Tues., Wed., Marguerite Clark in "The Goose Girl."

Thurs., Fri., Sat., Blanche Sweet in "The Warrens of Virginia."

Extra Program Sunday. Prices 10, 20, 30c

GERTIE BARNES IN 'DANCING AROUND'

Just Look Over the Routine of Her "Nothing to Do" Life in "Dancing Around."

An expression one frequently overhears at the matinees of Winter Garden spectacles is as follows: "This is the life for me! Nothing to do but smile and wear pretty clothes, walk up and down the runway and be admired."

If the women who make such comments only knew of the incessant activity of the dancing girls' life, they would be content to do housework forever after.

As an example of the routine of such a show as "Dancing Around," the press agent of that attraction has prepared a schedule of a work-a-day night of Gertrude Barnes, one of the ponies of the production.

7:30—Arrive at theatre, punch the time clock and read mash notes.

7:35—Does a kimona in her dressing room and starts to make up.

7:45—Starts to put on costume worn in the first dancing number.

8:05—Hears the opening strains of the overture by the orchestra and goes on the stage.

8:10—Final inspection by the stage director, who will send her back to her dressing room if she is not presentable.

8:20—Sings and dances in the "Tommy Atkins" number.

8:25—Appears in the stirring march song, "Never Trust a Soldier."

8:30—Runs up three flights of stairs, changes her military uniform to a dress.

8:42—Appears on the elevated runway in "My Rainbow Beau."

8:50 — Changes to ballroom gown, which involves alteration of her coiffure.

9:00—Does a foxtrot in the grand ball room.

9:05—Makes complete change of attire. Miss Barnes gains a moment's breathing spell here for the reason that no stockings are worn in the next number.

9:15—Does an acrobatic dance with Harry Clarke, who sings the song, "You've a Subtle Fascination."

9:25—Adorns herself for the savoite of the Dresden shepherds and shepherdesses.

9:30—Appears in the aforesaid savoite, which is quite the most staid number in "Dancing Around."

9:36—Makes what is known professionally as a "strip change" and marches forth to "Join the Colors," which is the most soul stirring ensemble in the huge spectacle.

9:40—Pirouettes gracefully in the silhouette ballet, after which Miss Barnes takes a much needed rest of five minutes during the intermission.

9:55—Is now attired in a fetching Summer-girl costume for the opening number of Act II.

10:10—Clothes herself in a stunning gown of purple-toned velvet.

10:25—Assists Melville Ellis in his pianologue number, posing in attitudes of intense, soulful adoration.

10:32—Attires her svelte figure in a nodish creation.

10:40—Parades above the heads of the audience on the illuminated runway as one of "Fashions' Slaves," the song in the ensemble being sung by the prima donna Mary Robson, for whom the gowns are being exhibited.

10:50—Prepares for the Venetian carnival by putting on a bizarre costume indicative of a spirit of revelry of "Dancing Around."

11:00—Opens gay festival on the Grand Canal in Venice.

11:15—Finale. "The Shuffling Shiverer," in which Miss Barnes dances a buck and wing number with the comedian, Al Jolson.

11:15—Slips into her street clothes after having removed her make-up.

11:30—Leaves the theatre after having punched the time clock.

12—Home. Nothing to do till tomorrow.

To Sing "Siegfried" at Harvard Stadium

All preliminary arrangements have been completed for the great production of Wagner's "Siegfried" next June at the Harvard Stadium by artists of the Metropolitan Opera Company with Mr. Hertz as conductor, under the management of Samuel Kronberg. The singers include: Mme. Gadski, Mme. Schumann-Heink, Mme. Alma Gluck, Messrs. Berger, Whitehill, Reiss, Goritz and Rusadael, having been engaged regardless of expense. The orchestra, which at the Metropolitan numbers about eighty-five, for this performance will be augmented to 120. Special scenery will be constructed and the stage will be partially decorated with actual foliage in the forest scenes to complete the illusion.

Mr. Kronberg leaves Boston on Monday to consult with Mr. Hertz of the Metropolitan about certain details of the stage setting, and the musical preparation of the performance. Mr. Hertz, who is deeply interested in the exceptional artistic standard of the production, will spend a week at the stadium superintending the final preparations, which, with his long practical experience of the stage and the Wagnerian opera, should make an unusually smooth production a certainty.

There is every promise of the most enthusiastic support of this project on the part of the public. Boxes for the production have already been engaged from many parts of the United States.

MISS FREDERICK LURES BY VOICE

Pauline Frederick says that of the many charms exercised by Innocent, heroine of the Broadhurst play in which she is starring at the Shubert Theatre, the greatest one is the voice.

"With all her charm," says Miss Frederick, "and understand I am speaking of the character and not handing myself bouquets—with all her beauty and poise, I don't believe she would have won Bela, at least not so quickly, if it had not been for the seduction of her voice. Women don't seem to realize the possibility to lure that they have in their voices.

"It is very difficult to explain just what I mean, but if you will take note of Innocent's voice I think you will understand what I mean. At any rate, I try to make her every tone count. If you will listen for it, you will realize that most of her love-making is done with her voice, not with words, but with tones and modulations. In them are her caresses, all through the play.

"And musical ability counts not at all. I mean to say that with the rarest exceptions all women have the power and can exercise it if they will. It is only a matter of cultivation. A musical speaking voice, it seems to me, is really a greater gift than a singing voice. Every one can acquire it. It goes so far toward making a woman's personality."

Amusements. Amusements.

GAIETY THEATRE
WASHINGTON AND BOYLSTON STREETS
THE LEADING BURLESQUE THEATRE
JOE HURTIG
OFFERS
THE GIRLS
FROM
HAPPYLAND
WITH
THE HANDSOME
PRINCESS LUBA MEROFF
AND
AN ALL-STAR CAST OF ENTERTAINERS
WARD AND BOHLMAN, FRANK HARCOURT, NELLIE LOCKWOOD, PHIL DOYLE
3—CREIGHTON SISTERS—3
AND
A NIFTY CHORUS OF GIRLS
AT 2:15 EVERY DAY AT 8:00
Telephone Oxford 39 for Seat Reservations

NATIONAL
TREMONT STREET
Near BERKELEY and DOVER
LARGEST THEATRE IN BOSTON
ONE WEEK ONLY! COMMENCING MARCH 8! ONE WEEK ONLY!
GREATEST COMEDY PICTURE EVER PRODUCED!
CHARLES CHAPLIN
FUNNIEST MAN IN THE WORLD, WITH
MARIE DRESSLER
THE INIMITABLE COMEDIENNE AND BEAUTIFUL
MABEL NORMAND
In the Great Six-Reel Keystone Comedy
TILLIE'S PUNCTURED ROMANCE
A MILE OF RARE COMEDY WITH A LAUGH EVERY INCH!
IMPORTANT NOTICE! "TILLIE'S PUNCTURED ROMANCE" IS POSITIVELY THE FUNNIEST PICTURE EVER MADE! IT HAS BROKEN RECORDS IN EVERY CITY PLAYED! THIS GREAT PICTURE WILL BE SHOWN IN BOSTON ONLY AT THE NATIONAL THEATRE!
Twice Daily! No Increase in Prices! 3,500 Seats!
MATS. ALL SEATS 10c EVES. 10c AND 15c NOTHING HIGHER!
TONIGHT—BIG 3-HOUR SHOW—NO REPEATS!

TREMONT TEMPLE
Next Thurs. Eve., Mar. 11—Operatic Night
Mme. CLARA HUNTINGTON
BOSTON OPERA CO.
Mlle. ELVIRA LEVERONI
Boston and Covent Garden Co.
ATTILIO DI CRESCENZO
Tenor Rome and Montreal Co.
C. POL PLANCON
BARITONE.
GRAND CHORUS OF 150
Conductor, John A. O'Shea. PROGRAM
1 GRAND CHORUS FROM "TANN-HAUSER".....WAGNER
CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA
2 PROLOGUE FROM "PAGLIACCI".....LEONCAVALLO
MR. PLANCON
3 AIR FROM "LA TRAVIATA".....VERDI
MME. LEVERONI
4 CHE GELIDA MANINA FROM "LA BOHEME".....PUCCINI
MR. DI CRESCENZO
5 PRAYER FROM "GUIDO CHONCHIELLI
MISS LEVERONI AND CHORUS
6 "THE LAST CHORD".....SULLIVAN
FULL CHORUS
7 INFLAMMATUS FROM "STABAT MATER".....ROSSINI
MME. HUNTINGTON AND CHORUS
8 SONG.....
"SOMEWHERE A VOICE IS CALLING".....TATE
"YOUR SMILE".....ANDERSON
"LA DONNA E MOBILE".....DI CHIARA
9 "LONG AGO".....SIDNEY HOMER
"GOOD BY, SWEET DAY".....SPROSS
"THE BIRTH OF MORN".....LEONI
10 QUESTA O QUELLA—LA DONNA E MOBILE FROM "RIGOLETTO".....VERDI
MR. DI CRESCENZO
11 "THE HALLELUJAH CHORUS" FROM "THE CREATION".....HAYDN
FULL CHORUS
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00
GLEASON LECTURES
This Week's, Wed. Eve. & Sat. Mat. 8:15 and 2:30 P. M. Prices 25 to 75c
OLD SPANISH MISSIONS OF CALIFORNIA
Beautifully Illustrated

NOTICE to Ticket Holders for Edward Vroom's Performance of CYRANO DE BERGERAC, to be given on the afternoon of March 11: Owing to the elaborate scenery of the regular play at the Hollis and the many scenes in the production of Cyrano de Bergerac, it has been found necessary to transfer the performance of
Cyrano de Bergerac
WITH EDWARD VROOM
TO THE
COLONIAL THEATRE
(SAME DATE)
It will not be necessary for those holding Hollis tickets to exchange them for Colonial Theatre tickets as they will be accepted for the same seats on the day of the performance in the Colonial. Seats now on sale at Colonial Theatre.
This performance is for the benefit of the NEW ENGLAND BELGIUM RELIEF FUND, THE UNEMPLOYED and OPPORTUNITY FARM.

SCOLLAY SQUARE OLYMPIA
The Theatre Where You Get the Best at Most for Your Money.
Jack Levy & Symphony Girls
In a Refined Musical Comedy.
Frank Bush, World's Greatest Story Teller.
Mon., Tues., Wed., Sat. The Girls of Wesa, GREAT MYSTERY SERIAL
"The Black Box"
Two reels each week.
Read the story in Boston Sunday Post.
Chas. Chaplin, in the Great Two-Reel Comedy Success, "The Champion."
In the New Musical Whirl, Mrs. O'Malley's Reception.
15 Vaudeville and Photo-Play Features 15
Continuous Show 1 P. M. to 11 P. M.
SELECT CONCERT TONIGHT
Our Big Show, 7 to 10.30. 7 to 10.30 P. M.

LOEW'S ORPHEUM
The Musical Comedy Favorite ELSIE FRANCES and Her Widows' League.
In the New Musical Whirl, Mrs. O'Malley's Reception.
10—Stunning Show Girls—10
OTHER VAUDEVILLE FEATURES
"THE EXPLOITS OF ELAINE."
11th Episode, "The Hour of Three."
TONIGHT, CONCERT, ONE SHOW, 7 TO 10.30.

Amusements. Amusements. Amusements.

Boston Opera House Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15. Eves. 8.
ELEVENTH WEEK—87 PERFORMANCES
THE MOST ARTISTIC SHAKESPEARIAN SEASON EVER GIVEN IN THIS COUNTRY.
THE HENRY JEWETT PLAYERS
MON. AND TUES. EVES., MARCH 8-9, ONLY.
"A Midsummer Night's Dream"
ENTIRE BALANCE OF WEEK.
"Twelfth Night"
CLOSING FOR EASTER RECESS SAT. EVE., MAR. 13.
THIS NOTABLE COMPANY OF ENGLISH PLAYERS.
WILL RE-OPEN EASTER MONDAY
April 5
In a Repertoire of MODERN and ROMANTIC PLAYS
AMERICA'S FINEST STOCK COMPANY IN AMERICA'S MOST BEAUTIFUL PLAYHOUSE.
The "AMERICAN" Critic Says:
"Nothing cheap about this stock company except its prices."
1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c.
BOX OFFICE, TEL. B. B. 4450.
BOX OFFICE, Col. Grch. Co., 374 Tremont St.

SHUBERT TWO WEEKS ONLY JUST 16 TIMES
Evenings at 8. Wed. and Sat. Mats. at 2
BEGINNING TOMORROW NIGHT
The New York Winter Garden's Supreme Achievement
DANCING AROUND
With the King of Entertainers and the Entertainer of Kings
AL JOLSON
THE PRUDISH PLOT—
The world, the flesh and the Devil. The Temptis of Satis maidens. The Saturnian revel. Of Bakish, lubricity and fun.
125 SVELTE SIRENS
IN PIQUANT PRANKS ON THE
Illuminated Runway

ORCHESTRA OF 40
CHOICE SEATS FOR AUTO SHOW VISITORS
ON SALE AT IMFORMATION BUREAU—MECHANICS BUILDING

HOLLIS STREET THEATRE
CHARLES FROHMAN, RICH & HARRIS, Lessees and Managers.
SECOND WEEK—Evenings at 8:15 Wed. and Sat. Matinees at 2:15
MADE IN AMERICA
ANOTHER "PEG O' MY HEART" SUCCESS
"Great popular success."—AMERICAN.
"Success."—POST.
"Amusing comedy."—HERALD.
"Genuine heart interest."—GLOBE.
CHAS. FROHMAN Presents
ANN MURDOCK
IN THE NEW AMERICAN COMEDY TRIUMPH
A GIRL OF TODAY
"That elusive, indefinable idea of something clean and pure, almost eerie; that sensing of what might almost be called a mental perfume that comes with the realization of the perfect simplicity of girlhood is it to about to assume the dignity of woman—all this, and completely this."
A NEW GIRL IN TOWN
"Miss Murdock's vivacity and charm of manner made Elaine a delightful and fascinating character."—GLOBE.

BOSTON THEATRE STARTING TOMORROW
FIVE PERFORMANCES DAILY
12 Noon, 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9 P. M.
The Revelation of Motion Photography—Marvelous Williamson Expedition
SUBMARINE
MOTION PICTURES
All Seats 25c
The Mysteries of the Sea Revealed for the First Time and Dramatically Described by Drs. Glover and Fierce. Who Accompanied the Expedition

SEE THE THRILLING COMBAT BETWEEN J. ERNEST WILLIAMSON AND A MAN-EATING SHARK

AT THE OLD
HOWARD
THIS WEEK
Boston's Famous Burlesque Theatre

PIN
Just pin this in your lid—Cora Livingston, the champion female wrestler, will have to grovel form to remain the championship wrestling title she won at the Bijou week. Also meet Tango Girls, under the direction of the Tango Girls' Tango Instructor. Dancing doors 7 till 11. Do not miss it.
TUESDAY NIGHT
Livingston vs. Turner
WEDNESDAY NIGHT
Livingston vs. "Unknown"
Both of these girls say they can take the champ's measure, but Cora only smiles and says she can beat them both. Special matches every afternoon. Come and see the best wrestling matches ever put forth.
Tango Girls Burlesque
Well, here, here's the bunch that we got nightly cook. Get Gladys Sears, Bertha Rich, George Mitton, Lucia Arnold and a cluster of girls who are the ball.
Also the Howard's Extra Features
ELKINS, FAY AND ELKINS
A real live trio of funmakers who know their line. Also see Chetworth, Verdi and Teddy, Morris and Stanley, Ted and Clara Steele, Williams and Culey, La Trieu and Carroll, Irving Berlin's Serenaders, Cook, Rush, Quinn & Harry Hand, "The Back to My Love Back Car," and "All for the Love of a Girl." Always something doing 1 till 11 at the old Howard.
NEXT WEEK—Matty Baldwin, Boston's Popular Lightweight champion.
SUNDAY (TONIGHT) AT 7
Vaudeville and Moving Pictures
Con Rayllo, Brown and Spencer, Tom Donnelly, Irving Berlin's Serenaders.
3 HOURS' CONTINUOUS SHOW.
NOTHING REPEATED.
ADMISSION 10c
ALL SEATS FREE.

HOWARD
THE TOY THEATRE
NEW SCALE OF PRICES WILL PLEASE EVERYBODY
Balc. 50c, 75c $1
Orch. $1, $1.50, $2
Beginning Wed. Eve. Mats. Thur. and Sat. Seats On Sale
Gertrude Kingston
With LUMSDEN HARE in
Captain Brassbound's Conversion
A Comedy by Geo. Bernard Shaw

FRANKLIN SQUARE THEATRE
Daily 2 and 8. Sun. 2:30 and 7:30. Phone 10-15-26.
The Theatre of Musical and Pleasing Surprises.
March 8—MON., TUES., WED.—March 8 "THE GOOSE GIRL"
A Picturization of Harold MacGrath's Most Romantic Novel, with Mercerette Clark.
RICE BROS., WILSON & AUBREY, EARLE & SUNSHINE, JACK ONRI.
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY.
"AFTER FIVE"
With the Versatile Comedian, Edward Abeles.
DAN BELMONT & CO., BOGGS & BUCKLEY, THE DARROS, WALTER DONOVAN.
Entire Show Served Every Week Day
TONIGHT—Lockr & Dale, Mons. Nat Sydell, Johnson & Wells, Harry Coleman, Others and Pictures.

LOEW'S St. JAMES
The Big Favorite ALICE HANSON
THE INNIS FAMILY
HER SAME WAS DENNIS
ALFRED LATELL
OTHER VAUDEVILLE FEATURES
"THE EXPLOITS OF ELAINE."
11th Episode. "The Hour of Three."
TONIGHT, CONCERT, ONE SHOW, 7 TO 10.30.

Amusements. Amusements.

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE
"The Amusement Centre of Boston"
COMMENCING MONDAY, MARCH 8.
4--BIG HEADLINERS--4
Special Vaudeville Tour! The Leading Stars of the Century Opera House, New York City!
ORVILLE HARROLD
THE GREAT AMERICAN TENOR
Remembered for His Rendition of the Song, "I'm Falling in Love with Someone," from the Operetta, "Naughty Marietta."
Mrs. GENE HUGHES & CO. McDEVITT, KELLY & LUCY
In the Comedy of Mistake, "Lazy Gossips" "The Piano Movers and Its Actions."
Direct from His New York Winter Garden Success.
WALTER C. KELLY
"The Virginia Judge," with a Fund of New Stories.
TED LORRAINE & HATTIE BURKS
Musical Comedy Stars.
LA GROHS
In a Burgess Novelty.
First Boston Appearance in Years.
BESSIE WYNN
"The Lady Dainty of Vaudeville."
TUSCANO BROS.
Roman Battle Axe Jugglers
Seats One Week in Advance! Make Checks Payable to Treasurer B. F. Keith's Theatre.
The Merry Monarchs of Mirth and Song!
BOBBY AL
MATTHEWS, SHAYNE & CO
OF SINGERS, DANCERS AND COMEDIANS
In "Dreamland," an Imagination in Three Scenes by Bobby Matthews! "Three Big Scenes! Chinatown! Bowery! The Bowery! Funniest Musical Piece Ever in Vaudeville!
Next Week—Mrs. LESLIE CARTER
CONCERT TONIGHT HENRIETTA CROSMAN
FISHER & GREENE, BROOKS & BOWEN, RAMON BLANCHART, HAZEL COX, GILSON & DE KONT, ADOLPHO, CRIS. & STUART
Prices: 25, 50, 75c. Wash. S. Eliot Office Open at 2? Tremont at 61

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DIRECTION JOHN CORT
NIGHTS 8:20 MATS. 2:20
PRICES
Nights and Sat. Mat. . . . . 50c to $1.50
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"They" Will Be Saying About Others a Few Years Hence
"IT'S AS GOOD AS"
Edgar Selwyn's Healthy Farce
"NEARLY MARRIED"
WITH
RICHARD BENNETT
There's a Reason For the Big Crowds Nightly!
4TH BIG WEEK

Ye WILBER
Evgs. at 8.15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.15
PHONE OXFORD 4580
Choice Seats for Auto Show Visitors on Sale at Information Booth, Mechanics Bldg.
H. H. FRAZEE PRESENTS
A PAIR OF SIXES
11th LIGHTING WEEK
FUNNIEST FARCE IN THE WORLD
STILL BREAKING ALL RECORDS FOR ATTENDANCE AND LAUGHTER
The Boston Cast Will Not Appear in Any Other New England City

GIRL'S ABDUCTION STORY

14-Year-Old Susan Tallent Victim of Amazing Plot of Mysterious Man

THE WEATHER.
Fair tonight and Tuesday; moderate north to northeast winds.
Sun rises 6:09, sets 5:42.
Moon rises 1:24 a. m.
High tide 4:15 a. m., 4:45 p. m.
Temperature at 1 p. m., 37.
Maximum temperature, 38 at noon.
Minimum temperature, 32 at 5 a. m.
Mean temperature at 1 p. m., 34.

Circulation Greater Than All the Other Boston Evening Papers Combined——Largest Home-Going Circulation in New England

BOSTON AMERICAN

10 PM — IT'S ALL HERE IT'S ALL NEW

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CHRISTIANS MASSACRED

THOUSANDS FLEE TO ESCAPE TURK TORTURE

SALONIKA, March 8.—Thousands of Christians are fleeing from the towns of Western European Turkey into Bulgarian territory to escape massacre by the Turks.

Refugees who arrived here today asserted that massacres started in the interior towns as soon as the Ottoman troops were withdrawn to concentrate along the Dardanelles and that everywhere Christians are being tortured or slain.

According to unverified reports, eighty Christians were slain at Tekke, while Christian homes at Ortaja, Maltepe and Tchene have been pilaged and burned.

PLAN NEW SUBMARINE WAR

NEW THAW TRIAL BEGINS

TURKS CLAIM 2 ALLIES' SHIPS ARE CRIPPLED

LONDON, March 8.—With inexorable precision, cautiously and without haste, the attack of the Anglo-French fleet against the Turkish coast defences continues, according to dispatches from Athens. It is predicted now that the Dardanelles will be forced within the next fortnight, and that before the beginning of April the British and French warships will be hammering at the gates of the Golden Horn.

The Turkish government will be removed to Asia Minor on Thursday, according to a message from Sofia, Bulgaria. It states that ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid has been removed by the Young Turks to Konia, to prevent a revolution aiming to restore him to the throne, and that the defence of Constantinople has been entrusted to German officers.

Two of the allies' warships in the Dardanelles have been badly damaged, an official statement from Constantinople says. The Turkish Ministry of Marines asserts that the Turkish batteries are successfully defending the straits.

Following is the Turkish official statement:

"Six hostile warships bombarded the forts on the Dardanelles straits yesterday afternoon.

"CRUISER BADLY DAMAGED."

"Our batteries replied successfully and put out of action a French cruiser. An English cruiser was badly damaged. No damage was suffered by the Turkish batteries, whose gunners demonstrated their effective marksmanship. When the French cruiser retired from the battle line she appeared to be in flames."

It is reported from the Island of Tenedos in the Aegean Sea, that shells fired from the fleet against Smyrna set the city on fire in several places. Many of the shells fired by the warships against the Turkish shore batteries fell into the city and exploded in the streets of Smyrna, digging enormous holes and battering down many buildings.

There are said to be at least fifteen ships in the fleet lying off Smyrna. One of the Turkish batteries on the

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

FIND GERMANS ON LINER PACIFIC

LONDON, March 8.—That British secret agents in the United States were responsible for the recent detention of the American steamship Pacific at Deal became known here today. These agents notified the Admiralty that the Pacific, which is owned by John B. Emery & Co., of Boston, carried contraband concealed in cotton and that there were a number of Germans in her crew.

The Pacific had put in at Falmouth and left before the information reached the Admiralty. She was pursued by a fast cruiser and overtaken, being then taken into Deal for a thorough examination. This is said to have revealed no contraband, but some of the sailors are reported to have confessed that they were Germans and to have been taken from the vessel.

Great Arms Plant for Bridgeport, Ct.

BRIDGEPORT, Ct., March 8.—This city is about to become the home of one of the largest manufacturing plants in the country. The Bridgeport Arms Company is the name of the new concern and it is expected that within a year it will employ 5,000 men. It is understood that a tremendous order for military rifles, sufficient to keep the plant busy two years, has been placed by the allies with large New York capitalists who are backing the Bridgeport Arms Company. This is expected to mean increasing the population of Bridgeport from 126,000 to 140,000. It is reported that the man behind the concern is J. P. Morgan.

Fire Imperils N. Y. Theatre Audience

NEW YORK, March 8.—While flames were leaping across an areaway, used as an emergency exit for Proctor's Theatre in West Twenty-Third street, 1,200 persons were hurried from the auditorium.

Had the doors on the areaway been opened the flames would have swept into the theatre. The flames that threatened the theatre were bursting from windows of a six-story loft building in West Twenty-Third street, next door.

King Alfonso in Good Health Again

SEVILLE, March 8.—Apparently recovered from his recent illness, King Alfonso arrived here today with Queen Victoria.

INSANITY FIGHT IS FORESEEN

NEW YORK, March 8.—In the chamber of the Supreme Court where he made two fights for life, Harry K. Thaw went on trial today before Justice Page for conspiracy growing out of his escape from Matteawan, August 17, 1913. Thaw and his friends believe this is the beginning of the end of his troubles. They feel he will eventually, even though it be brought a term of imprisonment on Blackwells Island, be set at liberty with the question of his sanity finally set at rest.

Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw, Harry's mother, accompanied by Mrs. George Carnegie, his sister, arrived at the courtroom fifteen minutes before the trial opened.

MOTHER WATCHES THAW.

Justice Page took his seat on the bench at 10:35 and Thaw was immediately brought into court. His face was pale, but expressionless. He wore a black suit and did not have his spectacles on. Thaw took a seat beside Mr. Stanchfield and did not once glance toward his mother. Her eyes, however, rested constantly upon her son. Contrary to his custom, Thaw paid little attention to the press tables.

As soon as Thaw's case was called his counsel demanded that the other defendants be produced in court. Their names were called, but none of them appeared. This gave rise to the report that they had gone out of the jurisdiction of the court.

Nearly an hour after the time set for the appearance of Thaw's co-defendants, all reached Justice Paige's court room, and the trial was formally opened.

Justice Page was plainly vexed at

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May Wheat Jumps Again in Chicago

CHICAGO, March 8.—Wheat opened higher today on the Board of Trade. May selling at $1.44¾ to $1.43¾, compared with $1.41¾. Saturday's close, and July at $1.17 to $1.16, compared with $1.15. Corn and oats were ¼ to ¾ cent higher and pork 20 cents higher.

Jumps Eleven Floors to Death

NEW YORK, March 8.—A man who the police say is Alexander Gordon, fifty years old, committed suicide today by jumping from the eleventh floor of the building at No. 309 Broadway, his body striking the curb before the eyes of many pedestrians.

GERMANS TO RAID SHIPPING

BERLIN, via Amsterdam, March 8.—The successful submarine operations inaugurated by Germany against England in the "Bread War," were only the opening steps in a campaign of destruction against the shipping of Great Britain, France and Russia.

This assertion was made today by a high official of the German admiralty, who explained the cessation of the submarine attacks to the fact that Germany was awaiting England's decision on the proposals submitted by the United States and accepted by Germany on condition that Great Britain also do so.

"We are prepared for a campaign that will rips out English, French and Russian shipping," he declared. "The operations against French and English ships will be conducted from Wilhelmshaven and Zeebrugge, the naval base we have constructed on the Belgian coast.

"Within the last two weeks twelve new submarines have arrived at Zeebrugge and they are awaiting the signal to begin operations.

"While detailed reports of the opening of the submarine campaign are not yet available, we know that both England and France have concealed their losses. According to reliable reports our submarines have sunk at least fifteen merchant ships belonging to these countries.

"Our operations against Russia shipping will be carried on in the Baltic as soon as navigation is fully reopened there in the Spring. Fifteen small submarines capable of great speed are now being built at Kiel. These will be ready by April 1. They will be unable to carry as many torpedoes as the boats used in the North Sea, but their speed will enable them to replenish their supplies by a quick return to their base."

Editor Nelson of Kansas City Dying

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 8.—The condition of Colonel W. R. Nelson, publisher of the Kansas City Star, today passed to the critical stage and his death was believed to be a matter of only a few hours. The colonel sank into unconsciousness last night and had not rallied today.

SUSAN TALLENT, BOSTON SCHOOL GIRL, SAYS SHE WAS ABDUCTED

Lack of Steamships Ties Up Exports

The export movement of all commodities including spelter and copper during the next week or ten days promises to suffer owing to the shortage of vessels at Boston. The demands of the British government upon the English steamship companies for use of their boats in transport and other service have been severe. The situation has become more complicated owing to strike of dock laborers in England.

Passenger Wreck on Brooklyn Bridge

NEW YORK, March 8.—Braving the dangers of the third rail and a climb over the iron lattice work, with two feet of open space on either side and a drop of 135 feet into the East River in event of a misstep, fifteen women and thirty-five men crawled to the safety of the north roadway of the Brooklyn Bridge early today when a passenger train ran of the track near the middle of the bridge. The accident tied up traffic on the bridge for two hours.

Boy Hit by Auto in Serious Condition

Charles R. Lingley, ten years old, of No. 323 Border street, East Boston, is at the East Boston Relief Station on the dangerous list today with a broken nose, jaw and arm. He was knocked down by an automobile owned and driven by William B. Nugent of No. 229 Saratoga street, East Boston, on Meridian street, opposite Eutaw street.

Fire in Parisian Cafe at Montreal

MONTREAL, March 8.—The Cafe Parisian, one of the most noted "lobster palaces" in the city, was partly destroyed by fire today with a loss of $75,000.

Justin McCarthy Dead.

ATLANTIC CITY, March 8.—Justin McCarthy, a nephew of the late Justin McCarthy, the famous Irish member of Parliament, and for many years advertising manager of the firm of Abraham & Straus, Brooklyn, died here today of uremic poisoning.

SCHOOLGIRL AIDS POLICE IN MAN HUNT

An amazing story of how a young Boston schoolgirl was lured away from her home and was held for almost forty-eight hours by a man who deliberately plotted her abduction, was told this afternoon by fourteen-year-old Susan Tallent, an attractive High School of Commerce pupil.

The girl returned home today after being held since Saturday in a South End house by a man who gave the name of S. T. Ellis and who succeeded in luring her away by telling her he was a State agent and had orders placing her in his charge.

GIRL'S OWN STORY OF AMAZING ABDUCTION.

The girl's story led the police to make a widespread search for the young schoolgirl's abductor. This is the girl's own story:

Mr. Ellis came to our house Saturday. He told us he was a clerk at the Rutland camp and that he was greatly interested in my father's case. Father had been ill and had gone to the camp to be cured. Mr. Ellis said he had been cured and was coming back that afternoon on the train that got to the South Station at 3 o'clock.

He won mother's trust by his seemingly true story. I and my brother Herbert were delighted at the prospect of seeing father, and we gladly went to the station with Mr. Ellis.

At the station the train came in, but father was not on it. We were disappointed. Mr. Ellis then told Herbert to run home and see if father might not have come back by way or the North Station.

Herbert left us, and that was the last I saw of him until today.

After my brother had gone, Mr. Ellis said to me:

"Your father has signed a paper giving you and your brother into the custody of the State. I am a State agent, and I am to take charge of you now."

TOOK HER TO "MOVIES."

I believed him, and he took me over to South Boston, then back through Southampton street. He took me to a moving picture show in the Back Bay, somewhere near Massachusetts avenue.

He then took me to a house in Milford street and kept me there until today.

This morning he began packing his suitcase, telling me he was going to take his laundry out. He said to me:

"You must meet me at the corner of Boylston and Tremont streets, and then we'll go down to your home and get your brother, and I'll take both you and him away to the State."

I went to Boylston and Tre-

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

Goethals to Quit As Governor of Canal Zone

PANAMA, March 8.—Major-General Goethals has asked to be relieved as Governor of the Canal Zone and expects his request to be granted within a year. The fact was announced by General Goethals in a speech at the banquet of the Society of the Chagres. He said that he probably was the last time he would have an opportunity of addressing many canal men. He expressed a desire to be permitted to retire in favor of a younger man, as he is in his fifty-seventh year. He has also objected to the promoting of himself and other army officers when civilian workers have been overlooked.

Edison's Plant on Fire Second Time

WEST ORANGE, N. J., March 8.—For the second time in three months the plant of Thomas A. Edison, Inc., was attacked by fire today. The flames destroyed the record platform mill where the master plates for records are made. The damage to the building was slight, but the loss in master records could not be ascertained. Edison's private fire fighters, aided by the town apparatus checked the fire. The fire last December caused a loss of $2,000,000.

Riots in Austria as Bread Is Distributed

AMSTERDAM, March 8.—Bread riots, similar to those in Germany, are reported from Austria. Disorder marked the distribution of loaves in Prague and the authorities had difficulty in restoring order.

TOLD TO DEMAND 'TWILIGHT SLEEP'

Mrs. Ver Beck Shows How Childbirth Has Been Robbed of Its Terrors.

Twilight sleep.

Will it ever be popular in America?

These are the reasons for it:

1. It will remove all dread of having children.

2. It will induce a rise in the birth rate.

3. It abolishes the barbaric idea that women should suffer in order to bring forth children.

4. It reduces infant mortality.

These reasons are given by Mrs. Ver Beck in her book, "The Truth About Twilight Sleep," published by McBride, Nast & Co. of New York.

What is twilight sleep?

It is the hypodermic injection of scopolamin-morphin into the expectant mother before the birth of her child. It does not injure the child, and puts the mother in a calm and patient state before and after.

Mrs. Ver Beck, in describing the sensations, says:

"The mothers tell of a sense of drowsiness stealing over them, a pleasant feeling of don't-care-ness, which finally emerges into an overpowering sleepiness."

This humane way is now being successfully used in Russia, France, Germany, Austria-Hungary, Finland, Japan, Argentine, England, Scotland and Ireland. It is now adopted by the Homeopathic Hospital in Boston.

MATTER OF COURSE ABROAD.

"In one of the largest Scotch maternities," writes Mrs. Ver Beck, "I was told it is now such a daily occurrence to give mother's scopolamin-morphin injections that it is taken as a matter of course and separate records are no longer kept of these births.

"Every mother with whom I have talked has declared that 'Twilight Sleep' has removed all dread of having children. In fact, many mothers declare they do not care how many children they have, now that they know the wonders of this method.

"This is an important factor, for it is well known that the dread of the torture of birth deters many a woman with a mother's heart from bearing children.

"One of the leading women doctors of England says that the adoption of this method will induce a rise in the birth rate.

"With the dread of the pain of birth removed, how much happier are those long months of the mother's waiting for the coming of the baby.

"As great cowards as most of us are, where pain is concerned, I have never yet met a woman who considered her own relief before the safety of her child.

"The first question every mother asks when the method of painless birth is mentioned is: 'But is it safe for the baby?'

REDUCES INFANT MORTALITY.

"At the Continental Maternity, where over 5,000 women have been delivered in 'twilight sleep' the statistics kept during nine years since the adoption of the method as compared with preceding nine years, show that the rate of infant mortality has been reduced since the adoption of 'twilight sleep' by little over 3 per cent.

"I have been asked 'If you were to have another child would you have this method of painless child birth?'

"I certainly should even if I had to cross the Atlantic to find a physician who employed it.

"The only way in which the general adoption of the method by the entire medical profession can be brought about, is by the mothers themselves. Let every mother take up the fight for herself and her fellow-mothers and within a few years the exhausting ordeal of motherhood will be gone, to be seen no more.

"In writing this book, I want to spare all whom I love needless pain and I want all mothers who are personally unknown to me to realize that there no longer is any necessity for them to suffer pains of maternity."

EXPERIENCE OF MOTHERS.

This method has stood the test of experiments since 1903. Mrs. Ver Beck has had many talks with women who have gone through this ordeal.

Here is one of them with Mrs. Anna Straub, the wife of a Freiburger in Baden schoolmaster.

"They made an injection in my hip and I remember quite distinctly receiving three injections, after which I slightly grew drowsier and drowsier until I felt as I were in a stupor.

"But I thought I slept soundly and peacefully and knew nothing of what was going on about me.

"It was about 10 at night when I went to sleep, and I slept soundly until about 5 o'clock, and woke feeling as one feels after a beautiful night's rest.

"For the moment I had quite forgotten what I was, and I thought that only the night before been in such a state of nervousness over the expected birth, but as I opened my eyes and saw that I was in the hospital, it all came back to me.

"Then I heard the voice of a nurse asking if I felt hungry. I said yes, and I then saw that she was standing near with a bowl of gruel, and then she said, 'It's a girl.'

"'What's a girl?' said I, and she said, 'Your baby, of course.'

ABLE TO GET UP AT ONCE.

"I don't think I ever felt so happy before in my life, for suddenly I realized it was all over, the baby was safe and I had not suffered at all.

"In about two hours the nurse said she would like to make the bed and asked me to get up. I did and stood near while she changed the sheets and mattress.

"I felt perfectly well. At five that afternoon I had my usual cup of afternoon coffee and at supper that night I ate a hearty meal.

"The next day I was ravenous and ate everything I wanted, including a fine big piece of beefsteak for dinner.

"On the third day I was walking around in the halls."

Mrs. Emmet of New York was the first American mother who had a child in this way in this hospital. She was so charmed by her first experience that she has since returned to Freiburg for the birth of two other children.

Grace Darling at Colon Paints Word Picture of the Wonders of the Panama Canal

Envoy of Hearst Papers on Way to Fair Tells of Awe Inspired by Mighty Work

Miss Darling and the Mayor of San Francisco, to whom she carried a letter from the Mayor of New York.

Miss Darling on an electric mule at the Miraflores Lock during her voyage through the Panama Canal while on her way to the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

PHOTO © BY HEARST-SELIG PICTORIAL

Miss Darling in Silas Christofferson's hydro-aeroplane in which she flew over San Francisco and the fair grounds.

MEETINGS TO AID JEWISH VICTIMS

BY ALEXANDER BRIN.

Today is Jewish War Relief Day.

Meetings will be held in every district of Boston and vicinity and in many cities in New England to create enthusiasm for the collections in aid of the millions of Jews in the war zone who are in danger of extermination.

From the pulpits of every synagogue and temple of New England will go forth the appeal for the Jewish war victims who are facing slow death by starvation in the war zone to the mightiest and wealthiest nation at peace, the call of humanity to humanity. Sermons will be preached by rabbis on the horrors and devastations brought about by the war.

Today the story of the millions of Jews in the war area who are in a plight even more deplorable than that of the Belgians and the efforts of the American Jewish Relief Committee for Sufferers from the War to help them will be told in synagogues, temples, theatres and in various meeting places. The appeal will emphasize the great neutral relief work of an organization composed of the most prominent and distinguished Jewish leaders of America.

PERSECUTED AND STARVED.

Daily it is becoming evident that Jews are among the heaviest sufferers of the disturbed conditions abroad. In many districts they are being cruelly persecuted as well as starved. The opinion prevails among well informed, serious-minded men that a large portion of the Jewish race is threatened with extinction.

The Jewish War Relief Day plan offers practically everyone an opportunity to make a sacrifice and give up some of the luxuries and comforts of life for at least one day—in order to help a woman or child in the war zone who will starve unless they are given aid.

Louis D. Brandeis, chairman of the Boston branch of the American Jewish Relief Committee for Sufferers from the War, who will address ten meetings today, said: "Let every man, woman and child make a sacrifice—one that hurts—for the relief of the unfortunate Jews in the war zone."

Bostonians will not be heedless of the urgent appeal to the New England branch of the American Jewish Relief Committee for Sufferers from the War. Every man, woman and child who is capable of human sympathy will contribute as liberally as possible to meet the desperate need. Every dollar, every cent that can be given is needed to assuage the pangs of cold and hunger that our co-religionists are now suffering.

Nearly every man, woman and child, except those who are destitute, can and should help. Many special opportunities for doing so are open.

Women connected with some of the leading Jewish organizations in this city have promised to deny themselves candy and soda and similar luxuries. Most every child can find something to give up in order to help swell the fund.

There is a deep need in back of this appeal. The money is badly needed to save from starvation old men, women and children.

Every cent that is contributed to the fund will be needed.

As an indication of the general conditions in the Russian war zone, the following telegram from the State Department at Washington is in point:

"It should appear evident that the general conditions among the Jews, since the outbreak of the war, particularly among those residing in the zone of military operations, have been exceptionally distressing, despite the fact that the Jewish population is willingly sharing with the others, without complaint, the hardships and burden brought about by the war."

A conservative estimate is that 3,500,000 members of the Hebrew race are now homeless. The lot of the Jewish masses in Russian Poland and Galicia, suffering alike from poverty and racial prejudice, has never been an enviable one; now that the great catastrophe has come these struggling laborers and small merchants are in danger of being entirely submerged.

Millions of Jewish people in Russian Poland and in Galicia have nothing in the world left, no money, no home. Unless help is given from outside, it is almost certain that a catastrophe will take place which a few months ago would have seemed impossible in this civilization—that is, the actual death by starvation of tens and perhaps hundreds of thousands of people.

Charles H. Strecker, assistant United States treasurer at Boston, is chairman of the Jewish War Relief Day Committee. Prominent speakers will address the gatherings.

Meetings in the interest of the Jewish war victims will be held today in the following places:

THE MEETING PLACES.

Temple Beth-El, Fowler street, Dorchester, 10 a. m.; Temple Ohabei Sholom, Union Park street, 10 a. m.; Hebrew Theatre, Roxbury, 2:30 p. m.; Temple Israel, Commonwealth avenue, 3 p. m.; Scollay Square Olympia, 2:30 p. m.; Eagle Theatre, No. 2225 Washington street, 2 p. m.; Gem Theatre, East Boston, 2:30 p. m.; Empire Theatre, Chelsea, 2 p. m.; Mystic Theatre, Malden, 2 p. m.

The speakers will include: Louis D. Brandeis, chairman of the New England branch of the American Jewish Relief Committee for Sufferers from the War; Charles H. Strecker, chairman of the War Relief Day Committee; Rabbi H. Mashbaski, of New York; Dr. M. M. Kaplan, of New York; Rabbi B. Israeli, Isaac Harris, A. E. Pinansky, Dr. Schmaryah Levin, former member of the Russian Duma; Judge A. K. Cohen, A. P. Stone, Isaac Gordon, A. C. Bathkesky, president of the United States Trust Company and chairman of the Way and Means Committee; Jacob J. Kaplan, Joseph M. Herman, David A. Ellis, Jacob DeHaas, Rabbi Harry Levi, Leon R. Eyges, Abraham Albert, Rabbi H. H. Rubenowitz, Judge Philip Rubenstein, Nathan Heller, Carl Gerstein, Rabbi A. Gorowitz, Rabbi M. M. Eichler, Rabbi J. Jurman, H. Selig, M. Cane, A. H. Klubock, Sam Markell, Rabbi Borschoff, Edward J. Bromberg, Harry Dubinsky, Nathan Pinanski, Philip Davis and J. H. Stone.

MEETING PLACES IN INTEREST OF THE JEWISH WAR VICTIMS

Meetings in the interest of the Jewish war victims will be held today in the following places. Louis D. Brandeis will speak at all nine meetings that are to be held in Boston and vicinity.

Temple Beth-El, Fowler street, Dorchester, 10 a. m.

Temple Ohabei Shalom, Union Park street, 10 a. m.

Eagle Theatre, 2225 Washington street 2 p. m.

Empire Theatre, Chelsea, 2 p. m.

Mystic Theatre, Malden, 2 p. m.

Shawmut Theatre, Roxbury, 2:30 p. m.

Gem Theatre, East Boston, 2:30 p. m.

Scollay Square Olympia, 2:30 p. m.

Temple Israel, Commonwealth avenue, 3 p. m.

Mechanics Hall, Worcester, 8 p. m.

(Motion pictures made to accompany this article will be shown in Boston in the Hearst-Selig Pictorial on Thursday, March 11.)

By GRACE DARLING.

We arrived at Colon on the early morning. I awoke while it was still dark, and was puzzled because the ship had stopped, and I was not used to the noise and bustle of the wharf. Then I remembered and jumped out of bed in a hurry because I did not want to miss anything. The movie pictures camera man had accompanied me on my trip from New York to San Francisco via the Panama Canal was already on deck prepared to film the day's experiences for the Hearst-Selig News Pictorial, while I recorded events for the Hearst newspapers. For a time I was so busy that I had hardly an opportunity to look about me.

The following day we took the train for Panama City. The Pullman car had bamboo seats not at all comfortable, but very picturesque and certainly much cooler than the red plush ones we have in the States. All the way to Panama City the country just dreams along. There are lakes that are not at all like lakes we know anything about. There is not a ripple on the water, just perfect stillness like glass with dead trees sticking out of the shining surface. The mountains are very high and covered with thick shrubs.

At Miraflores Locks we got off the train and walked a little way down the curving path. Then suddenly a great monster steel and concrete construction sprang into view and I saw for the first time a giant gallway. I was told that I was so small and insignificant as I looked at it that I closed my eyes to see if it would be there when I looked again.

The gallway regulates the water if it rises too high and through the sides the surplus water trickles like a miniature falls into the pond beneath. Over the top of the gallway there is a bridge and a sentry walks there constantly with a gun over his shoulder. We walked over the bridge with the ground hundreds of feet beneath us. The view is very lovely, just mountains and water and colors, that's all, but such greens and blues and sun tints and far off in one direction the blue Pacific and in the other the gray Caribbean shimmering in the sun.

Over in the soldiers' quarters are the locks, the most wonderful construction in the whole canal. They are huge steel sheets deeply reinforced and let down between the stone walls so that they fit like doors. In this way the water is kept from running from one compartment into another. In one of the locks the water was shut off and I could look down into the deep stone abyss. The water is forced by electricity from one altitude to another because the height above sea level is different in many places.

While the ship is in the lock the water is slowly made level with the water in the next lock, and when the gates are opened the ship floats through. In some places there is a difference of eighty feet and more and the entire mechanism is worked from a controlling house. I went into the controlling room and had the hundreds of shining brass handles explained to me. Only one handle has to be pulled out and the great gates weighing hundreds of tons will swing in and out, or water can be forced up to any height required.

All along the sides of the locks were the little locomotives that are called electric mules. I was standing talking to one of the officers at the post who was showing me over the canal, when I saw one coming along in the distance. Just ahead was a most wonderfully steep incline. Something like the thrillers at Coney Island. I did want to take a ride down, so I ran out excitedly, and the engineer stopped obligingly and helped me on board. Away we went on the shining tracks and down the incline—but we did not go fast, because the engineer told me that we could not keep on the tracks at all if we did.

The mules pull the ships along through the canal, because the space is too small for the giant machinery of the big liners.

ILLUMINATION AT THE FAIR MARKS EPOCH

(This is one of a series of articles that will be written for the Hearst newspapers by the men who have built and beautified the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. These men stand at the head of their various professions and their articles should be of great educational value.)

By WALTER D'A. RYAN,

(Chief Department of Illumination, Panama-Pacific International Exposition.)

The illumination of the exposition marks an epoch in the science of lighting and the art of illumination. Like many other features of the exposition, the illumination is highly educational in character and emphasizes more than anything that has gone before the result of concentrated study in the best use and application of artificial light.

Previous exposition buildings have, in main, been used as backgrounds upon which to display lamps. The art of outlining, notably the effects obtained at the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo, could probably not be surpassed.

This method of illumination, however, has been extended to amusement parks throughout the world and is now commonplace. Its particular disadvantage is the fact that it is practically impossible to obtain a variety of effects, so that the exposition from every point of view presents more or less similarity.

GLARE IS BAD FOR EYES.

Furthermore, the glare from no many exposed sources, particularly when assembled on white buildings, causes severe retinal fatigue. There are some who still maintain that the public will not be attracted except by glare of exposed sources and great brilliancy. This is analogous to saying that the masses can be attracted only by one form of lighting and the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will overwhelmingly disprove this theory.

The lighting effects are radical, daring and in every sense new, the fundamental features of which consist primarily of masked light upon softly diffused walls, the latter enhanced by strongly illuminated towers and minarets in beautiful colored lights. The direct source is generally screened in the vertical as well as other points the screening is at maximum.

The "flashing the senses" effects are minimized to few locations, and direct sources are permitted only at points of emphasis such as gates, where for utilitarian purposes and also as an accent, exposed sources of relatively high intrinsic brilliancy are alternately necessary.

GIVES CHANCE FOR CONTRAST.

Furnishing wonderful contrasts to the soft illumination of the palaces with their high lights and shadows we have the Zone of amusement with all the glare of the bazaar, giving the visitor an opportunity to contrast the light of the present with the illumination of the future.

As we pass from the Zone with its blaze of lights, we enter a pleasing field of mystery. We are first impressed by the beautiful colors of the heraldic shields in which are depicted the early history of the Pacific Ocean and California. We look from the semi-shadows upon beautiful facades, and the Guerin colors which fascinate in the day time are even more entrancing by night. The lawns and shrubbery set between the buildings and the trees with their wonderful shadows appear in magnificent relief against the soft background of the palaces, and the Tower of Jewels, with its 102,000 jewels, standing mysteriously against the starry blue-black canopy, surpasses the fairy dreams of Aladdin.

SOFT, RADIANT ENERGY.

As we enter the Court of Abundance from the east with its masked arch standards strongly illuminated, giving the cornices lines and grandeur, fading to twilight in the foreground, we are impressed with the supreme mystery analogous to the prime conception of the architect's wonderful creation. Light and shadows abound. Fire spits from the mouths of serpents and sends its flickering rays over the composite Spanish-Gothic-Oriental fountain. Mysterious vapors rise from caldrons and the beautiful central group symbolizing the earth in formation.

Passing through a Venetian court we emerge into the Court of the Universe, where the illumination reaches its climax in dignity, thoroughly in keeping with the grandeur of the court where an area approximately 450,000 square feet is illuminated by two fountains rising ninety-five feet. The primary source installed in these fountains gives a combined spherical candlepower of about 500,000, and yet the intrinsic brilliancy is relatively so low that these great sources are free from disagreeable glare.

SUGGESTS PEACE AND QUIET.

Passing through a second Venetian court to the west we enter the Court of Four Seasons, classically grand. We are now in a field of illumination in perfect harmony with the surroundings, suggesting peace and quiet. The columns stand out in semi-silhouette against the warmly illuminated niches with their cascades of falling water. The placid central pool reflects in marvelous beauty scenes of enchantment.

Having reviewed in order illuminations mysterious, grand and peaceful, we emerge from the West Court upon lighting classical and exhibitive; the magnificent Palace of Fine Arts, bathed in triple moonlight and casting reflection in the lagoon impossible to describe.

You have only passed through the central, east and west axis of the exposition. There are many more marvels in illumination to be seen. If you wish to study the art of illumination you could visit the exposition every evening throughout the year and still find detail studies of interest.

COMPETES WITH DAYLIGHT.

For instance, did you ever see artificial illumination in competition with daylight? Two or three nights a week the searchlights will be turned on to the towers as the sun goes down. Be on hand. Take up a position in the northwest section of the Court of the Universe and watch the marvelous effect of the Tower of Jewels as the daylight vanishes and the artificial illumination threshows the deepening shadows of the night.

The prismatic colors of the jewels will intensify and the tower itself will become a thing of beauty never to be forgotten. With the approaching darkness the mosquito fleet of searchlights will play with their long rays, bringing the nebulæ or star fleures surrounding the Court of Honor out of darkness, and the jewelled heads will send forth all the pure colors of nature, from the palest violet to the deepest red.

Without revealing a trace of the origin of the source the Pomeelan red walls surmounted by a cerulean blue canopy, studded with golden stars, will spring into existence, revealing the silhouette a colonnade magnificent.

FOUNTAINS SHED RADIANCE.

Another master switch closes and behold the two great fountains in the Sunken Gardens shed their radiance over the scene, completing the most wonderful night picture ever beheld, the illumination of the Court of the Ages and the Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

Another evening should find you standing at the main entrance of the Tropical Court of South America. As the first switch is closed, soft radiant sources spring into existence in the line of vision revealing the palms and tropical foliage in silhouette.

As if by magic the towers minarets and graceful towers of the exposition spring into existence, bathed in ruby tones appearing with the iridescence of red-hot metal, gradually fading to delicate pink in the feeble moonlight effect and then searchlights which convert the exterior of the towers into soft Italian marble.

Another switch is closed and the palace surrounding the parapet will burst into flames. In rapid succession the facades spring out of the darkness as the banner standards cast fairy-like radiance over the scene, which is enhanced by the colors of the heraldic shields. This transition is rapidly followed by a burst of orange and red lights from the windows of the exposition, including the stories, domes and minarets, giving the exposition the effect of life within and thereby adding joy and happiness to the picture.

NEWSY NOTES OF SOCIAL ACTIVITY

Noemi Juniors to Give a Charity Show and Dance in Brookline on Wednesday.

All is in readiness for the annual show and dance given by the Noemi Juniors at Whitney Hall, Coolidge Corner, Brookline, on Wednesday evening. The proceeds are to be devoted entirely for philanthropic purposes.

The affair is assured of a tremendous success, both socially and financially. The committees of the organization expect this year's event to surpass all previous entertainments, all of which is mainly due to the strenuous campaign conducted by its members, assisted by their officers, under the leadership of Benjamin G. Rosenkranz.

A part of the proceeds will be turned over to the American Jewish Relief Committee for Sufferers from the War. Many unique features will be introduced.

The committee in charge includes Benjamin G. Rosencranz, chairman; Miss Adelaide Phillips, Miss Gertrude Pinkson, Miss Flora Goldsmith, Miss Alice Wernick, Miss Gertrude Salinus, Louis Z. Sanger, I. James Rauch, Harry Gildinger, Arthur K. Lewenberg, Marcus Selig and Albert A. Fishel.

Among those who will take part in the entertainments are Miss Adeline Phillips, Miss Florence Cohen, Benjamin G. Rosencranz, Fay Harrison, Mrs. Ely Feibelman, John Kaufman, Clarence Rinkson and Sid Pfeifer.

MEN'S CLUB ORGANIZED.

A Jewish men's club was organized last week in Boston under the auspices of the Temple Mishkan Tefila. The aim of the organization will be to spread a knowledge of Judaism and to work for the realization of its great ideals. The club is open to Jewish young men over twenty-one years of age. The committee in charge of the membership campaign includes Ex-Senator Edward H. Bromberg, Charles Pannet, Simon Finberg, Henry Bornstein, Joseph Bonnaparte, Rhea J. Brody, Irving Samuels and Rabbi H. H. Rubenovitz.

ITS FIRST ANNIVERSARY.

The Junior Congregation celebrated last week its first anniversary. During the first year of its existence it has made wonderful progress.

About twenty young men and women met at Rabbi P. Ezekiel's house on February 16, 1914, and organized the first Orthodox Junior Congregation in the United States. Today the organization numbers 150 active members, and the Friday night services which it conducts every week at the Temple Adath Jeshurun, Roxbury, are attended by several hundred young people. From time to time Rabbi Israel invites different rabbis and laymen to occupy the pulpit. The officers of the Junior Congregation are: Rev. Dr. Phineas Israel, spiritual director; Harry Nathaniel Guterman, president; Dr. Benjamin Leonard Bahn, vice-president; Harry E. Channow, treasurer; Miss Annette Horwich, financial secretary; Peter Turchon, secretary.

TO HONOR DR. SPIVAK.

The approaching visit to Boston of Dr. C. D. Spivak, the well-known Hebrew scholar, who is connected with the Jewish Consumptive Relief Society of Denver, is awaited considerably with interest among the various Jewish organizations of Greater Boston. Dr. Spivak will be tendered a public reception at Roosevelt Hall on next Sunday evening. The committee in charge of arrangements includes Isaac Heller, chairman; S. H. Goodman, S. Eedal, Abraham Alpert, Benjamin Worcester, Louis Novitsky, Alexander Brin, Rabbi P. Israel, J. H. Stone, Dr. A. Green, Harry Gordon, Samuel M. Magid, Joseph Rudnick, David Stern, Marks Angel, Harry Cohen, Morris Gerofsky, I. Pokrovski, Oscar Greenberg, Dr. N. M. Levine, Joseph Selesky, S. Novitsky, Y. Bergel, Meyer Dana, Dr. K. M. Davidson, Dr. H. Finkelstein, Dr. L. Lurie.

BALL TO AID SUFFERERS.

Arrangements were completed yesterday for the concert and ball to be given by the Smorgon Aid Association for the benefit of the war sufferers of the city of Smorgon and vicinity, Russia, to be held next Wednesday evening at Ruggles hall, Roxbury.

Marks Angel, president of the organization, has been active for the past few weeks to make the affair a success financially and financially. Mayor Curley and many other prominent persons have promised to attend.

HEBREWS IN PALESTINE SAFE.

Boston Zionists were gratified to learn through a letter sent out by the American Federation of Zionists that Dr. Schmaryahu Levin, a member of the Inner Actions Committee of the Federation of Zionists of the world, has received information that the persecution of Hebrews in Palestine has not been confiscated and there have been no deportations of Hebrews ordered by the local population.

Dr. Levin says the Anglo-Palestine bank in which Boston Zionists are interested, recently closed its accounts at the request of the certified checks, which is contrary to the Turkish law, is soon to be reopened.

The Turkish Government has issued a proclamation that even Hebrews who have not become Ottoman subjects shall be permitted to remain in Palestine. The Ottoman government continues, according to reports, friendly to the Hebrews in Palestine.

BIG BENEFIT PERFORMANCE.

The Post confirmation class of the Temple Mishkan Tefila, Roxbury, will give a benefit performance for the fund that is being raised by the American Jewish Relief Committee for the European war sufferers on March 21. A Jewish historical play, "God in Chaos," will be given, followed by a comic sketch, entitled "Little Miss Van Winkle."